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GRAPHIC.

The Trading Public
Liberal Patronize Merchants Who
Bid For The Trade
Watch For The Bidders

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MEN OF MEANS.
In Most cases to-day are those who have acquired the habit of saving.
WE ARE ANXIOUS TO ASSIST YOU
to become independent, and will furnish you the protection of a well managed and successful Banking Institution, paying
4 per cent. Interest on Savings Deposits
The First National Bank
Rocky Mount, N. C.
Safest for Savings.

Will Floyd Pardon.
W. J. Floyd, convicted in Beaufort county in October, 1911, of selling liquor and resisting an officer and sentenced to 12 months in each of three, has been granted a conditional pardon because of ill health. The pardoned man must prove his sobriety and conduct before the recorder. The reasons for the pardon follow:
"The county superintendent of health has certified to me that further imprisonment in jail or work on the public roads will seriously impair the health and endanger the life of this prisoner, who has served a part of his sentence. I therefore pardon prisoner on condition that he remain law-abiding and of good behavior and that he abstain from the use of intoxicating liquors and drugs and the dope class, and on the further condition that he appear before the recorder on the first Monday in June, 1912, and every sixty days thereafter for two years and satisfy him that he has not violated the conditions of the pardon; and on the further condition that he first pay the costs of the actions and the expense of bringing him from Virginia by requisition."

FLOYD ALLEN FOUND GUILTY.
Must Pay for His Awful Deed With His Life.
Wytheville, Va., May 17.—Alone with his conscience, and with such thoughts as must be the most terrible in human experience, Floyd Allen sits to-night in his cell, adjudged by a jury of his fellow-citizens to be guilty of the murder of William M. Foster, and of the conspiracy to wipe out the human element of the Circuit Court of Carroll county. Within two short months of the day when he undertook to shoot down the law, the machinery of justice, surrounded by all the forms of that law which he sought to destroy, has considered him unworthy to live.
Because he considered himself superior to courts and to officers, and refused to submit to the decrees of justice, Floyd Allen committed a crime which startled the civilized world. Now, as predicted by Joseph C. Wyser at the outset of the trial which has just ended, "those mountains and vales and pleasant places Carroll will know him no more forever." In his vain attempt to place himself about the law he has forfeited his own life, desolated his home, put the lives of his sons in imminent jeopardy and beggared his descendants and his kinsmen.
It was deemed unnecessary to take the condemned man to Roanoke, in view of the announcement of his counsel that he would be a witness in the trial of his son.
It was because of this fact that delay was had in fixing the date for Floyd Allen's execution. His attorneys put forth the plea that his evidence would be weakened if he were under sentence of death. Admitting the justice of this, Judge Staples agreed that final judgment should not be entered at present, certainly not until after the trial of Claude, and perhaps not until all the Allen cases are disposed of.

untopped plots does not appear. In fact, there is more difference between the two plots not topped in 1907 than between the topped and not topped.
In 1909 cotton topped August 1, yielded 1,580 pounds, while that not topped 1,464 pounds per acre.
In 1910, the cotton not topped yielded 1,321 pounds per acre, while that topped July 23, yielded 1,666 pounds seed cotton and that topped August 5, 1,752 pounds per acre.
In 1911, the cotton topped July 15 yielded 1,931 pounds seed cotton per acre, that topped August 1, 1,788 pounds and that not topped 1,756 pounds.
The average for the seven plots that were topped is 1,758 pounds of seed cotton per acre, while the average of the five plots not topped is 1,687 pounds per acre, or a difference of 71 pounds of seed cotton per acre. This will pay well for topping.
If we disregard the one test in 1907, in which there was such an extreme difference between the topped and the other four tests the topped cotton produced an average yield of 1,749 pounds, while that not topped yielded 1,714 pounds per acre. This still shows a difference of 34 pounds of seed cotton per acre in favor of topping.—Progressive Farmer.

