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NO. 47.

THE CHRONICLE.

R. A. DEAL, Editor and Proprietor.

Entered at the Post-office in Wilkesboro as second-class matter.

THURSDAY, MAR. 5, 1896.

Spain seems to be looking for a fight with the U. S., and it may be they'll get a chance.

The Senate passed a resolution last week recognizing the belligerent rights of Cuba. That's proper. Hurrah for Cuba.

If you are a lover of soup and have sufficient constitution to stand it, here is your chance. The Winston Sentinel announces that "Brown & Madary offer Mullagaawney Cahill's French Bouillon Vegetable Pure of Game and Ox Tail Soups, at 25c. a can."

Judge Norwood, one of the Fusion Judges, is holding court this week, and seems to be getting along smoothly. He is something about 50 years old, and does not feel to be a stranger among us, as his father once lived in Wilkesboro, long before the war. He is distantly related to a number of our people, through the Leniors of Caldwell county. We wish the Judge a pleasant stay among us.

Anent the reported silver conference at Washington in which some Democrats are said to have taken a part—the object seemingly to be to unite the silver forces—the Charlotte Observer, catechises Democrats with a trenchant column and a half article on the dishonorable and unpardonable meanness of "bolting." This elaborate article is entirely on "futilities." If "futilities" can bring out such a trenchant and elaborate article, it would certainly be interesting to the entire country for the Observer to properly portray the "Sound Money" bolters and renegades in Kentucky, in which case it is all facts and figures and not conjectures on futurity.

Solution of The Question. Politics is always a prolific source for discussion, and everybody gets more or less interested, and of course knows "more or less"—mostly less—of the question under discussion. Among the interesting questions are the Silver and Civil Service. We have received some important information on these subjects and will give them to the people that they "may govern themselves accordingly." One gentleman told us—and he didn't care if we printed it—that he was opposed to "these d-d Single Service examinations at Statesville" and he thought all the people were, too. Another one informed us that as soon as the gold bugs took entire charge of the government, the "Silver Service" would be stopped altogether.

Grand Jury. Wm. Stroud, J. V. Whittington, J. R. Wright, John Crabbs, Geo. Brown, J. Q. A. Sparks, A. J. Marlow, J. E. Porter, J. M. Staley, M. F. Forester, J. M. Eller, J. F. Gilliam, G. F. McNeil, J. P. Holbrook, Aaron Felts, J. A. Brown, R. S. Barnett, J. A. Carlton. J. M. Eller, was made Foreman. Grant Wiles was sworn as officer.

The blue-bird is hailed as a harbinger of Spring. It is also a reminder that a blood-purifier is needed to prepare the system for the debilitating weather to come. Listen and you will hear the birds singing: "Take Ayer's Sarsaparilla in March, April, May."

"Cast the Beam Out of Thine Own Eye."

If a Democrat—sometimes called "Silver Democrat," speaks out on silver, goldites immediately write essays of long length upon the fealty to party and denounce "bolters." But the goldites refuse to tackle Carlisle and his renegades and bolters in Kentucky. Carlisle was asked to consult with his gold bug bolters in Kentucky and persuade them to stand by the Democracy which they had bolted. But Carlisle refused, thus allying himself with and becoming the head of the first bolters of 1896, and he gives as his reason that those bolters are representatives from the people and responsible to the people alone—not to party. He adds however in so many words that he would be willing to assist in any "legitimate way" in putting in Washington some one who stands on the "sound money" platform. In connection with this a prominent Republican of the Kentucky Legislature has given out that the long struggle there will end in the election of a "sound money Democrat." And the Charlotte Observer politely tells Blackburn, the Democratic nominee for Senator, to stand aside, thus advising the bolters to hold out, defeat the Democratic nominee, and elect their own man or none. And the Republicans seem to agree thereto, for what differs it to the "gold bug" interests, whether it be "gold bug" Democrat or "gold bug" Republican?

And after heading the bolters in Kentucky Carlisle went to a New York bankers' banquet and told them that he thought the "gold standard" would stand for some time yet. The first bolters of 1896 should cast the beam out of their own eyes before trying the note in their brother's eye.

Letter From Utah.

