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VOLUME XVII.

J. B. SHERRILL, Editor and Publisher

CONCORD, N. C., WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 31, 1917

Price Five Cents.

NO. 40.

NO ACTION TAKEN YET BY THE GRAND JURY

Still Examining Witnesses in the Means Case.—All Other Criminal Cases on the Docket Disposed of.

WILLIAM JONES LONG ON STAND

Practically All the Morning Was Taken Up in the Examination of the New York Pistol Expert.

Superior Court has completed all the criminal cases in which trial bills were found that will be heard at this term, and is now marking time, awaiting the report by the grand jury of the result of the investigation into the death of Mrs. Maudie A. King in connection with which Gaston B. Means is being held without bail in the Cabarrus county jail.

Practically the entire morning was taken by the grand jury in examining William Jones, of the detective force from District Attorney Swann's office in New York city. Mr. Jones was called before them yesterday afternoon shortly before adjournment, and was called back this morning. He had with him a mass of papers taken from the Means' apartments in New York city.

BAFFLING FEATURE OF BIG MURDER TRIAL

Witness in Chamberlain Murder Case Cannot Speak, Hear, Read or Write.

Richmond, Oct. 31.—A baffling feature in the Chamberlain murder case was developed today when it was learned that one of the chief witnesses for the prosecution is Alexander Knox, negro mute, neither read nor write, who is said to have seen Dr. Chamberlain drive to the home of Judge Chamberlain on Monday night of last week when the killing occurred. The wagon in which the physician was riding is supposed to be the same in which the victims dismembered body was removed from the home.

SERIOUS MUTINY OF GERMAN SOLDIERS

Men Refused to Go to Front and Damaged Their Own Rifles.

Amsterdam, Oct. 31.—According to a local paper, a serious mutiny has occurred among German soldiers at the Beverloo camp in Belgium. The men, it is said, refused to go to the front, and damaged their own rifles in some cases, while others fired on officers, several of whom were wounded.

THIRD DAY OF THE FOOD PLEDGE WEEK

Already 3,732,918 Families Have Been Enlisted in the Cause.

Washington, Oct. 31.—The third day of the food pledge week campaign opened with 3,732,918 families enlisted in the cause of food conservation, according to tabulations compiled at the campaign headquarters here. This is an increase of 117,833 over the official figures given out last night by the United States Food Administration.

With Our Advertisers

See the new ad of the Brown-Cannon Company today. Suits and overcoats \$12.50 to \$40.00.

The Concord Furtrina Company will for ten days save you money on trunks. Read carefully their new ad in the Tribune today.

We call your attention to the new ad of the Concord Millinery Co. in this paper. Read it.

There will be a football game Friday, November 2, between the Concord High school and the Salisbury High School. The game will be called at 3:30 o'clock. Admission 15 and 25 cents. The game will be played at the Gibson Mill Park.

SPECIAL TAXES WILL BEGIN AT MIDNIGHT TONIGHT

With Few Exceptions All Special Taxes Begin to Apply at Midnight Tonight.

(By The Associated Press)

Washington, Oct. 31.—This is the last day of grace from today new war taxes and similar excise duties will be in effect. With the exception of increased letter rates and tobacco taxes, which go into effect Friday, the special stamp taxes on documents, legal instruments and parcel post packages which go into operation December 1, all special taxes begin to apply at midnight tonight.

One cent on each item paid for amusement admissions. Three per cent on payments for freight transportation. Eight per cent on passenger fares. Ten per cent on payments for Pullman and similar accommodations. Five per cent on oil pipe line transportation. One cent for each 20 cents or fraction paid for express packages.

Five cents on each telegraph, telephone or radio message costing fifteen cents or more. One cent on cigars, cigarettes, tobacco and products. Ten per cent on club dues. Eight cents on each \$100 of new life insurance and one cent on each dollar of fire, marine, casualty and other insurance policies.

The tobacco taxes, do not become operative until Friday, many dealers have already advanced retail prices in anticipation of the tax levies. Other taxes of the new law, including those on hard and soft drinks, incomes and war-excess profits, have been in effect since the law was approved October 3, but in indirect form.

On December 1, the new stamp taxes, including those on parcel post packages will be payable, putting the entire law into complete operation, except for increased rates on second class mail, postponed until July 1 next.

Increase in first class mail rates probably will be most generally felt by the people. The law provides that the postage on letters, except "drop" or local letters, shall be 3 cents; and that on post-cards, including private mailing cards, shall be one cent more.

