

Back Of This Bank's Success

has always prevailed hard and conscientious work on the part of its Officers and Directors—a willingness to aid and advise with its depositors, also the necessary principle of SAFETY in each transaction.

It without a banking home, we'll welcome your account.

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Rocky Mount, N. C.

—Safest For Saving—

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FEED REQUIREMENTS FOR HORSES DIFFER



Horses at Heavy Work Need a Ration With a High Percentage of Grain.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

There is much more to feeding old Dobbin than simply giving him a little corn and oats and then allowing him to fill up on whatever kind of hay is available. Close observation is needed more in feeding horses than any other class of live stock. Horses of the same weight may have different feed requirements which make it necessary to study the individuality of the animal. If the horse is not doing well on a ration a slight change should be made, but an abrupt change may cause digestive disturbances.

To furnish energy for work, the horse must be fed in excess of what is needed for bodily maintenance. The amount of feed needed for maintenance is about two-thirds of that required for a horse doing moderate work. If the work calls for more energy than that in the ration, the stored-up energy of the body fat, or other body tissues, will be drawn upon with a consequent loss in body weight and energy. If such feeding is continued, the horse will be so weakened that he will be unable to perform his work profitably, and also will be especially liable to disease.

No Universal Feed.
No feed or combination of feeds will meet conditions in all parts of the country, and no feed or mixture is suitable for all classes of horses. In choosing a ration for a horse, select the one that meets his requirements, whether for growth, maintenance, work, breeding or fattening. Then estimate the amount of feed needed, and try out the ration. It may then appear that too little is being fed, or that the ration may be changed somewhat for economy or efficiency. If a number of horses are kept, different rations may be tested on different animals, and the best one selected for general use, but individual feeding gives the best results.

If feeds deficient in protein are fed,

How It Was Twenty Years Ago.

Nobody swatted the fly.
Nobody had appendicitis.
Nobody wore white shoes.
Cream was five cents a pint.
Canteleupes were muskmelons.
Milk-shake was a favorite drink.
Advertisers did not tell the truth.
You never heard of a "tin Lizzie."
Doctors wanted to see your tongue.
The hired girl drew one-fifty a week.
Farmers came to town for their mail.
Nobody "listened in" on a telephone.
Nobody cared for the price of gasoline.
Folks said pneumatic tires were a joke.
The butcher "threw in" a chunk of liver.
Straw-stacks were burned instead of baled.
Jules Verne was the only convert to the submarine.
You stuck tubes in your ears to hear a phonograph, and it cost a dime.—Pike County Republican.

The Way It Often Goes.

A man paid another man \$50 one day last week to let him take his place on the waiting list for a Ford touring car. Price do rise to be sure. "Used to" not cost anything to get on the waiting list for a new Ford. You could get right up on the top notch on the waiting list and it did not cost a penny. But the man who paid his \$50 did not wince nor cry aloud at the price he had to pay. But he did kick like everthing when he had to pay a farmer 40 cents a dozen for eggs and 50 cent for a little pat of butter.—Monroe Enquirer.

The Best Advertisement.

The best advertisement any merchant can have is a satisfied customer. No greater recommendation can be given an article than the following by E. B. Milburn, Prop., Gfion Drug Store, Guion, Ark. "We have sold Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for years and have always found that it gives perfect satisfaction."

A SILK STOCKING SILK SHIRT AGE

A Program of Hard Work And Economy Needed to Restore Normal Conditions.

We think it probable that the profiteering is one of the causes of the present high prices; but by far more important in boosting prices and keeping them high have been, first, decreased production, due to so many men being in the various armies of the world, and engaged in producing munitions of war instead of being gainfully employed; and second, to a greatly inflated currency—that is, a great increase in the per capita circulation of money, with a corresponding cheaping of the dollar.