Mr. Editor: Please allow me room in your paper for a few remarks. I am truly a Wilkes boy but by chance have wandered far away into the (now) State of Utah and the land of Mormonism, but not a Mormon and not far from me. But as I see in our little paper (I call it ours because I am interested in its matter) so much said against the Populist party and ranking it with the Republican party, I wish to say that you are mistaken. They do not stand with either of the two old parties; neither do they endorse what either of them does outside of what is right and for the benefit of the masses of the people. Now in this country the Republicans have the story turned and say we are Populist-Democrats. But the whole thing about it is simply this: The two old parties are scared of us and are doing what they can to keep us down but we are going to surprise you with a powerful vote if not a President elected this fall. We Populists want free silver and we are going to get it.

Now let you people of the South get your eyes open and help us in the West and let us have good times by helping the poor people (of which I am one) get money to pay their taxes without having to sell their land and everything else they have to raise tax money. I was born a Democrat and remained one until I was forty years old, but I find both old parties rotten from the foundation and government getting worse all the time, and the gold bugs (I mean the leaders of both old parties) working hand in hand. See Grover, he is doing all in his power to help the gold bugs hold power and to cramp the poor laborers of the land and drive them to despair and despotism.

JOHN M. JOHNSON, Fairview, Utah, Feb. 18, 1896.

"A crick in the back," a pain under the shoulder-blades, water brash, biliousness, and constipation, are symptoms of disordered stomach, kidneys, liver and bowels. For all ailments originating in a derangement of these organs, take Ayer's Pills.

Necessity of Better Roads.

Mr. Editor: The people of the two Wilkesboros as well as the people of the county, have certainly had an object lesson this winter which fully illustrates the necessity of better roads in Wilkes county, than those we are at present blessed(?) with. And they should now, if they ever intend having better roads, be getting together and deciding on some line of action to secure this much desired consummation, before the rains and snows of another winter again finds us with roads which are veritable sloughs of despondency, and quagmires of despair, when under the mud and slush we can faintly hear the wailings of the lost souls of those who are compelled by dire necessity to attempt to travel therein, and who if so fortunate, as to get through them to town and back to their homes, generally get back, with only themselves, minus self-respect, patience and almost religion. This is a serious subject and one that should receive serious thought, and then energetic, well directed action.

Our road system as at present conducted is a farce and a disgrace to even a half civilized community, let alone one that boasts as much civilization as ours. Let us be up and doing. Now is the time to work our roads so we can get them in good order and condition before another winter comes upon us.

Our Superior Court will of course have a number of persons to deal with for offences against our laws as at all our courts. A great many will be convicted and sentenced to jail to pay the penalty of their crimes and the costs of prosecution.

Why should not our County Commissioners make the necessary arrangements to work these persons on our public roads? They have the power and the authority to do it, under two statutes passed by the last Legislature, and why not do it, and thus put this class of our population to some useful work, instead of having them lying in jail at a dead expense to the county? Every mile of road they build rightly will be of lasting good to the county.

Under the provisions of chapter 283 laws of 1895 the county commissioners have the power to work our criminals, and also to work those from Alleghany, Ashe and Watauga if they so desire and will make the necessary arrangements. And any one familiar with the amount of travel from these three counties to the depot here will readily see that by working their criminals on our roads these counties will reap as much of the benefit as we will ourselves.

And I am not sure from the verbiage of this chapter that we cannot make Rutherford, Mitchell and d Samson counties bear a prorate share of the expense of working our roads. In this respect it reads very much like the celebrated act for the Improvement of Stock in the county of Chatham, but it may be that our members from this county thus mixed the verbiage of this act for the purpose of getting help in this matter from these counties.

But anything to get better roads, either this act, or the general law as given us in chapter 194 of the laws of 1895 whereby we can levy a road tax by vote of the county commissioners if they see proper, and also obtain twenty-five State convicts, in addition to those we may furnish from our own county. And as the present Board of Commissioners are to go out of office this fall, I trust they will pardon an humble citizen for suggesting that they could leave no greater monument to their wisdom, and their care for the good of Wilkes county, than to put in operation a system of working and improving and improving our roads under the provisions of these acts, and I can assure them that if they will so do even the present, as well as the future generations will rise up and call them blessed.

KNORF NIBBOO.

Notice.

