

The Courier

is published in the centre of a fine tobacco growing section, making it one of the best advertising mediums for merchants and warehousemen in the adjoining counties. Circulates largely in Person, Granville, Durham and Caswell counties, in North Carolina, and Halifax county, Virginia. Advertising rates reasonable; terms made known on application.

PERSON COUNTY COURIER.

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Cash invariably in advance.

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Public speakers, actors, auctioneers, teachers, preachers, and all who are liable to over-tax and irritate the vocal organs, find in Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, a safe, certain, and speedy relief. It soothes the larynx, allays inflammation, strengthens the voice, and for whooping cough, croup, sore throat, and the sudden colds to which children are exposed, this preparation is without equal.

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BENEFITED BY

a few doses of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. This remedy, with ordinary care, has worked such magical effects that I have suffered very little inconvenience."
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"Ayer's Cherry Pectoral has cleared and strengthened my voice, so that I am able to speak with very much more ease and comfort than before."—(Rev.) C. N. Nichols, Pastor of Baptist Church, New Salisbury, Mass.

Ayer's

Cherry Pectoral

PREPARED BY
DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by all Druggists. Price \$1.00 per bottle, 48¢

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Roxboro, N. C.

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Practices wherever his services are required. Office at Winstead Hotel.

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Practices wherever their services are required. Prompt attention given to the collection of claims.

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Office up stairs in W. J. Johnson & Co.'s new building,
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Offers his professional services to the people of Person and surrounding country. Practices in all the branches of medicine.

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NOTICE!

Having returned to Roxboro, I again offer my professional services to the citizens of the town and surrounding country.

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TWO BIG STORES.

Oxford

AND

Durham.

A. MAX,

OXFORD, and DURHAM, N. C.

MY MOTTO

Is to sell down my immense stock of goods. Call and see while you can buy them at your own price—at wholesale or retail. Do not miss the opportunity.

COME

While the Cake is Hot.

Two large stores of general merchandise—complete in every department—which I will sell 50 per cent. less than you can buy them any where else.

OXFORD STORE.

Herdon Block, No. 2, College Street

Durham Store,

Cooper's Building, Main Street opposite Post Office. Wyatt's old stand.

Adolph Max.

CLEVELAND'S LETTER.

THE WORDS OF A STATESMAN. FORMAL LETTER OF ACCEPTANCE.

For Democracy for the American People. Forbids Exposition of the Principles of Tariff Reform—A Question Not only of Money But Morals—Resistance to the Force Bill and in Praise of Democracy.

NEW YORK, SEPT. 26.

The following is Mr. Cleveland's letter of acceptance:

To Hon. William Wilson and others, Committee, etc:

Gentlemen:—In responding to your formal notification of my nomination to the presidency by the national Democracy I hope I may be permitted to say at the outset that continued reflection and observation have confirmed me in my adherence to the opinions which I have hitherto plainly and publicly declared, touching the questions involved in the canvass.

This is a time, above all others, when these questions should be considered in the light afforded by a sober apprehension of the principles upon which our government is based, and a clear understanding of the relation it bears to the people for whose benefit it was created. We shall thus be supplied with a test by which the value of any proposition relating to the maintenance and administration of our government can be ascertained, and by which the justice and honesty of every political question can be judged. If doctrines or theories are presented which do not satisfy this test, loyal Americanism must pronounce them false and mischievous.

The protection of the people in the exclusive use and enjoyment of their property and earnings concededly constitutes the especial purpose and mission of our free government. This design is so interwoven with the structure of our plan of rule that failure to protect the citizen in such use and enjoyment, or their unjustifiable diminution by the government itself, is a betrayal of the people's trust.

We have, however, undertaken to build a great nation upon a plan especially our own. To maintain it and to furnish, through its agency the means for the accomplishment of national objects, the American people are willing, through Federal taxation, to surrender a part of their earnings and income. Tariff legislation presents a familiar form of Federal taxation. Such legislation results as surely in a tax upon the daily life of our people as the tribute paid directly into the hands of the tax-gatherer. We feel the burden of these taxes too palpably to be persuaded by any sophistry that they do not exist, or are paid by foreigners.