KEEP MONEY AT HOME.
Southern People Now Borrowing From the North.
Atlanta, May 23.—At this season of the year southern planters are beginning to borrow back from the north, at a high rate of interest, the money which they themselves send north and east in insurance premiums and other payments; money which could just as easily be kept in the south if merchants and farmers alike would practice as well as preach the economic principle of "patronizing home industry."
Business men in Atlanta, and bankers too, have studied a great deal to figure out approximately how much the south is uselessly drained of each year in this way, and have uncontrived evidence to show that the loss is enormous.
Fire insurance and life insurance premiums are both sent north in sums running up to millions of dollars, though both branches of insurance are represented in the south by home southern companies whose absolute solidity and reliability is unquestioned in the financial world.
It is only through the strange unwillingness of some southerners to believe in their own south, according to persons who have investigated conditions here, that this steady stream of money continues to flow north and east. However, it is increasing in volume each year and the southern companies, growing and broadening are steadily getting a larger and fairer proportion of the business.
This is said to be particularly true of fire insurance companies which have witnessed wonderful developments in the southern field during the past decade or two. Fire insurance officials in Atlanta have recently been quoted as declaring that the leading southern companies ranked with the best of their kind anywhere in the world, and the steadily increasing volume of business they are doing lends color and substance to the statement.

The "Old-Times" and The New
We are sometimes tempted to go off upon a false and hopeless quest. We imagine that the two classes of Negroes between which the South may choose is the old-time darkey and the present-day Negro. But practically there is no such alternative for us today. We must clearly see, many of us with sorrow, that the old-time darkey is forever gone. He was the product of the conditions of slavery, conditions which no man at the South could or would restore. We cannot choose between the old-time darkey and the new. We, as practical men, must make our choice between the two classes of the new—the class of quiet, sensible, industrious men and women (as yet a minority steadily increasing) who seek through intelligence and skill to be useful to themselves and to their country, and the class (upon the other hand) which is backward, thriftless—which draws from the land of the community only what it may consume, which creates no wealth because it has no needs, which furnishes the rapist, the loafer, the incendiary, which presents no theoretical competition for the job of our skilled laborer largely because the class of Negroes is not much possessed of any skill nor much enamored of any conceivable job. There are just two classes of Negroes in our land today—those who are going forward and those who are going backward. I have little doubt as to the choice which the South will make.—Edgar Gardner Murphy.

The Planters Bank,
OF
Rocky Mount, N. C.
The Bank with over
"A Half Million Dollars"
On Deposit
"The Largest and Strongest Bank in Nash and Edgecombe Counties paying interest on Deposit"
Invites Your Account.
Call to see us when in Rocky Mount--
The Planters Bank,
Rocky Mount, N. C.
J. C. BRASWELL, - President.
J. M. SHERROD, - Vice-Pres.
J. W. AYCOCK, - Cashier,
W. W. AVERA, - Asst. Cash.

Attention!
In addition to the best appointed Barber Shop in the city I have added an Up-To-Date
CLEANING AND PRESSING
Department for Men's Suits, and Ladies Apparel.
All Work Guaranteed!
PRICES:
Full Suits, - 40c.
Coat, - 25c.
Pants, - 15c.
Work will be called for and Delivered promptly.
P. A. Richardson.
Old Bass Block Between Ward Drug Co. and Post Office

Keeping up Appearances
It pays to clean up the yards, back sides and front, and the care of one is as important as the other. The front yard is kept clean for your neighbor to look at, while the back yard is the one most seen by the family. It is a good thing, after all useless trash, trees or shrub trimmings and rank growing weeds have been removed, to have a pot of government white wash to put on the fences, stone walls, and board structures of any kind, and if there is a rockery a liberal supply of white wash will not hurt it. Rough boards, stones in the yard, and all unsightly places are all the better for it. One of the best brushes for such work is one of the ten-cent whisk brooms; grease the hands well before beginning the work, for lime will roughen them; use heavy gloves, and have the head well tied up in order to keep any lime out of the hair. If flowering plants are grown in the yard, keep the borders straight and the edges even, and keep the old blooms cut off as fast as they fade. Where there are unsightly views before the kitchen or dining room windows, do not fail to have a screen of vines, or suitable shrubs or low-growing trees. Remember that it is the outside world that sees these things, and judges you by what it sees.

