

BELIEVE SENATE WILL PASS THE ADAMSON BILL

WHICH PASSED THE HOUSE BY LARGE MAJORITY.

THIS WILL VIRTUALLY END STRIKE

All indications when Congress opened showed that the Senate will today pass the Adamson bill and avert the threatened strike.

To Call Strike Off

Washington, Sept. 2.—Just as soon as the House bill, un-amended, becomes a law, A. B. Garretson said today, "the strike order will be recalled."

Washington, Sept. 2.—The enactment into law of enough of President Wilson's program to prevent the railway strike seems assured when the Senate re-assembles this morning at 10 o'clock with the program, which calls for a vote not later than 6 p. m.

As soon as the perfected bill is finally passed, a special messenger will carry it to the summer White House, at Shadow Lawn, so the President may sign it at once, and the menace of a general paralysis of the country's transportation lines early Monday morning.

First Amendment. Washington, Sept. 2.—The first amendment proposed today came from Senator Shafroth, Democrat. He proposed to fix Senator Underwood's amendment empowering the Interstate Commerce Commission to make wage schedules so that no employee would be compelled to work for the rate prescribed.

Chicago, Sept. 2.—Owing to the feeling of assurance that the strike order will be cancelled, the following railroads today revoked embargoes: Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul; Chicago & Alton; Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific; Chicago & North Western; Monon, Chicago and Illinois; Chicago, Great Western; and Illinois Central. The C. B. & Q. revoled its order last night.

N. O. & St. L. Lifts Embargo. Nashville, Tenn., Sept. 2.—On the strength of the positive assurance that the legislation to avert the strike would be enacted the Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis Railway this morning announced that all its existing embargoes would be lifted at once and the freight and passenger travel would proceed as usual. Absolute embargo was ordered effective yesterday at 6 p. m.

Southern Lifts Embargo. Washington, Sept. 2.—The Southern Railway today modified its embargo on live stock and perishable freight, and announced that all other freights would be accepted without restriction.

Live stock and perishable freight will be accepted from shippers and from connecting lines if destined to points on the Southern Railway.

Plan for Peace. Chicago, Sept. 2.—The railroads of the country abandoned preparations for war today, and have reverted to those for peace.

Chicago, Sept. 2.—The tropical disturbance apparently passed Yucatan peninsula to the bay of Campeche, whence it will advance westward into Mexico and there be dissipated, the Weather Bureau announced today.

Revolution in Greece Is Spreading. Rome, via London, Sept. 2.—Information reached here today that the revolution in Greece was spreading, and martial law had been proclaimed in Athens and other cities.

WILSON MAKES HIS ACCEPTANCE SPEECH

HE WAS NOTIFIED AT SUMMER HOME AT LONG BRANCH

WAS ONE OF HIS LONGEST SPEECHES

Part of the Acceptance Speech Made By President Wilson at His Notification of His Renomination, at Long Branch Today.—Gives an Outline of Part of the Work Done By the Democratic Party During the Last Four Years.—President Wilson Defends His Mexican and European Policies.—His Speech Contained 5,000 Words, One of His Longest.

Long Branch, N. J., Sept. 2.—Democrats from all parts of the country gathered here today for the ceremonies attendant on President Wilson's formal notification of his renomination. Members of the cabinet, Senators and Representatives and other leaders of the Democratic party, who have been arriving since yesterday, headed the list of national figures.

The ceremonies were fixed for 4 o'clock in the open air at Shadow Lawn, the summer White House. The notification committee, headed by Senator James, of Kentucky, chairman of the St. Louis Convention, was composed of a member from every State.

Long Branch, N. J., Sept. 2.—President Wilson formally accepted his renomination here this afternoon with an address recounting the legislative record of the Democratic party, a vigorous defense of his Mexican policy, his dealings with the European belligerents and an outline of his view of America's obligations for the future.

With the members of the notification committee headed by Senator James grouped about him at Shadow Lawn, the Summer White House, the President declared the Republican party was "just the party that cannot meet the new conditions of a new age" and that the day of Little Americanism when "methods of protection and industrial nursing were the chief study of our provincial statesmen" was past and gone.

"We can no longer indulge our traditional provincialism," said the President. "We are to play a leading part in the world drama whether we wish it or not. We shall lend, not borrow; act for ourselves, not imitate or follow; organize and initiate, not peep about merely to see where we may get in."