The increase in the rate on the so-called picture postcards, the advances were made effective thirty days after passage of the law, and are continued by the postoffice department to begin with letters and post-cards post-marked November 2.

The increases also have been extended to additional classes of mail, such as mail to many foreign countries, which, under postal conventions, have enjoyed the domestic rates. The new 3-cent letter rate, therefore, will apply to letters to Canada, Cuba, Mexico, Panama, England, Ireland, Scotland, Wales, the Balkans, the Indies, British Guiana, British Honduras, Santo Domingo, Dutch West Indies, French Islands, Newfoundland and New Zealand.

The postcard increase will extend to Canada, Cuba, Mexico and Panama, the only countries which have enjoyed the domestic post-card rate.

For consumers' convenience, books of postage stamps containing 3-cent stamps are in readiness for sale and the Department has had printed thousands of 2-cent post-cards. First class mail postmarked tomorrow or anytime prior to 12:01 a. m. November 2 regardless of the date when for delivery, will be transmitted at the old rates but that postmarked thereafter must pay the increased toll.

Amusement admission taxes become effective tomorrow at places charging more than 10 cents. They are 1 cent for each ten cents or fraction paid for such admission, payable by the person admitted but collected by the government from the amusement proprietor, required to make sworn returns to the treasury.

NEW LIGHT IN GERMAN INTRIGUE

Luxburg Plotted to Obtain German Domination in South America.

(By The Associated Press)

Washington, Oct. 31.—New light was thrown on the widespread ramifications of German intrigue by the publication today of State Department revelations that the notorious Count von Luxburg, German charge in Buenos Aires, plotted to obtain German domination in South America.

Luxburg, whose "Spartos Versenk" communication to the Berlin foreign office was made public recently by Secretary Lansing, appealed to his government for a squadron of submersibles to intimidate Latin Americans unfaithful to the German cause, according to the new disclosures.

Mysterious Veiled Woman Was Mrs. Eldridge

(By The Associated Press)

Chicago, Oct. 31.—The mysterious veiled woman witness in the case of Count James Miroto, defendant in deportation proceedings on suspicion of pro-German sympathies, was identified today as Mrs. Channey Eldridge, wife of a wireless expert residing in New York city.

Efforts to Fraternize Frustrated

(By The Associated Press)

Petrograd, Oct. 31.—The Germans are continuing their attempts to fraternize with the Russians. The war reports that the efforts in this direction on the northern front yesterday were frustrated by the fire of Russian artillery.

Mr. Goswami Dusenbery, who has been seriously ill for some time, has been carried to Richmond, where he entered a hospital for treatment. Mr. Dusenbery's condition is reported as unchanged.

Every time you use the break knife on a non-wheat loaf you cut a slice off Germany's chance to win the war.

THE NEW PASTIME FRIDAY

A Great Production in Natural Colors

"THE LIFE OF OUR SAVIOR"

This great production will be shown in seven parts, in Pathé colors. It is highly endorsed by all cities where it has been shown.

UNITED STATES TO GIVE AID TO ITALY

Will Render What Aid It Can in the Form of Money and Immediate Tonnage to Transport War Supplies.

CONDITIONS IN ITALY IMPROVING

The Austrian-German Blow Has Brought Together Opposing Politicians.—No Change on Foreign Policy.

(By The Associated Press)

Gen. Cadorna's rear guard is doing notable work in an effort to slow up the advance of the Austro-German invaders of northeast Italy, according to indications in today's official report from Rome.

The retreat toward the line of the Tagliamento river is continuing under this protecting screen. Along the streams that thickly thread the Friuli plain, and on the embankments further north, the covering troops are making numerous stands and compelling the Austro-German forces to fight, while the Italian cavalry harasses the advancing columns.

Berlin announces that the campaign is being developed in accordance with the Austro-German intentions.

German and Austro-German troops are driving through the plains of "Venetia" toward the Tagliamento river, while another army is endeavoring to break through the Italian defenses in the Carnic Alps, in an attempt to outflank the Tagliamento line. Udine, abandoned some days ago by General Cadorna, has been occupied by the invaders, whose advance guards are being harassed by the Italian cavalry between Udine and Tagliamento. General Cadorna apparently has succeeded in saving the bulk of the forces which occupied positions south of Udine, as during the rest of two days Berlin has made no claim of additional captures of large numbers of prisoners and guns. Udine is less than 15 miles from the Tagliamento and if the Italian commander fails to make a stand there, heavy fighting along that line should take place in a day or two at the latest.

