

The Yadkin Ripple

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NO. 29

LEIPSIQ TRIALS REALLY A FARCE

German Who are Guilty of the Major Crimes in the War are Not Arraigned.

KAISER NOT ON THE LIST

Many Other Notables, However Were Among the Accused, But Probably All of Them Will Get Off as Easily as Has William.

London.—The real German war guilty probably will escape trial. They'll get off as easily as the kaiser, whom British politicians promised to hang.

This impression is given added foundation by the procedure at the trials of the small fry on the allied list before the German supreme court at Leipzig.

As presented to the German government last year, the list was the most formidable in the aftermath of warfare, either ancient or modern. The accused ranged from princes to privates, and the crimes from murder to theft.

The list was made up of lists presented by the various allied nations. America was conspicuous by its absence. The others were divided.

Kaiser's Name Omitted. Because William Hohenzollern and son, the former crown prince, had fled to Holland, their names were not pressed. But among the other personages were the following:

Ex-Crown Prince Rupprecht of Bavaria—Charged with being responsible for deportation of many inhabitants of northern France.

Duke of Wurtemberg—Charged with being responsible for the troop massacres of people at Namur and other towns.

Gen. von Kluck—Charged with being responsible for the shooting of hostages at Senlis and civilians at Aerschot.

Gen. von Buelow—Charged with being responsible for the burning of villages in the Ardennes and the shooting of civilians.

Field Marshal von Mackenson—Charged with having villages burned and Romanian civilians executed.

Baron von der Lancken—Accused in connection with the executions of Edith Cavell and Capt. Fryatt.

Tirpitz on List. Admirals von Tirpitz, von Capelle, von Hippe, Scheer and von Ingenohl—Charged with being variously responsible for submarine warfare, with ordering bombardment of unprotected English towns and with ordering sinking of unarmed merchant vessels.

Field Marshal von Sanders—In connection with the massacres of Armenians and Syrians.

Gen. von Manteuffel—In connection with the outrages at Louvain.

Gen. Kruska—Accused of spreading germs of typhus among the prisoners. In the list presented by France and Belgium, stress was laid particularly upon those who oppressed the civilian population, destroyed towns and deported helpless people into Germany.

The British specified those naval officers who violated the laws of the war. For instance, in their list the following names occur:

Lieut. Capt. Kieseewetter—for sinking the hospital-ship *Glenard Castle*, Feb. 26, 1918.

Lieut. Capt. Valentiner—for torpedoing two merchant vessels without warning in 1915.

Lieut. Capt. Jess—for torpedoing boats without warning in 1918.

Commander Boaker—for bombarding Hull in March and Edinburgh in April, 1916, from an airship.

The German government avoided taking any action in the matter as long as possible. Finally, it presented a reply to the allies in which it set forth the view that to arrest the men named and attempt to hand them over to the allies would be to precipitate grave events in Germany.

It offered to put on trial any of its subjects before the German high courts, provided the allied governments prepared prima facie cases against them, showing that prosecution was justifiable. This view of the German government finally prevailed.

Prepared Seven Cases. The British prepared seven cases in all. These were the cases against Heynen, Muller, Trinks and Neumann, charged with acts of cruelty to prisoners of war at various camps, and the following naval cases:

Lieutenant Commander Patzig—Charged with having sunk without warning the hospital-ship *Llandever Castle* and with having afterward fired on and sunk boats containing survivors with consequent loss of 234 lives.

Lieutenant Commander Neumann—Charged with torpedoing without warning the British hospital-ship, *Dover Castle*, with the loss of six lives.

BOON FOR FARMERS

Picric Acid Left Over From War To Be Given Them.

Twelve Million Pounds of This High Explosive to be Distributed Through Public Roads Bureau.

Washington.—More than 12,000,000 pounds of picric acid, one of the highest power explosives, accumulated for war purposes and made useless to the war department by the armistice, will be distributed to farmers for agricultural purposes.

When the war ended the army had on hand this immense stock of picric acid, and in addition more than 26,000,000 pounds of TNT.