Such taxes, representing a diminution of the property rights of the people, are only justifiable when laid and collected for the purpose of maintaining our government and furnishing the means for the accomplishment of its legitimate purposes and functions. This is taxation under the operation of a tariff for revenue. It accords with the professions of American free institutions and its justice and honesty answer the test supplied by a correct appreciation of the principles upon which these institutions rest.

This theory of tariff legislation manifestly enjoins strict economy in public expenditures and their limitation to legitimate public uses, inasmuch as it exhibits as absolute extortion any exactation, by way of taxation, from the substance of the people, beyond the necessities of a careful and proper administration of government.

Opposed to this theory, the dogma is now boldly presented that tariff taxation is justifiable for the express purpose and intent of thereby promoting especial interests and enterprises. Such a proposition is so clearly contrary to the spirit of our constitution and so directly encourages the disturbance, by selfishness and greed, of patriotic sentiment, that its statement would rudely shock our people, if they had not already been insidiously allured from the safe landmarks of principle. Never have honest desire for national growth, patriotic devotion to country, and sincere regard for those who toil been so betrayed to the support of a pernicious doctrine. In its behalf the plea that our infant industries should be fostered did service until discredited by our stalwart growth, patriotic devotion to country, and sincere regard for those who toil were so betrayed to the support of a pernicious doctrine.

At all times, and in all places, we trust the people. As against a disposition to force the way to Federal power, we present to them, as our claim to their confidence and support, a steady championship of their rights.

The people are entitled to sound and honest money, abundantly sufficient in volume to supply their business needs. But whatever may be the form of the people's currency, national or State—whether gold, silver, or paper—it should be so regulated

tariff taxation for the sake of protection is an American system, the continuance of which is necessary in order that high wages may be paid to our workmen and a home market provided for our farm products.

These pretences should no longer deceive. The truth is that such a system is directly antagonized by every sentiment of justice and fairness of which Americans are pre-eminently proud. It is also true that while our workmen and farmers can, the least of all our people, defend themselves against the harder home life which such tariff taxation decrees, the workman, suffering from the importation and employment of pauper labor instigated by his professed friends, and seeking security for his interests in organized co-operation, still waits for a division of the advantages secured to his employer under the cover a generous solicitude for his wages, while the farmer is learning that the prices of his products are fixed in foreign markets, where he suffers from a competition invited and built up by a system he is asked to support.

The struggle for unearned advantage at the doors of the government tramples on the rights of those who patiently rely upon assurances of American equality. Every governmental concession to clamorous favorites invites corruption in political affairs by encouraging the expenditure of money to debauch suffrage in support of a policy directly favorable to private and selfish gain. This in the end must strangle patriotism, and weaken popular confidence in the rectitude of republican institutions.

Though the subject of tariff legislation involves a question of markets, it also involves a question of morals. We cannot, with impunity, permit injustice to taint the spirit of right and equity which is the life of our republic, and we shall fail to reach our national destiny if greed and selfishness lead the way.

Recognizing these truths the national Democracy will seek, by the propagation of just and sound principles, to equalize to our people the blessings due them from the government they support; to promote among our countrymen a closer community of interest, cemented patriotism and national pride, and to point out a fair field, where prosperous and diversified American enterprise may grow and thrive in the wholesome atmosphere in the American industry, ingenuity and intelligence. Tariff reform is still our purpose. Though we oppose the theory that tariff laws may be passed; laying for their object the granting of discriminating and unfair governmental aid to private ventures, we wage no exterminating war against any American interests. We believe a readjustment can be accomplished, in accordance with the principles we profess, without disaster or demolition.

We believe that the advantages of free raw material should be accorded to our manufacturers, and we contemplate a fair and careful distribution of necessary tariff burdens, rather than the precipitation of free trade. We anticipate with calmness the misrepresentation of our motives and purposes, instigated by a selfishness which seeks to hold in unrelenting grasp its unfair advantage under present tariff laws. We will rely upon the intelligence of our fellow-countrymen to reject the charge that a party comprising a majority of our people is planning the destruction or injury of American interests; and we know they cannot be frightened by the spectre of impossible free trade.

