

EVENTS OF INTEREST TO LITTLETON CITIZENS

LUCY PERRY, - - - - EDITOR

Miss Elizabeth Boyce returned Sunday to her home in Warrenton after visiting Misses Beth Partin and Susie Spruill Mohorn for the past two weeks. She was accompanied by Miss Susie Spruill Mohorn who is spending this week in Warrenton. Mrs. W. E. Wagner and Misses Edith and Verna Jones visited friends in Warrenton Saturday. Mesdames N. E. Mitchell, H. P. Robinson, Horace Palmer and Misses Annie Tucker Moore and Sally Boyce motored to Raleigh Monday. Mr. Lorraine Singleton of Candor, N. C., was the guest of Miss Mabel Warren during last week end. Dr. and Mrs. A. L. Daughtridge of Rocky Mount were visitors in town last Sunday. Mrs. G. F. Smith arrived Wednesday from Durham and will be in Littleton for several days. Misses Sally Moore Phippen and Nora Browning left Wednesday for Greensboro where they are visiting Miss Louise Daniel. Miss Cora Mae Joyner of Cypress Chapel, Va., is visiting in the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Threewitts. Mrs. T. R. Walker and Miss Hattie Daniel spent Tuesday in Rocky Mount. Mrs. Kate Ennis returned Wednesday from Miami, Fla., where she has been visiting for the past few weeks. Mr. Jasper Riggan and little son Jack, of Raleigh spent several days last week with Mrs. Lula Riggan. Mr. and Mrs. M. B. Glasgow of Oxford were visitors in town Wednesday. Miss Edna Walker is improving at her home here after a long operation at Roanoke Rapids Hospital Monday. Mr. Willis Smith of Roanoke Rapids was a visitor in town on Wednesday. Mr. and Mrs. T. R. Walker, Mr. T. R. Walker Sr., and Mr. D. G. Jones visited friends in Weldon on Sunday afternoon. Mr. and Mrs. Howard King of Roanoke Rapids were visitors in Littleton Sunday. Mrs. S. G. Daniel of High Point spent a few days this week in Littleton. Miss Martha Thighman Smith arrived Friday from New York City and is visiting friends in town. Mrs. K. B. Topping and children spent the week end in Jackson. Miss Louise Harvey of Enfield spent Sunday with Miss Annie Price. Miss Ruby Palmer spent a few days last week in Rocky Mount. Mr. and Mrs. Marvin Stevens, Miss Annabelle Stevens, and Mr. Irvin Stevens of Danville, Va., and Miss Mattie Pullian of Leesburg, N. C., were the Sunday guests of Mrs. A. M. Newsom. Mr. A. P. Farmer left Sunday for Newport News after spending last week at his home here. Miss Thelma Boyd of Roanoke Rapids was the guest last week of Miss Verona Topping. Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Bobbitt and Mr. Cecil Bobbitt motored to Durham Sunday. Mr. O. B. Moore of Whitakers was a visitor in town this week. Rev. and Mrs. Rufus A. Bradley left Monday for Wrightsville Beach where they will spend two weeks. Mr. and Mrs. S. G. Mohorn and Mr. O. P. Mohorn of Weldon were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Mohorn Monday night. Miss Mary Lyon Coppersmith returned Saturday from Baltimore where she spent last week visiting friends. Mrs. John Powell and Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Riggan of Warrenton were the Sunday guests of Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Moore. Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Joyner and little daughter, Shirley, of Roanoke Rapids spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. H. F. Bonney. Mrs. Jack Johnson and children returned Friday from High Point and Albermarle where they have been visiting for the past few weeks. Mr. Al Quarles of Norfolk arrived Saturday to spend his vacation at his home here. Misses Emma Harris, Alice and Gladys Jones and Mr. J. L. Johnston motored to Raleigh Monday. James Albert Threewitts is visiting his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Baker, at Hilton Village, Va. Mrs. R. T. Perkinson and baby spent last week in Raleigh. Mrs. Norman Brane and children of Henderson are spending this week with Mrs. John Jones. Mr. C. W. Fitzgerald of New York is visiting Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Bobbitt. Mrs. V. P. Perry returned Friday to Raleigh after spending some time at her home here. Miss Helen Browning and Mr. Clifton Alston spent Sunday in Norfolk. Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Ward and