The latter was distributed to various governmental agencies for use in railroad construction in Alaska, public roads in the national parks and various projects on Indian reservations.

No TNT was distributed to individuals, and thus far not a single accident has marked the use or transportation of the millions of pounds of the high explosive, according to officials of the bureau of mines.

The question of what to do with the 12,000,000 pounds of picric acid puzzled government officers for some time, and the war department had almost decided to tow the explosive out to sea and dump it overboard in the interests of the public safety, when it was decided to institute a series of experiments in an effort to find some safe commercial use for it. The experiments were conducted by the bureau of mines and disclosed many ways in which picric acid could be used safely and profitably on farms, such as in blasting out stumps and rocks and breaking up land. It was accordingly decided to distribute the explosive, practically free of charge, to farmers.

Picric acid, a highly crystalline powder, having a lemon yellow color, is 18 per cent stronger than 40 per cent straight nitroglycerin dynamite, according to the bureau of mines. It should never be used in bulk, officials say, and its uses should be restricted to redipped paraffined paper cartridges.

The 12,000,000 pounds of surplus stock, located at Sparta, Wis., and Wingo, N. Y., will be distributed to farmers through the bureau of public roads of the Department of Agriculture. The only cost to the farmer, it is announced, will be freight charges and a charge of 6 cents a pound for placing the powder in the necessary cartridges.

Notice of Service by Publication

North Carolina) In Superior
Yadkin County) Court

I. D. Long, Rachel Long and Leona Long

vs
Ollie Potts Hanes and husband—Hanes, Lottie Potts Repstine and husband, Bob Repstine, Jettie Potts Repstine and husband, John Henry Potts, Frank Potts, Helen Potts and Hazel Potts,

The defendants above named, Ollie Potts Hanes, and husband, Hanes, Lottie Potts Repstine, and husband, Bob Repstine, Jettie Potts Repstine, and husband, Repstine, John Henry Potts, Frank Potts, Helen Potts and Hazel Potts, will take notice that summons against them has been issued in the above entitled special proceedings which is for the partition of real estate among the tenants in common. The defendants will further take notice that they are required to appear before the Clerk of the Superior Court of Yadkin county on the 27th day of August, 1921, and answer or demur to the petition or that the relief therein demanded will be granted.

This July 27, 1921

J. L. CRATER,
Clerk Superior Court

Williams & Reavis, Attorneys.

The Forsyth County Fair will be held October 4, 5, 6 and 7. Preparations are being made for a record breaker this year.

Learn to Market Your Tobacco

County farmers are to have an opportunity to sign up with producers of other counties for the co-operative marketing of their tobacco in a campaign beginning this week, which will cover the whole county.

Arrangements have been made to hold local meetings daily during the next week, at which the co-operative marketing contracts will be explained by speakers from the association, local committees, together with the trained crew of workers from the Raleigh headquarters, are to canvass growers in each township in efforts to put Yadkin county in the lead with the largest number of growers signed up.

Outstanding features of the co-operative marketing contracts, based on successful associations in California, as given by Clarence Poe, of the Progressive Farmer, are:

1. Growers organize by commodity and not by locality.

2. Organize commercially and not sentimentally or fraternally for business and nothing else, to get the best possible price for tobacco.

3. Organize permanently and not temporarily.

4. Organize legally and not loosely.

5. A non-profit association—every cent over actual running expenses is returned to growers.

6. Only growers or landlords who receive tobacco as rent can be members.

7. Directors are elected by districts, each member having one vote. Headquarters the tobacco association is at Raleigh.

8. County and township branches for the association.

9. Membership fee \$3 for five years, or 60 cents a year in association.

10. Association will sell for members only.

11. Organization committee named in the contract is simply to get association going. Start business with elected directors as soon as enough growers are signed up.

12. Provision made for financing under plan used with success in California.

13. All contracts are alike and run for five years.

Mr. D. H. Osborne, county farm agent, is assisting in the Yadkin county campaign. Mr. C. C. Zimmerman, teacher of marketing, from the State College of Agriculture, and Mr. J. M. Gray, of the state department of agriculture, are here to assist in the work. The local committee hopes to complete the canvass of Yadkin in the next two or three weeks.