The administration and management of our government depend upon popular will. Federal power is the instrument of that will—not its master. Therefore the attempt of the opponents of Democracy to interfere with and control the suffrage of the States through Federal agencies, develops a design, which no explanation can mitigate, to reverse the fundamental and safe relations between the people and their government. Such an attempt can not fail to be regarded by thoughtful men as proof of a bold determination to secure the ascendancy of a discredited party in reckless disregard of a free expression of the popular will. To resist such a scheme is an impulse of Democracy.

At all times, and in all places, we trust the people. As against a disposition to force the way to Federal power, we present to them, as our claim to their confidence and support, a steady championship of their rights.

The people are entitled to sound and honest money, abundantly sufficient in volume to supply their business needs. But whatever may be the form of the people's currency, national or State—whether gold, silver, or paper—it should be so regulated

or by wise and careful laws that no one can be deluded as to the certainty and stability of its value. Every dollar put into the hands of the people should be of the same intrinsic value of purchasing power. With this condition absolutely guaranteed, both gold and silver can be safely utilized upon equal terms in the adjustment of our currency.

In dealing with this subject no selfish scheme should be allowed to intervene and no doubtful experiment should be attempted. The wants of our people, arising from the deficiency or imperfect distribution of money circulation, ought to be fully and honestly recognized and efficiently remedied. It should, however, be constantly remembered that the inconvenience or loss that might arise from such a situation can be much easier borne than the universal distress which must follow a discredited currency. Public officials are the agents of the people. It is therefore their duty to secure for those whom they represent the best and most efficient performance of public work. This plainly can best be accomplished by regarding ascertained fitness in the selection of government employes. These considerations alone are sufficient justification for an honest adherence to the letter and spirit of civil service reform. There are, however, other features of this plan which abundantly commend it. Through its operation worthy merit in every station and condition of American life is recognized in the distribution of public employment, while its application tends to raise the standard of political activity from spoils-hunting and unthinking party affiliation to the advocacy of party principles by reason and argument. The American people are generous and grateful; and they have impressed these characteristics upon their government. Therefore, all patriotic and just citizens must commend liberal consideration for our worthy veteran soldiers and for the families of those who have died. No complaint should be made of the amount of public money paid to those actually disabled or made dependent by army service. But our pension roll should be a roll of honor, uncontaminated by ill desert and unprovoked demagogue use. This is due to those whose worthy names adorn the roll, and to all our people who delight to honor the brave and the true. It is also due to those who in years to come should be allowed to hear, reverently and lovingly the story of American patriotism and fortitude illustrated by our pension roll. The preferences accorded to veteran soldiers in public employment should be secured to them honestly and without evasion, and, when capable and worthy their claims to the helpful regard and gratitude for their countrymen should be ungrudgingly acknowledged.

advance the interests of the world of civilization, should commend the project to the governmental approval and endorsement.

Our country not only expect from those who represent them in public places a sedulous care for the things which are directly and palpably related to their material interests, but they also fully appreciate the value of cultivating our national pride and maintaining our national honor. Both their material interest and their national pride and honor are involved in the success of the Columbian Exposition; and they will not be inclined to condone any neglect or effort on the part of their government to insure, in the grandeur of this event, a fitting exhibit of American growth and greatness and a splendid demonstration of American patriotism.

In an imperfect and incomplete manner I have thus endeavored to state some of those things which accord with the creed and the intentions of the party to which I have given my life long allegiance. My attempt has not been to instruct my countrymen nor my party, but to remind both that Democratic doctrines lie near the principles of our government and tend to promote the people's good. I am willing to be accused of addressing my countrymen upon trite topics and in homely fashion, for I believe that important truths are found on the surface of thought, and that they should be stated in direct and simple terms. Though much is left unwritten, my record as a public servant leaves no excuse for misunderstanding my belief and position on the questions which are now presented to the voters of the land for their decision.

Called for the third time to represent the party of my choice in a contest for the supremacy of Democratic principles, my grateful appreciation of its confidence, less than ever effaces the solemn sense of my responsibility.

If the action of the convention you represent shall be endorsed by the suffrages of my countrymen, I will assume the duties of the great office for which I have been nominated, knowing full well its labors and perplexities, and with humble reliance upon the Divine Being, infinite in power to aid, and constant in a watchful care over our favored nation.

Yours very truly,
GROVER CLEVELAND.

Gray Gables, Sept. 26, 1892.

