

VOLUME XXVII

Futher Limitation Of Naval Armament Desire Of President Coolidge

Suggests That Powers to Be Represented at Geneva Conference Agree to Further Limitations.

AMERICA READY TO ADOPT PLAN

Chief Executive Says the American Delegates at Geneva Will Be Instructed to Work for Plan.

Washington, Feb. 10.—(AP)—President Coolidge has suggested to the powers that they empower their delegates to the Geneva preparatory commission for disarmament to negotiate and conclude at an early date an agreement further limiting naval armament.

The proposal is that an agreement be made supplementing the naval limitation treaty of Washington, "and covering the classes of vessels not covered by that treaty."

The text of the note to the powers was included in the message to Congress. It said in part:

"Although hesitating at this time to put forward rigid proposals as regards the ratios of naval strength to be maintained by the different powers, the American government for its part is disposed to accept in regard to those classes of vessels not recovered by the Washington treaty, an extension of the 5-5-3 ratio as regards the United States, Great Britain and Japan; and to leave to discussion at Geneva the ratios of France and Italy, taking into full account their special conditions and requirements in regard to types of vessels in question."

"Ratios for capital ships and aircraft carriers were established by that treaty which would not be affected in any way by the agreement covering other classes of ships."

The suggestion went to Great Britain, France, Italy and Japan and was announced to the world today by President Coolidge in a special message to Congress.

The President said the American delegates at Geneva would have "full powers to negotiate definitely regarding measures for further naval limitations, and if they are able to reach an agreement with the representatives of the other signatories of the Washington treaty, to conclude a convention embodying an agreement in tentative or final form as may be found practicable."

The American government and people, the President said, "are convinced that competitive armament constitutes one of the most dangerous contributing causes of international suspicion, and discord, and are calculated eventually to lead to war."

SOCIAL SERVICE GROUPS CONCLUDES ITS MEETING

Dr. Harry E. Barnes and Edward Eyre Hunt Speakers During Day.

Raleigh, Feb. 10.—(AP)—The North Carolina social conference concluded its two days' annual meeting today in discussion of general topics.

Dr. Harry E. Barnes, professor of historical sociology at Smith College, Northampton, Mass., had an address of endorsement of the League for Abolition of Capital Punishment, organization of which was perfected here yesterday.

Edward Eyre Hunt, of Washington, D. C., assistant to Herbert Hoover, secretary of commerce, was also down for an address on state planning, a discussion of economic and social objectives in relation to health, education, wealth and employment, highways, waterways, airways, railroads, fuel power resources, forests and mines, production and markets.

DIAZ FORCES VICTORIOUS IN RECENT CLASHES

Rebels Driven From Chinandega Are Expected to Make an Attack on Matagalpa.

Managua, Nicaragua, Feb. 10.—(AP)—With conservative forces now in control in Chinandega and the liberals reported to be in flight from that town, the conservative government, under President Diaz, is making preparations to meet an expected attack by the liberals on Matagalpa, 75 miles northeast of Managua. Liberal forces are reported to be approaching Matagalpa and conservative troops are being rushed to the city to prevent its capture by the liberals.

President to Discuss Foreign Relations

Washington, Feb. 10.—(AP)—President Coolidge is preparing to make an important announcement regarding the country's foreign relations. It was learned that copies of his message already have been delivered to the governments of Great Britain, France, Italy, Japan, Argentina, Brazil and Chile.

HYPNOTISM MYSTERY THRILLS TONIGHT

PROF. LE TOLMARGÉ & CO. ON STAGE ALSO "INEZ FROM HOLLYWOOD"

Concord Theatre

INCREASING NUMBER OF JUDICIAL DISTRICTS

Senate Passes Bill Increasing Number By Seven—Salaries of Judges Increases \$1500.

The Tribune Bureau S. R. Walter Hotel By J. C. BASKERVILLE

Raleigh, Feb. 10.—Now that the senate has passed the bill increasing the number of judicial districts seven, creating seven new superior court judges and seven new solicitors, after having previously passed the bill increasing the salaries of superior and supreme court judges \$1,500 each, will the house concur in these two bills that will entail an additional yearly expenditure of \$83,500 yearly?