Speaking of his diplomatic negotiations with the European belligerents the President followed a declaration that while property rights might be vindicated by claims for damages, the loss of life and the fundamental rights of humanity never could be with this statement:

"The record is clear and consistent throughout and stands distinct and definite for any one to judge who wishes to know the truth about it." Immediately afterward he said: "I am the candidate of a party, but I am above all things else an American citizen. I neither seek the favor nor fear the displeasure of that small alien element amongst us which puts loyalty to any foreign power before loyalty to the United States."

Regarding his Mexican policy the President reiterated that the people of Mexico were struggling "blindly it may be—and as yet ineffectually"—to free themselves from alien interests "some of them Americans pressing for things they could never have got in their own country" and that he would do everything in his power to prevent anyone standing in their way.

"It is hard doctrine," said he, "only for those who wish to get something for themselves out of Mexico." At another point the President said: "Mistakes I have no doubt made in this perplexing business but not in purpose or object." He declared at another point:

"I am more interested in the fortunes of oppressed men and pitiful women and children than in any property rights whatever." At the outset of his references to the legislative achievements of his party the President enumerated the laws placed on the statute books relating to business including tariff revision, anti-trust laws, revision of the banking and currency system, rural credits, rehabilitation of the merchant marine and creation of the Federal Trade Commission.

"What other party has understood the task so well or executed it so intelligently and energetically?" he

MY PLEASANT NEWS

Collegiate Institute to Open on September 15th.—Personal And Other Interesting Items. Mt. Pleasant, Sept. 2.—Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Fisher spent several days in Salisbury.

Mrs. Zeb Cox and children, Hilda and Norman, who spent several weeks here with relatives, left Wednesday for their home in Augusta, Ga.

Messrs. David Parker, J. F. Biles and Wooten, of Albemarle, spent Wednesday evening in town.

Miss Emma Grace Heilig, Ruby Misenheimer and Elaine Moose, who spent a week in Concord with Miss Lucy Hartzell, have returned home.

Mrs. Goodman and children are spending several weeks at Mooresville and Troutman.

Mr. and Mrs. Ray McEachern and daughter, Elizabeth, have returned from Danville, Va., where they were called to the bedside of Mrs. McEachern's sister, Miss Birdie Barrier, who has been very ill.

Mr. Lee Moose, while performing chemical experiments, had the misfortune to have his face badly burned. He was taken to Salisbury to Dr. Brawley, who assures him that his sight will not be injured.

Mr. Fred Peck left yesterday morning for Winston-Salem, where he has accepted a position with the Reynolds Tobacco Company.

Miss Connie Misenheimer, who spent ten days in Concord, has returned home.

Mrs. J. J. Burns and Mrs. Kenneth Kindley spent Wednesday in Concord.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Beatty have moved to town.

Rev. and Mrs. B. L. Stanley attended the Cabarrus County Sunday School Convention at Rocky River Church Thursday.

Miss Margaret McAllister left this morning for Winston-Salem, where she will spend the winter.

Prof. G. F. McAllister is spending the day in Concord.

Mr. Ed. Murray is spending some time here with friends.

Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Peck, Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Moose spent last Sunday in the Bear Creek neighborhood.

The Collegiate Institute will open on September 15th. The authorities are gratified at the interest that the alumni have taken in helping them to all the dormitory. Many applications have been received from prospective students, from several of the Southern States. Several speakers will be present at the opening, who will deliver addresses.

THE SUNDAY SCHOOL CONVENTION CLOSES

LARGE CROWD PRESENT AGAIN AT CLOSING YESTERDAY.

J. W. VAN HOY RE-ELECTED PRESIDENT

Chief Feature of Yesterday's Session Was Address Made by Mr. J. M. Broughton, of Raleigh, Who Spoke on Organization and Management.—Convention Will Meet Next Year With Mt. Olivet Church in No. 4 Township.—Bethel Choir Won the Singing Cup, Which Was Presented by Rev. George V. Tilley.—Mr. Boger Made Address.

The Sunday School Convention which closed a two days' session at Rocky River church yesterday is considered one of the best conventions ever held in the county. The programme for the second day was carried out in full and the interest manifested by the large number of workers present was gratifying indeed to the leaders and officers. The attendance on this last day was practically as large as the first day, and a noticeable thing was the fact that the entire congregation attended closely throughout the day.

Prof. Wolff was assisted by Messrs. Patterson and Workman in directing the congregational singing and the orchestra also rendered a number of special selections that greatly pleased the audience. The contesting choirs were also present and sang much better than on the first day. Bethel choir led by Mr. B. M. Black, won the silver cup, which was presented by Rev. Geo. V. Tilley, in an interesting trial, pleasing the congregation greatly.

