

The Yadkin Ripple

VOL. XXVI.

YADKINVILLE, YADKIN CO., N. C., THURSDAY, JULY 15, 1920

No. 28

S. M. Brown on Fiftieth Journey West

Rev. Sanford M. Brown of Kansas City, Mo., and a native of Yadkin county, left here again last week for his home after spending several days in this section visiting relatives and holding meetings.

Forty-six years ago Mr. Brown left Yadkin county, he being then of tender age, and went to Kansas City, where he is known as one of the best Baptist ministers as well as head of one of the largest publishing houses in the central west. Mr. Brown is a son of the late Rev. Green Brown and has one brother Mr. R. R. Brown of Hamptonville and he has made it a rule to visit the old home once each year since being away besides making a few extra trips.

In all Mr. Brown has made forty-nine trips to his Missouri home town and half of another. When he arrives back in this county once more he will have completed fifty trips to the west and back, making 2,400 miles each round trip or a grand total of 120,000 miles he has traveled, coming back home. This number of miles would take one around the world nearly five times. Also one will realize to figure more closely that it would cost slightly less than \$4,000 for mileage alone, to say nothing of other expenses, time, etc. It seems to us that Mr. Brown has convinced his former neighbors in Yadkin that he is a loyal son still.

On his last trip Mr. Brown brought with him his wife and daughter, Miss Edith Mayo Brown. This young lady and her mother liked this fair south land and enjoyed their stay immensely. The only son of Mr. and Mrs. Brown was killed in France during the world war. Mr. Brown always does a lot of good preaching while on his travels, holding meetings here and there on his way back and forth, in the large and small cities alike and is greatly loved wherever he goes. A few years ago he held a meeting in Yadkinville and it is hoped he may come again some time with his good work. Yadkin is proud of such a man and as he does not forget Yadkin this good country should not overlook him, though he may spend most of his time in a foreign field.

Mr. Harding's Home Folks

An engaging side of Mr. Harding was shown in his speech to the home folks of Marlton. All the strength of middle western Americanism showed in his common-sense words upon pulling together-boosting, in the excellent word of our home-brewed speech.

It is appealing and persuasive in Mr. Harding's case because it is generally true of his own career. His present success he owes to his loyal community, whose loyalty he earned by working with it and for it year after year. That is the soundest American doctrine. Intense local pride is second only to intense national feeling in our country. If the local feeling ever weakens it will be a sad day for the nation, for only upon home rule in state, county and town, vigorously supported by local enthusiasm, can our huge area be democratically governed.—New York Tribune.

Mr. Dave Shore Dead

Mr. Dave Shore, aged 73 years, died at his home in Winston Saturday morning after an illness of several months with a complication of diseases. Mr. Shore's immediate family consists of his second wife and one child and five children by a former marriage. Two of these live in Yadkin county, Mr. Lonnie Shore of Yadkinville and Mr. A. W. Shore of Baltimore. The deceased was a native of this county and a highly esteemed citizen and has many friends who will be pained to learn of his death.

He was buried at Enon Baptist church Sunday at 11 o'clock, and scores of friends and relatives were present to pay their last respects.

Adequate Coal Supply

Washington, July 8.—Assurance of an adequate supply of coal to meet all domestic requirements during the coming months was given today by George H. Cushing, managing director of the American Wholesale Coal Association, who declared in a statement that reports of an impending coal shortage were unfounded. The public, he said, is panic stricken without reason or excuse.

"There is no shortage of coal," Mr. Cushing stated. "There is no danger of any such shortage. Therefore there is a reason but no excuse for the current high prices in the open market. The reason is that we have too much governmental agitation of the danger of famine."

Mr. Cushing declared that for the past eight months "there has not been a day or even an hour when some governmental agency was not agitating about coal and predicting a coal famine." "Prices, he said, have reached the highest peacetime level in history because those who need coal are frantically bidding each other in every market."

NOTICE.

Pursuant to an order of the Superior Court of Yadkin County, made on the 8th day of July, 1920, in an action entitled T. S. Ashley et al, EX PARTE, we will sell to the highest bidder at public auction on the premises in Knob Township, Yadkin County on

MONDAY, AUGUST 9th 1920, at or near the hour of 2 o'clock p. m. the following described real estate: Adjoining the lands of Moses Chapel and others, beginning on a black oak in William Barber line, north 26 chs. to red oak in Groce line, West 3 chs. 25 links to a stake Gross corner, North 7 chs. to a stake, West 25 chs. 34 links to a red or black oak, South 22 degrees West 10 chs. 50 links to a post oak, East 16 chs. 85 links to oak, North 4 chs. 50 links to hickory, East 7 chs. 25 links to the beginning, containing 110 1/4 acres more or less. Terms of sale: one third cash, balance on a credit of six months with bond and approved security for deferred payment. This land will be subdivided and sold in small tracts and then as a whole.