This is a question that is being generally heard today as a result of the senate's action yesterday. For while both the senate and house are economy bent—there is no doubt about that—the senate after nearly two hours of debate decided that the additional service that would accrue to the people of the state through the creation of seven additional judicial districts would be well worth the cost.

But whether the house will take a similar view does not remain so certain although there is much favorable sentiment in the house for more judges and more judicial districts.

But where is the additional \$75,000 needed for the creation of the new judges and solicitors to come from, especially with the appropriations committee staying up nights to slash appropriations already recommended by the budget bureau? The amount now recommended for the superior courts of the state is \$287,000 a year for each year of the new biennium. The increase of \$1,500 that is granted under the salary increase bill, passage of which by the house is virtually assured, adds \$30,000 to the sum, the seven additional judges at \$6,500 a year would add another \$45,000, while seven more solicitors at \$5,000 a year would add another \$35,000, making a total increase of \$75,000, bringing the total appropriation needed to \$362,000 a year for each year of the biennium.

This does not include the added cost of the supreme court, which with the increases allowed, amounts to \$101,000 a year. The total increase in the budget, both superior and supreme courts, would amount to \$463,000, and would bring the total yearly cost to \$463,000.

Another interesting and significant feature of the bill to increase the number of judicial districts is that it is in direct opposition to the recommendations of Governor A. W. McLean, who recommended the creation of a number of permanent emergency judges, and that the constitution could be amended to permit the creation of more superior court judges without having to create more solicitors. This procedure was also recommended by the judicial conference. A bill along the line suggested by Governor McLean was introduced by Representative McLean, of Beaufort. And it was this permanent emergency judges, which was offered as a substitute for the compromise committee bill by Senator Royal W. Hayne, and defended valiantly by him, that was voted down 35 to 11 on roll call vote.

Those who do not believe that additional solicitors are needed have cited figures to show that the average term for a solicitor is rarely more than 21 weeks, with many of these weeks in mixed terms, where the solicitor is not required to stay in court for more than a day or two. On the other hand, it was shown that the terms of most of the judges are for more weeks than there are in the year, despite the fact that 36 weeks is considered a heavy term for a judge.

In arguing the bill creating the additional districts, Senator B. S. Womble, of Forsyth, declared that he was convinced that four judges could not materially lessen the congestion that now existed, and that seven judges could easily be kept busy all the time, as well as the solicitors. He said that should Forsyth county be made a separate district, there would be enough cases to keep the superior court busy all the time, as well as the county and recorder's court.

In making the final argument for the bill, Senator Rivers Johnson, of Duplin, said that there were cases in his county that had been on the docket for four years and had never been brought to trial, and that there were many other counties in just as bad shape.

"The cost of the judiciary system in North Carolina is next to the lowest in the United States—only 3 cents per capita per year—and certainly we can afford to expand our judicial system in keeping with our needs. The cost at the most will not exceed 5 cents per capita," Senator Johnson said.

The next move is up to the house.

Fort Mason State Park

Raleigh, Feb. 10.—(INS)—First steps have been taken toward the beautification and development of Fort Mason State Park with the planting of 1,800 forest tree seedlings. Wade H. Phillips, director of the Department of Conservation and Development, announced here today.

PORTUGAL'S LATEST REVOLUTION OVER, SAYS REPORT TODAY

Minister of Foreign Affairs in Lisbon Says Rebels There Surrendered During the Night.

SAYS REBELS WERE SOUNDLY BEATEN

Cruiser Which Joined Rebels Was Silenced by the Shore Batteries—All the Forces Surrendered.

Paris, Feb. 10.—(AP)—Portugal's latest revolution is over, says a telegram received by the Portuguese diplomatic representative here from the minister of foreign affairs. The revolutionaries in Lisbon surrendered last night.