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Stokes visited relatives in Battleground Sunday. Misses Elberta Foster and Edna Hunt are visiting in Englewood this week. Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Alston and Mrs. Nora Grant returned last Tuesday from a two weeks trip to Hot Springs, Arkansas. Mrs. Herbert Smith of Rocky Mount was a visitor in town Monday. Mr. and Mrs. Charlie Moore of Roanoke, Va., were the guests last week of Mr. and Mrs. John Moore. Mr. and Mrs. Jack Salmon spent Sunday in Roanoke Rapids. Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Daniel of Greensboro were visitors in town Saturday. Mrs. Jennings Lucas of Columbia, S. C., arrived Friday to spend some time with Rev. and Mrs. C. Rees Jenkins. She was accompanied by her husband, who returned to Columbia after spending the week end with Rev. and Mrs. Jenkins. Dr. F. D. Sain of Temple University and Hospital, Philadelphia, was the guest of Miss Ertie Boyd Warren last week. Miss Olive Stokes of Battleground spent Monday with Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Stokes. Miss Thelma Brown of Woodland was the week end guest of Miss Annie Tucker Moore. Miss Laura Rainey of Roanoke Rapids arrived Monday to spend her vacation with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Rainey. Miss Emily Pender Phippen spent several days this week in Marshall, Va., as the guest of Dr. and Mrs. H. L. Townsend. Mesdames N. W. Warren and E. L. Crawley spent Thursday in Rocky Mount.

UNION SERVICES Union Services conducted by the Rev. C. Rees Jenkins will be held in the Presbyterian Church Sunday night, July 16th, at 8 o'clock. A cordial welcome is extended to the public.

AUXILIARY MEETS The American Legion Auxiliary held its July meeting in the home of Mrs. J. M. Mohorn on Wednesday afternoon. The meeting was well attended. Plans were discussed for a special entertainment to take place in August. The Auxiliary is investigating several cases of needy families of the ex-soldiers and reports on these were heard. After a brief program the meeting adjourned.

Calvary-Thelma Items Miss Myrtis Elliott of Richmond, Va., is visiting friends in our community. Charles Taylor of Castle Point, N. Y., is visiting his grandmother, Mrs. Lula House in Thelma. Among the visitors with Mrs. H. D. Myrick Sunday were Misses Hazel Martin and Helen Vincent, Mrs. Mary L. Vincent, Vernon Vincent and Mr. Wilbur Myrick. Mr. F. C. Myrick returned home Sunday after a grand fishing trip over the week end at Christian Harbor near Edenton. Mr. M. A. Sillery of Durham spent the week end with his family. Messrs. Woodrow and Eldridge Singleton of Manson were the guest of Miss Elizabeth King last Wednesday.

Mrs. Woodlief of Richmond, Va., was a recent visitor in the home of Mr. and Mrs. Frank King. Mr. Elwood Copeland and Miss Mary Bell Copeland of South Carolina were recent visitors with Mrs. Edgar Isles. Miss Dorothy Myrick was a recent visitor in Elizabeth City.

PASCHALL LAYS (Continued from Page 1) is their employee and not their master. That he is reluctant to furnish information to those who pay taxes for the support of the schools which he superintends, and is not frank and dependable in the statements which he makes to those who pay the taxes and are entitled to full and complete knowledge as to how they are administered. The petition, signed by Mr. Paschall, runs for five full typewritten pages setting forth the alleged shortcomings of the school man. In it he is charged with failing to place tax money collected to the credit of the Norlina sinking fund; that Mr. Allen received on August 8, 1923, the sum of \$500 from Charlie Johnson, treasurer of the Ridgeway Improvement League, towards the erection of a Rosenwald school at Ridgeway, that the school was not built and that Mr. Allen has failed to return money to said Johnson; that Mr. Allen diverted money collected in the Macon

school district; that he has failed to account for money collected in the Wise school district; that he diverted the sum of \$500 of the Afton-Elberon school fund.

The petitioner further alleged that Mr. Allen had been guilty of favoritism and wanton extravagance in the erection of school buildings during his administration; that he gave the job of erecting the Vaughan school building to a political supporter of his at a price all out of reason, paid vouchers without the signatures of the local school committee, and refused to let interested citizens examine the records; that he gave a similar contract for the erection of an addition to the Afton-Elberon school building; that he caused to be erected at Drewry a school building far beyond the needs of the community.

The school superintendent, the petitioner continued, has been guilty of "favoritism and nepotism in that in the expenditure of public monies under his control, he has favored his relatives and kinsmen. That large purchases of building material and other supplies have been made from the firm of Allen, Son & Co., which firm your petitioner alleges and believes was owned by the father, brother and sister of said J. Edward Allen. That said purchases were not made after competitive bidding or after proper efforts to make same at the lowest possible cost to the taxpayers, but on the contrary, inured largely to the profits of the relatives of said J. Edward Allen composing said firm."