PLANS FOR A HUGE GARDEN

Six Hundred Thousand Trees Are to be Planted on North Slope of Pike's Peak.

Colorado Springs, Colo.—Work will start soon on the planting of 600,000 trees on the north slope of Pike's peak, and a bonus will be paid to the sixty odd workers who remain "on the job" until the planting is completed.

This gigantic planting project is part of the reforestation program planned by the United States forestry service to conserve the water supply of the Pike's Peak region by reforesting the watersheds that have been denuded by numerous forest fires.

Thousands of the trees to be planted have already been delivered to a nearby spot, where they are cached in crates in deep snowbanks to prevent premature budding. The trees are four and five inches high and were raised from seeds planted in government nurseries.

Growers Get More For Their Tobacco

The tobacco growers of Yadkin county aim to complete their co-operative marketing organization to secure better prices for their tobacco. They are carrying on an intensive campaign these two weeks to secure the minimum sign up of fifty per cent of the total production. Fifty of the best, largest and most influential growers of tobacco in the county have signed up to sell their production co-operatively and are going out this week to sign up their neighbors and friends to market tobacco with them. They argue that other growers are doing it in products much harder to handle than tobacco and are doing it successfully, making money each year and that the tobacco grower must co-operatively sell his product in order to make money out of growing tobacco. They want themselves and their neighbors to reap the benefits of a stabilized price for leaf tobacco.

This present week the campaign is actively being carried on in Boonville, Fall Creek, Buck Shoal, Deep Creek, and Little Yadkin townships. Mr. Aaron Speer, a veteran grower and progressive farmer of Boonville township, is to have charge of the campaign in that township. He is to be assisted by Mr. C. C. Zimmerman, an instructor in marketing from the State College of agriculture at Raleigh. Mr. S. T. (Vei) Hinchshaw, well known farmer of Yadkinville, has charge of the sign-up in Fall Creek township and is assisted in the work by Mr. D. H. Osborne, the county farm demonstration agent. Mr. Sol. Allen and Ex-Sheriff G. T. White have charge of the work in Buck Shoal township. Mr. J. M. Gray, of the State extension force, will accompany the men in Buck Shoal to explain the contract which the growers sign and to tell the growers why it is necessary that they sign Mr. Allen and Sheriff White have the promise of the assistance of Messrs. Will Parks, Emmet Windsor, John Bowles, Bloom Long and Squire Gentry, veteran farmers of Buck Shoal township. The campaign in Deep Creek will be in charge of Mr. M. W. Mackie, former county demonstration agent, assisted by Mr. Chas. Reavis. A meeting was held Saturday afternoon in Little Yadkin school house and a dozen of the best growers signed up and agreed to go out this week and see that their neighbors signed with them. Mr. J. H. Houser and Mr. R. W. Brann agreed to take charge of the Little Yadkin sign-up.

Meetings of the growers at which speeches be made explaining the co-operative contract will be held in the school houses of the county for the following week, beginning with July 25th, as follows:

Boonville Township
Monday, 25 Boonville
Tuesday, 26 Reese

Wednesday, 27 Oak Ridge
Thursday, 28 Shore
Friday, 29, Mt. Pleasant.

Fall Creek Township
Monday, 25 Union Grove
Tuesday, 26 Forbush

Wednesday, 27 Smithtown
Thursday, 28 Piney Ridge
Friday, 29 Richmond Hill

Buck Shoal Township
Monday, 25 Windsor
Tuesday, 26 Oak Grove
Wednesday, 27 Bell
Thursday, 28 Longtown
Friday, 29 Shore

Deep Creek Township
Tuesday, 26 Long School
Wednesday, 27 Lone Hickory
Thursday, 28 Hamptonville
Friday, 29 Brannon.

Each meeting is called at 8 o'clock in the evening. It is urged that every grower in the county attend one of these meetings. After the meeting an intensive campaign is to be waged the next day to secure a 100-per cent sign up of the district.

