

The Concord Daily Tribune.

VOL. XIII 40 Cents a Month—5 Cents a Copy.

CONCORD, N. C., TUESDAY, APRIL 22, 1913.

J. B. SHERRILL, Editor and Publisher. NO. 228

KEYNOTE ON TARIFF REVISION SOUNDED

TRUSTS HAVE THRIVED UNDER REPUBLICANS.

Receipts of Underwood Bill Will Be Nine Hundred and Twenty Million.—Present Tariff Anti-Bellum.—Eliminates Protection Profits.—Will Lower Cost of Living.

Washington, April 22.—The keynote of the Democratic tariff revision was sounded when the report, signed by the Democratic ways and means committee, was introduced in the House. The trusts of hothouse growth have thrived under the Republican rule and there must be a competitive tariff to reduce the cost of living, is the Democratic standard. It is estimated that the receipts of the Underwood bill will be nine hundred and twenty million, and the expenses of nine hundred and ninety-four million deficient must be cared for by the seventy millions raised from the income tax.

The present tariffs represents anti-bellum taxation and Democrats say to reject the difference of cost to manufacture here and abroad because costs abroad are uncertain.

"Attempt has been made," says the report, to "eliminate the protection profits and end duties which enabled the big industries to exact a bonus for which no equivalent was rendered and to introduce competitive tariff basis to that end. No concern must feel that it has a monopoly other than through better goods and lower prices. It is felt that the tariff is aimed at these conditions and can damage no legitimate industry."

The report included statistics showing the growth of trusts under Republicans and the big increase in the cost of living. It bitterly assailed the present tariff.

A LETTER FROM PROF. WEBB.

Superintendent Appeals to Patrons To Support Bond Bill For Improved Schools.

My dear Sir:—As a patron our schools I know that you will be interested in all that concerns them, and for this reason I wish to call your attention to a few facts.

For five years our schools have been badly crowded. This year there have been enrolled in the seven lower grades of the white schools 1145 children, for whom we have only 21 rooms, an average of 54 pupils to a room and one of these, a basement room, 20x17x9, in which were enrolled 42 pupils. School authorities are everywhere agreed that 40 pupils are as many as can be effectively instructed at one time by one teacher. For three years the first grades at Central have had to come at different times in order that they might have a seat.

There are one hundred children on our census that have not been enrolled this year that will be forced into school by the new compulsory law. Where shall we put them? You can see that it is not a theory, but a condition that confronts your school board. Taxes are already high enough—nobody denies that—but what about the children? Where shall we put them?

In consideration of the above conditions your school board requested your board of aldermen to ask permission of the Legislature to issue \$20,000 in bonds, and to increase the tax rate for schools 10c on the \$100. The school board proposes to add four new rooms to school No. 2 to build six rooms at Central, to equip the same and place a new heating plant at Central. The heating plant has never been satisfactory, and is now burned out and will have to be replaced.

It is necessary to ask for an increase in the tax rate, for our present income will not allow eight months while most of the city schools have a longer term.

These two measures will be voted upon separately. If you are in favor of these measures vote for them, and use your influence to get your neighbors to vote in the interest of your child and your neighbors' children.

Appreciating your hearty co-operation in the great work of educating your children, I am,
Yours cordially,
A. S. WEBB,
Supt. of Schools.

57 Miles in Two Hours.

Raleigh, April 22.—As a result of an argument or wager between E. B. Lyon and J. Markham, of Greensboro, the men raced automobiles from Greensboro to Raleigh. Lyon won making 57 miles in two hours and twenty two minutes. Markham's time was three hours and thirty-eight minutes.

Doesn't Want Sims Combat Challenged.

Washington, April 22.—Representative Johnson, testifying before the House said that Oliver told him he was sorry the law against dueling in this country wanted to challenge the Sims combat.

FOREST HILL NEWS.

Mr. E. L. Amick Goes to Charlotte.—Personal and Local.

Messrs. W. A. Wilkinson and Eugene Morgan are spending today in the country at the home of Mr. John Kinley. They will spend the day hunting squirrels.

Messrs. J. F. Broom, J. A. Goodman and F. J. Warner spent Saturday afternoon in Charlotte with friends.