The petitioner concluded by asking the board that a copy of the petition be "served upon the said J. Edward Allen, and that he be given opportunity to file answer in writing, and that after such answer shall have been filed a full and complete investigation be made as hereinbefore prayed for."

The petition was ordered referred to the attorneys for the board for examination and advice as to disposition.

Davis Clan Holds Reunion At Home Of Hugh Davis

By JOHN S. DAVIS More than two hundred friends and kinsmen enjoyed the frugal hospitality of Hugh C. Davis Sunday, July 9th at a reunion of the late James A. (born 100 years ago) and Mary Cheek Davis family whose living descendants number over 150, an occasion that cannot pass from the memory of those present, who joined with the host who provided delicious barbecue in supplying a beautiful and most enjoyable dinner.

The hand of fate thirty years ago moved far to the west brother Frank and his wife, a daughter of the late M. T. and Annie Pitchford Duke and though fortune has been fickle and the returns slow and uncertain, especially during the last three or four years, Frank and Mary with three of their children have been with us again for three weeks. This reunion was in response to an invitation from Hugh to greet the happy return of our brother and members of his family from Utah and Idaho. This occasion was a fitting culmination of a two week's love feast, in which were gathered those whom fortune had separated twenty, thirty or more years ago. The toll of destiny in thirty years has been heavy. Many loved ones are gone, but nature has been kind and generous, multiplying the number of those who are missing many times, with fresh young men and women full of hope and ambition.

There seems to be something sacred and inspiring about a gathering of this kind that is hard to describe. One does not know where to begin or cease, but we know that it is more than a reunion, it is a celebration of the power of friendship, it is a manifestation of the triumph of love over hate and time, it is indisputable evidence that the righteousness in human hearts finds pleasure and happiness in contact with others of its kind, that lingers long after barbecue and appetites have been forgotten. The social side of it is always enjoyed by everyone, it makes and renews friendships and obliterates petty differences, delightful reminiscences are exchanged that furnish pleasant memories for a long long time. It makes better neighbors and citizens. Such a reunion was this, and I can't understand why such occasions are not provided oftener. Everyone has gone his way thinking Hugh and realizing more perfectly that God is good to us.

THIS WEEK In Washington

WASHINGTON, July 10.—Two new words are coming into use as a result of the new laws now in effect. They are NIRA and FRA. So far they have been printed only in capital letters, but sooner or later they seem bound to become regularly recognized words that will not need capitalization. NIRA is composed of the initials of National Industrial Recovery Act and FRA stands for Farm Relief Act. The practice of coining words out of initials is new to Washington, although it has been the custom in Europe for many years. Every Englishman knows what is meant by "Dora." It is the Defense of the Realm Act, passed early in war and still in effect. It is "Dora," for example, which makes it illegal for saloons in England to be open during certain hours of the day.

We are going to hear a lot about "Nira" and "Fra." When they are in full operation they will bring about such radical changes in methods of doing business, in industry and agriculture, that many are speaking of the New Deal as a Revolution. In a very real sense, that is what it is; a revolution of the bloodless American way. As Otto Kahn pointed out before the Senate Investigating Committee, about every thirty years the United States changes its attitude toward business and makes a complete about-face.

Two Roosevelts and Theories The last previous change was in the administration of Theodore Roosevelt, when the anti-trust law was enacted. The theory then was that what the nation needed most was unrestricted competition, war to the death between business organizations, unrestricted freedom of everybody to get into the fight for wealth and either win or be licked.

The theory of the Franklin Roosevelt Administration is that unrestricted competition, formerly encouraged in the supposed interest of the ultimate consumer who would benefit by low prices, is a ruinous policy when competition destroys the buying power of the consumer by closing factories and throwing men out of work. Under free competition in industry there is always an irresponsible minority in every line to take advantage of every excuse to reduce wages and lengthen working hours, and by price-cutting to bring the whole industry to ruin.

Wage Earner The Consumer That the wage-earner is the principal consumer is a lesson the economic world has learned only in the past twenty years or so. Therefore, the approach of the New Deal to the economic situation is not from the point of view that the consumer must be protected against high prices, but that the consumer must be enabled to buy goods at whatever price is high enough to insure profits to the producer, the consumer being, primarily, the wage-earner who must have a job at good wages if he is to be able to buy anything more than bare necessities.