The Germans threatening movement in the Carnic region has not developed greatly, and seemingly is not yet a serious menace to the Tagliamento line. Vienna reports the capture near the Ploechen pass, and on St. Pal. These positions are on the Austro-Italian border, and it is probably not likely that Gen. Cadorna is preparing to throw in his lines there to better protect the line of the Tagliamento in the Ampezzo, and Tolmezzo regions. Berlin reports an advance toward the upper course of the Tagliamento, but does not say how near the German forces are to that river.

Since last Wednesday, the Austro-Germans have occupied more than 800 square miles of territory formerly held by the Italians. The greatest depth of advance has been from Tolmezzo southward to Udine, a distance of about 25 miles.

The United States will give Italy what aid it can in the form of money and immediate tonnage to transport needed munitions, food and fuel. The French and British troops and guns probable are on their way to northern Italy. Internal conditions in Italy are improving. The Austro-German blow has brought together opposing politicians and a new cabinet of Orlando has been announced. Italy's foreign policy will undergo no change as Baron Solino will retain the portfolio of foreign affairs.

In Flanders the British have been successful in minor operations north of Ypres. The Canadian troops comprised the bulk of the fighting in actions near Passchendaele and Poelcapelle with the object of straightening out the British line. Passchendaele, Berlin says, was entered by the Canadians who were driven out later. A foggy terrain, rainfall and strong wind hampered the attackers, but they reached their objectives which included further sections of the Passchendaele ridge.

Emperor William has placed at the head of the government, Count von Hertling, Premier of Bavaria, and former leader of the Catholic center, a strong opponent of parliamentary reform. Whether he is acceptable to all reichstag parties is not indicated. Reich does not meet again until early in December.

Copenhagen dispatches indicate he will hardly be welcomed by socialists and pro-Germans.

THE COTTON MARKET

Prices 23 to 31 Points Higher.—Renewal of Yesterday's Buying Movement.

(By The Associated Press)

New York, Oct. 31.—There was a renewal of yesterday's buying movement at the opening of the cotton market today, the first prices being 23 to 31 points higher. December contracts sold at 27.00 and January at 27.12, making recovery of 127 to 135 points pool and local trade interests were covering by Wall street, but there seemed to be considerable Southern selling on the advance, and reactions followed, with December reaching 27.00 and January 26.96 before end of the first hour.

Cotton futures opened steady. December, 27.80; January, 27.10; March, 26.52; May, 26.75; July, 26.50.

WASHINGTON GOES DRY AT MIDNIGHT

Planning Farewell Celebration of the Oceanic Tonight.

(By The Associated Press)

Washington, Oct. 31.—At midnight the national capital goes dry. Among the establishments going out of business today under the terms of the "sheppard" prohibition laws are several that served as historic existence for more than half a century as meeting places for prominent figures in the past.

Washington is planning a farewell celebration and usual carnival scenes will probably be enacted as the closing hour approaches.

The trustees of the North Carolina Anti-Saloon League will meet in Raleigh November 15 to elect a successor to Rev. E. L. Davis, superintendent of the League, who has resigned.

PREPARING FOR THE DE SAULLES TRIAL

District Attorney Ready to Begin Trial of Mrs. De Saules For Murder of Her Husband.

(By The Associated Press)

Minneapolis, N. Y., Oct. 31.—The district attorney of Nassau county is busy with the final preparations for the trial of Mrs. Blanche Elizabeth De Saules, which is docketed to begin here next week, for the murder of her former husband, John Louis De Saules. Many witnesses are to be summoned to testify for the prosecution, among them relatives, former lifelong friends and employees of the slain man.

No murder case here since the trial of Mrs. Florence Garman, the Freeport society woman who was accused of the murder of Mrs. Louise Bailey, has excited so much popular interest as the approaching trial of Mrs. De Saules. While the De Saules case is lacking in the element of mystery, which usually adds interest to cases of this kind, it is out of the ordinary as regards the wealth and social prominence of the principals and the youth and beauty of the accused woman.

The killing of young Jack De Saules, his father's only son, took place on August 3 last. On the night of the tragedy Mrs. De Saules, accompanied by her maid, drove up to the De Saules home and inquired for her former husband, from whom she had been divorced. By decree of the court the custody of the infant son of the couple was given on alternate months to the father and mother. It was a dispute over the custody of the four-year-old lad that is supposed to have furnished the motive for the killing. At the time of the tragedy the boy was in the keeping of his mother at the home of his mother, it is said, and was taken to her home in Chile.

When De Saules and his former wife met in the vestibule of the De Saules home there was but a brief dispute, followed by several shots. De Saules staggered back into the house and fell, mortally wounded. Mrs. De Saules made no attempt to escape after the killing, nor did she deny the deed after she had been taken into custody.

