

33rd Year

SHARP PROTEST MADE BY UNITED STATES TO BRITISH GOVERNMENT

INTERFERENCE WITH NEUTRAL MAIL ATTACKED

Dispatches Treated in a Manner Regarded As "Vexatiously Inquisitorial."

REPEATED SEIZURES OF MAILS ARE CITED

Practices of Great Britain Decried As "Unwarranted Inquisitorial."

Washington, Jan. 28.—Great Britain's interference with neutral mails is the subject of a sharp protest on the part of the United States in a note to the British government, the text of which is published today. The communication discloses that diplomatic and consular dispatches have been treated by British officials in a manner regarded by the United States as "vexatiously inquisitorial," which practices are denounced as "unwarranted interferences."

The note also cites repeated seizure of mails as violation of international law and challenges Great Britain's jurisdiction over mails on ships touching at British ports. Attention is called to the fact that "a strong feeling is being aroused" in the United States by the loss of valuable letters while foreign banks are refusing to cash American drafts because they have no assurances that drafts are secure in the mails. Ambassador Page at London has been instructed to make vigorous representations to the British foreign office and press for a prompt reply. Great Britain's tentative reply, made public with the text of the American note, promises without "unnecessary delay" to give the result of a consultation that is in progress between Great Britain and her allies regarding the policy to be pursued.

HIGH POINT MERCANTILE BUSINESS IN BANKRUPTCY

High Point, Jan. 28.—A decree recently signed by Judge Boyd has placed the L. A. Morris and Brothers store in bankruptcy, in accordance with which E. K. Mendenhall, of Henderson, representing creditors to an amount of \$1,000, has been appointed receiver until January 31, which date the hearing is set. In the meantime the store will continue its regular business at the same old stand. The Morris family have had the store in operation here up to last week.

LARGE NATIONAL FOREST SYSTEM

Gov. Craig Heads a Delegation Appearing Before House Committee.

Washington, Jan. 28.—Governor Craig of North Carolina, headed a delegation representing nearly 200 forestry and conservation bodies which appeared today before the House Agricultural committee to urge preparation for the continuation of purchases of national forest land in the Southern Appalachian region and New England. The North Carolina executive explained the need of the South for the completion of the national forest system. Among the other speakers were George S. Powell, of Asheville, and Dr. C. J. Owen, of the Southern Commercial Congress. The committee was urged to recommend that an item of \$10,000,000 be carried in the bill to be available at the rate of \$2,000,000 a year, which would enable the purchase of 300 to 400 thousand acres of mountain woodland each year, to be developed for timber production, watershed protection and public recreation grounds.

Wage Increase At Passaic. Passaic, N. J., Jan. 28.—The wages of 4,000 employees of textile mills here were increased 10 per cent today.

GREAT ANXIETY IS FELT FOR BRITISH STEAMSHIP

London, Jan. 28.—Great anxiety is felt for the British steamship *Appan*, which left Dover for Plymouth January 11, with 100 passengers and 124 in the crew. When about four days out, wireless communication with the vessel suddenly ceased. A dispatch from Hull to Lloyd's says that the British steamship *Tregantle* reports having passed at sea on January 14 a lifeboat with the name "Appan" painted on the stern, and the bow knocked away.

THREE GERMANS TAKEN FROM AMERICAN SHIP

British Officers Board Steamer and Order Passengers Ashore.

New York, Jan. 28.—Details of the removal of three German passengers from the American steamship *Zacapa* at Kingston on the outward voyage were told today when the steamer returned to this port.

Three British officers boarded the *Zacapa* and after examining the passports of all passengers and questioning the crew, ordered Mr. and Mrs. Herman and J. Davids ashore. The two men were sent to detention camps while the woman was permitted to remain in Kingston.

YOUNG MAN IS CHARGED WITH KILLING FATHER

Raleigh, Jan. 28.—Maton A. Wood, a young white man residing in Holly Springs township, about 15 miles southwest of Raleigh, was arrested and placed in jail here today on a charge growing out of the shooting and killing of his father, Marion Wood, Tuesday last. Officers who made the arrest asserted that Wood confessed to the shooting, declaring that his father had threatened his life. The prisoner, who is only 17 years old, is being held without bond.

CONFEDERATE VETERAN KILLED AT NEW BERNE

Newbern, Jan. 28.—Frank Augustine, a Confederate veteran, was killed here today when he either jumped or fell from a window on the third floor of a hotel.

It was said he attempted suicide several weeks ago by severing an artery in his neck, and had left the hospital only a few days ago.

ILLICIT DISTILLERY IN IREDELL RAIDED

Statesville, Jan. 28.—Deputy Sheriff C. E. Jones and C. L. Gilbert raided an illicit distillery in Union Grove township, destroying a 73-gallon sheet iron still, more than 100 gallons of beer, and a quantity of malt. The plant was about 200 yards from the home of William Ball, and a beaten path leading from the house to the still gave indication that Ball frequented the place. In the face of circumstantial evidence Ball will be arrested charged with operating the still.