This July 8th, 1920.
S. W. VESTAL,
J. W. FRAZIER,
Commissioners.

For Sale.—Sweet Potato Plants \$1.50 per 1000, express collect, \$1.75 per 1000, postpaid. All varieties, prompt shipment.
DORRIS-KENSEY PLANT CO.
Valdosta, Ga.

Haustonville Rt. 1 News

Farmers are very busy laying by their corn in this section.

There will be an ice cream supper at P. W. Windsor's store next Saturday. Everybody cordially invited.

The revival meeting will begin at Wesley Chapel on the 4th Sunday night, July 25th.

There will be a Children's Day at St. Paul church the 25th of July.

Mrs. Bettie Mullis was the guest of her sister, Mrs. Annie Wilkins, last Sunday.

Courtney News

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Mackie and Mr. and Mrs. Paul Shermer and children were visitors at Mr. Grover Shermer's Sunday.

Mr. A'onzio Bagby and Darwin Essic from Winston were visitors in our burg Sunday.

Mrs. N. C. Cranfill returned Friday from Hamlet where she went to attend the funeral of her sister, Mrs. N. W. Fowler, who died of Bright's disease.

There will be a play "Broken Links" given at Hamptonville July 17th by the young people of Courtney. Everybody invited. There will be music furnished also. Proceeds for church.

Mr. Carter of Winston is visiting her son, Mr. Luther Carter of this place.

Mrs. D. I. Reavis of Concord spent Friday with home folks here, returning to Mocksville.

Community Singing

A large crowd came out to the court house Thursday night to join in singing the songs of long ago and the new ones made popular by "our boys" in the war. This meeting of the people of Yadkinville was called by the instructors of the summer school.

The young people of the town made the evening more enjoyable by giving several attractive selections. The program was as follows:

Solo, "My Little Birch Canoe"—Miss Elizabeth Huchins.
Reading, Miss Minerva and William Green Hill—Miss Mary Crater.

Duet, Bubbles—Martha Crater Margaret Eaton.

Several selections given by the community orchestra delighted the vast audience. The members of the orchestra are: Messrs Lloyd Craver, S. H. Dinkins, Art Huchins, Herman Haaser. The chorus of young people of town and the summer school teachers rendered several popular selections. They were accompanied by our able pianist, Miss Kate Robinson.

Administrator's Notice

Having qualified as administrator of the estate of G. W. Reavis dec'd this is to notify all persons holding claims against said estate to present them to the undersigned within one year from date of this notice or same will be pleaded in bar of their recovery, and all persons owing said estate are requested to settle at once. This June 9, 1920.

W. T. Reavis, Adm'r
of G. W. Reavis deceased

Notice To All Dog Owners

In checking up the list I find about one third who haven't paid their dog tax. The law says they must be paid during November and all persons failing to do this have violated the law and are subject to indictment. You who haven't paid please arrange to do so AT ONCE.

C. E. MOXLEY, Sheriff.

CAN A STATE AFFORD NOT TO LET WOMEN VOTE? READ THESE TAX FIGURES.

The lowest city tax rate but one (listed in the 1920 figures of the World Almanac, pages 702-705) is in Muskogee, Okla., a full suffrage state. It is 35 cents on the hundred.

The highest tax rate in the United States at the same time is in Milwaukee, Wis., \$20.17 per hundred. Wisconsin until 1919 had no woman suffrage. It now has presidential suffrage.

Of the twenty-one cities in the United States quoted in the World Almanac list as having tax rates below \$1 ten are in states which have full, presidential or primary suffrage.

There are but three male suffrage states in which any cities are listed with a tax rate below \$1 on the hundred.

The suffrage cities with a low tax rate are: South Bend, Ind., 74 cents; Ogden, Utah, 72 cents; Niagara Falls, N. Y., 68 cents; Kalamazoo, Mich., 53 cents; Muskegon, Okla., 50 cents; Kansas City, Kan., 48 cents; Hutchinson, Kan., 40 cents; Fort Wayne, Ind., 34 cents; Fort Smith, Ark., 50 cents; Cleveland, Ohio, 70 cents.

In 1919 Washington, a full suffrage state, went out of debt.

And Wyoming in that year had no need of taxes for state government.

