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LEGISLATURE WILL CONVENE WEDNESDAY

AN UNPRECEDENTED DEMOCRATIC MAJORITY.

Only Nine Republicans and Four Bull Moose in the House.—Party Caucuses to Be Held Wednesday.—Mr. Shipman Recommends Strict Ten Hour Law in Factories.

Special to The Tribune. Raleigh, N. C., Jan. 6.—With almost unprecedented Democratic majorities the North Carolina legislature convenes Wednesday morning, of the 120 members of the House there being only nine Republicans and four "Bull Moose," and in the Senate only four Republicans. Members and seekers after appointments are already pouring into the city. The party caucuses to arrange schedules for organization Wednesday will be held Tuesday night.

There is every indication that Hon. George W. Connor, of Wilson, will be chosen speaker of the House and T. G. Cobb, of Morganton will be re-elected principal clerk, and W. W. Willson, Raleigh, reading clerk, M. D. Kinsland, Haywood, engrossing clerk and George L. Kilpatrick, Lenoir, sergeant at arms.

For the Senate indications are that R. O. Self, of Webster is certain to win re-election as principal clerk. However, W. H. Bai, of Wilmington, is putting up a strong campaign in his own behalf. For engrossing clerk of the Senate there are four candidates, W. E. Hooks, Pitt county, who seeks re-election, W. H. Sawyer, Col. R. H. Jones, of Raleigh, and J. H. Hauser, Forsyth, and for sergeant at arms, W. C. Hall, of Cumberland, is the candidate.

There are two candidates for reading clerk in the senate, Mark Squires, of Lenoir, who served the last session, and R. M. Phillips, of Greensboro, who has served as reading clerk in the senate.

Commissioner of Labor and Printing M. L. Shipman recommends to the legislature that it pass a strict ten hour day and six hour per week law; prohibiting children under thirteen years in factories or other service during school hours and no night work under sixteen; inspection of factories as to observance of labor laws and safety appliances by deputies of his office and financial support provided for the law now requiring his department to inspect mines, with preferably, a graduate in mining engineering as a deputy.

WANTED TO BE LOOKED UP.
An Intoxicated Youth Goes to the Lock-Up of His Own Volition.

A certain young gentleman from the country came to Concord Saturday afternoon. While here he imbibed too freely of liquid refreshments of a sparkling nature and became intoxicated. When the realization of his condition dawned upon him, something within him being prompted him to do the proper thing, and he immediately proceeded to take the path that has become beaten by the frequenters of the cup, and he took the liquor route that leads among other places to the lock-up. Finding no one there he attempted to gain an entrance. His efforts to open the bell attracted the attention of a policeman upstairs in the city hall, who went to make an investigation. On the arrival of the officer the young man made known his desire to get behind the bars and the policeman obligingly accommodated him.

Later he was allowed his liberty upon payment of costs on the charge of being drunk. His first drunk evidently did not prove satisfactory and he proceeded to "tank up" again. This time the officers discovered his plight on the streets and he was again locked up, being assisted by a blue coated chaperon, not making the trip of his own free will and accord.

He was tried the second time and required to pay a fine. He later left for his home in the county, apparently satisfied, if a little less wealthy, over his experience.

Buffet Supper Saturday Evening.
Mr. and Mrs. G. L. Patterson entertained at a buffet supper at their home on 5th Union street Saturday evening. The elegant house was open to friends and quite a number attended. Tempting refreshments were served and the event was one of the most pleasant of the holiday social gatherings. Among the out-of-town guests present was Mrs. C. C. Hook, of Charlotte, who is visiting Mrs. Patterson.

SAMUEL GOMPERS TALKS SOME TODAY

SAYS DYNAMITERS WERE DRIVEN TO CRIME.

Bitter Summary of Dynamite Case is Made by Gompers Before the Senate Judiciary Committee Pleading for Enactment of Bill Regulating Injunctions Against Labor Disputes.

Washington, Jan. 6.—"Conscienceless tyranny, their controlling hours, wages and condition of work, their absolute control of the legislative and judicial powers, drove the structural iron workers to terrible retaliations against society."

This bitter summary of the dynamite case was made today by President Samuel Gompers, of the American Federation of Labor, before the Senate Judiciary Committee, pleading for the enactment of the Clayton bill, regulating the issuance of injunctions in labor disputes.

"During the six years' fight all the forces of organized society were used against these men, and legal authorities aided in defeating the cause of the iron workers."

Reviewing the trial in the dynamite conspiracy, Gompers castigated Judge Anderson for alleged partiality shown the prosecution for and fatuous remarks in sentencing defendants and instructing jury.

"The press, telegraph, telephone and cable were all under corporation control and were used against workers in their struggle for industrial betterment, though hounded by detectives and insinuations are hurled at us on all sides, yet we will fight for liberty and the betterment of those who do the world's work, and who pay the price of our civilization with their blood, their bodies and their very souls."