Mrs. Joe McCombs has returned from Mooresville, where she spent a week with her father, Mr. Alex Gilland.

Mrs. W. E. Lisk and children have returned to their home in Kannapolis after visiting Mr. and Mrs. N. L. Bainger.

Mr. David Hathecock is spending a few days in the city with relatives. Mr. Hathecock is employed by the American Moistener Company with headquarters in Atlanta, and has just returned from an extended trip to points in Texas.

Mrs. M. H. Hart, of Richmond, Va., is visiting at the home of her sister, Mrs. A. F. Misenheimer.

Mr. R. L. Amick has given up his position in Bessemer City and has accepted the position as overseer of spinning at the Hoskins mill, Charlotte.

Mr. J. T. Mayton has returned from a visit to relatives in Charlotte.

Messrs. R. F. Coble and Chas. Coble and Misses Evelena and Lillian Coble, of Bessemer City, spent Saturday night and Sunday morning in Concord with relatives. They were traveling in Mr. Coble's Overland. They were accompanied to Bessemer City by Miss Bessie Utley, who will spend several days with them.

To Gain Possession of \$1,000,000 Estate.

Raleigh, N. C., April 22.—An effort to gain possession of the estate of Mrs. Florence P. Tucker, deceased widow of the late Major R. S. Tucker, valued at over \$1,000,000 was begun in the civil court here today by three daughters of the deceased and their husbands on the claim that a misconstruction of the Major's will would deprive them of rightful inheritance.

The plaintiffs in the case are W. H. Williamson, A. L. Baker and E. R. Fellows and their wives. They contend that the will of Major Tucker bequeathed the property to his widow during only her life time, providing later that it should be equally distributed among the several children. The defendants, Mrs. Margaret Boylan and Mrs. John H. Winder claim the property of their father was left to their mother with no provision other than that she might see fit for its disposal at her death.

The suit today is brought to construe the will of Major Tucker.

Competent counsel has been secured by each side and a spirited legal battle is scheduled to precede a settlement.

Defendants in the case are represented by Attorneys Paec, Pou and Shepherd, of this city. The plaintiffs are represented by Winston & Biggs, of Raleigh, and C. W. Tillett, of Charlotte.

Big Liquor Plant in Rowan Seized.

Salisbury, April 21.—Sheriff J. H. McKenzie, Deputy F. C. Tolbert and Deputy G. L. Baker tonight seized fourteen barrels of liquor near the Salisbury city limits, alleged to be the property of P. H. Thrash, of Asheville. The latter was held under a bond of \$500 and Jim Luek, Lem Walker and Lee Springs, colored employees of Thrash were jailed in default of bond.

Upon his return from Raleigh today, Sheriff McKenzie was informed that a liquor plant was in operation on a large scale near the city and at once made for the scene. He found evidences of a complete equipment, including measures, funnels, cyphons, strainers, corks and other vessels used in handling the liquor.

It is said the plant was started only Saturday while the Sheriff was out of the county, and that the owners were planning big things. The technical charge against Thrash is that he was selling and had on hand more liquor than the law allows.

The seizure was made by the officers under the search and seizure law of the State. The first seizure in Rowan under the new law was a large one. The liquor is held under a strong guard tonight.

Governor Craig Issues Second Requisition.

Raleigh, N. C., April 22.—Governor Locke Craig has issued a second requisition on the Governor of South Carolina for M. B. Smith, wanted in Wadeboro on charges of misrepresentation in the sale of insurance.

To Represent North Carolina.

Raleigh, April 22.—T. F. Brockwell, of Raleigh, has been commissioner to represent North Carolina at the eighth annual conference on weights and measures to be held in Washington, D. C., May 14-17.

Pope Continues to Improve.

Rome, April 22.—The Pope's condition is satisfactory. Slight improvement is given every waking hour, but he is no longer awakened for medicine.

DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATES

Make Formal Announcement of Their Candidacy.—Political Fight Ready To Open.

Attention is called to the announcements of the various candidates for city offices, subject to the action of the Democratic primary, which will be held in the various wards Saturday. Mr. W. W. Flowe is a candidate for mayor and the candidates for aldermen are: C. J. Harris and J. H. Rutledge at large; Stuart Bost from ward one; George Fisher, ward two; C. F. Ritchie, ward three, and Grover C. Love, ward four. So far no other candidates have announced themselves and it is not likely that they will as the primaries are only four days off.

