and sever the standard stand

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LIFE OR DEATH FOR MRS, SNYDER AND GRAY? THESE MEN TO DECIDE



Mrs. Ruth Snyder's and Henry Judd Gray's hopes of escaping the death penalty for the murder of Mrs. Snyder's husband are pinned to these twelve men, the jury chosen after five days of strenuous examination. All believe in capital punishment, 1, William E. Young (foreman), 38, publicity man; 2, Charles Meissner, 50, landscape gardener; 3, Alfred R. Kramer, 35, clerk; 4, Herman Ballweg, 63, retired saloon-keeper; 5, John Schneider, Jr., 30, florist; 6, John F. Connolly, 39, engineer; 7, Louis the Market of the Market of Scheme and Sche

Married for Love, Are Very Happy, Jersey Couple Say—Her Relatives Protested.

Married for Love, Are Very Happy,
Jersey Couple Say—Her Relatives
Protested.

New York World.

James Doyle, twenty-two, a soda
clerk of Newark, married Thursday
Mrs. Nellie Ellaby, sixty-seren, a wellto-do widow of Jersey City.

Venture.

Doyle makes "an excellent salary as
a soda clerk," Mrs. Doyle said, and
"is able to support me handsomely."
She aided him in buying a \$2,000 automobile as a wedding present. Although Doyle boarded with Mrs. Ellaby, sixty-seren, a wellto-do widow of Jersey City.

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the directors of the United Press that concern threw up the sponge.

"There followed a wild scramble to secure membership in the Associated Press and our officers and directors were very busy for a considerable time in clearing away difficulties. They had definitely adopted a policy that no reprisals were to be exacted and exerted themselves strenuously to the end that no established newspapers should be left outside the fold. In this effort they were extraordinarily successful, as any number here today can testify.

"For a short time, life in the Associated Press was apparently tranquil, but a very large sized cloud was just beyond the horizon. The Chicago Inter-Ocean had been charged with violation of the bylaws—the section in question having been upheld by the courts in several jurisdictions.

"Persisting in the Associated Press and who are not in sympathy with the cooperative spirit that requires members of the Associated Press and who are not in sympathy their local news to the other members and to them alone."

In concluding, Mr. Noyes said: "In the case was carried to the supreme court of the State.

"On February 19, 1900, out of a clear sky came an astounding decision by the Illinois corporation was declared a common carrier—apparently principally on the ground that in the original charter some one had entirely unnecessarily inserted a clause authorizing the recetion of telegrantly lines—along the producers.

Have Submitted Data to the State.

original charter some one had entirely innecessarily inserted a clause authororiginal charter some one had entirely unnecessarily inserted a clause authorizing the erection of telegraph lines—a procedure that had not even been contemplated so far as any of us knew. The court held, however, that this potential power, even though unevercised, made the organization a common carrier and that any applicant must be served.

"For a time confusion reigned. Suits were filed to comfet the Associated Press of Illinois to render service to non-members. Counter suits were threatened by members in other states if their contract rights were myaded.

"A number of us believed that we could form an organization in another state and under the protection of law preserve our essential rights. After most exhaustive investigation and iffer taking an enormous amount of

most exhaustive investigation and ifter taking an enormous amount of egal advice from the leaders of the sar throughout the country, we formed he present New York organization and invited all members of the Illinois corporation to join with us in he new venture.

"The response was practically unanmous and the New York membership orporation began operation on Sepember 30, 1900, "During the years since that date

ember 30, 1900.

"During the years since that date here have been only a few events of really great interest even to newspaper men. Several legal assaults have been successfully repelled. For years Melville E. Stone insisted that on a proper presentation in the courts the open and avowed appropriation of our news could be stopped and we won of our news could be stopped and we won the state's mineral resources.

The law provides a penalty of a fine of the state's mineral resources. The law provides a penalty of a fine of the state's mineral resources.

have we been right in the years since then in our conviction that a dominant privately owned news gathering and distributing agency would be a memore beyond words to the welfare and safety of press and people? Leaving aside the question of a bad man, of a sinister control, would we today give any man, the best man, unrestricted control of our life blood, our news supply, free to jmpose with long-time contracts what money tribute he would, free to feed us news with what bias he desires, free to decide whether the news shall have a capitalistic bias or a proletarian sympathy, free to favor in news treatment the republican or the democratic side?

"Would any member of the Asso-

avor in news treatment the republican or the democratic side?

"Would any member of the Associated Press today regard it as trinkable that even if a majority of the members of the organization wished a report impregnated with bias in favor of or against any measure, or any party, or any church or any man that the Associated Press should or could furnish such a report?

"Lanswer these questions for your

could furnish such a report?

"I answer these questions for you. It is unthinkable and would call down on the general manager the riotous condemnation of every member of the Associated Press. And yet it was just such an unrestrained control that faced the newspapers in 1893, menacing us all and bidding us be on our guard through all time."

After referring to the spread of the cooperative idea to Canada, Great Britain, Australia, New Zealand and Japan, where similar organizations exist, the speaker continued:

"And now has the Associated Press."