"Taxes were not levied for the support of the state government," said the Associated Standard (1916). "The income of lands, leases, royalties and interest on investment last year was \$908,241.00, while the amount received from direct taxation was \$568,497.51. There was a cash balance on hand at the beginning of the year of \$718,426.80. The actual expenses of Wyoming were \$1,205,588.21. After paying all expenses and making some investments in permanent funds, there is carried over a cash balance of \$789,587.12. With this balance and the income derived this year from oil and mining development, royalties on state lands, leases and fees, the state will easily be able to get along a year at least without any direct taxation." Wyoming has full suffrage.

In January, 1916, equal suffrage Kansas paid off its last dollar of indebtedness.

WHERE MEN ONLY VOTE DEBTS ARE GREATER.

In the city of Baltimore, Maryland, where woman suffrage is rejected, the total population in 1919 was 700,000. The debt of the city is \$66,127,174 or more than \$90 per capita, the budget \$22,020,000, or more than \$30 per capita.

In Richmond, Virginia, another state where suffrage was rejected, the population of 165,000, is burdened with a debt of \$12,513,097, or \$75 per capita, and with a budget of \$5,604,013, or \$44 each. (World Almanac, 1920.)

In February, 1916, the Denver, Colorado, Chamber of Commerce said: "Denver's per capita indebtedness is \$3.62. Per capita indebtedness of other cities follows: Louisville, \$50.13; St. Paul, \$43.19; Worcester, Mass., \$42.90; Columbus, Ohio, \$46.05; Toledo, \$50.54; Atlanta, Ga., \$30.28.

"Two million and a quarter dollars were spent in homes last year, costing from \$3,000 to \$15,000 each.

"The state has made great progress in agriculture. In 1914 it amounted to \$89,578,200 and in 1915, to \$95,652,000." The indebtedness of Massachusetts, a male suffrage state, was in 1913, \$22.78 per capita.

In California and Colorado, woman suffrage states, the same year, it was \$3.83 and \$3.70 per capita. In Kansas it was \$4 cents and in Oregon 4 cents. (Figures are from the United States Special Census report on "Wealth, Debt and Taxation," Table 10.)

ELECTION EXPENSES.

What It Costs to Let Women Vote.

The state treasurer of every suffrage state has declared that woman suffrage has not appreciably increased election expenses. Denver, in 1916, recorded the lowest per capita (of population) cost of voting (14 cents) of the larger cities of the United States. In Cheyenne, Wyoming, voting costs 10 cents per capita (of population), a less sum than in any city of its size.

It was computed in June, 1918, that New York City could vote all its women for just one-sixth of what it has been costing to vote its men. It cost \$300,000 in 1917 to vote 601,800 men. It was explained by the election officials that an equal number of women could be voted for an additional sum of \$50,000, making \$350,000 in all. It had cost the city 43 cents each to vote its men, but it would only need a per capita expenditure of 7 cents more to care for as many more women at the polls.

In Chicago's experience it was found that the actual additional cost of the woman voter was about one-third.

Women pay their full pro rata share of the tax for election expenses and they have been doing so for more than a century while deprived by law from casting a vote.

IMPORTANT NEWS THE WORLD OVER

IMPORTANT HAPPENINGS OF THIS AND OTHER NATIONS FOR SEVEN DAYS GIVEN

THE NEWS OF THE SOUTH

What is Taking Place in the Southland Will Be Found in Brief Paragraphs

Foreign—

The German chancellor, Konstantin Fehrenbach, has completed the formation of a cabinet. A Fehrenbach cabinet was organized on June 21, but the members resigned immediately after formation when the Majority Socialists refused to support it.

The Greek army has begun an offensive against the forces of Mustafa Kemal Pasha, the Turkish Nationalist leader, according to an official statement issued by Greek headquarters.

Riotous scenes occurred at the house of representatives when the sitting of the Cuban house was summarily suspended because of disorder, said to have been caused by members of the Liberal party. The house has been unable to convene for several weeks, because of what is alleged to have been a "legislative strike" on the part of the Liberals, who are protesting against the passage of the last session of the Conservative measure amending the Crowder electoral law so that coalition of national political parties will be permitted.

Provisional President de la Huerta of Mexico has invited forty newspapers of the United States to send representatives to study conditions in Mexico, it has been announced.

Hungary has begun an energetic boycott against Austria. Food barges on the way up the Danube from countries to the east were stopped in Hungarian waters. In pursuance of the international boycott, traffic in direction of Hungary is totally suspended.

A Reuter dispatch published in London says the labor delegates who went to look over Soviet Russia report that Socialism will be triumphant in Great Britain long before Russia has entered the socialistic domain.

"Hundreds of brides have been doomed to a life of useless celibacy through that infamous institution that is known as mixed bathing." This statement is the nucleus of a protest by Councilor Donald Clark of Tonbridge, Kent county, England, after a debate as to whether or not mixed bathing would be permitted. Clark lost, and will not seek re-election, as the county is a strong woman center.

