

Stop! - Borrowing - your neighbor's paper and subscribe for yourself.

THE GRAPHIC.

Pay up! if you know your subscription is due. Don't be a "dead beat."

M. W. LINCKE, Editor and Prop'r.

SUBSCRIPTION, \$1.00 Per Year.

PAUL W. LINCKE, Manager

Vol. 6.

NASHVILLE, N. C. THURSDAY, JANUARY 11, 1900.

No. 1.

We Have the Stuff.

Every year brings out more clearly the fact that the United States are incomparably richer than any other country in material resources. Iron and coal are the two greatest material factors in civilization, and of those we have an immensely greater store than any other nation.

American iron, especially iron produced in the Southern States, is now sold in every part of the civilized world and the demand for it is increasing. It is sold in some places because the native supply is insufficient and in others because our iron can be laid down at a lower price than it can be produced in such countries.

Both iron and coal are produced at less cost in the United States than anywhere else in the world, and in the Southern States at less cost than anywhere else in this country. This fact means the rapid development of the South on an immense scale.

More than 4,000,000 tons of American coal were exported from the United States during the year just ended, and the quantity will be greatly increased this year.

Even England, which was until a few years ago the largest producer of both iron and coal, now buys great quantities of both from us. American coal is rapidly superseding English coal in South America, South Africa and Australia. Our supply of coal is practically inexhaustible, and is being mined on a constantly increasing scale. We command the markets of the world and fix the price for both these commodities of universal use in the civilized world.

Other countries will soon depend upon the United States as largely for iron and coal as they do already for breadstuffs and meats.

Of a truth we are the people and we have the stuff.

Be a Gentleman.

The most successful men in this world are those who, possessing fair abilities, are gentlemen in deportment, polite in manners, dignified and courteous in bearing while dealing with all classes of people, male as well as female. The man who respects the feeling of the servants as well as the high official, the laboring man as well as the employer, is the one to command the good will and services of all. Truly great men never indulge in acts of coarseness and disrespect, jest or gib to the disadvantage of others, utter oaths, slang or vulgarity or constantly indulge in uncleanness of person.

Courteous habits of speech and conduct, combined with integrity and devotion to duty, add a charm to one's manners and raises him in the estimation of all with whom he comes in contact and will do as much to advance him on the high road to success as any other quality he can possess. Young men should, among their other acquirements, learn to be gentlemen at all times and in all places.—Advance.

More for Whiskey Than for Churches.

The Monroe Enquirer reports that during 1899 the amount of liquor sold by the dispensary aggregated \$17,807.10, with a total profit of \$4,410.04. It adds: "By the report of the dispensary board it will be seen that Monroe's liquor bill during the past year was near eighteen thousand dollars to say nothing of the amount sold illegally. It is a sad fact, but a fact, nevertheless, that more money is spent in the county for liquor than is spent for churches."

Pity the man who brags. He has to do it in order to brace up his self respect.

NORTH STATE.

INTERESTING NOTES FROM OUR EXCHANGES.

One walnut tree in Watauga county sold for \$1,100.

A white man's amendment club was organized at Laurinburg Monday of last week.

Two more cotton mills are to be erected at Rockingham and two at King's Mountain.

Chairman Cy Thompson has issued a call for the Populist State executive committee to meet in Raleigh on Jan. 18th.

State Superintendent Mebane is hot on the trail of that \$100,000 of public school money appropriated by the last Legislature.

The Republican State executive committee met at Greensboro last week and decided to hold the Republican State convention at Raleigh on May 2d.

A negro woman has been arrested at Spencer on the charge of trying to wreck fast trains at that place. She was caught in the very act of throwing the switch.

Mr. L. R. Mayo has been appointed superior court clerk of Beaufort county, to succeed G. Wilkins, deceased. He was the choice of the Democratic executive committee.

Howard Griffin, aged 71, of Franklin county, committed suicide one day last week in the woods near his home by cutting his throat. He suffered from melancholia.

Fred H. Harris, a clerk aged 20 years, formerly of Chapel Hill, was drowned in a bath tub in New York City one day last week. It is thought he had a fit while bathing.

A new enterprise, which will be known as the Wells-Whitehead Cigarette Company, has been started in Wilson and will prove a success, for fine business men are at its head.

