

The Warren Record

State Library

WARRENTON, WARREN COUNTY, N. C., FRIDAY, OCTOBER 8, 1920
A SEMI-WEEKLY NEWSPAPER DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF WARRENTON AND WARREN COUNTY

Number 81

JUST FOR FUN

Prof.—I suppose you have a career selected?
Senior—Why, yes, but we hadn't intended to announce it until after commencement.—Burr.

A Bare Living

McConoughey—Do you know, Ad, chorus girls have a hard time?
Smith—Yes; they do have to bare a great deal.—Tar Baby.

Awful

Hostess—Doesn't it seem a shame that this poor little lamb should have to die for us?
—Aw! Yes, indeed! It is rather tough.—Carolina Tar Baby.

"Well, my lad," said the fastidious man to the elevator boy, "I see in your position you have a chance to rise."
"Oh, yes," growled the boy, "but I get called down every time I do it."
—Tar Baby.

The Thirty-minute Eggs

"Lissen," said the hard-boiled cop to the refractory tramp, "don't get any now. I'm a tough baby. Remember my wife's pet canary barks back at the bull dogs."
"Call that tough, do ya?" countered the bum. "Say, bo, crack me on the head with yer billy if yer want to. I'm so tough I'll just bleed wood alcohol."—American Legion Weekly.

A VOICE FROM INDIANA

A Born Hoosier in the New York World.

Is there room in your paper for a "voice from Indiana?" There are many of us who have heretofore been rigid Republicans but who regard the League of Nations, as writ, to be for the nations of the world as great a charter for liberty and public security as our own Constitution has been for our several States—in sort, the Wickersham, Hoover, Taft, Root kind of Republican; only we are not indebted to the party for offices or special privilege.

We learn from the history of our Revolution that our now supersant Constitution was bitterly opposed by that flaming patriot Patrick Henry of Virginia, the Adamases of Massachusetts and even the John Hancock whose signing of the Declaration, has furnished a phrase in current slang, and others of public characters of those days. They all made a great noise then, and great is the noise being made by our Harry New and Jim Watson and Will Hays, but the earnest-thinking citizen who so often has burst the confident expectations of politicians and office-seekers in Indiana and kept it a pivotal State will put Indiana right in November or I hardly miss a guess based upon forty years of voting experience at her polls.

MARRIAGE BONDS

It will be of interest to our people to have a small space in the Warren Record set aside for the publication of marriage bonds entered into in the early days of our County. This matter is of such interest to the present generation that in several Counties the Legislature has authorized some competent person to enter these bonds alphabetically in a book for that purpose.

As we said we shall publish a few of these marriage contracts each week for some months, and trust they will prove of interest.

Robert Moore—Polley Haitcock, 7 March, 1805. Anthony Dowtin, Surety.

John Allen—Winifred Vanlandingham, 2 March, 1805; P. Hawkins, Surety.

James Carroll—Patsy Hill, 27th Feb., 1805; Stephen Ellis, Surety.

John Haitcock—Betsey Bobbitt, 23 Feb., 1805; Higdon Moore, Surety.

Henry Aycock—Nancy Balthrop, 2nd Jan., 1805; Mark Howell, Surety.

Benj. Simms—Holly Duke, 9 March 1805; Philemon Hawkins, Surety.

John Mosley—Delila Wall, 5th Feb., 1805; Drury Jones, Surety.

Henry Hynes—Polley Evans, 9 Feb., 1805; Jones Williams, Surety.

Benj. Sturdevant—Rebecca Kimball, 1805; William Newell, Surety.

John Patrick—Charlotte Harris, 23 April, 1805; Lewis Patrick, Surety.

Abraham Pucket—Elizabeth Beasely, 27 May, 1805; James Kidd, Surety.

William Lewis—Elizabeth Small, 17 June, 1805; Lot. Hazard, Surety.

INTERESTS TWO-WOMEN VOTERS

QUALIFICATION AND REQUIREMENTS SET FORTH

Women Voters Do Not Have To Tell Their Exact Age; Just State That They Are Twenty-one Or Over.

Raleigh, N. C.—The following information relative to registering and voting, given out by Legislative Reference Librarian H. M. London, will be of especial interest to prospective women voters throughout the State:

"All persons not previously registered and who expect to vote at the election on November 2nd are required to present themselves in person before the registrar of the precinct for registration between September 30th and October 23rd inclusive. Voters cannot be registered in any other way or manner. They cannot be registered by mail or over the telephone. The registrar of the precinct will be at the polling place on each of the four Saturdays during the registration period with his books for the purpose of registering voters. At other times, he may be found at his residence.

"The woman voter is subject to the same conditions and qualifications as apply to the male voter, except that she is not required to pay a poll tax or exhibit a poll tax receipt in order to register and vote in the coming election. Before registering each woman voter must take the following oath:

"That she will support the constitution of the United States and the constitution of the state of North Carolina, not inconsistent therewith; that she has been a resident of the state of North Carolina for two years, of the county for six months and of the precinct in which she proposes to vote six months; that she is 21 years of age and has not registered for this election in any other precinct."