Prof. Chas. T. Boger discussed the community training school for Sunday School workers, and presented his subject in a most practical and forcible manner. From the attention and enthusiasm shown in this feature it is evident that the need for a department of education in the organization is felt by all progressive workers and it is hoped that plans will be worked out in the near future for the establishing of one or more teacher training schools in the county.

The leading feature of yesterday's programme was the address of Mr. J. M. Broughton, Jr., of Raleigh, who spoke on organization and management. Mr. Broughton also took part in the general discussions in the afternoon when an open parliament was conducted and many interesting and helpful talks were made. In his main address, Mr. Broughton presented the cause of the Sunday School in a strong and convincing manner. He showed the great importance of organization in building and running a real school. Mr. Broughton is a polished speaker of fine address and has made a study of the forces of religious education and is a practical worker himself, being identified with the International Association and the State Association. He is also superintendent of one of the leading standard Sunday Schools of the country.

Rev. A. S. Raper, Mr. C. J. Goodman, Rev. C. C. Myers, Rev. G. V. Tilley, Rev. E. G. Carson, Mr. J. W. Long, Mr. H. M. Black, and others took part in the discussion in the afternoon, which resolved itself into a discussion of what it takes to make a standard Sunday School and how to attract and help the young people. The convention was keenly interesting throughout and it is the consensus of opinion of those who observe such things that a new stage has been reached in religious education in this county, and that the time is ripe for some of the better things that are being put on in other sections of the country.

The business session of the convention was held in the afternoon and the nominating committee, consisting of the following gentlemen: C. J. Goodman, A. S. Raper, Sam Black, D. B. McEachern and A. H. Litaker, named the following officers for the ensuing year: President, J. W. Van Hoy, Secretary-Treasurer, C. R. Andrews, Vice-President, C. J. Goodman, Executive Committee: D. B. Coltrane, Chairman; Chas. E. Boger, P. P. Townsend, Sam Black, and W. B. Fisher. The committee also recommended that the invitation of Mt. Olivet Church, in No. 4 township, to hold the next county convention at that place be accepted and that a two days session be held again next year, beginning on the third Thursday in August. The report of the committee was enthusiastically adopted and after expressions of appreciation to the people of Rocky River community for the excellent entertainment provided for the convention and to the visiting workers for their hearty co-operation in making the convention a success.

THE WHEAT MARKET. Small Gains Were Recorded in Wheat Market Today. (By The Associated Press) Chicago, Sept. 2.—Indications that a settlement of the strike will soon be a reality, gave strength to the wheat market here today. Opening prices, which ranged from 5-8 to 2 1/4 cents higher, with December at 145 to 146, and May at 147 to 148, were followed by moderate additional gains, and then something of reaction.

'PHONE US THE NEWS. "What other party has attempted it at all? The Republican leaders apparently know of no means of assisting business but protection. How to stimulate it and put it upon a new footing of energy and enterprise they have not suggested." At the conclusion of his review of the party record the President declared:

"This extraordinary recital must sound like a platform, a list of sanguine promises; but it is not. It is a record of promises made four years ago and now actually redeemed in constructive legislation." Then, later he said: "We have in four years come very near to carrying out the platform of the Progressive Party as well as our own; for we are also progressives."

The President's address was some five thousand words long, one of the most lengthy he has delivered on any occasion since taking office.

ROUMANIANS MEETING MORE SEVERE

NO HOME COMING

THIS WAS VERDICT AT THE MASS MEETING HELD LAST EVENING.

At the mass meeting held in the Court House last night, it was decided that our citizens would not celebrate Home Coming this year, on account of several reasons. In the first place, there are several epidemics in the community at present, such as scarlet fever, measles, whooping cough, and some infantile paralysis, and to hold such a gathering would not be considered best for the public health. Then, too, this being campaign year, much of the interest that would otherwise be put into Home Coming will be diverted toward politics. Another reason why it was not considered expedient, was because of the recent floods, and the fact that many of our people have been hurt by poor crops. These matters were all discussed, and it seemed to be the opinion of those present that if we attempted to celebrate it would not be up to the standard, and that it would be better to have no celebration than a poor one. However, the plans now are to start early next year, and have a gala affair that will surpass anything that we have heretofore had.

WANT TO CHANGE TEN COMMANDMENTS Will Be Recommended to Protestant Episcopal Church at Next Convention. (By The Associated Press) New York, Sept. 2.—A proposal to revise and shorten the first five of the ten commandments will be submitted to the next general convention of the Protestant Episcopal Church. The proposed changes recommended by the commission of Bishops clergy and laymen.