The rebels surrendered after being driven in every quarter, and those who were barricaded in the arsenal fled.

The cruiser Carvalho Araujo which joined the rebels yesterday was silenced by the shore batteries. The crew ran up the white flag, and took refuge aboard a German boat.

Lisbon Now Quiet.

London, Feb. 10.—(AP)—Surrender of the revolutionaries in Lisbon at 10:30 o'clock last night was reported in a Reuter's dispatch from the Portuguese capital today. The correspondent said the city was quiet, and that order had been restored throughout the country. A large number of persons including non-combatants, he added, were killed or wounded in Lisbon during the fighting, and the property damage is extensive.

The insurgents who had entrenched themselves in an arsenal, surrendered after 44 hours of intense bombardment from field guns and machine guns. To add to the discomfort of the revolutionaries an airplane dropped 3 torpedoes into the arsenal, doing much damage.

The revolution broke out in the capital at noon Monday, supported by naval men, a portion of the republican guard, police and a large number of civilians. The insurgents erected barricades in various parts of the city, and the government took energetic measures to crush the movement.

By orders of the government, the cruisers whose crews were suspected of desertion, thus it is believed Lisbon was spared the horrors of a naval bombardment. The revolutionaries had seized the naval arsenal and the general postoffice, preventing news from leaving the capital.

THE COTTON MARKET

Opened Steady at Decline of 2 to 4 Points, With May Going to 14.05 and October to 14.45.

New York, Feb. 10.—(AP)—The cotton market opened steady today at a decline of 2 to 4 points, and sold about 6 to 12 points net lower in the early trading under realizing or liquidation promoted by rather easier Liverpool cables. There also seemed to be more uncertainty as to the ultimate fate of the McNary-Haugen bill.

Trading was fairly active, with futures covering and trade buying reported on the decline to 14.05 for May and 14.45 for October, but prices were within a point or two of the lowest at the end of the first hour. Private cables said trade calling had absorbed hedges in the Liverpool market, and there had been London and continental liquidation.

Cotton futures opened steady, March 13.80; May 14.15; July 14.34; Oct. 14.53; Dec. 14.70.

With Our Advertisers.

The smart things in the clothing line at Hoover's, the Young Man's Store. New Colonial Bedroom Suites, at values unusual, at the Bell-Harris Furniture Co. Robinson's is now featuring dresses, coats and millinery. See new ad for price particulars. Every Soap for 8 cents at J. & H. Cash Store. Also fruits and vegetable at less than the usual prices. The Kidd-Erix Co. has the new Brunswick-Seville model phonograph, one of the latest creations. Coal prices have been reduced by A. P. Bonds. New ad. gives prices. Dining room suites are being offered at reduced prices during the February Clearance Sale at the Concord Furniture Co. Read new ad. for particulars. The Crowell Plant Farm has new overgreens, many of them new creations. Call if interested. Spring Fashions at Elford's. New dress styles that will lead the vogue are being offered now at Elford's, says new ad. today. New Spring coats in latest fashions, women's spring footwear as well as men's Spring shoes are being offered now by the company. The prices of the goods are unusually low when the value of the goods is considered. Read the half-page ad. carefully. "Onyx" Hosiery at Paris-Bell Co. "Onyx" silk hosiery at special prices, at the Paris-Bell Co. Friday, Saturday and Monday. The price of the hosiery varies with the style and quality. The prices that will prevail during the three days will be from 1-4 to 1-3 of the regular prices for this well known make of hosiery. Read half page ad. of the company for further particulars.

In the News of the Nation



BEN B. LINDSEY



WILLIAM C. BRUCE



WILLIAM S. BAINBRIDGE



JOHN L. LEWIS

Ben B. Lindsey, noted juvenile judge, fought the decision of the Colorado Supreme Court voiding his election as juvenile judge of Denver. Senator William C. Bruce, of Maryland, was twitted as being a Pennsylvanian in a Senatorial debate, Commander William S. Bainbridge was decorated by the Polish Government for hygienic work in Poland after the war. John L. Lewis, president, was the central figure at the thirtieth convention of mine workers at Indianapolis.