THE BEAUTY STANDARD.

The standard of female loveliness varies greatly in different countries and with individual tastes. Some prefer the plump and buxom type; some admire the slender and sylvan-like, and some the tall and queenly maiden. But among all people of the Caucasian race, one point of beauty is always admired—a pure, clear and spotless complexion—whether the female be of the blonde, brunette, or hazel-eyed type. This first great requisite of loveliness can be assured only by a pure state of the blood, active liver, good appetite and digestion, all of which are secured by the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It is guaranteed to accomplish all that is claimed for it, or money refunded. If you would have a clear, lovely complexion, free from eruptions, moth patches, spots and blemishes, use the "Golden Medical Discovery."

FIELD WANTS MARSHALS.

A special from Savannah, Ga., says: General Field was asked today as to his views with regard to the decision of the third party to apply for federal supervisors at all southern polling places.

"I heartily endorse it," was his answer. "I am decidedly in favor of the appointment of federal supervisors at each polling place, and the placing there, if necessary, of United States marshals. We are in this fight to get the full and fair count, and it is evidently not the intention to give us a fair showing. For this reason we have decided to protect our rights as voters through the medium of federal supervisors and marshals."

HE DIDN'T FAINT WITH SURPRISE.

"Papa will be so surprised," murmured Evangeline, as Roderick slipped the jewel-bespangled circlet on her fairy finger, "but you will have to ask his consent. Don't shrink from that ordeal, dear! Remember that the fondest hopes of your own Evangeline will go with you. I think you will find papa in the library."
"Well, young man," said Papa McGinnis, with some impatience, as Roderick McStab timidly entered the library, "seems to me it's taken you and Eva a darned long time to settle matters. I've been waiting here more'n an hour."

PREACHED AGAINST POPULISTS.

Dr. Hawthorne of Atlanta, Ga., Talks Politically From His Pulpit.

ATLANTA, Ga., Sept. 18.—The political fight in Georgia has grown so warm that the preachers have begun discussing the parties and the issues from the pulpits. Today Dr. J. B. Hawthorne, of the First Baptist Church of Atlanta, perhaps the most prominent minister in the South, preached against the Third party. He said:

All this unjust legislation in the interest of monopoly had its origin in the hearts of New England infidels, men who repudiated moral government and discarded the last idea of retribution after death. All these wild Communist and wicked methods which certain elements of the oppressed classes are adopting for the redress of their grievances are inspired mainly by unbelief in the eternal verities of the word of God.

The old political parties are bad enough. They must either mend or end. But the new parties, with their agrarian and communistic principles and spirit and their Nihilistic threatenings and methods are incontrovertibly worse.

I hate despotism as I hate the gates of hell, and especially the despotism of monied monopoly. I believe it to be robbery of the people which a just God will punish with unquenchable fire. But I hate worse and dread more the infidel madness that would tear down the fair fabric of our government and make a desolation of our bounteous birthland for the sake of punishing monopoly.

HAPPY HOOSIERS.

Wm. Timmons, Postmaster of Idaville, Ind., writes: "Electric Bitters has done more for me than all other medicines combined, from that bad feeling arising from Kidney and Liver trouble," John Leslie, farmer and stockman, of same place, says: "Find Electric Bitters to be the best Kidney and Liver medicine, made me feel like a new man." J. W. Gardner, hardware merchant, same town, says: "Electric Bitters is just the thing for a man who is all run down and don't care whether he lives or dies; he found new strength, good appetite and felt just like he had a new lease on life. Only 50c, a bottle at J. D. Morris' Drug Store."

SEX AND COLOR OBLITERATED.

In her speech at Waycross, Ga., as reported in the Atlanta Journal, Mrs. Lease said: "She thanked God that we now had a party that had whiped out all sectional lines and had obliterated all sex and color."

This is putting it quite strong—in the future there is to be no difference between the sexes, and a black face is to be the same as a white face. Mrs. Lease is the companion of General Weaver on his campaign tour, and she tells what will be done if Weaver is elected.

GUARANTEED CURE.