Kannapolis School Items.
The students of the Kannapolis public school will render a public exercise on Thursday night of this week. All of the grades will be represented in this exercise, also the Literary Society. There is no admission fee and the public is invited and especially the patrons of the school.

The students of the upper grades presented Prof. Lippard with a useful fountain pen on Friday before Christmas. Reminding him of the esteem in which he is held and appreciation of his work.

It is needless to say that we have a full school. We have 75 in one room; the other rooms are crowded.

Prof. Lippard has offered a nice prize to the person who proves to be the best speller in the school. This contest to be held in March. The boys and girls are working hard and it is thought that the contest will be a hard fought one.

The students of the upper grades have organized a Literary Society. This society meets on Friday evening. The programme consists of declamations, readings, essays and debates. The officers elected are: President, Miss Maude Cooke; vice president, Luther Wineoff; recording secretary, John Sloan; corresponding secretary, Miss Viola Walters; critic, Mr. Lippard.

The students bring their Bibles to school. They use it during the chapel exercise. Many of them mark the lesson as read day by day. They are then urged to read on Sunday the Scripture lessons of the past week.

JOHN SLOAN, Secretary.
Kannapolis, January 6, 1913.

The Servant in the House.
"The Servant in the House," which Harper's Magazine calls "the most remarkable play in the English language" and which the New York Evening Post says is "The greatest drama of the generation" will be presented at the Concord opera house, January 8, by the greatest company of players ever sent out of New York.

"The Servant in the House" was produced in New York at Savoy Theatre and ran for nearly a year, playing to crowded houses even through the intense heat of the summer months. Since that time it has been presented in Chicago, San Francisco, Boston, Philadelphia and other large cities of this country and in London, Berlin and Vienna on the Continent. Everywhere it has been unanimously proclaimed by the critics the most important contribution to the stage that has been seen within the memory of the present day theatregoers. The central character of the play is a Hindoo whom many critics call a reincarnation of Christ. The play is, however, entirely modern. Its scenes are laid in England and the events of the famous story are supposed to have occurred during one single morning in Spring. adv.

Suffragettes Would Kidnap Members of Cabinet.
London, Jan. 6.—A suffragettes' plan to kidnap some members of the cabinet was discovered today. The police are guarding the members. Home Secretary McKenna's office was invaded and ransacked by six Rusky militants.

MRS. BRADLEY AND HER \$50,000 BALLROOM



Mrs. Edson Bradley of New York and Washington recently opened the \$50,000 ballroom in her magnificent residence in the national capital and during the season she will be the hostess at many entertainments in the beautiful room. For some of these functions those who are invited will pay admission and the proceeds will be given to various charities. The tapestries, furniture and art objects that adorn the room are especially admired.

LIKE FINDING MONEY. DEATH OF A PROMINENT CHARLOTTE WOMAN.

Something Unusual in the Payment of an Insurance Policy.
China Grove Record.
C. A. Rose, of Enochville, one of the county's splendid citizens, was by Salisbury Monday on an unusual mission. He was acting as agent for Mrs. J. G. Anderson, of his neighborhood, and came to collect and receipt for some insurance money due on account of a policy carried by her late husband, according to information which was accidentally discovered five years after Mr. Anderson's death.

Mr. Anderson was of Scotch descent, having been born in Aberdeen, Scotland. He and several brothers came to this country and located for a time in Baltimore, Md. One of the brothers became one of the head officials of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad. The subject of this sketch was a member of the Baltimore Home Guards and took out a \$5,000 policy while there, in the Mutual Benefit Life Insurance Co., of Newark, N. J. He made two payments and then took a paid up policy for \$1,000. From there he went to Richmond, Va., then to Raleigh, N. C., and finally landed in Mt. Pleasant, Cabarrus county. Here he met his wife. After marriage they lived together until Mr. Anderson's death, almost five years ago. Mr. Anderson never said anything of his insurance and the policy was in the keeping of his brother in Baltimore, who also died some years ago. In the brother's papers this policy was found, but no one knew of the whereabouts of its owner. Finally a letter was passed between relatives and a hint of the policy was made. This started an investigation and upon learning the name of the company in which the policy was carried the rest was easy.

The widow was surprised and greatly pleased to know that a policy had been issued to her husband in February, 1865, and that the interest had been accumulating since his death which took place next February five years ago, making the policy worth \$1,294.01.

The Rosary.
The success of Rowland and Clifford's play, "The Rosary," doesn't even approach an end. Six companies more of this play have been organized and contrary to traditions, "The Rosary" is repeating its last year's success. The unequalled character of the Catholic Priest in "The Rosary" leads the way to success for Edward E. Rose's ideas, and the intense human interest settled in the body of the play formulates the heart interest that will bring success to such ideas as Mr. Rose has collected to tell the story of "The Rosary."

"The Rosary" with the cast consisting of Harry Nelson, Virginia Lewis, Mabel Thorn, Elsie Graham, Ritchie Sowaal, Harry Walker and others, will be seen at the Concord opera house January 7. adv.

Work has been completed on Mr. W. F. Morrison's new residence, which he recently built at his farm in No. 2 township. Mr. Morrison will move his family there to live in a short time.

