

... KILLED. QUIET AT CAPITAL. COURT CONVENES. A NARROW ESCAPE. JOHN D. IS AMUSED. DOUMA'S DECISION

Expected Disturbances in St. Petersburg Have Not Materialized Yet. Term For Trial of Criminal Cases Opens This Morning. Two Young Men From Salisbury Came Near Being Drowned. Mr. Rockefeller Laughs At The Idea of His Being Arrested. Policy of Passive Resistance To Russian Government Decided On.

Troops Are Still on Guard in Expectation of Outbreak.—Streets Are Patrolled All Night.—It Had Been Expected That Czar's Action in Dissolving Douma Would Cause Open Revolt. (By Publishers' Press.) ST. PETERSBURG, July 23.—During the early morning hours the streets were quiet, notwithstanding fears that disorders would begin almost as soon as the people generally should become acquainted with the fact that the douma had been dissolved. The city presented its normal appearance except for numerous military patrols in the streets. There are now fifty thousand troops in the city, besides strong artillery forces and these are counted on to prevent disorders. Patrols of cavalry moved through the thoroughfares all night as a precautionary measure. They dispersed several small mobs but did not have any serious work to do. It is extremely doubtful that this condition can continue long. Revolutionaries were taken unaware by action of the czar in dissolving the douma. They have not yet outlined their counter attack.

Following Czar's Proclamation Dissolving the Douma Many Members of That Body Went to Viborg, Finland. And After Deliberating All Night Determined to Issue Manifesto to People Calling for Quiet Resistance. (By Publishers' Press.) VIBORG, Finland, July 23.—Members of the douma who came here for the purpose of continuing their sessions following the dissolution of the douma held a sitting last night which lasted all night. The speakers asserted that the douma should take up the czar's challenge by proclaiming that the country must have a constituent assembly and drawing up an election plan. The suggestion was received with cheers from deputies and was at once taken up for serious consideration. The douma has asked for the advice of Finnish leaders on the situation.

Passive Resistance. Later a policy of passive resistance to the government in an endeavor to cripple its power has been decided upon by members of the douma. This course was decided upon today after the deputies had been in session continuously since they arrived here. It was determined to issue a manifesto to the people, calling on them to follow out passive resistance to policy by refusing to pay taxes or to serve in the army. The deputies hope in this way to cripple the government.

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INTERPARLIAMENTARY PEACE CONFERENCE.

(By Publishers' Press.) LONDON, July 23.—The fourteenth meeting of the interparliamentary peace conference opened this morning in Westminster Hall of the House of Lords. The conference will continue its session three days. Its most important work will be the discussion of a motion urging an enlargement of the functions of the Hague tribunal. There are 550 delegates attending the conference from most of the world's nations, including six deputies of the Russian douma. The scene at the opening of the conference was remarkable, the delegates indulging in demonstration showing sympathy with the Russian douma, which had been dissolved by the czar. It was also marked by the declaration from Premier Campbell-Bannerman, favoring submission of all questions to the Hague tribunal by settlement as a substitute for war.

LONGWORTHS THROWN FROM AN AUTOMOBILE

(By Publishers' Press.) BERTIN, July 23.—The Longworths were thrown from an automobile yesterday but beyond the fall and a few slight bruises they were unhurt. They passed through Würzburg yesterday morning and when a short distance out of town the steering gear refused to work, the auto reared off the road and fell into a ditch. The chauffeur obtained a carriage and returned here with the Longworths who took the train for Berlin.

Notice. The regular meeting of the Retail Merchants' Association will be held tonight at 8:15 in the new rooms of the association over the postoffice. Business of importance will be considered, and it is desired that every member be present. N. L. CRANFORD, Pres. —Mr. Zeb Griggs who preaches on the streets, came in today from M. A. H. He will preach on the streets tonight.

Judge Ward, of Elizabeth City, Presiding.—His Honor Delivered an Interesting and Instructive Charge to the Grand Jury.—Cases Disposed of Today. Forsyth Superior Court convened at 10 o'clock this morning. Judge Ward, of Elizabeth City, is presiding, while Solicitor Foster takes charge after the interests of the State. This is a six-week term of court and there are no cases of special importance on the docket. Only eight or ten prisoners are in jail, though many defendants are out on bonds. It is thought that court will adjourn Thursday or Friday.

This is Judge Ward's first term of court in Forsyth. He has the reputation of being one of the most liberal judges on the bench in the State, and his charge to the grand jury today was clear and concise and was an able and interesting review of the criminal laws of the State and the duties of the grand jurors. He began his address by referring to the origin of the grand jury system and its important function in the maintenance and enforcement of the law. "The origin of the grand jury system is not definitely known," said Judge Ward. "The first time we hear of it was during the reign of Charles V. of England, but it had doubtless been in use long before that period." Continuing the judge impressed upon the members of the grand jury the important position they now hold. "You stand as it were between the great State of North Carolina and the individual. It is just as much your duty to protect the innocent as it is to prosecute the guilty. You must leave all envy and malice out of your deliberations," said His Honor, who spoke of the humiliation that follows an indictment. The person indicted may prove his innocence, but ever after that he is in a position where he can have the fact brought out against him and thus humiliate him to a certain extent. Discussing the majesty of the law and its relation to the individual Judge Ward said: "No man is bigger than the law and when an individual thinks he is above the law by reason of his wealth and social standing it is high time that he be stopped."