GOOD FEELING IN THIS STATE BETWEEN THE RACES

The Two Races Have Learned to Work Together, Welfare Worker Says.

Raleigh, Feb. 10.—Because of the excellent relations existing between the white and colored races in North Carolina, the National organization of Quakers wanted to know something of how these relations have been brought about. As a result, Lieutenant Lawrence Oxley, director of the colored work of the State Department of Public Welfare, has gone to Washington, where he will address the American Friends Service Committee in annual session on the race relations in North Carolina, tomorrow night.

"The department feels much gratified that the work being done in this state to establish better relations between the white and colored races has attracted such nation-wide attention," said Lieutenant Oxley, "and I am personally glad of the opportunity to be able to tell of what we have been doing along these lines.

"There is no doubt in my mind that a better feeling exists between the two races in North Carolina than in any other southern state, and I am sure this is due very largely to the sentiment on the part of the white people of the state in favor of giving the negroes in the state the opportunities to improve their own conditions themselves. And the colored people for the most part have responded splendidly and are making use of these opportunities.

"And it is the story of how the two races have learned to work together, each co-operating with the other, that I intend to tell to the friends service committee in Washington tomorrow night."

Wearing a collar too large because he could not find one small enough, ten-year-old Henry Steen applied for the position of page in the Texas legislature. "You are too small, your legs are not long enough," said a member of the examining house committee. "Gentlemen," replied the lad, "what this legislature needs is brains, not legs."

McCormick Denies Divorce Rumor

Chicago, Feb. 10.—(AP)—Harold F. McCormick, of the harvester family of millionaires, denied today that his wife Ganna Walska, beautiful Polish singer, is to divorce him. He is her fourth husband.

Psychology of Bible Markings Helpful in Solving Mysteries

Berkeley, Calif., Feb. 10.—(AP)—Pencil marks in the Bible help E. O. Rich, former university professor and consulting criminologist, solve mysteries.

It is his experience that "the average man marks his Bible with a purpose. In doing so he reflects his inmost thought. Excepting the 'fictitious' who find only literary value there, a man reads his Bible for solace; for release of troubled spirit. His undercurrents indicate his mental perturbation. Growing heavier and more pronounced they gradually reach a climax. Before he has finished he has traced in the Scriptures an image of his inner self."

A Maryland resident after the death of his wife, from whom he was estranged, received from her a pencilled notation on a leaf of her Bible torn from the fiftieth Psalm. It was too dim to be read even under a powerful glass. Heinrich bleached the paper and photographed the writing. It was merely a tender expression of her love for her husband. If life she had been too proud to deny the charges he had laid against her but the writing was positioned to emphasize these words, in the twenty-first verse, following David's plaint against slander: "These things hath thou done and I kept silence, though thou thoughtest I was altogether such an one." The husband's doubts were answered.

Bible markings also led to the identification of the victim in the noted Schwartz murder case at Walnut Creek, Cal. Heinrich established that the body was not that of Schwartz, who carried heavy life insurance. A coffee bottle and fragments of a roll of bedding disclosed the man was probably a wanderer. Undercoverings in a partly charred Bible eliminated in Matthew 28:19: "Go ye therefore and teach x." Heinrich announced the dead man was an itinerant missionary and his judgment was confirmed by friends of the deceased.

GEORGE WATSON IS DEAD IN FLORIDA; WOUNDS ARE FATAL

Man Well Known in Asheville and Richmond Dies in Hospital at Miami of Bullet Wounds.

NOTE FOUND IN SISTER'S HOME

Pistol Lying Near Body Indicates That He Might Have Shot Himself—Motive Was Not Given.

Miami, Fla., Feb. 10.—(AP)—George Watson, 48, of Petersburg, Va., prominent in Asheville, N. C., and Richmond, Va., real estate clerk, died in a Homestead hospital today from bullet wounds according to advices reaching here.