The undersigned having been appointed commissioner to sell the lands described in the case of Noah L. Mabery and wife Sarah A. Mabery, and James Combs against Thomas Gregory and wife Jane, Molley Jarvis, Radford Roberts and wife Vaner, James Jarvis in his own right and James Jarvis guardian of Vaner Roberts and Amanda Jarvis, hereby gives notice that he will sell for cash to the highest bidder at the court house door in the town of Wilkesboro on the 6th day of April 1896 at public sale the said lands described in the pleadings which lands are located and bounded as follows: adjoining the lands of S. S. Goforth, Ransom Mabery and J. F. Somers being the lands allotted to Marthey Jarvis in the division of the lands of Randolph Mabery, dec'd, beginning on a poplar running 10 degrees west 80 poles to a pine with the meanders of the branch 135 poles to a white oak, then west 80 poles to a post oak, North 50 poles to a black gum, then south 87 degrees east 110 poles to a white oak, thence south to the beginning. Said lands are situated on Little Hunting Creek in Wilkes county, N. C., contains about 143 acres. This Feb. 23th, 1896.

J. F. SOMERS, Commissioner.

Voting Places Established.

In accordance with the requirements of chapter 159, section 5, of the election law, in the public acts of the Legislature of 1895, I have established the following voting places in the county of Wilkes:

Antioch township—at Dellaplaine, with township boundaries.
Beaver Creek—at Howell's school house, with township boundaries.
Brushy Mountain—at New Hope church, with township boundary lines.
Elk—at Joel Triplett's Store, with township boundaries.
Jobs Cabin—at Lee & Michael's old store, with township boundary lines.
Lewis Fork—at Hubbard's Mill, with township boundary lines.
Boomer—at Boomer Po., with township boundaries.
Lovelace—at R. N. Garner's Store, with township boundary lines.
Mulberry—at M. F. Brown's old store, with township boundaries.
Moravian Falls—at Moravian Falls, with township boundaries.
New Castle—at Clingman, with township boundaries.

North Wilkesboro—bank building, with township boundary lines.
Reddies River—at R. F. Wyatt's Store, with township boundaries.
Rock Creek—at W. F. Porter's old store, with township boundaries.
Union—at Whittington's School house, with township boundaries.
Wilkesboro—at Court House, with township boundaries.
Walnut Grove—at Absher Po., with township boundaries.

Somers—at L. W. Lonsford's Store, with township boundaries.
Trap Hill—Two Precincts:

No. 1—Voting place shall be at Trap Hill. Boundaries:—Beginning at a stock law gate in the dividing line between Wilkes and Alleghany, on the Snatch Gap road, north of J. Q. A. Bryan's, thence south with the Branch east of J. Q. A. Bryan's house, to Sparks creek, down said creek, including S. L. Spicer, to the Martin Ford road, thence with said road to Edwards township line, near P. A. Lomas's. Thence west, north and east with the meanderings of the old trap Hill township line to the beginning.
No. 2—The voting place shall be at J. H. Johnson's store.

Boundaries—includes all of Trap Hill township not included in precinct No. 1.

EDWARDS—Two Precincts:
No. 1—Beginning at the Yadkin River on the Surry county line, running with said line to Harrison Haynes, thence west with the township line to Buggaboo creek, thence down said creek to the Martin Ford road, thence with said road to the Yadkin River, thence with said river to the B. & N. R. R. crossing, with B. & N. R. R. as voting place.
No. 2—Beginning at the Martin Ford of the Yadkin River and running with the Martin Road to Buggaboo Creek, thence with said creek to Trap Hill township line, thence west with said line to Roaring River, thence down said river to the Yadkin river to the beginning, with L. D. Burcham's grist mill as voting place.
A. M. Vannoy, C. S. C.

For Over Fifty Years.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhoea. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.

Buckley's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. FOR SALE BY STALEY & CO.

Two Lives Saved.

Mrs. Phoebe Thomas, of Junction City, Ill., was told by her doctors she had consumption and that there was no hope for her, but two bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery completely cured her and she says it saved her life. Mr. Thos. Eggers, 139 Florida St. San Francisco, suffered from a dreadful cold, approaching consumption, tried without result everything else then bought one bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery and in two weeks was cured. He is naturally thankful. It is such results, of which these are samples, that prove the wonderful efficacy of this medicine in coughs and colds. Free trial bottles at Staley & Co's, Drug Store. Regular size 50c. and \$1.00.