His Honor instructed the jury in regard to presenting indictments. At least twelve of the grand jury must agree that there is probable cause before an indictment can be made. All indictments must be presented to the court by the foreman of the grand jury in person. He told them not to let their sympathies stand between them and their duties as jurors, or believe some grand juries are negligent because of their sympathy. Judge Ward discussed the criminal laws of the State under three heads, viz. Laws for the protection of person, laws for the protection of property and laws for the protection of society.

Under the head of laws for the protection of person, his Honor placed murder and manslaughter and defined the degrees of these crimes. Criminal negligence was defined to be some length in the charge. He said he believed that persons responsible for railroad wrecks, where loss of life resulted, should be punished. "I do not believe that it should be the individual employees of the road, but the officials higher up who allow the roadbed to become dangerous by not keeping it in proper repair." Under this head His Honor also discussed the crimes of abduction of children, abduction of married women, working children under 12 years of age in factories, rape, seduction under promise of marriage, etc.

Under the second head, that of laws pertaining to property, are burglary and arson, which are the capital offenses, though there are degrees in burglary as well as in murder. Burglary must be committed in night time. Burglary in the first degree, which is punishable by death, consists in a person entering the house in the night time when the house is occupied by one or more persons. Burglary in second degree, punishable by imprisonment, is the entering of a house not occupied at the time of the entrance. Under this head also are the offenses of trespass, cruelty to animals, etc.

The judge devoted some time to a discussion of carrying concealed weapons. He said that carrying a pistol was one of the most useless things he knew of, that three-fourths of the homicides committed result from this useless practice. "Slave 1887," declared his honor, "home rules have increased 250 per cent in North Carolina in proportion to the increase in homicides applies in the United States as well as to North Carolina."

Under the last head, that of criminal laws for the protection of society, he dwelt at length on the rights of citizens and enjoy. He referred to citizens and all rights of public gathering such as religious assemblies and associations of all kinds. Such assemblies should be protected and there are laws on the statute books that will protect such assemblies.

His Honor instructed the grand jury to inspect the county institutions and to make such recommendations as it saw fit, and to see that the public affairs were being performed in accordance with law. His Honor said he was a violation of the law for an individual or commissioner to make a contract or bargain with the town

South Fork Creek, three miles south of Winston-Salem, was on a "boom" Saturday night. The Sentinel's correspondent on R. F. D. No. 5 reports that the creek was about fourteen inches higher than ever seen before. About 12 o'clock Saturday night two young men from Salisbury drove into the swollen stream and both had narrow escapes from drowning. The buggy turned over, throwing the occupants out in the middle of the creek. One of the young men was washed against a tree, which he climbed. He remained in the tree for about three hours. His associate, who was a better swimmer, unatched one of the horses and then swam to the shore. The other animal broke loose from the buggy and swam down stream for a quarter of a mile. It was found about 8 o'clock Sunday morning by Mr. H. E. Enoch, in some bushes, standing in water breast deep.

The neighbors assisted the young men in finding their suit cases and other lost articles and after supplying them with dry clothes and giving them breakfast, the parties were brought to this city, where they secured new suits out and out. The young men returned to Salisbury Sunday night.

FUNERAL OF RUSSELL SAGE TOMORROW

(By Publishers' Press.) NEW YORK, July 23.—Arrangements for the funeral of Russell Sage were completed today. The services will be held in the First Presbyterian church, at Farrock Way tomorrow afternoon at four. The burial will be at Troy, N. Y.

There is much speculation as to where Mr. Sage's wealth is to go but rumor has it that Mrs. Sage will get the greater part.

Russell Sage's Death.

NEW YORK, June 22.—Russell Sage died suddenly today at his country home, "Cedar Crest," at Lawrence, L. I. The immediate cause of death was heart failure, resulting from a complication of diseases incident to old age. The veteran financier would have celebrated his 87th birthday on August 4. Mr. Sage had been in exceptionally good health since his arrival at his summer home about six months ago. At noon today he was seized with a sinking spell and collapsed, falling into unconsciousness about two hours before his death, which occurred at 4:30 o'clock.

There were present at the end Mrs. Sage, her brother, Col. J. J. Shoen, the Rev. Robert Leitch, D. Theodore S. Janeway, of New York; Dr. J. Carl Schmeck, a local physician, and Dr. John P. Mann, for many years Mr. Sage's family physician, who was summoned from New York when the first alarming symptoms were manifested.