The slain man was the son of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur De Saules, of South Bethlehem. De Saules had been a student at the college in which he had just graduated as an athlete and in his final year at Yale he had played quarterback on the varsity eleven.

In the spring of 1910, De Saules went to Chile as a representative of a company interested in a railroad construction. A year later, in Paris, he married Blanche Erzuriz, whom he had first met in Chile. At the time of the marriage the bride was but seventeen years of age. She is a niece of a former president of Chile, and her family is one of the richest in South America.

Several years after their marriage the couple lived happily together, and a splendid future was predicted for young De Saules by his friends. Upon his return to New York he took an interest in politics. He had no organization during the campaign in 1912 for the election of President Wilson and another for the election of Mayor Mitchell. As a reward for his work in 1912 President Wilson appointed Mr. De Saules minister to Uruguay, but he declined the honor and engaged in the real estate business in New York.

Short time ago rumors became current among the friends of the couple that serious difference had arisen between Mr. and Mrs. De Saules. Finally came the separation and divorce, the young wife accusing her husband of being intimate with other women. She also charged that her husband squandered the greater part of her personal fortune in life about the "Gay White Way."

Since the night of the tragedy Mrs. De Saules has been confined in the Mineola jail. Here she has been permitted to receive periodic visits from her mother, brother and other relatives. She also charged that her husband squandered the greater part of her personal fortune in life about the "Gay White Way."

At the trial Mrs. De Saules is expected to testify that she was in the house at the time of the killing, and that she saw her husband being shot. She is expected to testify that she saw her husband being shot.

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PLANS TO ENTERTAIN HIGHWAY COMMISSION

Large Crowds of Motorists Will Go to Rowan-Cabarrus Line to Meet the Bankhead Pathfinders.

SHORT MEETING HERE AT THE COURT HOUSE

Address Will Be Made By Some Prominent Member of the Party.—Will Be Have But 20 Minutes.

(By The Associated Press)

At the court house last night at 8 o'clock, plans were discussed and perfected whereby the members of the pathfinder party of the Bankhead Highway will be entertained when they arrive in Concord, on their way from Washington to Atlanta. A number of the members of the Cabarrus County commission were present at the meeting, and final plans were made.

The commission, including United States Senators and Representatives of Congress, left Washington yesterday morning. Their plans would carry them to Raleigh tonight. From there they plan to reach Salisbury for dinner tomorrow. From Salisbury they will come to Concord. It is thought they will arrive here between 3 and 5 o'clock tomorrow afternoon.

At the meeting last night it was decided to ask all persons of this city who can to motor to Kannapolis, at the county line, tomorrow afternoon, and escort the commission to Concord. When the party leaves Salisbury they will wire the Merchants' Association of this city, and the party will then leave for the county line.

When the party reaches Kannapolis it will be escorted to the court house where a short address will be made by one member of the commission. Mr. L. T. Hartell will introduce the speaker. It is thought that the party will probably remain in Concord tonight.

The party which goes to the Rowan line to greet the members of the pathfinder party will be asked to go to the Mecklenburg line, where they will be met by citizens of Charlotte and Mecklenburg.

Every person, who can, is asked to join the party to meet the members of the commission in Kannapolis tomorrow. The final decision as to where the highway is to be placed will rest with the members of the pathfinder party, and the better impression given them will be more assurance that the road will come to Concord. Every one is invited to the short talk to be made upon the arrival here of the commission.

While the reception is taking place, the engineers of the company will talk business with Concord and Cabarrus representatives at the Elks Club.

SUIT DECIDED IN FAVOR OF DODGE BROS.

Brought to Compel Henry Ford to Disburse Accumulated Dividends to the Stockholders.

(By The Associated Press)

Detroit, Mich., Oct. 31.—The suit brought against the Ford Motor Company and Henry Ford by John F. Dodge and Horace E. Dodge to compel Ford to disburse the accumulated dividends to stockholders instead of using the money to increase the company's business, was decided in favor of Dodge Bros. The decision was announced today by Circuit Judge Geo. S. Hosmer.

The case was argued here several weeks ago, and witnesses testified at that time that about \$90,000,000 was involved. The Dodge brothers, who are stockholders of the Ford Motor Company, attempted by injunction to prevent Ford from using his company's profits to erect a great glass furnace at River Rouge, near Detroit.

At the theatres. End Seba continues to delight and mystify large audiences at the Strand by his powers as a mind reader. Another large audience was present last night, and his answers to questions were all prompt and correct. He will be on the Strand again tonight.