Terrible Headaches
RESULTING FROM
**DERANGEMENT OF STOMACH,
LIVER, OR BOWELS,**
Relieved by
AYER'S PILLS



"I don't believe there ever was so good a pill made as Ayer's Cathartic Pills. They will do all you recommend them for and even more. When I have a cold and ache from head to heels, a dose or two of these pills is all the medicine needed to set me right again. For headaches, they never fail. I have been a victim of terrible headaches, and have never found anything to relieve them so quickly as Ayer's Pills. Since I began taking this medicine, the attacks have been less and less frequent, until, at present, months have passed since I have had one."—C. E. NEWMAN, Drug Sgar, Va.

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Prize Medal at World's Fair

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R. A. SPAINHOUR

WITH THE NICEST LINE OF DRESS GOODS, HATS,
SHOES, CROCKERY, ETC., EVER KEPT IN
WILKESBORO, N. C.

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We want to call attention to our stock of
FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING.

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LOW TRAFFIC PRICES,
we are in a position to sell Cheaper than ever before.
A good suit for \$3.50; better at \$5, \$6, \$8, \$10 and up to \$20.
See our line of Shoes, Hats, Shirts, Umbrellas and Millinery. We can save you money.

THE HIX CLOTHING HOUSE.

THE WILKESBORO FURNITURE CO., CAFFEY & PRITCHETT, PROPRIETORS. NORTH WILKESBORO, N. C.

Are Now Located in Their New Quarters Opposite
McGee's Establishment With a Complete Line
Of Anything Kept In A

FIRST-CLASS FURNITURE STORE,

And are Offering Special Bargains In

Sewing Machines, Pianos, and Organs,

CARTS, BUGGIES, HARNESS, & C. KEROSENE and LUBRICATING

OIL by the BARREL, and STANDARD BRANDS OF GUANO AT

STARVATION PRICES.

Finishing Coffins and Caskets a Specialty.

Notice.

Whereas, Henry O. Eller and Martha Eller, did on the 12th day of February 1895, execute and deliver to Albert R. Shattuck, Trustee, a trust deed on certain lands in Wilkes county, State of North Carolina, therein described, to secure the sum of \$500.00 due by said Henry O. Eller and Martha Eller to the British & American Mortgage Company, Limited, which said trust deed is recorded in Wilkes county, in Deed Book 20 Page 401 to which reference is hereby made; and whereas default has been made in the payment of the moneys secured by said trust deed; and whereas the undersigned has been duly appointed substituted trustee in the place of said Albert R. Shattuck as provided in said trust deed, and has been duly requested to execute the trust therein contained; now therefore notice is hereby given, that under and by virtue of the power contained in said trust deed, I, the undersigned substituted trustee, on Monday the 18th day of March 1896, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 4 p. m., at the court house door in the town of Wilkesboro in Wilkes county, will by public auction sell for cash to the highest bidder for cash the following described property, viz:

poles with the top of said mountain, thence north 24 degrees east with the top of said mountain 14 poles, then north 40 degrees east with the top of said mountain 8 poles to a white oak, then north 71 degrees west 40 poles to a chestnut, then north 14 poles to a large poplar, then north 78 degrees west 114 poles to a white oak crossing the creek, then north 70 poles to a black gum in Martha Huffma's line, then west with said line 93 poles to a red oak, then south 40 poles to a pine, then south 57 degrees west with said line (Martha Huffma's line) 116 poles to a red oak on the east side of the ridge, thence south 60 degrees west 34 poles to a pine, then south 22 degrees west 8 poles to a pine, then south 53 degrees west 10 poles to a post oak, then south 54 degrees east with J. A. Cutcher's line 27 poles to the head of a branch, then south 14 degrees west 98 poles down said branch to a white oak, then south 64 degrees with Mike Sumner's line 26 poles to a pine, then south 45 degrees east—said Sumner's line 23 poles, then south 35 degrees east with said line 70 poles to the beginning, containing four hundred and forty seven (447) acres, more or less.

Said land will be sold to satisfy the debt secured by said trust deed, and such title will be given as is vested in said trustee.

J. S. CHASON, Substituted Trustee.

Money to Lend.

I have made arrangements with brokers in New York City through whom I am able to place loans secured by a first mortgage on improved farms for five years time, payable in installments, at the low rate of 6 per cent. interest per annum. The brokerage and the charge for abstract and inspection are small and at the expense of the borrower. If you want cheap money come at once as the supply is limited.

JOHN S. CHASON.