

Progressive Merchants
It Reaches The People

THE GRAPHIC.

The Trading Public
Liberal Patronize Merchants Who
Watch For The Bidders

M. W. LINCKE, Editor and Publisher.

ESTABLISHED 1895. Subscription, \$1.00 Per Year.

T. B. ROUSE, Mechanical Foreman

VOL. XXII.

NASHVILLE, North Carolina. July 27th, 1916.

NO. 30.

An Account Here

Protection Against Frauds
A Preventer of Disputes

Needless Spending.

WE CAN
Prove It

The First National Bank

Rocky Mount, N. C.

-Safest For Saving-

Dr. C. F. Smithson,
DENTIST.

Office Epstein Building
Rocky Mount, N. C.

DR. F. G. CHAMBLEE
DENTIST.

Spring Hope, N. C.
Office in Spring Hope Banking
Co. Building

O. B. MOSS,
Attorney and Counselor-at-Law,

Spring Hope, N. C.
OFFICE IN CITIZENS BANK.

AUSTIN & DAVENPORT
LAWYERS

Not associated in any
Recorder's Court Practice.

JOHN A. WINSTEAD, M. D.

Physician and Surgeon,
NASHVILLE, - - - N. C.

OFFICE:—In Bank Building, en-
trance on Railroad Street.
Calls answered at residence at night.

FINCH & VAUGHAN,
Attorneys And Counsellors-at-Law

Prompt attention given to all matters
entrusted to our care. Office in
New Law Building.

T. T. ROSS, Dentist.

Office in New Finch Building
Thursday, Friday and Saturday
of each week.

Nashville Office at Residence
Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday
of each week.

DR. H. BRANTLEY,
Diseases of the Eye, Ear,
Nose and Throat.

General Medicine and Surgery
Office, Finch Building.

Dickinson, Manning & Kitchin,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

Practice in the Courts of Wilson and
Nash, and wherever service is
desired. Prompt attention
given to all matters en-
trusted to us.

Miss Pocahontas Fox
GRADUATE NURSE

Nashville, Nor. Carolina.

Offers her professional
services to the people
of Nashville and sur-
rounding country, in
the event they are need-
ed.

Can be found at F. R. Cooper's
residence.

THE NATION'S GROWTH

How The Wilson Administration
Has Bettered the Ameri-
can Navy.

The Wilson Administration has

added 86 vessels to the active and reserve fleets in the Atlantic and will have 25 battleships, 42 destroyers, 22 submarines and 72 other vessels, 117 in all, co operating in the summer manœuvres this year.

The Navy Department and the Atlantic Fleet have been given the "best organization they ever had."

Naval gunnery has been developed during the past three years at maximum ranges to a point where it is dangerous for an adversary to challenge the Atlantic Fleet.

During this same three years the Administration has authorized the construction of 10 dreadnaughts and battle cruisers, compared with 4 battleships authorized in the first three years of Roosevelt's Administration and 5 in the first three years of Taft's.

Twenty-six destroyers have been authorized during Secretary's Daniel's regime, compared with 15 in the first three years of Roosevelt and 20 in the first three years of Taft.

Seventy six submarines have been authorized, or 25 more than were authorized in the preceding sixteen years by the Republicans.

In three years the Democrats have appropriated for the increase in the navy \$181,945,535. This exceeds the first three annual appropriations of the McKinley-Roosevelt Administration for the same purpose by more than \$100,000,000, or the first three years of Roosevelt's Administration by over \$34,000,000, and the first three years of Taft's by over \$102,000,000.

Ammunition has been increased to an unprecedented extent, and with the new bill provision is being made for \$9,541,736 more for ammunition in three years by the Democrats than the Republicans provided in the last five years they were in power.

The capacity of the naval torpedo works has been increased more than 500 per cent in three years, and \$1,000 is being saved on every torpedo manufactured.

The capacity of the naval powder factory has been increased from 3,000,000 to 6,000,000 pounds.

The construction of a projectile factory has been authorized, insuring the purchase of projectiles at cost price.

Electric propulsion has been installed in three of the newest and finest battleships, and promises to make them much more efficient in every respect.

A big gun has been mounted on the new power battleship, the product of this Administration, which is designed to shoot further and stronger and to hit harder than any known naval gun.

The Democrats have added 6,331 to the caliber strength of the navy fighting vessels that could not be filled under Roosevelt or Taft, and a Democratic Congress is authorizing an additional strength of 16,500 men.

The Democrats have established a Naval Reserve.

The number of midshipmen at Annapolis has been increased by 831.

The first direct and generous appropriation for naval aeronautics has been made by the Democratic Congress, the new bill carrying \$3,500,000 when it left the House. The Republicans provided \$50,000 a year never more.