S. S. Holt, A. K. Smith, J. A. Wellons, W. L. Woodall and Jno. O. Ellington, leading citizens of Smithfield, have called a meeting January 15th to organize a company to build a cotton factory in Smithfield.

The Dukes, of Durham, have purchased 94,000 acres of land in Lake county, Fla., and will cut off and utilize the timber, plant the land in tobacco and build a railroad to connect with the Florida East Coast Railroad.

Joseph J. Martin, a well known Republican of Tarboro, while in Raleigh last week said he believes the amendment will be carried in that district. He says he does not want the negroes to register, but to stay at home and work.

The penitentiary authorities have made contracts to furnish 100 convicts to work on the railroad to be built to Snow Hill and 50 to work on the Aberdeen and Rockfish railroad in Moore county. The convicts will be supplied in about a week.

At Wilson the coroner's jury found R. L. Ruffin, guilty of the felonious slaying of W. D. Bullock. Ruffin was placed under a bond of \$1,000 for his appearance at court. The men quarrelled, ending in Ruffin fighting with a pistol and Bullock with a cheese knife.

At a meeting at Norfolk last week of the North Carolina Pine Association, lumber was advanced \$1 per 1,000. An invitation was accepted to make an exhibit in the forestry department of the United States at the Paris exposition. The exhibit will include hundreds of specimens of dressed and undressed long leaf pine lumber.

The Roanoke News says that E. L. Summerell, supervisor of the State farm, sold 2,000 pounds of bacon, raised on the farm. It is the first time this has been known, says the Weldon News.

The 4-year old son of Mr. and Mrs. L. Banks, of Salisbury, was given a tablespoonful of equal parts of glycerine and carbolic acid by mistake for castor oil and died from the effects of the dose. The mistake was made by the colored servant giving Mrs. Banks the wrong bottle.

The Board of Directors have as yet made no report with reference to the epidemic of typhoid fever at the State Normal and Industrial College. They will do so at their meeting to be held at Greensboro on the 11th of January. They will also at that meeting determine when the college will be re-opened.

There has been but one case of lynching in North Carolina during the past year. The victim was the murderer of a country merchant near Beaufort, whose neighbors took the murderer from custody, placed him in a boat, carried him many miles to the scene of the crime, and there killed him, while the sheriff and posse were on the way to retake him.

Of Importance to Planters.

Texas is making a new and important departure. It is for the farmers to organize companies to build and operate cotton factories. It is said the plan is growing in popularity, and already companies have been formed in several counties. The building of mills by farmers alone will give opportunities for investing surplus money, and will enable the cotton growers to work up their own products. The Charleston News and Courier says of the movement:

"The plan as described is for the farmers in a certain district to subscribe money enough to build a mill. The mill is to use the cotton grown by its owners and will, therefore, be able to save many hundreds of dollars on the price of the cotton alone, by getting it direct from the farmers. This will enable the farmer to gin his cotton and take it to the mill like so much hay; so escaping all expenses for baling it, sampling, insurance commissions, pressing, etc."

This movement will attract attention no doubt among the planters, and will follow in perhaps all the States. Small mills pay well when well managed. There are small mills in North Carolina that have paid the investors with good profits. We suppose there are small mills now operating that pay not less than 8 or 10 per cent. The Boston Journal of Commerce noting this new Texas movement, thinks it most promising, showing good returns in dividends. It says that the experiment will be closely observed, "and if it proves as successful as present indications seem to promise, there will probably be many more farmer mills running in the southern states before the end of 1900. The states of Georgia, South Carolina and North Carolina offer most excellent opportunities for such mills. One hundred thousand dollars is all that is necessary for the starting of a first-class cotton mill, and one capitalized at that sum which obtained its cotton from its owners could easily pay for itself in five years' time."

It may be really a new road to cotton planters' independence of the men who have practically controlled the price of cotton. This will supplement well the idea hitherto advanced for factories in counties to be equal to consuming the raw cotton produced in such counties. We gave from the Raleigh News and Observer a few days an example of a mill paying higher for cotton than the regular buyers would pay.—Wilmington Messenger.

O'ER THE WORLD

A WEEK'S HAPPENINGS ALL OVER THE WORLD

Jeffries and Corbett have agreed to fight March 15.

Subscriptions to the Lawton fund to date amount to \$85,122.

With \$10,000,000 a Hat Trade Trust is to be formed in England.

It is said that there are 4,000 Americans in the Boer army and 2,000 more on the way.