NAVY IS PRAISED BY MR. TILLMAN

Commends Secretary Daniels and Assails Former Secretary Meyer.

Washington, Jan. 28.—Secretary Daniels was praised as "one of the greatest secretaries the navy ever had" and former Secretary Meyer was assailed today by Chairman Tillman of the Senate naval committee in a speech on "The Truth About the Navy."

Senator Tillman took Mr. Meyer to task for his recent declaration before the National Security League that "the fundamental defect of the navy department is that it has no brains and no competent military organization."

"Mr. Meyer forgets," said Senator Tillman "if he ever knew, that at the time he left the navy department, the service was nearly 6,000 short of the authorized enlisted complement; that 46 per cent of the men discharged in good standing were then leaving the navy, while 85 per cent are now re-enlisted; that during his incumbency, there were 10,360 desertions.

KING PETER OF SERBIA FLEEING FROM TEUTONS IN AN OX CART



This remarkable photograph shows the straits to which King Peter, of Serbia was reduced in his flight from his country when the Germans defeated his army. He had to leave in an ox cart driven by peasants. The forlorn king is shown in the driver's seat with his sword between his legs in the lower picture he had stopped the ox team to let army transporters have the right of way on a narrow mountain road. He is shown watching the fugitive army supply wagons file past.

WARDEN SALE, OF THE STATE PRISON, DIES AFTER EXECUTIONS

Capable and Popular Official Succumbs to Terrible Strain of Superintending Double Electrocution—Negroes Executed Make Confession, Attributing Crime to Whisky and Other Dissipations.

Raleigh, Jan. 28.—Succumbing to the terrible strain of applying the electric current to the death chair for the electrocution of two murderers, Warden T. P. Sale, of the State prison, died in his office at the prison a few minutes after the electrocutions.

Mr. Sale, who was a very large man and had been in precarious health for several months, just dropped his head forward on his desk, struggled for breath a few moments and was lifeless, death being caused by apoplexy.

The prisoners electrocuted were Ed. Walker and Jeff Dorsett, negroes condemned to death in Guilford county for robbery and murder of John Swain, a well-known Guilford farmer. The murder was January 20, 1915.

The prisoners confessed, manifested great penitence and attributed their crime to whisky and other dissipations. They said Walker, who shot Swain, was drinking and that they had no intention of committing murder but simply to get Swain's money.

Warden Sale had been warden for eight years and was for years connected with the Raleigh city government in important positions.

Mr. Sale is survived by his second wife and one daughter. Mrs. Sale, before her marriage, was Miss Georgia Wommack, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Wommack, of Clemmons, this county. Mrs. Sale is well known and has many friends in Winston-Salem.

Mrs. Sale is a niece of Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Wommack, of this city, and has two sisters residing in Winston-Salem, Mrs. L. B. Lamb, of 327 Graham street, and Miss Lucy Wommack.

Mr. Sale was twice married, and three children by the first marriage also survive.

YARD PLANS FOR NEW UNION STATION WITH ALDERMEN

At the meeting of the board of aldermen tonight representatives of the new union station company will present the yard plans, which will outline the approaches desired by the company. In the section surrounding the site of the proposed station the streets are in an undeveloped state, and the yard plans of the railroad station company suggest a general rearrangement of the plan on the map, for what is believed to be more convenient for those who go to and from the station, which is to be located about where the present freight station and offices of the Norfolk & Western Railway Company now stands. The proposition involving the closing of an unopened street on the city map and also a driveway that has been used for a period of years, that it has never been an established street, together with the establishment of a new street, necessitate action of the board before the company can execute its plans.

The resignation of Alderman A. R. Lewis, of the second ward, which has been in the hands of Mayor Eator for several days, will also be acted upon tonight. A successor to Mr. Lewis may also be chosen at this time.

Mr. Whiteheart Improving



MR. H. C. WHITEHEART Popular member of Winston-Salem police force who was shot and seriously wounded on Sunday afternoon, January 23, by Sam Brooks, colored. Mr. Whiteheart's condition is decidedly encouraging and it is believed that he will be able to be moved from the hospital to his home on corner of Greenwood and Fifth streets, within the next few days. The negro who shot him is in the county jail awaiting trial.

LOUIS D. BRANDEIS IS NAMED FOR SUPREME COURT BY PRESIDENT

Washington, Jan. 28.—President Wilson today selected Louis D. Brandeis, of Boston, to be associate justice of the supreme court, to succeed the late Justice Lamar.

Mr. Brandeis' nomination went to the Senate today. It was a surprise everywhere in official circles.

Mr. Brandeis is a lawyer who has been much in public life during the last three years, not only in legal work, but in various movements for social betterment. He is a Kentuckian and is sixty years old. He was born and educated in Louisville and later at Harvard University, and in 1878 began the practice of law in Boston. He came most noticeably before the public six years ago thru his participation in the Ballinger-Pinchot investigation in Congress in which he was counsel for the forces opposed to Secretary Ballinger and sought his removal. Later he was counsel for the shippers who opposed the general increases in freight rates before the Interstate Commerce Commission and, during the same period, he was at the forefront of those who were demanding an investigation of financial affairs of the New Haven Railroad.