The Navy Department has saved \$1,110,000 on armor contracts and effected numerous other economic aggregating millions.

Restored to Good Health.

"I was sick for four years with stomach trouble," writes Mrs Otto Gans, Zanoville, Ohio, "I lost weight and felt so weak that I almost gave up hope of being cured. A friend told me about Chamberlain's Tablets, and since using two bottles of them I have been a well woman." Obtainable everywhere.

Churches and Autos.

The multiplication of churches in the rural districts is due to the assumption that people would attend divine worship if it were very near to them, though they would not go far. The assumption was never fully justified, though it had some merit. People in the country never walk. If they have occasion to go anywhere they hitch up the horse. But the horses are worked pretty hard in the country, and there was a general disposition not to drive very far to church.

The substitution of the automobile for the horse and buggy has not only destroyed what little reason there was for trying to get a church next door to everybody, but it has created a reason for moving the church away to a considerable distance. It was a pastor in one of the suburbs of Philadelphia who remarked sadly that every new automobile in the community meant one more empty pew. The practice of spending Sunday in the automobile has depleted the congregations.

In Kansas, where 60,000 farmers have automobiles, there is a centrifugal movement in country churches. Five hundred of them have been abandoned. The effort now is to get better churches and more intelligent preachers, or more efficient pastors, and a higher class of music, and, in general, get what used to be the special advantages of the city. This movement has been going on in public schools for many years. The little district schools have been abandoned to a very large extent, and one large fine graded school, with a well-trained staff, is substituted. The trolleys carry the children, and when they are lacking the town send omnibuses around to gather the children and return them to their homes. Thus the rural districts are acquiring the same advantages as the cities.

The application to the churches of this centralizing tendency in schools is very directly promoted by the introduction of the automobile. The farm family wishes to go out on Sunday for a trip in the machine. A church within a mile or two is no sort of a destination. But if the church is about 30 miles distant, it is obvious that the spiritual needs and the desire for recreation can be combined. The family can have a spin of 60 miles in going to church, and the old habit and the new one fit together like hand and glove. The Kansas idea is to get a church about 30 miles away from everybody. There are possibilities of large congregations in that—Philadelphia Record.

Cost of Smoking.

Here is something for the boys to consider: Someone has figured out what it costs to smoke even moderately. For example, suppose a man begins at twenty years of age to smoke three five-cent cigars each day. The cost of these cigars, with compound interest at 6 per cent semi-annually added, will amount to \$12.85 at the end of five years. In five years the habit is finally established, and the man keeps on. If he should continue smoking at the rate of only three five-cent cigars each day until he is sixty years of age, he will have spent \$4,655.

As a rule, however, the smoker is not satisfied with five-cent cigars. Nowadays ten-cent cigars are often smoked. If he uses ten-cent cigars instead of the five-cent, the total cost including principal and interest from the age of twenty to the age of sixty years will amount to \$18,100. The confirmed smoker is seldom satisfied with three cigars a day. He is a good deal more likely to smoke five to eight, and the cost will probably be considerably more than \$18,000. It might pay our boys to keep these figures in mind.—Wallace's Farm.

FAMILY WANTED—To occupy the Olden residence, at Washington St. Family desired, who have daughters large enough to learn to handle telephone exchange. For attractive proposition apply to Dr. J. HENRY ODOM, Nashville, N. C.

PEOPLE ASK FOR AID.

Great Suffering in All Western
North Carolina.

GOVERNOR ISSUES PROCLAMATION

North Carolinians Urged to Send Aid
to the Starvation Flood-Sufferers
in Our Native State.

To the People of North Carolina: A great disaster has befallen a large region of our State; hundreds of people are homeless and helpless. At this time I cannot describe the extent of the damage done by the unprecedented floods of July 15th and 16th, nor can I undertake to portray the present and prospective suffering. By reason of the fact that Asheville has been cut off from communication with the outside world I could not be so promptly and adequately informed of conditions as others. But I am now prepared to say that along our western streams, large and small, running eastward from Wilkes on the North to Rutherford on the South, in the mountains, the floods have swept away not only the homes and the growing crops but even the lands themselves of hundreds, if not thousands, of our fellow men and women. They are in distress and many of them utterly destitute and helpless. Their all has been swept away in a night.

Now, therefore, I, Locke Craig, Governor of the State of North Carolina, am calling upon our generous people to extend their sympathy to those who have been so terribly stricken. There is every reason to believe that many will for weeks have to be supplied with the necessities of life, in order that they may be sustained until they can find a means of livelihood. It is but right that our entire people should share this burden—but reasonable that the people in regions of the State in which no damage was done, where crops were spared and homes undisturbed, should open their hearts in generous giving.