The New Pastime offers another great Vitagraph Blue Ribbon production, "The Soul Master." Mr. Williams is at his best in this, and this fact assures a great picture for Concordians.

"The Storm Woman," starring Claire McDowell, is the main attraction at The Theatrical Theatre today. Also on the programme are Neal Hart in "The Infantry Day," and a Victor comedy, "Kicked in the Kitchen."

50-Cent Jitney Fare at Greenville is No More. Greenville, S. C., Oct. 30.—The 50-cent jitney rate died an early death in Greenville. It has been learned since the smoke of battle has almost cleared away that the majority of the drivers have advanced their prices and those who attempted it simply couldn't get the business. Instances are numerous where soldiers, discovering they were in the 50-cent jitney, would get out and vacate the car, though it had started on its journey.

A new schedule giving 16 trains a day each way between Camp Sevier and Greenville has been arranged by the Piedmont & Northern.

Read the new ads today.

THE NEW PASTIME TODAY

A Greater Vitagraph Blue Ribbon Feature

"THE SOUL MASTER"

Starring the great actor

EARL WILLIAMS

HOW TO SEND MAIL TO SOLDIERS AND SAILORS.

All Packages Going to Europe From Concord Will Be Examined by Postmaster.

(By The Associated Press)

Notice has been issued to the public here by Postmaster Miller regarding arrangements for sending packages to the soldiers in Europe so the packages will reach the men by Christmas morning. The notice warns the people that if the men are to get the packages by Christmas they must be mailed here not later than November 15.

Special warning is given the people by Postmaster Miller that all packages to be sent must be so packed and wrapped that they can be easily opened for inspection by the postmaster. This is part of the law, that the packages must be inspected, and it saves trouble if the bundles are so arranged that they can be opened without a great amount of trouble. The notice regarding the sending to packages to soldiers follows:

"The time is approaching to give thought to bring Christmas cheer to the American soldiers, and sailors abroad.

"Arrangements have been perfected whereby the Christmas mail to the American expeditionary forces in Europe. Without the fullest cooperation on the part of the public it will be impossible to accomplish this result.

"The three essential respects in which the public can aid in assuring a happy Christmas at the front are: Mail early, address intelligently, and pack securely. For this reason it is urged that all persons having Christmas packages to send to the army in Europe observe closely the following directions:

"1. Mail to reach the soldiers in France by Christmas morning must be posted not later than November 15.

"2. Every package must bear conspicuously the words 'Christmas mail,' the complete address of the person for whom it is intended, and in the upper-left-hand corner, the name and address of the sender.

"3. Every parcel must be so packed and wrapped as to admit of easy inspection by the postmaster. No parcel will be dispatched to France which it contains no prohibited articles. (Signed) "A. S. BURLINSON, Postmaster General. (Signed) "NEWTON D. BAKER, Secretary of War. (Signed) "JOSEPHUS DANIELS, Secretary of the Navy."

THE NORTH CAROLINA PRESBYTERIAN SYNOD

Begins in Sessions in Fayetteville Yesterday.—Dr. Rolston Moderator.

(By The Associated Press)

Fayetteville, Oct. 30.—The 104th session of the North Carolina Presbyterian synod convened in the First Presbyterian church in this city this morning. Rev. Peter McIntire preached the opening sermon for the session, moderated by Rev. J. N. H. Summerville, of New Bern. Dr. McIntire preached from First Cor. 1:21. Dr. McIntire's sermon was characterized by the rugged eloquence of his Scottish forefathers.

At noon Dr. Summerville formally convened the synod with impressive prayer. After roll call Rev. W. E. Hinn, pastor of the First church of this city, moved that the election of the new moderator be deferred until the afternoon session. Recess was taken until 2:30 o'clock.

Immediately after the reassembling of the synod Rev. J. Leonard Gill, evangelist for the Mecklenburg presbytery placed in nomination with a short but stirring speech Rev. Dr. H. Rolston, of the First church at Charlotte, for moderator. The nomination was seconded by Dr. Martin Davidson, college and Dr. J. J. Hill, of Red Springs.

It was moved and seconded that election be made by acclamation. Dr. Rolston was introduced by Mr. Gill and assumed the direction of the deliberations of the synod.

Rev. E. L. Siler was nominated by Dr. D. I. Craig, of Beidsville, and elected by acclamation to the position of temporary clerk.

Dr. Walter Moore, president of the Union Theological seminary at Richmond presented the report of that institution. He outlined the exposition and progress of the seminary that will bring down gratification to Presbyterians throughout the state