The Flood At A Glance

More than 9,000 square miles of the loss of crops, livestock, property fertile lands in Missishipi and Arkansas have been laid waste by the great valley flood. more to not clean in the flood area in seven states and the minimum estimate of the flood in floor to necessary the miles and the minimum estimate of the floor in the constraints of the floor in the constraints of the confidence of the confidence

Fewer Than One-fourth of Friday Have Submitted Data to the State. Tribune Bureau Tribune Bureau Sir Walter Hotel Raleigh, April 25.—Fewer than on

fourt of the mineral producers of North Carolina have reported to the Department of Conservation as re-quired by act of the recent term of

t quired by act of the recent term of the General Assembly, according to records of the office of State Geologist H. J. Bryson.

The law requires that within 90 sdays after its ratification on March 9 every person, firm, or corporation e "emgaging in the manufacture or production of any product from any natural resources, classified as mineral products," shall notify the Department of Conservation and Delevonment of the products being produced. In case of a new enterprise, notice is required before beginning operations; or in case of discontinuing work to appraise the department of this action.

From letters for the records have

From letters for the reports have been mailed out by Geologist Bryson to a list of 326 known producers, and only 69 replies have been received. Of these reporting 60 are active operation and 14 are not working at this time. Producers of feddspar, mica, granite, and sand and gravel lead in number of those making the returns. Department officials believe that the compilation of these statistics will be a step forward in the development of the state's mineral resources.

the open and avowed appropriation of our news could be stopped and we won on his contention from the lower court to the Supreme Court of the United States and misappropriation of our property is now forbidden by injunction.

"And now it is for us to consider whether all this struggle, all this effort has been and is worth while. Were the newspaper men of 1893 justified in believing that the thing of first importance to them and the country was to guard the purity of their news supply through a cooperative organization in which members of every shade of opinion would necessarily be critics and censors and any partisanship or bias shown in the report sure of stern rebuke? Were they right in insisting that newspaper men, members of the organization, from every section of the country should be directors, trustees for our common interests?"

"Have your directors—and in the Science Building at Elon College, Apr. 25.—The Duke

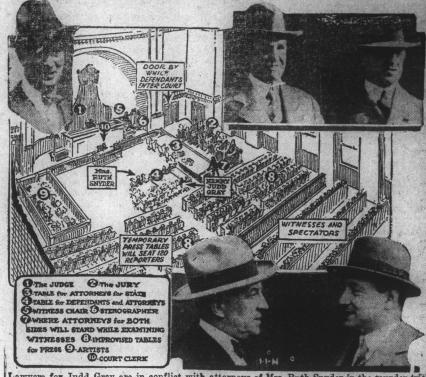
directors, trustees for our common interests?

"Have your directors—and in the passage of years I have served with over seventy of them—been justified in so construing their obligations to you, that to attend the metings of the board and the executive committee consumes from one to two months of each of their years?

"Has your news report been a fair and honest one and has it been a true one when decent allowance is made for the occasional human error?

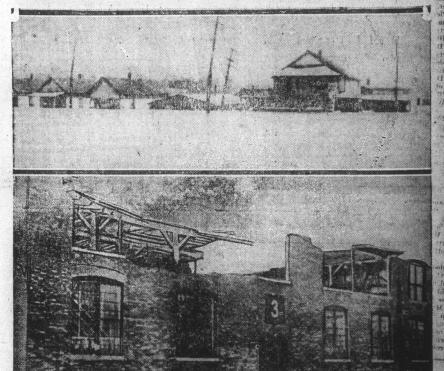
"And, most important of all these questions, were we right in 1895 and

SNYDER AND GRAY LAWYERS IN CONFLICT



Lawyers for Judd Gray are in conflict with attorneys of Mrs. Ruth Snyder in the murder trial at Long Island City, N. Y., although Gray and Mrs. Snyder are being tried jointly for the bas murder of Mrs. Snyder's husband. Gray is attempting to put the blame on his former sweet. Ho heart, and Mrs. Snyder accuses Gray of planning the whole thing. Sketch shows the stage setting. At upper left is District Attorney Newcombe, the prosecutor. Upper right, the Snyder attorneys, Dana Wallace (left) and Edgar Hazleton. Lower right, Gray's lawyers, Miller (left) and Millard.

ILLINOIS STRUGGLES WITH FLOODS, TORNADO

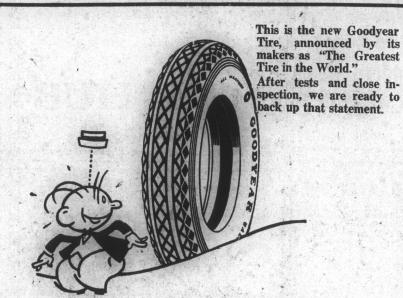


raters of Ohio and Missippi rivers did to Mounds, Ill., and how one plant in De Kalb, Ill., sur ered from a disastrous tornedo. These views are typical of conditions in wide areas

MARINES READY TO BATTLE CHINA REDS



United States Marines are now in such a formidable position in Shanghai that they are ready t enforce any demands made by Washington on the Cantonese government. Photo shows a streegic Shanghai corner defended by leathernecks, and Brigadier-General Smedley Butler, Marin commander, studying a war map of the ragion, ready for action.



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More people ride on Goodyear Ti res than on any other kind.