That economic theory is not new with the present Administration. It is the theory held and strongly advocated by President Hoover and many leaders of political and economic thought for a good many years. What stood in the way of constructive action was mainly politics; partly the opposition of Congress to anything which Mr. Hoover was believed to desire, and partly the reluctance of most old-line politicians to advocate or support any important change in the statutory structure, especially in the "sacred" anti-trust laws. It took a genuine "New Deal," a complete sweeping out of the old crowd and an overwhelming majority of public sentiment and Congressional votes behind the new President, to make it possible to try to do anything about it.

Now NIRA and FRA The result so far is NIRA and FRA. The purpose behind these two radical laws is to raise prices of manufactured and agricultural commodities and to insure that there shall be no undermining price cutting, no ruthless overproduction to force prices down, nothing done to shake the stability of industry or agriculture. Under NIRA minimum wages and maximum working hours are provided by agreement within the industry, with the Government ready and able to step in and force producers who won't cooperate to live up to the provisions of the code

agreed upon. Production control price maintenance and other conditions calculated to insure steady work at good pay to all workers are included, and the anti-trust laws are repealed.

The first industry to submit a satisfactory code is the cotton textile industry, which has agreed on \$12 a week in the South and \$13 in the North as the minimum wage, 40 hours as the maximum work week, and not more than two shifts a day for factory workers, while there is to be no selling below production cost and other means to prevent unfair competition are provided. Every other industry in America is organizing under NIRA, though not fast enough to suit General Hugh Johnson, the Administrator of NIRA, who would like to see ten million workers reemployed before cold weather comes.

ALLEN ANSWERS

(Continued from Page 1) a Louisburg attorney. The record of my service is an open book. I have never laid claim to infallibility, nor do I claim to have any wings. Those who are held up as without fault or error have a hard time living up their reputation. "Mr. Paschall tells the Board of Education that I am 'unfitted by temperament for the position which I occupy'. From the very day on which I was called from Oxford, where I was working in 1919, to my very greatest surprise to take oath of office the first time in this position for which I had recommended another man, until this present day, I have had some doubts about this very matter of my fitness to be county superintendent. I have never sought the office nor shall I do so in the future.

"My reluctance to furnish information is a figment of the imagination. No school superintendent's office in this state has given more information to citizens within the term of service of the present incumbent, than has that of Warren county. We are still ready to do this service. We recognize the right of the citizens to it.

"The charges set forth that some colored people at Ridgeway deposited with this office some money to help build a school building and that this money has not been returned to said colored citizens. To this extent the charge is true. The money was deposited; it is still in the capital outlay funds of the public school account; the Negroes of Ridgeway still need their school building, and it is my sincere hope that same may be built. Every school day I shudder to think of the old trap now being rented; U. S. Highway No. 1 in ten feet of one corner, the railroad in 200 feet of another; rooms so small and poorly lighted that to keep those 175 children there is a crime, but the best we can do. More than once the board has approved a building at Ridgeway, but the commissioners could not raise taxes for any more Negro school buildings. Then the Rosenwald Fund suspended on account of the stock market slump. Some Negroes asked, last fall, for the return of the money. I learned that there was more than one league and asked the attorney to pass on the claim. Meanwhile, I have hoped that a return of the Rosenwald fund, and possible ability to build, might enable us to terminate the crime of the present Ridgeway building. Ask a doctor.

"In the Macon school district, the money was collected for debt service. The State loan bonds were due in December; if it wasn't paid, the pay of every teacher in the county would be held up; the bonds were not due until the following August. What did I do? I paid the State in December, expecting more money by the following August. It's no fault of mine that taxes were not collected. I protected the Macon teachers, and every other teacher in a school of eight months in the county. Did I do wrong? And those New York bondholders were paid—don't forget that. Last year the County Commissioners employed A. M. Pullen and Co. to audit the Norlina accounts. When Mr. J. R. Paschall, in his complaint in suing for his note of 1908, alleged that taxes had been collected in

NOTICE Notice is hereby given that the Budget for the Town of Littleton, N. C., has been filed in the office of the Town Clerk or public inspection, and that a public hearing will be held thereon by the Board of Commissioners of said Town on July 27th, 1933, in the Mayor's Office (Town Hall) at 8:00 o'clock P. M., prior to the adoption thereof, when and where all persons interested may be heard with respect thereto. Dated this 11th day of July, 1933. E. C. BOBBITT, Town Clerk.

the district and misapplied, the Board of Education had the same auditor to audit the Wise accounts. This audit is a matter of record. It speaks for itself. Nothing would please me any better than to have the accounts of every school district audited by a certified public accountant. The chairman of the Board of Education went with me to the County Commissioners in connection with the last budget and asked for a levy for that purpose in several of them, and the request was turned down.