Now that the various candidates have come out in the open, it is likely that business will pick up politically. The citizens' ticket is already in the field and there is talk that a republican ticket will be nominated. However, this is merely a conjecture. The two tickets already in the field will likely furnish enough political interest a race worth while.

GYPSIES TOLD TO MOVE ON.

Pennsylvania Sheriff Breaks Up Gathering.—Woman Pronounces Curse on Sheriff.

Erie, Pa., April 22.—Gypsies camping near Erie who prepared to elect a new "King" have been ordered out of the county by Sheriff Harry W. Moony. When told that other bands of gypsies from all over the country were en route to Erie county to hold a grand election, the sheriff said:

"I'll have no Kings crowned in my county. Besides there have been too many chickens, pigs and household goods stolen since the gypsies have been in the county. So move on."

The nomads packed up and hit the trail, but not before one of the old women raised her crossed fingers over the sheriff's head and laid on him the Romany "black curse" guaranteed to make all his teeth and hair fall out, his eyes cave in and his savings bank fail.

Hope Springs Anew in Boyden's Breast.

Washington, April 21.—While the supporters of Col. Watts have been able to round up a world of organization indorsements, the friends of Col. Boyden, of Salisbury, Senator Overman's neighbor candidate, are entertaining a lively hope of ultimate triumph. Nor can it be said that the Boyden forces are without a reason for the hope that is in them. It will be recalled that the Wilson campaign sagged at certain critical junctures for the want of funds. Angels, or malefactors, according to the point of view, were scarce at times on the Wilson side. Among those who came forward at one such juncture as this, when the Wilson war chest was well nigh depleted, was W. R. Craig, a wealthy New Yorker, who has a hunting lodge in North Carolina. Some say Mr. Craig stands fifth among the heavy contributors to the Wilson campaign fund, and that Col. Boyden was instrumental in securing for the Wilson managers this liberal contribution, which is said to have exceeded \$10,000. The story goes that Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo, who was helping out the campaign in New York at the time, was cognizant of all this and that he now favors Col. Boyden for the position. In other words, it is pointed out that while Col. Boyden had given Mr. Wilson whole-hearted and very material support, Mr. Watts had never even pretended to be anything of a Wilson man.

May Get B. A. Degree at 15.

Cambridge, Mass., April 22.—William James Sidis, 15 years old, gives promise of obtaining a Harvard bachelor of arts degree next June. This youthful mathematical wizard entered the university at 11 years as a specialist in mathematics. Meanwhile he had included sufficient other courses to make his college schedule an evenly balanced one.

Young Sidis is the son of Dr. Boris Sidis, one of the foremost psychologists in the country. His younger years were spent at the knees of his father, where he imbibed the rudimentary knowledge of mathematics which was later to make him known as one of the scholastic marvels of the country. At 8 he entered the Brookline High School and two years later saw him at Tufts, where he remained for one year before entering Harvard.

Officer With Splendid Record Dies.

Raleigh, N. C., April 22.—With the unique record of probably having arrested more tramps than any other officer in the country, William F. Jones, for 25 years city marshal of Carey, N. C., near here, is dead today at the age of 64 years.

Three Women Injured by Automobile.

New York, April 22.—In a wild chase lasting three hours on motor-cycles, policemen overtook William Gehlhaus, whose racing automobile had knocked down and injured three women. A score of automobiles pursued but Gehlhaus left them behind, despite the rain of bullets which the police fired.

MADE NEW HAND FOR BOY: TAKEN FROM BACK.

Surgeon Straightened Crippled Fingers, Then Inserted Member Under Flap That he Raised Just Above Hip.

Washington, April 22.—A sensation among the medical men of the capital is that by an operation performed on La Four Raymond of this city by Dr. Robert H. M. Dawbarn, of New York. Young Raymond, afflicted from childhood with a crippled left hand, was given an entirely new hand, normal and useful, made out of a piece of his back. An idea of how thoroughly successful the surgical effort has been may be gleaned from the fact that on Saturday afternoon young Raymond was out with his chums playing baseball and using both hands in catching and throwing the ball.