Judge Goff has decided that the city of Richmond can remove the Bell Telephone poles from the streets.

Almost 3,000,000 people are suffering for food in the famine districts of India and are receiving government aid.

A tenement house fire on East 92nd street, New York city, Sunday, resulted in three deaths and seven persons being injured.

Fenians are storing dynamite and war supplies in rural districts of Maine and Vermont, in anticipation of a raid on Canada.

Kid McCoy whipped Peter Maher in a prize fight at Coney Island Club, N. Y., Monday night of last week, in five rounds.

Gov. Roosevelt, in his message to the legislature, recommends the repeal of the Horton boxing law, permitting prize fighting in the State of New York.

Hulbert H. Warner, formerly a well known medicine manufacturer of New York, has filed a petition in bankruptcy. Liabilities \$2,319,027 and no assets.

Robert T. Lincoln and Norman B. Ream, executors of the estate of the late George M. Pullman are allotted as compensation for their services the sum of \$425,000.

The secretary of the imperial maritime customs of Great Britain announces that American fabrics are gradually ousting British fabrics from the Chinese markets.

Alfred Morrison, a professor of languages, of New York, mistook his wife for a burglar one night last week and shot her in the lung. She is in a critical condition.

In Cabell county, W. Va., Monday of last week, W. M. Ellis, a wealthy farmer, his wife and two boys were burned to death by their house catching fire while all were asleep.

Beach & Co., of Washington, now propose to lift the Maine by means of liquefied air. The company say if authority is given them there is no doubt that the attempt will prove successful.

According to a cablegram in the New York Sun, France has decided to build twelve of the most powerful battleships afloat, and it is contemplated to spend 400,000,000 francs for the increase of the Navy.

Four quarrymen on the Tennessee Central railroad, near Rockwood, Tenn., attempted to thaw out a stick of dynamite. The dynamite exploded and one man, a negro, was killed and three others were fatally injured.

The United States has entered formal protest against the seizure of flour recently by a British warship. The British claimed it was intended for the Boers. The United States protests that they had no right to seize it, as food is not contraband of war.

Samuel Miller, collector for a Chattanooga installment house, attempted to seize furniture in the house of Mary Venable for a small debt. The woman attempted to prevent it, and in the struggle that ensued, Miller shot her and her little son and daughter, seriously wounding all of them.

An Advance in Lumber.

Another advance in lumber prices has been ordered by the North Carolina Pine Lumber Association, controlling all the mills throughout the great long-leaf section. The several advances heretofore made have averaged 50 cents per thousand feet, and aggregated a \$2 raise or the year, until \$1 was added to the present prices at a meeting of the association, held in Norfolk Thursday. The meeting was attended by representatives, in most cases, the heads of some eighteen of the most prominent manufacturing concerns in Virginia and Eastern North Carolina. Scarcity of stock was the reason assigned for the continued advance. Prices will range still higher before spring, in all probabilities, in view of the enormous demand.

The association accepted an invitation to make an exhibit in the Forestry Department of the United States at the Paris Exposition. The exhibit will include hundreds of specimens of dressed and undressed long-leaf pine lumber, which was today advanced one dollar per thousand, and will be forwarded on a special ship in about thirty days. A representative will be sent to Paris to take charge of it.

Hold on to Your Cotton.

Nothing whatever has occurred to change the statistical situation. There is a short crop in the South as the reports from all the seaboard and inland towns show, and there is a very short stock in Europe. If holders of spot cotton become panic-stricken and sacrifice their holdings, the loss will be theirs. To compel them to make this sacrifice is now the object of those who are working in concert with the Liverpool ring. That this ring is very powerful is shown by the unprecedented caper of the firm of speculators who have done their utmost to upset the market by means of telegrams in which they give the lie to their own statements made only a week or two ago.

We do not hesitate to advise holders of cotton to hold on to it until necessity compels the European mills to pay a decent price for it.—Atlanta Constitution.

Schools and Children.

In apportioning the \$100,000 appropriated by the Legislature for the public schools, Edgecombe with her 8,849 children of the school age, will receive \$1,349.47. This is 15 1/2 cents a piece. The aggregate appropriation seems large, but 15 1/2 cents to the child seems quite small. Some idea of the population of the State may be drawn from the 656,000 children in the State of the school age.