Watson was found dying in the room of Brooks Rogers, well known South Florida grower, a brother-in-law, with a pistol at his side and a brief note on a nearby table with his signature stating: "wise Acta Temple, Richmond. I have insurance with them to take care of all expenses," Watson died a few minutes after reaching the hospital.

Investigating officers found a note under the front door signed by H. Thomas, with the message: "Mr. Watson, come over and see me at once, as I have something of interest to you." Thomas was said to be unknown in Homestead.

At a coroner's inquest which was recessed until tonight, Dr. J. A. Smith stated that when he responded to a call that Watson was dying, he found the man in an intoxicated condition.

THE EDUCATIONAL BILLS

The Two Bills Differ Widely in Some Respects.—Sub-Committees at Work Studying Them.

Raleigh, Feb. 10.—Preliminary consideration of the various educational bills submitted so far in the general assembly, has been undertaken by a joint subcommittee of the house and senate educational committee, for the purpose of familiarizing the members with the bills, with a view to working out a composite compromise bill embracing the most desirable features of all these bills.

The two bills which took up most of the first session of the committee, as introduced by Representative Winston of Bertie and the other by Representative Folger of Surry, differed generally in principle, but agreed widely in some other respects. Both bills are designed to provide for the 8 months school term and for the revaluation of property for purposes of school taxation.

Winston bill provides for a uniform county tax on property of 35 cents to be levied by the county commissioners and collected as at present, and to be expended by the county board of education. It also would create a state board of equalization, and the state board of education. An additional fund from the state of \$4,000,000 is provided.

The Folger bill, on the other hand, would levy a general state-wide school tax of 47 cents, to be collected by the counties, but which would be turned over to the state treasurer into an state school fund, and then expended under the direction of the state board of education. The basis for the levying of the tax—that is the valuation of property in the several counties—would be determined by a board of assessment appointed by the Governor, consisting of one member from each of the ten Congressional districts, the commissioner of Revenue and the Attorney General.

Aside from a reading and general discussion of these bills, no definite action was taken.

The Spinnhour bill, that would abolish the present state educational system, was read, but not discussed, it evidently being the desire of the committee to let it die undisturbed even by discussion.

GREAT BRITAIN EXPLAINS HER CHINESE POLICIES

Sends 20-Page Communication Covering Policies to the League of Nations.

Geneva, Feb. 10.—(AP)—The league of nations has received a 20-page communication from the British government, outlining the British policy in China and affirming that it is in consonance with the league covenant.

STATE-WIDE BILLS GET ATTENTION OF LEGISLATURE TODAY

Winston's Bill to Make the "Old North State" Song the Official State Song, Adopted.

BOTH BRANCHES WERE KEPT BUSY

Winston Warns Against Too Many Bureaus, and His Bill Gets Consideration in the House.

State Capitol, Raleigh, Feb. 10.—(AP)—The General Assembly working session from before until after noon, passed state-wide measures today in mutual exchange.

The House passed to the upper house concurrent resolutions, Representative Winston of Bertie, calling for a commission appointed by the heads of both houses to report back with a view to eliminating "duplicate departments" of the state government.

He spoke against "bureaucracy in government," and said the state government was getting to be like the national one in "its many bureaus."

Passage also was given Winston's bill to make the "old North State" song, written by Judge Williams of Gaston, the official state song, after discussion in which Harrison Yelverton of Wayne assailed the piece as a "city university of being so exalted."

Both branches adjourned until 11 o'clock tomorrow.

The new statewide House bills included a bill relating to drainage districts by Tatum, of Tyrrell; amending law on insane convicts, Sutton of LeNoir; amending state highway statutes, Connor of Wilson; prevent larceny of cotton bales Graham of Sampson; to grant right of eminent domain to churches to acquire cemeteries, by Rhodes of Alamance; and to prohibit impersonation of peace officers offered by Brawley, of Durham.

On special order, the Winston bill to make the "old North State" the official state song, was passed overwhelmingly to the senate.

Lawyers in the house disagreed over another legal bill that would amend the constitution to allow changes in judicial districts.