"The Attorney General has ruled that the woman voter need not give her exact age, but she must state that she is 21 years of age or over. An act of the extra session of the General Assembly of 1920 defines the residence of a married woman living with her husband and that of a woman living separate and apart from her husband to be where she actually resides.

"Where a person has moved from one precinct to another precinct in the same county within four months from the election, such person should register and vote at the old precinct.

"At the coming election six boxes will be provided in which the following ballots will be deposited: (1) State officers, including United States Senator; (2) member of congress; (3) presidential electors; (4) members of the general assembly and county officers, and (6) constitutional amendments.

"Under the absentee voters law, any person duly registered who may be absent from the county or physically unable to go to the polls for the purpose of voting in person, which fact shall be made to appear by the certificate of a physician or by affidavit, shall be allowed to register and vote upon application to the chairman of the county board of elections, who will furnish the voter ballots and blank certificates necessary for voting."

TO CELEBRATE FESTIVAL

On Sunday, October 10, St. Paul's Lutheran Church, of Ridgeway, N. C., will celebrate its annual "Mission Festival" with German services at 10 a. m. and 3 p. m. and English services at 8 p. m. Prof. W. G. Schwahn, of Greensboro, N. C., will occupy the pulpit both at the morning and evening services, and Rev. John Rabold, the pastor, will preach in the afternoon.

All are cordially invited.

Frontier Etiquette

Fresh from Boston, the lawyer in the frontier town had just finished a glowing summing up for the defense. There ensued a long pause and the Easterner turned in some embarrassment to the judge.

"Your honor," he asked, "will you charge the jury?"

"Oh, no, I guess not," answered the judge benignantly. "They ain't got much anyway, so I let them keep all they can make on the side."—American Legion Weekly.

THE AMERICAN RED CROSS IN PEACE TIME Eastern Europe



Americans who contribute to the Red Cross would feel amply repaid for their generosity if they could see what it means to hundreds of thousands of war weary sufferers in the Balkans. Here is a widowed Roumanian mother with her five children just after a visit to a Red Cross relief station. All are barefoot and the boy at the left is wearing clothes made of scraps from the battlefields. They have just received winter clothing, food and condensed milk for the baby. Similar work is being done for Russian refugees driven from home.

THE TEACHER'S OPPORTUNITY NORTH CAROLINA AN EXAMPLE

(By William Mather Lewis, Director Saving Division, Treasury Dept.)

The strength of the United States depends upon the practical patriotism and sound economic thought of her future citizens. These characteristics must be developed in the daily life of the school. Economists agree that the universal adoption of habits of intelligent saving will strengthen our nation tremendously. When every wage earner has a reserve fund of money the country will be sound economically, socially and politically.

The teacher who encourages pupils to earn money and to invest in Thrift Stamps and War Savings Stamps is doing much for their economic strength and practical patriotism. Each child who buys stamps feels a partnership in the government; he learns the wisdom of investing his money in securities that are absolutely safe; he becomes familiar in a practical way with compound interest; and as he sticks stamp after stamp upon the card, he has a visual demonstration of how savings grow.

Faith without works is dead. Thrift without safe investment such as government saving securities, is robbed of its benefits. Its virtue lies not only in its principles but in the actual practice of investment. Each year thousands of boys and girls in the United States are deprived of a college education because they lack money. You can remedy this situation among your pupils by starting them on the road to saving early in life and encourage them to safeguard these savings in government securities.

You are rendering a real service to your country by promoting the sale of these stamps. The burden of war debt is still heavy and the government must still borrow money. Add to your influence as a teacher. Promote sound economic thought, practical patriotism and prosperity by encouraging your pupils in the regular purchase of Thrift Stamps and War Savings Stamps.

PEOPLE OF OUR TOWN



When folks want Anything Done, they go to J. Fuller Pep, for he's a Ninety Horse-Power Booster and Liberal with his Time and Money for anything to Better the Town. Ole Hezekiah Useless allows as how J. Fuller is trying to Run Things, but if Folks were all like Hez, this would be a Hot Sketch of a Town!

PRESIDENT WILSON AND HIS FOES

The following clipping from a California newspaper showing the greatness of Wilson is of interest:

We append here a list of the most prominent appointments of Republicans, and suggest that you tack it up within the range of your vision, that you may rest your gaze thereon when the next cheap thing comes along with the charge that Wilson kept Republicans from places of honor and power during the war, to the end that Democrats might "hog" the trough:

Woodrow Wilson appointed General John J. Pershing, a Republican, the son-in-law of Senator Warren, a Republican enemy of the administration, in command of the American Expeditionary Forces. Admiral Sims, a life-long Republican, in high command of naval operations in the danger zone. Howard E. Coffin, Republican, in charge of aircraft production; E. R. Stettinius, Republican, in the War Department in charge of supplies; Major General Goethals, Republican, in charge of shipbuilding; Major General E. H. Crowder, Republican, in charge of the draft. Wilson made a Republican, General Peyton C. March, chief of staff of the United States army; turned control of the Emergency Fleet Corporation over to Charles M. Schwab and Charles Piez, Republicans. H. P. Davidson, Republican, headed the Red Cross; Frank A. Vanderlip, Republican, was placed in charge of the War Savings Stamp campaign; Harry A. Garfield, Republican and son of a Republican President, was made Fuel Administrator; Herbert Hoover, Republican, was appointed Food Administrator. Of eight members of the War Trade Board Wilson appointed five Republicans, and gave five out of eight places in the Council of National Defense to Republicans.