LIGHTNING STRIKES A WOMAN AND A COW

During the storm yesterday afternoon Mrs. John Polz, of Walkertown, was slightly shocked by the lightning. For a few minutes she was unconscious. Today it was learned that she had about recovered from the effects of the shock. It is reported that the same bolt of lightning also struck a cow nearby, knocking the animal something like forty feet, without injuring her. George Williams, who formerly green here, arrived in the city this afternoon.

County for supplies while serving in the capacity of alderman or commissioner. Judge Ward's charge occupied about an hour and was listened to with interest by the grand jurors and others present.

The grand jury is composed of the following gentlemen: W. E. Doub, foreman; A. I. Burk, R. Knotts, C. C. Cadwick, J. J. Luch, J. R. Williams, C. C. Reed, S. B. Brookbank, W. A. Craft, Jasper M. Owen, K. E. Shore, D. I. Jones, J. J. Williams, D. W. Carter, Thos. Livingston, J. A. Solomon.

Court Proceedings. Marzetta Samuel was fined \$50 for carrying concealed weapons. A. J. Garland, colored, was accused of the charge of stealing a gun from the Farmers' Trade House. Henry P. Foster and Abe Martin, both colored, are released upon payment of \$50.

Joe Rosenhamer, Corbettus Hensel, John Payne, Heiner Brown, Sam Stafford, Wick Walker, Lum Sapp and Brown Grubbs, are on trial on the charge of disturbing a school entertainment near Kernersville.

However, the Ohio Sheriff Who Has the Papers to Be Served On the Standard Oil Magnate Says He Is Determined to Carry Out the Mandate of the Law. (By Publishers' Press.) CLEVELAND, Ohio, July 23.—Rudolphations are that John D. Rockefeller and Sheriff Groves, of Piquette, who has a warrant for the president of the Standard Oil Company, charging violation of the state anti-trust laws in Hancock county, are going to clash. Rockefeller, before he left Europe to return to this country, indicated, through his companions, the idea of his arrest. Groves says he is determined to carry out the mandate of the law.

TRIAL IN TOWN OF KERNERSVILLE

(Special to The Sentinel.) KERNERSVILLE, July 23.—A few days ago a pistol was found about a mile down the railroad track about a half a mile from Kernersville and it was currently reported that it belonged to Mr. Jess Bowers, a young man working for the Kernersville Furniture Co. A warrant was issued for the young man and when Police-man Samuels went to the young man's boarding house he found him sick in bed. He demanded that Bowers get up and go up town with him, and Bowers asked him what for. Officer Samuels replied, "I will tell you when we get up town." Bowers thereupon ordered the officer out of the house and locked the door on him.

The warrant was served the next day and the trial came off Saturday night at 7 o'clock in the mayor's office, which was recently almost totally destroyed by an explosion of dynamite. There were about two hundred people present, eager to hear the outcome. The mayor sprang a surprise by asking questions tending to show that the defendant had been "turning loose" the dynamite. Mr. G. H. Hasten, lawyer for the defense, strenuously objected to his client being tried on a charge not contained in the warrant and this was stricken out.

When Lawyer Hasten was addressing the court he bitterly denounced Samuels for his interference and at the mention of Samuels' name the spectators hooted and jeered the officer. The mayor ordered the whole "hunch" under arrest, but later declared that he did not know a single person who raised the disturbance but said that if it could be proved on them that he would send them to jail. One little boy over in the corner of hearing the mayor's order in actual declared, "I never said a word."

Several witnesses were examined but there was no proof that the pistol would shoot or that it belonged to young Bowers. The mayor reserved his decision until he could make further investigation as to whether the pistol would shoot or not.

The trial lasted till rather late and while the mayor was sitting on the case some one was robbing his store. About \$500 worth of jewelry and merchandise was taken out. It was not known till early the next morning and blood-hounds were brought from High Point but they arrived too late. Crowds had gathered and tramped over the trail. However there were evidences that the robbers had gone toward Greensboro and about 500 people on horseback and in buggies went down the railroad about five miles but returned without any clue as to the guilty parties.

DEATH OF JAPANESE ARMY OFFICER TODAY

(By Publishers' Press.) TOKYO, July 23.—Vasount Kodoma, chief of the general staff of army, died here this morning. He was educated at Rutgers College and his wife at Vassar. —The Edson-Winthrop Stock Co. will appear here all next week under the auspices of the local Eagles' lodge. A canvas tent will be used.

Advertisement for A. W. Benson, featuring a portrait of the man and text: "COPY RIGHT CLYDE B. ST. WASH A. W. Benson. Mayor from Kansas, Succeeds J. R. Burton."

Advertisement for Joseph K. Toole, featuring a portrait of the man and text: "Joseph K. Toole. Governor of Montana."