Cotton is bringing 13 cents a pound on the local market today.

Senator J. P. Cook has gone to Raleigh to take his seat as a representative of this district in the State Senate. Representative H. S. Williams will go to Raleigh tomorrow. The legislature will convene Wednesday morning.

PATTEN INDICTED IN NEW YORK

FOR CORNERING THE COTTON MARKET IN 1910.

Contracts Amounted to Issuance of Orders to Buy More Cotton Than Was Produced.—Lower Court Ruled That Such Operations Are Illegal, as the Corner Would Impede Commerce.

Washington, Jan. 6.—Declaring that "corners" of market commodities are illegal under the Sherman anti-trust law, the supreme Court today held for trial in the New York Federal Courts, James A. Patten, the Chicago grain operator, and his associates for alleged cornering the cotton market in 1910.

Washington, Jan. 6.—Patten was indicted in New York court and it is declared that "contracts of the defendants amounted practically to the issuance of orders to buy more cotton than was produced." The lower court of New York ruled that such operations are legal. Upon the corner becoming effective there could be no trading except as the conspirators might elect. The corner would directly impede the commerce of the United States, and the conspirators must be held to have intended the consequences of their act. This conspiracy is in restraint of trade.

32 Union Officials Have Secured Bail.

Indianapolis, Ind., Jan. 5.—As an immediate step toward procuring bail for the 32 members of the International Association of Bridge and Structural Iron Workers now in the Leavenworth prison, J. E. McClory, acting secretary treasurer of the union, departed for Leavenworth this afternoon taking with him bank bond applications. McClory did not discuss his plans other than to say that he was taking blanks to the prisoners for their signatures.

McClory intimated however that practically sufficient money or securities had been pledged to obtain the release of all the prisoners except Herbert S. Hockin, who has announced that he will make no appeal. The funds have been raised principally among labor unions and it is believed that the imprisoned iron workers will be released during the week.

You can jolly the average man by referring to him as a prominent citizen.

CHILD LABOR IN NEW YORK DOOMED

RECENT EXPOSURES THERE HORRIFIED THE COUNTRY

The Beginning of the End is Said to Be in Sight.—Drastic Action Expected by the Legislature.—Gov. Sulzer Said No Industry Which Depends on Child Labor Should Be Allowed to Exist.

Albany, N. Y., Jan. 6.—The beginning of the end of child labor in New York State, especially in the canning industry, where recent exposures horrified the country, is believed to be in sight today. The legislature reconvening today will immediately take up the drastic legislation designed to absolutely prohibit child labor or the employment of women at night or at laborious work in foundries, etc. A big lobby is expected to oppose the bill. Its advocates plan to secure the support of Governor Sulzer who in his inaugural message declared: "No industry which depends upon child labor for its success deserves to be permitted to exist."

CHANGE IN NEW YORK BANK CIRCLES.

Characterized as an Effort to Forestall Pujo Investigating Committee.

New York, Jan. 6.—With the announcement today that the First National Bank sold control in the Chase National, Wall street men characterized the move as an effort on the part of President George Baker, of the First National to forestall the Pujo money trust committee. Baker is under subpoena to testify this week. The operations of the first National were to be closely probed. The First National is a Morgan institution. The probers have made efforts to show that the same men control a number of banks.

Navy Supply Ship Panther Not Heard From.

Washington, Jan. 6.—Navy officials declared today that they felt no apprehension for the navy supply ship Panther, unheard of since Thursday. It is supposed she encountered the recent hurricane. She is on the way to join the Atlantic fleet in Cuba and is not supposed to report until her arrival.

H. L. Parks & Co.

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Greatest Bargains of This Season in Ladies' Coat Suits, Coats and Hats.

Cut prices prevail on all Ladies' and Children's Ready-to-wear and Millinery.

Buy now, don't wait until too late. Coat Suits, worth up to \$12.50, sizes 16, 18, 34, Sale Price \$5.95, \$6.95

\$13.50, \$15.00 Coat Suits, \$9.95

\$18.00 to \$20.00 Coat Suits... \$12.95

\$13.50 to \$18.00 Ladies' Coats, Sale Price \$9.95, \$11.95

Cheap Coats going at \$2.95, \$3.95 \$4.95

All Children's Coats cut in price.

Ladies' Fine Trimmed Hats, slaughtered in price.

\$8.00 Hats, mostly black, and white effects, Sale Price \$3.95

Other trimmed Hats, cut in price, to move quickly at 98c, \$1.48, \$1.98, \$2.98

Children's Hats, Sale Price 25c, 38c, 48c, 98c.

Many Fine Values in our big Clothing and Shoe Department. Come to see us. It's a pleasure to show you.

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"The Home of Good Merchandise"

CAPITAL	\$100,000
SURPLUS	\$3,000

THE person who takes no interest in saving gets no interest on his savings. Better systematically deposit part of your income and get the interest on your savings.

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FOUR PER CENT Interest Paid on Time Certificates.