Raymond is the son of Dr. J. U. Raymond, of Washington. He burned his hands while an infant, and though the right member fully recovered, the left was badly deformed, with all the fingers but the index and middle one seriously contracted. At the age of three years an operation partially restored its usefulness, but in time the contractions returned.

Six operations brought no relief as the palm of the hand and some of the tendons had been destroyed by the burning. Physicians contemplated skin grafting but decided it would not avail.

Finally the boy was taken to Dr. Dawbarn in New York. He planned the unusual scheme of making for his patient a new hand. He dissected the scar tissue from the palm and fingers of the crippled hand and laid out the thumb and fingers in the natural position. The tendons were lengthened by inserting new tissue in the palm. Then a strip of flesh on the lad's back, slightly above the hip, was raised and the hand slipped under it. This "flap" was sewed to the palm, after which the hand, arm and trunk were covered with a plaster of paris jacket. In this way the hand was carried behind the back for four weeks. Then the upper end of the flesh "flap" and hand were released entirely from the back and the "flap" was fashioned to the hand. In the end the boy's hand stood open, the position natural and with no tendency to contraction. The extension and flexion of the fingers and thumb and excellent and the grasp is strong. There is every evidence that the permanence of the result is not to be questioned.

Law Behind the Times.

Washington, April 21.—How the Supreme Court of the United States, or at least one member of it, views the present day criticisms of the courts, is set forth in a speech by Justice Oliver Wendell Holmes, made public today in the form of a Senate public document. Justice Holmes delivered the speech recently at a private dinner in New York.

Science has taught the world skepticism, the justice said, by way of preface, and made it legitimate to put everything to the test of proof.

"Of course, we are not excepted," he said, referring to the Supreme Court. "Not only are we told that when Marshall pronounced an act of Congress unconstitutional he usurped a power that the constitution did not give, but we are told that we are the representatives of a class—a tool of the money power."

"I get letters, not always anonymous, intimating that we are corrupt. Well, gentlemen, I admit that it makes my heart ache. It is very painful, when one spends all the energies of one's soul in trying to do good work, with no thought but that of solving a problem according to the rules but by which one is bound to know that one was conscientiously bad. But we must take such things philosophically and try to see what we can learn from hatred, and distrust, and whether behind them there may not be some germ of inarticulate truth."

The attacks upon the court, the justice added, "are merely an expression of the unrest that seems to wonder vaguely whether law and order pay."

Aeroplanes Lands on French Soil.

Paris, April 22.—Another aerial incident happened today when a German biplane, containing two officers, landed near Arracourt. The officers said they had no idea that they were on French soil. They had landed to get a supply of gasoline. They are detained for questioning.

To Expedite Passage Tariff Bill.

Washington, April 22.—Before the Senate finance committee met to consider the matter, Democratic members insisted, despite the pressure of the Republicans that there be no hearings by the Senate committee on tariff. They want to expedite its passage.

Soldiers' Reunion.

The old soldiers annual reunion will be held at Organ Church on Ascension Day, May 1, 1913. There will be several addresses and a song, led by the choir. All are invited to come and bring well filled baskets. B. A. Miller, secretary.

Strike is Ended.

Brussels, April 22.—The government formally accepts the compromise, ending the strike.

GOV. JOHNSON DEFENDS ANTI-ALIEN LAW.

That No Alien or Person Not a Citizen of U. S. Shall Acquire Title to Land.

Sacramento, Cal., April 21.—Governor Johnson gave out tonight a long statement regarding the pending alien land legislation. The statement, which is the first the governor has made on the subject, was in part as follows:

"California is unable to understand why an act admittedly within the jurisdiction of the California legislature ceases to be a California law and becomes an international question. Of course, the California legislature would not attempt to contravene any treaty of the nation nor to do more than has been done by the federal government itself in many other states. To say that California must do less is to deny California what has been freely accorded to every other state in the union and what has never been questioned with any other state.

"Our legislature is now considering an alien bill in general language and not discriminatory. If terms are used which are claimed to be discriminatory those very terms long since were made by so many enactments and by the laws of the nation itself.