Wake county has the largest number of children, 15,381; and Currituck the smallest, 1,355. Twenty-three counties have more children than this. Nash county has 104 more children than Edgecombe, Pitt has 1,500 more. Having a Great Run on Chamberlain's Cough Remedy.

Manager Martin, of the Pierson drug store, informs us that he is having a great run on Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. He sells five bottles of that medicine to one of any other kind, and it gives great satisfaction. In these days of a grippe there is nothing like Chamberlain's Cough Remedy to stop the cough, heal up the sore throat and lungs and give relief within a very short time. The sales are growing, and all who try it are pleased with its prompt action.—South Chicago Daily Calumet. For sale by Druggists and Dealers.

I want to let the people who suffer from rheumatism and sciatica know that Chamberlain's Pain Balm relieved me after a number of other medicines and a doctor had failed. It is the best liniment I have ever known of.—J. A. DODGEN, Alpharetta, Ga. Thousands have been cured of rheumatism by this remedy. One application relieves the pain. For sale by Druggists and Dealers.

NASH COUNTY DIRECTORY.

OUR LOCAL GOVERNMENT.

MAYOR, Z. V. Jenkins
Commissioners, S. G. Griffin, S. S. Gay, C. C. Ward, J. E. Abernathy.
Chief of Police, Ashley Collins.

CHURCHES.

METHODIST.—Rev. H. A. Humble, pastor; services 1st, 3rd and 4th Sunday nights, and 3rd Sunday at 11 o'clock a. m. Prayer meeting every Wednesday evening.
BAPTIST.—Rev. W. C. Nowell, pastor; services 2nd Sunday (morning and night); Sunday school at 3 p. m.; prayer meeting Thursday evening.
PRIMITIVE BAPTIST.—Elder M. B. Williford, pastor; services on 4th Sunday and Saturday before at 11 o'clock a. m.

COUNTY GOVERNMENT.

Sheriff, Willis M. Warren.
Clerk Superior Court, T. A. Sills.
Register Deeds, J. A. Whitaker.
Treasurer, E. J. Braswell.
Surveyor, John C. Beal.
Coroner, Dr. John T. Strickland.
County Examiner, W. S. Wilkerson.

COMMISSIONERS.

W. E. Jeffreys, chairman; S. H. Griffin, W. H. Murray.
Regular meeting of Board every 1st Monday of each month.

Professional Notices.

COOKE & COOLEY,
Counselors and Attorneys-at-Law.
NASHVILLE, N. C.

Practice in State and Federal Courts. Office in grand jury room.

JOHN T. STRICKLAND,
PHYSICIAN and SURGEON,
Office at M. C. Yarbore & Co's.,
Drug Store.
NASHVILLE, N. C.

JACOB BATTLE,
Attorney and Counselor-at-Law,
ROCKY MOUNT, N. C.
Circuit:—Nash, Edgecombe, Wilson counties. j-4-19.

DR. S. P. HILLIARD,
DENTAL SURGEON,
ROCKY MOUNT, N. C.
Can be found in office at all times.

W. A. FINCH, S. E. HERR
Wilson, N. C. Nashville, N. C.
FINCH & EURE,

Counselors and Attorneys-at-Law,
NASHVILLE, N. C.
Special attention given to the collection and adjustment of claims.

HOTELS.

Hotel Woodard,
Mrs. W. R. WINSTEAD, PROPRIETRESS;
Table First Class.
Omnibus Meets all Trains.
Rocky Mount, N. C.

Hammond Hotel,
Mrs. T. A. MARRIOTT, PROPRIETRESS,
21 ROOMS.
RATES \$2.00 PER DAY.
Cut Rates For Steady Boarders
Rocky Mount, N. C.

OWENS HOTEL,
CUISINE UNEXCELLED.
VEGETABLES AND FRUITS IN SEASON.
TABLE, FIRST CLASS.
RATES, \$1.50 per day.
BOARD BY DAY, WEEK OR MONTH.
Mrs. E. M. OWENS, Proprietress.
Spring Hope, N. C.

ALBION - HOTEL.
(Successor to Farmers' Hotel.)
MRS. ELIZABETH CARTER,
PROPRIETRESS,
Nashville, N. C.
Centrally Located.
Comfortable Rooms.
Good Fare.
The Traveling Public cordially invited to give us a share of their patronage.
Special Rates by Week or Month.
Stop at THE ALBION.