We authorize our advertised druggists to sell Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, upon this condition. If you are afflicted with a Cough, Cold or any Lung, Throat or Chest trouble, and will use this remedy as directed, giving it a fair trial, and experience no benefit, you may return the bottle and have your money refunded. We could not make this offer did we not know that Dr. King's New Discovery could be relied on. It never disappoints. Trial bottles free at J. D. Morris' Drug Store. Large size 50c. and \$1.00.

HE WAS THE BLOT.

"So you want to join our company?" said the theatrical manager to the seedy-looking applicant. In what attractions have you appeared?" Well, replied he, "my last engagement was with the 'Blot on the Scotchman.'"
"What character did you enact?" "I was the Blot."
OUTINGS AND INNINGS.

"Where's Tom?"

Asked the department clerk. "Taking an outing?" "No," replied the man at the next desk, "he's taking and inuring. He's gone to the ball game."

January 20, 1891:

If any one thinks that the Progressive Farmer will stoop from its missions on behalf of the whole people to assist any man or any set of men in the realization of any political ambitions, he is simply mistaken.

SWIFT'S SPECIFIC

FOR renovating the entire system, eliminating all Poisons from the Blood, whether of scrofulous or malarial origin, this preparation has no equal.

"For eighteen months I had an intense sore on my tongue. I was treated by best local physicians, but obtained no relief; the sore gradually grew worse. I finally took Swift's Specific, and was entirely cured after using a few bottles." C. R. McLMORRE, Henderson, Tex.

TREATISE on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free. THE SWIFT SPECIFIC Co., Atlanta, Ga.

W. H. Moore,

Roseville, N. C.

Has just received his large Fall and Winter stock of

DRY-GOODS,
NOTIONS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, TINWARE, BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS AND CAPS

and all other articles usually kept in a first-class country store, all of which will be sold at very low

Prices for Cash. Give him a trial and be convinced.

SEED WHEAT.

I have 40 bushels of good clean Kivett Wheat for sale at \$1.25 per bushel. Call early. The quality can not be beaten in Richmond or any other market. It will yield well.

W. H. MOORE,
Roseville, N. C.

Furniture.

THE J. L. THOMPSON FURNITURE CO.,
210 and 212 Ninth Street,
LYNCHBURG, VA.

JUST RECEIVED.
An elegant line of fine and medium PARLOR SUITES; a complete stock of CHAMBER SUITES, SIDE-BOARDS, WARDROBES, MATTRESSES, LOUNGES, BOOK-CASES, DESKS.

We are agents for the West Lynchburg Furniture Co.

They Make the Best Goods for the Money.

We have a fine line of BABY CARRIAGES.

(Just the things needed in Roxboro.) Also CARPETS and RUGS, WINDOW SHADES and CURTAINS, REFRIGERATORS, FEATHER PILLOWS, BOLSTERS, etc.

We are agents for the Davis Sewing Machine.

"VICTOR" BICYCLES

Saves TIME, Money, Horses, Buggies, and gives greatest pleasure to riders, and is most durable on all roads. They will soon be in universal use. They are sold on

easy payment plan or for Cash by J. De Morris, who will furnish Catalogue and any

12 Months

CATALOGUE AND ANY

PATENTS

Copyrights and Trade-Marks obtained, and all Patent Business conducted for Moderate Fees. Our Office is opposite U. S. Patent Office and we secure patent in less time than elsewhere from Washington.

Send model, drawing or photo, with description. We advise if patentable or not, free of charge. Our list of case titles is sent on request. A Pamphlet, "How to Obtain Patents," with names of actual clients in your State, county, or town, sent free. Address,

O. A. SNOW & CO.,
Opp. Patent Office, WASHINGTON, D. C.

MILLINERY!

LATEST STYLES
and NO REVISION
LOWEST PRICES.

I have the prettiest goods and the largest line I have ever shown, and respectfully ask all to call and examine my goods before buying.

Have a large assortment of Ribbons, Flowers and Ladies' Notions, which are very attractive.

If you wish to buy Millinery right call on

MRS. J. A. NOELL,
One door above J. A. Long's store,

W. R. MURRAY & CO.,

DURHAM, N. C.

Agents for the Light Running "DOMESTIC" Sewing Machine.

They are the BEST, LIGHTEST RUNNING, NEAREST NOISE LESS and MOST DURABLE Machines made in the world.

We keep on hand a full line of

Needles, Oils, Sewing Machine Parts and Attachments