The local farmers who have charge of this work are all volunteering their time for the next week or so to put over this campaign. They ask that their neighbors open their homes to the men canvassing for this co-operative movement and that each and every man hold himself open to conviction and be willing to go a second mile in aiding this work is necessary.

Other growers in this state and other states are controlling their markets and handling their products co-operatively, growing more prosperous each year, while tobacco farmers are growing poorer each year. The only way to change this system of robbery and exploitation is through co-operative marketing.

"Justice."

State News Items

Aston Croffee, a youth of Cherokee county, was killed near Asheville last week when the car in which he was riding turned over.

John T. Simpson, prominent tobacco warehouseman of Winston-Salem, is seriously ill with dry gangrene in his right arm. It is thought that the member will have to be amputated.

Sidney Kincaid, while drunk one night last week, cut his wife's throat at their home near Morganton. Mrs. Kincaid bled to death in a few minutes. Kincaid was placed in jail to await court.

Gaither Autrey, of Yancey county, was shot and probably fatally wounded by Sheriff Goode of that county, a few days ago. The sheriff had gone to arrest Autrey on a charge of seduction when he attempted to shoot the officer.

An examination for postmaster at Winston-Salem has been ordered on or prior to August 9th. The office has been on the vacant list since April 17th last, when Postmaster Galloway resigned. Mr. N. L. Cranford has been serving since that time but his nomination has never been confirmed.

Administrator's Notice

Having qualified as administrator of the estate of W. J. Prim, deceased, late of Yadkin county, North Carolina, this is to notify all persons having claims against the estate of W. J. Prim, deceased, to file same the undersigned on or before the 27th day of July, 1922, or his notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment.

This July 27th, 1921.

W. W. Woodruff,
Administrator.

Williams & Reavis, Atty's.

Mr. E. C. Mayberry Answers Final Call

Mr. E. Clarence Mayberry, of Cycle, died in a hospital at Richmond where he had gone for an operation for a stomach trouble, last Friday afternoon.

The remains were brought to this county and interred at Union Sunday at 11 o'clock, the funeral services being conducted by Rev's. Jarvis and Myers. The Masons and Juniors had charge of the burial, Mr. Mayberry being a member of both of these orders. The largest crowd ever assembled at Union church was present at the burial.

Mr. Mayberry was a member of the Yadkin county road commission, being secretary of that body, and was deeply interested in road work in the county and had done much to promote it.

He was a high-toned Christian gentleman and an upstanding progressive citizen of his section, loved by all who knew him and the news of his death came as a shock to the this section. A good man has gone to his reward.

Mr. Mayberry was 43 years of age and unmarried. He is survived by his father and two sisters.

John L. Casper Dies in Mexico

Mr. John L. Casper died in Mexico last Friday morning of heart failure.

Mr. Casper went to Mexico last January and located at Villa de Acura, where he and his son-in-law, Mr. J. D. Lambe, were having constructed a modern whiskey making plant.

The remains will be shipped to Winston-Salem for burial.

Mr. Casper was a native of Rowan county and was, for several years, engaged in business in Winston-Salem. He was 55 years old. He is survived by his wife and one daughter and one son. His father, James L. Casper, of China Grove, also survives.

Paul Vestal to Visit His Dying Mother

Asheville, July 19.—Rev. B. H. Vestal, a minister of Winston Salem, pleaded with the governor today to pardon his son, Paul, sentenced in February from Clemmons, N. C., for selling stolen property. The boy's mother is dying, the minister said, and unless the son can return within two or three weeks it will be too late.

Vestal had been recommended for a parole when it was learned that he had attempted to escape from the state prison whereupon the proceedings were stopped. The governor said because of the seriousness of the attempt to break prison and the damage to discipline that such action would entail it would be impossible to grant the request. However, if possible that the boy may be allowed to go home to visit the mother.

Fire destroyed the Andrews Box Co's plant in Durham last Friday. During the fire Hugh Riggsbee was burned to death while cutting some live wires that were interfering with the work of the fireman.