We believe in the severest punishment for profiteering where it exists, but this alone is going to prove disappointing as a means of lowering prices. It is a fundamental economic law that high prices are their own antidote. Economically speaking, the purpose of high prices is to stimulate production and discourage consumption. These two powerful forces, once they come into full play, are bound to be effective in lowering the general price level. At the same time, owing to the immense sums borrowed by our own and other governments, currency inflation must of necessity continue with us for years, and this factor will serve in considerable measure to hold prices up even with economy and increased production.

In too many instances, we fear, the enforced economies of war times have been replaced by orgies of extravagance. People are too prone to buy, regardless of need or price. It is too much of a silk-shirt, silk-stocking age, with too little of the stern, old-fashioned economy and shift that are the very roots of material success. As a nation, as long as we are extravagant and wasteful we have no right to complain of high prices. What we need is a program of hard work and economy. It is the only way out.—Progressive Farmer.

A Real Man's Daily Prayer.

In order to live so that there will be no regrets a cleavage to the following ideal wouldn't be amiss in the thoughtful endeavor to make the tomorrows always greater and more eternal worth while than the yesterdays:

"Teach me that sixty minutes make an hour, sixteen ounces one pound and 100 cents \$1. Help me so to live that I can lie down at night with a clear conscience, without a gun under my pillow and unharmed by the faces of those to whom I have brought pain. Grant that I may earn my meal ticket on the square, and that in earning it I may do unto others as I would have them do unto me. Deafen me to the jingle of tainted money and to the rustle of unholy skirts. Blind me to the faults of the other fellow, but reveal to me my own. Guide me so that each night when I look across the dinner table at my wife, who has been a blessing to me, I will have nothing to conceal. Keep me young enough to laugh with little children, and sympathetic enough to be considerate of old age. And when comes the day of darkened shades and the smell of flowers, the tread of soft footsteps and the crunching of wheels in the yard—make the ceremony short and the epitaph simple—HERE LIES A MAN.—From the Manufacturers News.

STATE MAY GET ROAD MACHINERY

Senator Simmons Trying to Clarify Situation So North Carolina Will Reap Benefits.

Washington, D. C.—Confusion has arisen here over the disposal of surplus road building machinery owned by the war department, which was originally intended for distribution through the department of agriculture to the several states. The current postoffice appropriation bill authorizes the war department to furnish this road building machinery to the department of agriculture, which might under certain conditions supply it to the states for the good roads campaign. However, the sundry civil appropriation bill subsequently passed carried a rider forbidding one government department to transfer to another government department material free of charge. This is construed by the judge advocate general of the army to abrogate the law relating to road building machinery. The department of agriculture disagrees with this ruling, but meanwhile the allotment to states including North Carolina, is held up.

Frank Page, chairman of the North Carolina Highway Commission, has been in correspondence with Senators Simmons and Overman regarding the mixup, and contends that the road-building plans in the Tarheel State have been held up because of the controversy in the department here.

Senator Simmons notified Chairman Page that a movement is on foot in Congress to clarify the law and that Representative Kahn, chairman of the military affairs committee of the house, will introduce a bill next week specifically authorizing transfer of road building machinery by the war department to the department of agriculture and its good roads bureau.

If the Kahn bill does not become a law before the war department plans to begin selling its surplus machinery, Senator Simmons will attempt to get through Congress an emergency joint resolution holding up these sales until the entire matter can be settled.

Going Back To Old Time.

The repeal of the daylight savings law had a rocky road to travel, but it has at last made the journey to our entire satisfaction. It was first passed as a rider to the agricultural bill and vetoed by the president. At that time the house had already passed a direct repeal measure upon which the Senate had never acted. When the president vetoed the measure the house attempted to pass it over his veto as a rider to the agricultural bill; but failed to get the necessary votes. The Senate passed the direct repeal measure and sent it up to get another veto. Following this the bill was passed by both branches of Congress over the veto of the president. So after October of this year, we will turn our time pieces back one hour with the happy feeling that we will not have to bother them again to adapt ourselves to an artificial time. We are persuaded that this act of Congress meets with general approbation.