Motions and counter motions as to procedure were quieted by Representative Turlington, who proposed unanimous consent to take up all such bills on special order next Thursday night.

The Sedberry bill, affecting seizure of automobiles found containing liquor was referred to the propositions and grievances committee at the request of Representative Turlington. He said he had been requested by ministers to get them a hearing. The bill was passed by the senate.

Another legal bill relating to juries was postponed.

Judge Winston's resolution called for creation of a commission to investigate the possibility of reducing governmental branches and state expenses. It would be required to report to the 1929 assembly.

A bill extending time for making crop liens was passed.

TOWNSHIP SUNDAY SCHOOL INSTITUTE HELD LAST NIGHT

Attendance at Trinity Reformed Church Large.—Opening Address is Given by D. W. Sims.

LAST SESSION FRIDAY NIGHT

Dr. Honline Delivers Great Address on "Responsible Education of Youth."

Those in charge of the Concord Township Sunday School Institute expressed themselves as being highly pleased with the attendance and the interest shown in the work. The institute will continue through Friday night, sessions being held at 3:30 this afternoon and at 7:30 tonight, and at the same hours on Friday.

The opening address of the institute was given by D. W. Sims, Raleigh, general superintendent of the North Carolina Sunday School Association, his subject being "Methods for Sunday School Teachers." Mr. Sims emphasized the points that any method of teaching would be very ineffective unless backed up by the life of the teacher, and that cheerfulness and enthusiasm were essential factors in presenting a lesson.

The teaching methods enumerated and discussed by Mr. Sims were as follows: First, the "Story Method," which was classified as being one of the oldest as well as one of the most effective methods of imparting religious truth.

The second method discussed was the "Lecture Method." The speaker gave a group of advantages and a group of disadvantages in the use of this method of teaching. According to Mr. Sims, the best teachers have almost to a unit agreed that the lecture method is very good for occasional use in the adult Bible class, but that it should not be used constantly in any class. The "Assignment Method" by which different pupils are asked to bring in information pertaining to certain phases of the lesson was mentioned as an excellent method for use in classes of adults and young people in the teen ages. The "Question and Answer" method was considered as being adapted for use in all classes from the junior department and beyond.

Two other teaching methods mentioned by Mr. Sims were the "Dramatic Method" and the "Optic Method." By the dramatic method the speaker explained that he meant teaching through the dramatized Bible story, missionary stories, and so on. The optic method includes the use of objects, pictures, the blackboard and maps in teaching and can be used effectively in all grades of the Sunday School.

"The Responsibility of the Church for the Religious Education of Childhood and Youth" was the theme of an address delivered last night by Dr. M. A. Honline, Pasadena, Calif., dean of the Southern California Sunday School of Religious Education, and who is considered one of the leading religious educators of the day. Dr. Honline said in part:

"Science has converted the world into one vast neighborhood. It is now the business of the church to transform that neighborhood into a universal brotherhood."

"If America is to evolve a brand of democracy that will be safe for the world and safe for America, that democracy must be erected on the dual foundation of intelligence and the use of their resources, and their talents, and provide a more adequate program of religious training for all the children of all the people."

In today's sessions of the institute the following program will be carried out:

Afternoon. 3:30—Song. Scripture Reading and Prayer. Rev. M. E. Hanel, pastor Second Presbyterian Church. 3:40—The Meaning and Aim of Religious Education—Dr. M. A. Honline. 4:15—Questions and Discussion. 4:30—Adjourn. Night. 7:30—Song. Scripture Reading and Prayer. Rev. C. Herman Trueblood, pastor First Baptist Church. 7:40—The Alert Adult Bible Class—D. W. Sims. 8:10—Song. Record of Attendance. 8:25—Jesus, the Master Teacher—Dr. M. A. Honline. 9:05—Announcements. 9:15—Adjourn.

WEATHER FORECAST

Rain tonight, colder in west portion; Friday partly cloudy. Wind northeast shifting to northwest winds.