And now, have you ever observed a Republican President or any other President moved to make anything like the above showing?

The truth is, that if the President erred at all, he gave the Republicans too much showing in matter of war posts. They have certainly shown precious little appreciation. The partisan assaults which have been made on Wilson exceed in viciousness anything in the history of the country. Well men have never been assailed by partisan foes as vindictively as President Wilson, seized by a critical illness, was attacked. Surely those who honor Wilson and believe in the broad and humane national policies which he has done so much to establish are ready to go to any reasonable limit to see that the country gives its approval to what he has done with respect to the greatest question that has confronted this country since the War Between the States.

HON. JOHN PARKER TO SPEAK

We are requested to announce that Hon. John Parker, Republican nominee for Governor will address the public on Friday October 15th, 1920, at the Court House, at 11 o'clock a. m. Ladies are especially invited.

to study the example set by the Old North State.

MICKIE, HERE'S A NEWS ITEM TO HELP FILL UP—"JOHN WHOOSIT, OUR ENTERPRISING MAIN STREET MERCHANT, SPENT LAST WEEK IN THE METROPOLIS PURCHASING A FINE STOCK OF GOODS FOR HIS RAPIDLY GROWING TRADE."



COTTON OUT-LOOK IS POOR

SMALL YIELD OVER ENTIRE NORTH CAROLINA

State Cotton Crop Fell Off During Months of September On Account of Weeds And Other Causes Set Forth

Raleigh, Oct. 8th—An unusual cotton year is closing. The present condition of 59 per cent forecasts 12,213,000 bales. Last year was 11,329,755 bales. The North Carolina condition is 68 per cent of a normal or full crop, indicating 799,000 bales. Last month's forecast was for 12,783,000 bales. The present prospect is fourteen per cent more than indicated one year ago. The acreage is one per cent greater than last year. The decline in production during September was approximately five per cent.

Last spring was quite late, more commercial fertilizers than usual were used, the summer nights were cool and August had much rainy weather, resulting in a late crop with some premature opening of bolls. The September 25th normal yield is 288 pounds lint and the 59 per cent condition indicates 170 pounds average. The North Carolina condition of 68 per cent, based on a 365 pounds full crop (normal), gives us 248 pounds forecasted yield per acre. The June belt conditions of 62.4 per cent was the lowest on record. The lateness of this state's crop is indicated by the report of only 40 per cent ginned of the average at this season.

The North Carolina crop of 1,550,000 acres, which is two per cent more than the 1919 area, begun with a May 25th condition of 70 per cent, increased to 74 in June, 77 in July to 79 in August. This gradual rise contrasted with the decline in other states from the June report. The North Carolina farmers did not seem to appreciate the effect that the heavy weed growth would have on the fruiting, until the picking was actually begun. The yields fell much short of expectations as evidenced by the September 25th condition of 68 per cent. More than a thousand reputable farmers' reports are the basis for these estimates. The consistency throughout was impressive. The present forecast is twenty pounds per acre less than last year's yield.

Conspicuous Features Affecting Crop

The continued rainfall in August favored a heavy weed growth at the expense of fruiting.

The shedding has been common since that time. The late August and September dry weather following the preceding wet seasons favored shedding. The top crop is very scarce or absent.

All through September deterioration was in evidence. The crop was quite late which is evidenced by the lateness of the picking season and the large percentage of the unopened bolls at the present time.

If a late fall follows like that of last year, it will permit of more fruit and its development, which will help considerably.

The yields have been very disappointing and was lowered by the heavy attacks of the boll worms (not weevil)

Considerable storm damage in some southern counties.

The army worms has done considerable damage.

MARMADUKE ITEMS

Mrs. M. C. Davis is spending a few days with her daughter Mrs. John Powell at this writing.

Mrs. Annie Haitcock and children, of Liberia, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Haitcock.

Mr. and Mrs. Vernon Duke, of Henderson, visited Mrs. H. W. Leonard Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. James, of Norlina, have moved to her father's home Mr. John Powell to farm next year. We are glad to welcome them in our midst.

Mr. and Mrs. Stewart Crinkley and sister, of Raleigh, spent Saturday and Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. M. C. Duke.

We are very glad to say Mrs. M. C. Duke, who has been on the sick list for several days is improving rapidly.

Mr. and Mrs. S. K. Clark with daughters Misses Ruby and Lela and son Milton spent Sunday afternoon

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