I understand that a number of local subscriptions have been started and that at least two relief committees have begun work. It is not my desire to interfere with their work. I take occasion, rather, to commend them. At the same time, the disaster is so extensive, the work of relief so great, that I feel constrained to appoint a committee of General Relief and to authorize it to take subscriptions and to appropriate funds as needs appear. Every dollar shall be accounted for, and every penny shall go to relieve actual need. I name the following citizens to constitute this committee:

Edward E. Britton, Chmn., Raleigh
John A. Park, Raleigh
J. W. Bailey, Raleigh
E. E. Daughtridge, Rocky Mount
Julian S. Carr, Durham
Cameron Morrison, Charlotte
Sanford Martin, Winston-Salem
A. M. Seales, Greensboro
Gerald Johnson, Goldsboro
Nathan O'Berry, Wilmington
Walter Taylor, Statesville
A. D. Watta, High Point
J. J. Farris, Rutherfordton
John Sprunt Hill, Durham
E. C. Duncan, Raleigh
Geo. A. Holderness, Tarboro
Hugh MacDae, Wilmington
John F. Bruton, Wilson
Clarence Poe, Raleigh
H. E. Fries, Winston-Salem
N. J. Rouse, Kinston
W. D. Turner, Statesville
H. M. Miller, Charlotte
E. B. Crow, Raleigh

Subscriptions may be sent to Edward E. Britton, Chairman, Raleigh, N. C.

I am sure our people, once they realize the distress of their fellow

Ten Dollars A Day

What is a day in school worth? What is education worth? Are you thinking about quitting school to take a "job" at small pay? If so, Stop, Look, Listen. Let's work a simple example in Arithmetic. Supt. Schaeffer, of Pennsylvania, has worked it out about as follows:

If an uneducated man earns \$1.50 a day for 300 days in a year, he does very well; and if he keeps it up for 40 years, he will earn \$1.50 x 300 x 40, or \$18,000. An educated man is usually paid by the month or by the year. If you will strike an average of the earnings of educated men, beginning with the President of the United States, the presidents of insurance companies and of large industrial corporations, and run down the scale until you come to the lower walks in point of earnings among educated men, you will admit that \$1000 a year is a low average for the earnings of educated labor. For 40 years you have \$40,000 as the earnings of an educated man. Subtract \$18,000 from \$40,000, and the difference, or \$22,000, must represent the value of a boy's time spent in school getting an education.

You will admit that a man who works at unskilled labor puts forth as much muscular effort as a man who earns a livelihood by his wits and education. Now if \$22,000 represents the value of the time a boy spends at school getting an education, what is the value of a day spent at school?

It takes a boy between 11 and 12 years to go through the graded and high school. If we multiply the number of years by the number of days in a school year, we will get close to 2,200 school days as the time required to obtain an education. Divide \$22,000, the value of a boy's time spent in school, by 2,200, the number of days spent in school, and we are forced to the conclusion that each day at school, properly spent, must be worth \$10.

Did you ever "cut" school to go fishing? Was the "catch" worth \$10? Did you ever "snap" school to go hunting? Was the "kill" worth \$10? Did you ever "lay out" of school to go to the circus? Was the show worth \$10?

Did your parents ever keep you out of school for a day to help on the farm, at the store, or around the house? If they did, they were paying \$10 for your labor, when they could have gotten a hired man for about \$1.50. What about it boys, girls, parents?

"Twenty-Third" Sam.

1. My wife is my boss, I shall not deny.
2. She maketh me lie down behind the bed when the swell company come, and she leadeth me behind her up Main Street.
3. She restoreth my pocket book after she has spent all its contents on hobbie skirts and theatre tickets, and she leadeth me up the main aisle at church for her new hat's sake.
4. Yes; though I walk more than half the night through dark rooms with a crying baby, I will get no rest, for she is behind me; her broomstick and her hatpin, they do everything but comfort me.
5. She prepareth a cold snack for me, then maketh a beeline for an aid society supper. She annoineth my head with the rolling pin occasionally. My arms runneth over with bundles before she is half done her shopping.
6. Surely her dress-maker's and Millinery bills shall follow me all the days of my life and I will dwell in the house of my wife forever.—Ex.

North Carolinians, will be quick to pour out their money in this noble cause:
Done in our City of Raleigh, on this the 22nd day of July, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and sixteen, and in the one hundred and forty-first year of our American Independence.
(State Seal)
LOCKE CRAIG, Governor.

By the Governor:
May F. Jones, Private Secretary.

THE WORLD'S NEWS.

Occurrences In Other Sections
Briefly Told.

Thirty-six million dollars has been trimmed off the war funds for the Mexican campaign, since there is little likelihood that the militia will cross the border.