He also has been at the forefront of the Zionist movement in the United States, and will be the first Jew to sit on the supreme bench. At the beginning of President Wilson's administration, Mr. Brandeis was expected to get a place in the cabinet. Many leaders expected him to be appointed attorney general.

Within the hour of the arrival of the nomination in the Senate, there were indications that a vigorous fight would be made against confirmation. Some Democratic senators said they would inquire into Mrs. Brandeis' politics in view of the fact that the court is now composed of two Democrats and six Republicans. A member of the judiciary committee, to which the nomination will be referred, said there would be the "biggest kind of a fight" against confirmation.

BRITISH LOSSES TOTAL 549,467

That Was the Number Up to January 9, Says Premier Asquith.

London, Jan. 28.—Premier Asquith, in a written reply to a request for information, says that the total British casualties in all fields of operations up to January 9 were 549,467, of which 24,122 were officers and 525,345 of the ranks.

The winter's inactivity on the fighting lines is reflected in the comparatively light losses of the British during the last few weeks. The previous official British report made by Premier Asquith on December 24 gave casualties up to December 9 at 528,227, showing a loss in the intervening months of 21,240, or 485 daily. During the heaviest fighting British casualties have run far in excess of this average. They amounted to 60,000 in the battle of Loos alone in a period of two weeks last fall. The monthly average from the beginning of the war is about 32,000.

The British losses in the months preceding the period covered in today's report were still smaller. The total from November 9 to December 9 was 17,997.

IMPORTANT MOVES IN ALBANIA

Operations May Have a Decided Bearing on the Balkan Situation.

GREEKS ARE REINFORCING

Attitude of Government Closely Watched by Entente Interests in Greece.

Operations which may have an important bearing on the Balkan situation are now taking place in Albania. The situation there is somewhat clouded, but it appears that the Austrians and Bulgarians jointly are making the most of what appears to be their present opportunity to overrun the country, in which little effective opposition is apparent.

The entente powers seem to be placing reliance on Essad Pasha, who favors their cause, to hold the forces of the Teutonic allies in check temporarily, but what measures, if any, are being taken to assist him, are not yet apparent.

The Greeks are said to be reinforcing their detachments on the Albanian border points, and developments as to the attitude to be adopted by the Greek government in view of the Balkan activities in southern Albania are being closely watched by entente interests in Greece, according to news agency advices from Athens, there being some distrust, it is said, regarding the policy of the Greek government.

The British labor conference, after yesterday adopting resolutions against compulsion but declining to countenance agitation for the repeal of the military service laws lest the government be embarrassed in its prosecution of the war, today placed itself on record for revision of the Munitions Act.

Presumably in the further effort to seek out hostile submarine bases in the Mediterranean, the French have occupied the town of Antiphilo, opposite Casteloriz, on the Asia Minor coast.

ROCKY MOUNT JEWISH WAR RELIEF FUND \$756

Rocky Mount, Jan. 28.—Jewish families and patriotic Gentiles citizens of Rocky Mount contributed \$756 yesterday to the fund for the relief of Jewish war sufferers in Europe in accordance with the proclamation of President Wilson appealing for contributions.

PROF. J. G. BAIRD ON "BETTER WOMANHOOD AND MANHOOD"

High Point, Jan. 28.—Next Sunday afternoon at three o'clock in the First Baptist Church Hon. J. G. Baird, grand chancellor of the Knights of Pythias of North Carolina, will lecture on "Better Womanhood and Manhood," in connection with the spirit of fraternalism. He comes as the guest of the High Point lodge No. 39, from which organization the following reception committee has been appointed to meet and act as an escort to their visitor: Geo. T. Wood, W. L. Stamey, John W. Walker, A. E. Teator, Fred N. Tate, and J. J. Parriss.

JAPANESE HAVE AMERICAN TRADE

Capture Our Cotton Goods Trade With China to Large Extent.

Washington, Jan. 28.—Japanese manufacturers have captured the American cotton goods trade in China so completely, says the Department of Commerce report issued today, that all hope of renewed American business lies in an entire change of the class of goods manufactured for Oriental export.

Ten years, the report declares, has seen American cotton goods sales dwindle in China, and now American mills either must extend their trade by selling another class of goods at the expense of England or dismiss hope for further Chinese business. Increasing cost of production in England because of the war, the report says, has created an opportunity for American mills to introduce into China lines of cotton goods they heretofore have not sold. Sheetings and drills formerly sold, must be left to the Japanese and to new Chinese mills. China has been the largest market for cotton goods in the world. Cables show that from 1902 to 1913 the Japanese cotton goods trade in China increased nearly nine times while the American trade dropped to one-third.