"The United States by statute provided that no alien person who is not a citizen of the United States or who has not declared his intention to become a citizen of the United States, shall acquire title to land, etc., and in relation to the District of Columbia the United States statutes contain the same inhibition."

Missouri, Arizona, Washington, Illinois, Minnesota, Kentucky, Oklahoma and Texas, all have laws of like character, the statement declares.

"Japan," continues the statement, "until 1910 had an absolute law against alien ownership and in effect has it yet. What the United States government has done, what has been done by many states of the Union, what has been done by Japan is now attempted to be done by this state, and no reason can logically exist for relations with any power or for offense and threats by any nation."

Marshall to Young Lawyers.

Washington, April 20.—In his speech last night at the first annual dinner of the George Washington University School Vice President Marshall laid down some rules for the moral and professional guidance of young lawyers. They comprise a sort of legal ten commandments. Here they are in condensed paraphrase of the Vice President's utterances.

1. Don't put a fee before a just cause.
2. Don't worship money to the extent of being willing to write a dishonest contract in order to get a large fee.
3. Be a peacemaker; that is the lawyer's business.
4. Don't chase ambulances.
5. Honor your professions as your own sacred honor; therefore do not seek or defend onerous litigation.
6. Don't accept contingent fees.
7. Use your influence against the system of allowing attorneys' fees in advance in divorce cases; therein lies the evil of the divorce laws; when that has been abolished half the divorce cases will be stopped.
8. Use your influence to compel a person charged with crime to testify in the cause; the innocent man cannot be harmed thereby.
9. Take the part of the known criminal, but only to see that justice is tempered with mercy.
10. Don't inquire as to your client's pocketbook before fixing your fee.

Law of Great Britain Holds Titanic Liable for \$3,000,000.

New York, April 21.—The Federal District Court this afternoon dismissed the petition of the Oceanic Steam Navigation Company, Limited, as owner of the White Star Liner Titanic, for a limitation of liability resulting from the loss of the Titanic. The court held that the company's liability is to be determined by the law of Great Britain which would make the owners of the Titanic liable for about \$3,000,000.

The Oceanic Steam Navigation Company sought to have its liability fixed by the laws of the United States. Under this law the company could have been held liable for an amount not exceeding the value of the lifeboats saved from the wreck of the Titanic, and the passage money received, aggregating in all about \$100,000. Under the law of Great Britain the liability is estimated on the basis of the tonnage of the vessel lost.

Sixteen hundred and fifty-one claims for damages aggregating \$16,000,000 have been filed here against the Oceanic Steam Navigation Company, for loss of life, injuries and loss of property in the Titanic disaster a year ago, according to a report made public today.

Raleigh Gets Baseball Pitcher.

Raleigh, April 22.—Richard Knox Durning, the southpaw, pitcher for the Athletics, who recently pitched his team to victory over the Phillies, joined the Raleigh team today.

TO ENTIRELY FORGET DOLLAR DIPLOMACY.

To Recall Representatives of This Country Who Have Big Business Interests.—Henry James Recalled.—Treaties to Be Dropped.

Washington, April 22.—Having thrown "dollar diplomacy" into the discard, President Wilson and Secretary of State Bryan are now planning to sweep all remembrance of it from the diplomatic service. A general reorganization of the diplomatic service will be made as a result. In South and Central American reorganization it will be the policy of the President to recall representatives of this country who have big business interests in the countries where they are now stationed. Certain of the attaches of the United States legations to the South have been taking advantage of their positions, it is known, to interest American financiers in local industries to their own pecuniary benefit and this method is not considered ethical under the present administration. In addition, the President learns, that others have embarked for themselves in business and have divided their time between their personal affairs and the business of the United States with the result that the latter has suffered.

The administration has recalled Henry James who was commissioned by the Taft administration to act as arbitrator between the government of Ecuador and the Quayaquil and Quito railroad company, an American corporation in a claim dispute. No reflection is made on James personally but it is made very plain at the White House that this is the kind of diplomacy that will not flourish during the coming four years.

In addition it is likely that the treaties between the United States and Nicaragua, Honduras and Guatemala, which have never been ratified by the Senate, will be dropped. They generally gave this government supervision over the customs collected in the countries to safeguard American investments there.