The revised version is as follows: "First. Thou shalt have no other God but Me. "Thou shalt not make unto thyself any graven image or likeness of anything that is in the heavens above, the earth beneath, or in the waters under the earth; thou shalt not bow down unto them or worship them. "Third. Thou shalt not take the name of the Lord thy God, in vain. "Fourth. Remember thou keepest holy the Sabbath day. "Fifth. Honor thy father and thy mother."

COTTON FIGURES. Difference of 139 Bales in Amount of Cotton Brought to This Market. A number of people who are in a position to be familiar with the cotton conditions in this county, have made predictions and statements as to the amount of cotton that would be brought and weighed at the local cotton platform during the last cotton year. The cotton year starts the first of September. The consensus of opinion seemed to be that the market would be off several hundred bales, and it is said that most of the cotton buyers here predicted that the run would be on an average of 250 bales short of last year.

The figures have just been completed by Cotton Weigher John W. White for the fiscal year which ended August 31st, and they show that there was a difference of but 139 bales in the two years. During the year from September 1st, 1914 to 1915 there were 8,412 bales brought to the market here, and from 1915 to 1916 there were 8,273 bales weighed.

ORDERS RECEIVED FOR THE NEW MONEY But Money Will Not Be Issued Until About September 15th, or 20th. (By The Associated Press) Philadelphia, Sept. 2.—Orders for the newly designed 10c pieces are being received daily at the mint here, but the coin will not be placed in circulation before September 15 or 20. Said to day 10,000,000 new dimes would be turned out within the next four months.

The new piece bears the figure of a Grecian lady on the obverse side, and a bundle of rods and the axe of the Roman licitors on the reverse. Supt. Joyce also announced that within the next two weeks work will be begun on the new 25c piece, while the making of new design half dollars will be started in the early part of October.

Miss Mattie Lentz has returned from Baltimore, where she has been purchasing millinery for the Fisherton company, of Kannapolis.

The first bale of Mecklenburg new crop cotton was sold in Charlotte Wednesday by L. H. Robinson. The price was 15 cents.

IN THEIR MARCH INTO LOWER TRANSYLVANIA TERRITORY

GREECE HAS TAKEN NO ACTION

Austrians are Evacuating Transylvania Territory in the North.—Russians Undertake New Offensive in Bukovina and Eastern Galicia.—Bulgarians Renewed Their Attack Along Macedonian Front.—Greece's Part in the Balkan Campaign Has Not Yet Been Cleared Up.—Germans Attack the French on the Somme Front. (By The Associated Press) Roumania's advance in lower Transylvania has been checked by the Tentic forces, Vienna reports. The announcement relates of the repulse of the Roumanians near the Danube, in the vicinity of Orsova. It is probable that the Roumanians are encountering more severe resistance in this region than farther north for an important advance from this quarter would threaten the communication of the Central powers with Bulgaria and Turkey. Farther north the evacuation of Transylvania is being carried out without serious fighting. Austrian communications indicate that the new offensive of the Russians in Bukovina and eastern Galicia are inaugurated over a wide front. In one sector alone, north of Dniester River, the Russian advance along one line is 15 miles. The Bulgarians renewed their attack last night along the western end of Macedonian frontier. The French war office asserts they were repulsed by the Serbians. The part which Greece is to play in the Balkan campaign has not yet been cleared up, although it is reported that King Constantine had abdicated and Greece would join the Entente Allies at once. This has not been borne out. Unofficial dispatches from Athens filed yesterday, say King Constantine received Premier Zaimis on Thursday and that the Premier then announced that Greece would maintain her policy of friendly neutrality toward the Entente Powers, while awaiting events. The newly formed Greek committee of Natil descent, proclaimed the provisional government of Macedonia, and it is reported unofficially that the revolutionary troops are being enrolled. The Germans attacked the French on the Somme front last night and re-occupied the trenches of Estrees, taken recently by the French. Small gains by the British, near Delville Wood, is announced in London.

WEATHER FORECAST. Generally Fair Weather is Predicted for Southeastern States Next Week. (By The Associated Press) Washington, Sept. 2.—Generally fair weather with temperatures near seasonal normal are forecasted by the Weather Bureau for the southeastern states during the week, beginning tomorrow.

Pickled radishes are a great relish in Japan.

STRAND THEATRE Today GRACEY'S COLONIAL COMEDY CO. presents Black Jake, the Indian Fighter VIVIAN RICH in "THE BARREN GAIN." Also GEORGE OVEY in "AN ORIENTAL SPARK." Evening performances 7:30 and 9:15. NEXT WEEK Stewart's Ideal Musical Comedy Company Entire change of program daily.