Fertilizer Alone Won't Pay.
No farm was ever improved by planting any crop continually on the land and depending on commercial fertilizer to make it. That is the road to soil exhaustion. That has worn the rich soil of the wheat lands of the Northwest, the tobacco soils of the upper South and the cotton lands of the South. It is responsible for the deep, red gullies in the Piedmont section, for the old field pines all over the South, broomsedge and the pines on the old fields are doing their best to restore the humus man has wasted, and we can learn from them what is needed, and can do it more rapidly than the broomsedge and the pine trees do. Get at it and beat the pines.—W. F. Massey in The Progressive Farmer.

Does It Pay to Top Cotton?
Bulletin No. 155, of the Mississippi Experiment Station gives the results of topping cotton in 1907, 1909, 1910 and 1911, as follows:
In 1907 cotton topped August 3, yielded 1,808 pounds seed cotton. This difference of 233 pounds is the largest shown in any of the tests, the same year cotton topped August 26, yielded 1,780 pounds seed cotton, while that not topped yielded 1,821 pounds. Why the two topped plots yielded so near the same, while there is a difference of 246 pounds of seed cotton per acre in the two

Warning!
Notice is hereby given to all persons not to harbor or hire Leah Battle, my wife, who has left my bed and board without cause or consent. All persons are hereby forbidden to harbor, hire or succor said Leah Battle under penalty of being dealt with as the law directs.
JOHN BATTLE.
This the 24 day of May, 1912.

We Need More Corn and Meat.
The Western farmers of late years have been abandoning pasturage and cattle-grazing fields to plant more corn. But there are at this time neither corn nor cattle enough in the country. Supply falls far short of demand. The people who eat meat are getting far more numerous than the people who furnish the meat supply. We must either get more of our own farmers engaged in cattle raising or we must call upon outside farmers in Canada, Mexico and Argentina to supply our deficit. To fence foreign producers out of our markets by high tariff rates is a manifest stupidity. The cost of transportation for outside sources of supply to our doors and the competitive prices obtained for meats in outside markets furnish a sufficient protective advantage to American farmers.—Philadelphia Record.

WOMEN
Who Suffer in Silence
No woman has the health, the strength, or the vitality to withstand the tortures, both mental and physical, that go hand in hand with all functional disorders.
You cannot do it alone—you cannot rely entirely upon your constitution, no matter how strong it is—you must have help. The delicate functional organs must be strengthened—if not they gradually weaken the entire system.
NYAL'S
Vegetable Prescription
will correct the irregularities
restore the functional organs to their normal healthy actions, soothe and quiet the nerves, build up a nourishing blood supply, and increase the health in general—one that is permanent.
There is absolutely no need of your suffering as long as we sell Nyal's Vegetable Prescription—it is sure relief.
One Dollar the bottle.
THE WARD DRUG CO.
Nashville, N. C.

20 Choice Farms AT AUCTION 20 Choice Farms
Sub-Division Of Jack Harrison Place
Most Fertile Land In Nash County.
7 Miles from Castalia and 11 Miles from Nashville, On Louisburg Road
MONDAY JUNE 3rd, 1912, AT 10:30 O'CLOCK!
TERMS: Cash, Balance, 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 Years. Big Free Barbecue Dinner, and Music by an Excellent Band
Hear "The Burtons," World's Famous Auctioneers.
Valuable Prizes Given Away Free. Come, Rain or Shine, the Property will be Sold.
Atlantic Coast Realty Co. Greenville, N. C.