Didn't Know When to Quit.

Atlanta, April 22.—For kissing two actresses goodnight in front of a Broad street hotel, J. V. Marshall was fined \$5.75 by the recorder. "It was worth it," said Mr. Marshall after he had paid the fine. The two girls were fined \$5.75 each too, but they paid their without having anything to say. The police who made the case say that they warned the trio once to cut out the affection on the sidewalk and came back half an hour later and found them still kissing each other goodnight.

Suffragettes Burn Boats.

Birmingham, Eng., April 22.—Suffragettes burned four costly row boats at a park today and left signs, on which were "votes for women."

Big Liner Stuck in Mud.

Hamburg, April 22.—The huge liner Emperor, became unmanageable while being towed out on a trial trip, breaking away from six tugs and stuck in the mud.

Baby Weighed Seventeen and a Half Pounds.

Scotland Neck, April 22.—A negro on the farm of R. J. Madry gave birth to a seventeen and a half pound child. The child died, but the woman will recover.

ASKS PRESIDENT NOT TO INTERFERE

IN CALIFORNIA ALIEN LAND LAW.

President Registers Protest Against Law Because He Deems it His Duty as Chief Executive.—Says it is a Question of National Policy and National Honor.

Washington, April 22.—California representatives have appealed to the President not to interfere in the alien land situation. They said the situation in California is overwhelmingly against the Japanese and for the law, and is aimed at them.

The President wired Governor Johnson: "I register my very earnest and respectful protest against discrimination in this case, not only because I deem it my duty as the chief executive, but because I believe the people of California will generously respond to the moment the matter is frankly presented to them, as it is a question of national policy and national honor." He said with the bill solely against the Japanese it impaired the treaty obligations.

LEGISLATION COMMISSION ADJOURNS

To Meet June 4th.—Chairman May Call Committees Together at Any Time.—Clerk to Gather Literature.

Raleigh, April 22.—After perfecting an organization the commission on constitutional amendments adjourned to meet again June 4th. The chairman of each of the fourteen committees may call a meeting at any time and place. The clerk was instructed to gather literature on all subjects, and citizens are invited to appear before the committees and discuss matters of interest.

In Behalf of Clerks.

Asheville, April 21.—The Baracas and Philatheas of Asheville have decided upon an unusual scheme for discouraging the keeping of the city's stores open on Saturday evenings. At a meeting of the Baraca-Philatheas Union, members of the classes of the various Sunday schools agreed to do no trading after 6 o'clock on Saturday afternoon, out of consideration for the clerks who are employed by the various mercantile establishments.

A committee from the union has been appointed to meet with a similar committee from the Central Labor Union and efforts will be made to induce the merchants of the city to close their stores at noon one day each week, during the months of May, June, July and August.

H. L. PARKS & CO.

WE WELCOME

The delegates of the Western N. C. Conference to our hospitable city. We hope they will come in without knocking and go out the same way.

To the ladies who are going to royally entertain them, we offer a few suggestions from our grocery department: eggs, ham, breakfast strips, oat flakes, buckwheat, honey, syrups, bread, grits, hominy, cream of wheat, best rice, postum cereals, macaroni, cheese, chocolates, cocoa, seeded raisins, pickles, loose and bottled, peanut butter, olives, figs, post toasts, jellatin, jello, prunes, pie peaches, lemon cling peaches, dried apples, California evaporated peaches, canned corn, peas, beans, tomatoes, etc., asparagus tips, pineapples, white beans and butter beans, mackerel.

We have Libby's line of potted ham, sausage and chipped beef.

National Biscuit Co.'s line of cakes and crackers. Finest coffees in town—prepared stock and Caraja. Finest teas in town—Tetley's line. Sauer's Extracts are the best. We handle Mr. T. J. Shinn's fine country packed beans and tomatoes—they are O. K.

Look over this list and phone us for these and many other things not mentioned. Full line of country products always on hand. Try our fine flour and meal.

We also invite these ladies and their hosts to visit our other departments, which are stocked with hundreds of articles that may interest you all. We have a big line of post cards, including local views of our churches, schools, public buildings, residences, etc.

H. L. PARKS & CO.

The Quality Store