MILCH COW FOR SALE!—Good milker; has calf six months old. For further particulars and price apply to A. P. Bobbitt, Route 4, Nashville, N. C.

DO NOT WASTE YOUR EARNINGS

The People Who Spend Too Freely Will Never Be Prepared For a Crisis When It Comes.

Farmers will this month begin to sell what they have made on their farms and many of them will handle tight much money during the selling season. What ought we to do with our money? We should first settle outstanding obligations. Let debts be paid first and then it can be seen what is left. After debts are paid the money as it comes in should be placed in the banks for safe keeping and for good investments. If opportunities are offered for what seems good investments it might prove a mistake to jump too soon. The matter can be taken under consideration and careful inquiry can be made to see if it really is a good investment. Farmers should not be too ready to invest their money. To do so often means losing it and besides, keeping some money is a good plan as you might come to a place where it would be needed. We do not understand our people. We do not know why there are so many people so ready to get clear of their money. They do not seem to be able to catch on to the saving habit at all. Why cannot the people of this section save as they do in other parts of the country? Why cannot the American people save as well as the people of Europe and other countries? Think about how helpless we were in 1914 and 1915 when farm products prices went so low and just because we had not saved and laid up something for such a period of depressed prices. The people who spend freely will never be prepared for a crisis when it comes, nor are they ready to take up real bargains when they are in reach. Real bargains will offer themselves to the men who save their money and are prepared to take them. Save your money this fall.—Smithfield Herald.

Clean-Up Week Is Oct. 6th To 11th.

The Insurance Department is laying much stress right now on Clean Up Week, October 6 to 11, which Commissioner Young hopes to make the most effective on record.

October 9th is designated by statute as Fire Prevention Day in North Carolina and for this reason the week in which this date falls has been set apart as clean up week for the entire State. It is also observed nationally.

The saving of lives and property by the prevention of fires is an advantage second only to the benefits of improved sanitary conditions, in the opinion of officials of the department. An intensive clean up week has a tendency, it is pointed out, to check the recurrence of influenza and householders, business men and manufacturers are especially urged to give close attention to the elimination of waste of every character that might start or help along a fire.

Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy in Michigan.

Mrs. A. H. Hall, Caseville, Mich., says, "I wish to thank you for your grand good medicine, Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy. We are never without it in the house, and I am sure it saved our baby's life this summer."

Mrs. Mary Carrington, Caseville Mich., says, "I have used Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy for years and it has always given prompt relief."

THE Wide-Awake Farmer

is no more contest with slipshod methods in handling his personal, household and farm finances than with unscientific, haphazard methods in the management of the farm itself.

The maintenance of a Checking Account provides for a simple, accurate system of book-keeping which has many times proved its worth.

It is a modern necessity and convenience that no alert, progressive farmer can afford to OVERLOOK.

Planters Nation'l Bank

Rocky Mount, N. C.

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J. M. SHERRILL, - Vice-Pres.
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MILLARD F. JONES, - Cashier
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Farmers & Merchants Bank.

Rocky Mount.

Half Million Dollars Resources in Two Years.

"We have grown through service."

4% Interest 4% paid on savings.

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ROCKY MOUNT, N. C.

Capital and Surplus \$ 200,000.00

— 4% —

Compounded Quarterly On Savings.

Your Business Solicited.

Thos. H. Battle, President.
R. H. Ricks, - Vice-President.
A. P. Thorpe, - Vice-President.
J. L. Suiter, - Cashier.
W. G. Robbins, - Asst. Cashier.
N. S. Bennett, - Asst. Cashier.

FOR SALE!—One Ford Touring Car and one Maxwell Touring Car. Will sell for cash or on terms. For further particulars apply to T. B. Dameron, Nashville, N. C.

ATTENTION FARMERS!

Rocky Mount Tobacco Market Opened Tuesday, Sept. 2nd

Head Your Team Straight To the Farmers Mutual Tobacco Warehouse

Where You Always Get the Highest Dollar

R. P. HOLT W. A. MEADOWS

MANAGERS

BEST PRICES