Lloyd recently experienced "quite an exciting day" as the result of a statement of a United States senator to the effect of the American merchant marine act, which appears to move the center of American marine insurance from London to New York.

Premier Lloyd George's demand that Irish railwaymen handle munition trains gives rise to an issue which must be fought out. Many declare the premier's attitude is a "bluff" and that he is "too afraid of English labor to give it effect."

With armed bands battling for the control of Londonderry, and the entire city in the grip of lawless elements, a state of civil war exists that may be ended only by the proclamation of martial law—and perhaps not then. The British authorities are apparently powerless, business is completely paralyzed. Murder, looting and incendiarism are alleged to stalk all through the streets, while citizens hide within their homes or attempt to flee the county.

Washington—

A report on the railroad strike situation was laid before President Wilson at the cabinet meeting by Secretary Payne, acting in his capacity as director general of the railroad administration, but action was delayed after Secretary Wilson had declared the situation was so improved that steps by the government were unnecessary.

Management of the national Republican campaign was entrusted to an executive committee of twenty-one members, headed by Chairman Lays of the party's national committee. Seven women have places on the executive committee.

Rear Admiral Fletcher in charge of the fourteenth naval district since 1918 has been transferred to Rio de Janeiro and will begin duty there as senior commander of the American naval mission to Brazil.

lished for the treatment of drug addicts was ordered by the bureau of internal revenue to determine if they are operated in accordance with the terms of the Harrison anti-narcotic act. Clinics must be abandoned or the methods changed where the "ambulatory treatment" is in use by which drugs are issued to patients who are permitted to administer the dosage themselves. Instances have been known of patients selling drugs so obtained to other addicts.

Damages asked by owners of motor vehicles in collision with government mail trucks cannot be paid because of absence of any funds for reimbursement, the fourth assistant postmaster general. Only an appropriation by a special act of congress can meet the situation.

The Herrera government in Guatemala, which succeeded that of Dr. Estrada Cabrera, has been recognized by the United States, it is announced.

Circulars calling on American workers to refrain from participation in the coming presidential election and instead join a general strike, came into the hands of the department of justice recently. Investigation has been ordered to determine the origin of the pamphlets which are signed by "The American Anarchist Federated Communist Soviets."

George Christian, secretary to Senator Warren Gamaliel Harding, says the letter recently made public by Frank P. Walsh, quoting the Republican presidential nominee as favoring Irish independence, is undeniably authentic.

There is a Garden of Eden in China, according to the description given by a commercial attaché to China. The garden is an economic one, and is known as West China. Here you can buy four or five fresh eggs for a cent, a basket of wheat brings 15 cents and a ton of anthracite coal is worth 50 cents. Wages average 15 to 20 cents a day.

W. A. Anderson of Amherst, Mass., has been named as selector of a Government of Labor, Ronald B. May of New York has been appointed to succeed him.

W. H. Nielson of Neorsaka has been appointed a solicitor in the department of grain.

Domestic—

Several Iowa Democrats on the special train en route to the national convention at San Francisco telegraphed home for money. Thieves entered one of the cars in the train at some place between Grand Junction, Colo., and Green River, Wyo., and stole about a thousand dollars.

In an airplane crash at Paris Island, near Savannah, Ga., Lieut. Frederick Malthen, Lieut. S. E. St. George and Capt. Gustave Karow of Savannah were killed.

The United States railroad labor board will announce its decision on the new wage scales to be granted four million railroad workers on July 20. Officials of the railway brotherhoods, who waited anxiously for the board's announcement, said that this action had probably averted a widespread strike of railroad workers, which, they said, outlaw organizations had been planning to start June 26 at midnight.

The Northern Baptist convention voted after a lengthy debate to terminate relations with the Interchurch World Movement.

A volunteer construction program corps for the making and whittling of planks in the Democratic party has been busy at San Francisco for several days, and it is believed their efforts will relieve the tense situation prevailing.

Several schools of thought among the anti-bone dry leaders at San Francisco have developed, and it will be a difficult matter to bring them together, in the opinion of many.

Gov. A. R. Roberts of Tennessee announces that he will call a special session of the Tennessee legislature for action on the federal suffrage amendment in ample time for the women to vote in the November election. This announcement was made after the governor was shown a copy of a telegram from President Wilson urging such action.

Nurses Wanted

Pupil nurses wanted for State Hospital at Morganton. \$30 per month for beginners, with increase for second and third years up to \$40 per month. Room (separate from Hospital) washing, laundry and uniform furnished. Opportunities for continuing in Nurses' Training School for young women.

Address: State Hospital, Morganton, N. C.