"In every case which the building of a school house or an addition thereto has been left to my discretion, which has been in extremely few cases, the contract for same has been let for the best interest of the public. It has been true that some construction men were my friends, and it is also true that their work was the most satisfactory and economical that could be had for the required job. 'A political supporter' at Vaughan was doubtless Mr. Dal Riggan. No contract has ever been awarded to Mr. Riggan. But contracts were awarded to other men there, being lowest bidders, and they employed Mr. Riggan to do the work for them so that they might not lose money. He did a most excellent job of it, too—no charge for the advertising. At Afton-Elberon, the builder was, if I mistake not, Sheriff Willis J. Pinnell. Since when was he my 'political supporter'? The house there was built at first by old John Branch—political supporter?"

"I am interested in the charge that I made 'large purchases from' my own family. Fact is, the last and only construction of any size was that on the Negro Rosenwald industrial building at Warrenton, that was not handled by a contractor out-and-out. This material, bought from White's Building Supplies, by my direction, amounted to more than all else bought by my office in years. It's not my fault that the Rosenwald Fund went bankrupt, we couldn't pay the dealer for a long time, he brought suit against us and would not drop said suit until the last of the bill was paid after the Rosenwald fund settled, they having borrowed from the General Education Board (Rockefeller) to do so. I don't blame this dealer, either. I state facts.

"The allegation that an extravagant building was erected at Drewry is not in accordance with the facts. It has four classrooms, every one of which has been occupied since the day the house was completed. It has a good auditorium, filling a long felt need in Nutbush township. It is of brick veneer. An experienced builder gave it as his opinion last week that it was worth twice what it cost. The low bidder was Jack Smiley. He gave bond in a Baltimore company, and where he got his material is none of my business. We required him to use Warren county labor and he did so. Contract was awarded in open session of the Board of Education, every member present and the district committee approving.

"The office accountant is my aunt. Any charge that she is employed by me, or that any other relative is employed by me, is directly at variance with the facts. Miss Edna Allen has consistently been elected to the position which she holds by the whole Board in session, and not even with any recommendation on my part. With a record of a dozen years as a public school teacher, seven years in a National bank, a half dozen as a college professor, more still in commercial work where she could learn Warren county people—and yet she has consistently received a salary smaller than senior employees in local banks have received,

ed, or grade teachers equally paid.

"This writer remembers that is the administrator of a public trust. Warren County's payers pay their taxes; Warren County's citizens must be consulted; Warren County's children the objects of our school system. The whole county's best interests and not the ideas or interests of a few only govern the policies of the office of superintendent of schools.

"I have not done with the auditing of these charges, of course. Full and complete reply will be available for the proper show-down. Only Mr. Edna Allen embarrassed by this 'temporal unfitness' business. She has done school work here for a quarter of a century, my temporal seems to have distinguished. Somebody recently found on family tree the phlegmatic Edna the canny Scot, and also I am proud of my temporal background. Away out on that family tree probably were some hanging by their tails—but none hanging by their necks.

"I repeat, I have never for infallibility. I am proud of record of our county school and what has done in the dozen years, for the boys and of Warren county. It is true that in this period of agricultural work, some enemies should have been accumulated. Much as to be regretted, it is preferable a record of no accomplishment.

Erastus Parker of Harnett planted wheat on Ispedezza soil, increased his yield from 28 bushels on two acres and the increase to Ispedezza.

The Catawba County Home has three acres of sweet clover measures nine feet in height.

DR. K. H. PATTERSON Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat Specialist HENDERSON, N. C.

Charles E. Foster Civil Engineer and Surveyor Phone 177 Littleton, N. C.

DON'T FORGET THE SUNDAY SCHOOL EXCURSION TO Virginia Beach AND NORFOLK-PORTSMOUTH Wednesday, July 12 Through Coaches TO VIRGINIA BEACH Lv. Norlina 4:10 A. M. Lv. Littleton 4:40 A. M. Lv. Roanoke Rapids 5:00 A. M. Lv. Weldon 5:13 A. M. Lv. Seaboard 5:35 A. M. Returning Leave Virginia Beach 7:30 P. M. and Portsmouth 9:00 P. M. Same Day. VIRGINIA BEACH PORTSMOUTH SEABOARD Air Line Railway

I'M SMOKING CAMELS NOW. THEY TASTE BETTER. YOU SAID IT! I GOT WISE TO THAT YEARS AGO. You'll enjoy Camels costlier tobacco.