The total number of deaths among children in the city of New York on account of the ravages of infantile paralysis has reached almost a thousand within the past few weeks. While every effort is being made to check the destruction of children, deaths are occurring daily. Thus far no definite preventative has been discovered to stop the ravages of the disease, which is puzzling the most renowned physicians of the country.

Heavy rains and the continual destruction of property in Western North Carolina has brought about horrible conditions and the people are in dire distress. Each day adds to the terrible loss of life and appeals are being made for aid for the sufferers, hundred of whom are homeless and without food. On account of all railroad traffic being tied up on account of washouts it is quite difficult to reach hundreds of people who are marooned in the mountain wilds. Relief expeditions have been formed and every effort is being made to provide for the sufferers.

During a great "Preparedness Parade" in San Francisco a few days ago some fanatical opponent of the exercises wreaked an awful vengeance upon the unsuspecting crowd of paraders by exploding a bomb in the midst of thousands of people, and as a result of the awful explosion a number of people, including men, women and children were killed outright or terribly mangled. The bomb was concealed in an old suit case and stood near the side of a building, and passers-by had no thought that it contained and instrument of death which had been timed to explode during the parade. Thus far only one arrest has been made by the officials of the city but a full investigation of the affair is being made.

The British warships are making every effort to capture the German submarine Deutschland which arrived in American waters some weeks ago when she attempts to make her return voyage to Germany. New warships of the allies have been patrolling the waters near the Virginia capes for some days watching for the incoming sister ship Bremen, which has been expected to land in American waters in all probability remain in American waters until the Bremen arrives or her fate is ascertained. In the meantime, the Deutschland has already taken on her cargo and her commander will put to sea within the next few days, despite the fact that British ships are patrolling the seas watching for her.

Adoption of School Books.

The State school text-book commission and the subcommission have concluded the lengthy hearings given publishers and today (25th) they closed communication with them and all their agents and representatives. The sub commission are now working carefully in examining the books, the prices and briefs submitted by the publishers. Their conclusions and recommendations will be presented at a joint meeting of the commission and subcommission as soon as completed.

Greatly Benefited by Chamberlain's Liniment.

"I have used Chamberlain's Liniment for sprains, bruises and rheumatic pains, and the great benefit I have received justifies my recommending it in the highest terms," writes Mrs. Florence Slife, Wabaah, Ind. If you are troubled with rheumatic pains you will certainly be pleased with the prompt relief which Chamberlain's Liniment affords. Obtainable everywhere.

THE Planters Nation'l Bank

Rocky Mount, N. C.

OFFICERS:
J. C. BRASWELL, President
J. M. SHERROD, Vice-Pres.
M. C. BRASWELL, Vice-Pres.
MILLARD F. JONES, Cashier
W. W. AYER, Asst. Cash'g
L. B. AYCOCK, Asst. Cash'g

THRIFT.

This year will be one of thrift for us all so let's start now to save something each week and deposit same in the Planters National Bank of Rocky Mount. We solicit your banking business in all of its branches. No account too large none too small to receive our very best services.

Start today don't delay it is often dangerous.

DIRECTORS:
M. C. Braswell, Geo. S. Edwards
M. E. Braswell, H. B. Bryan
J. M. Sherrod, J. C. Braswell
W. S. Wilkinson, J. R. Sorby
W. H. Newell, H. B. Marriott
M. D. Munn.

IN NEW QUARTERS!

I have moved my
BARBER SHOP

to the building next door to
Cooper & Cooper on Wash-
ington Street.

Where everything is being fitted up
in modern style for the conven-
ience of the public.

I Employ White Barbers
— ONLY —

and each man is an artist in the
technical line. In fact, I have
Good Barbers as you'll find.

For Very Best Service
and to be served by

Experienced White Barbers
Get your barber work done at

Weeks' Barber Shop,
C. B. WEEKS, Prop'r.
Agt. for Carolina Steam Laundry.

THE NATIONAL BANK

OF ROCKY MOUNT

Successor to
The Bank of Rocky Mount,

Rocky Mount, North Carolina.

Resources
More Than Half A Million Dollars

4 Per Cent Compounded
Quarterly on Savings
Deposits.

Accounts Respectfully Solicited.

THOS. H. BATTLE, President
S. L. ARRINGTON, Vice-Pres.
R. H. RICKS, Vice-Pres.
FRANK F. FAGAN, Cashier
W. G. ROBBINS, Asst. Cash'r.

Don't Forget

L. COHN
The Jeweler.

Also a complete line of
Jewelry, Watches,
— Etc. —

Nashville, - N. C.

Loans Negotiated

ON IMPROVED
FARM LANDS

\$1,000 to \$50,000
FIVE YEARS

5 1/2%
Battle & Winslow
Rocky Mount, N. C.