

is published in the center of a fine tobacco growing section, making it one of the best advertising mediums for merchants and warehousemen in the adjoining counties. Circulates largely in Person, Granville, Durham and Caswell counties in North Carolina, and Halifax county, Virginia.

# PERSON COUNTY COURIER.

NOELL BROS., Proprietors. HOME FIRST: ABROAD NEXT. \$1.00 Per Year in Advance. VOL. XI. ROXBORO, NORTH CAROLINA, WEDNESDAY EVENING November 28th, 1894. No. 15.

Person County Courier Published every Wednesday, by NOELL BROS., ROXBORO, N. C. TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION: One Copy One Year, 1.00 One Copy Six Months, .50 Cash invariably in advance.

### PROFESSIONAL CARDS

**W. B. MERRITT,** Attorney at Law, ROXBORO, N. C. Practices in the several courts of the State, prompt attention given to all business entrusted to him. Office in Court House.

**JOHN MANNING, JAS. S. MANNING, H. A. FOUSHEE, MANNING & FOUSHEE,** ATTORNEYS AT LAW, 3 and 7 Wright Building, over Fidelity Bank, Durham, N. C. Practice in Durham, Person and Orange counties.

**N. LUNSFORD,** Attorney at Law, ROXBORO, N. C.

**MERRITT & BRYANT,** Attorneys at Law, ROXBORO, N. C. Practice in the several courts of the State, special attention given to cases in Person, Person and Caswell counties. All legal business entrusted to our care will receive prompt attention.

**W. KITCHEN,** Attorney at Law, ROXBORO, N. C. Practices wherever his services are required. Office at Winstead Hotel.

**A. V. GRAHAM,** Attorney at Law, Oxford, N. C. Practices in all the courts of the State. Handle money and invest the same in the best manner. All legal business entrusted to our care will receive prompt attention.

**C. S. WINSTAD, A. L. BROOKS, WINSTAD & BROOKS,** Attorneys at Law, ROXBORO, N. C. Prompt attention to all professional business. Practice in the State and Federal Courts.

**DR. E. J. TUCKER,** SURGEON DENTIST. Office up stairs in W. J. Johnson & Co.'s new building, ROXBORO, N. C.

**DR. A. A. MORTON,** Practising Physician, ROXBORO, N. C. Offers the professional services to the people of Person and surrounding country. Practice in all the branches of medicine. 104-17

**THE DRUMMERS' HOME, Hotel French, Main Street, South Boston, Va.**

Has been put in first class order and thoroughly renovated. Convenient to all depots and business portions of the town. Large and well-lighted sample rooms. Also a good, free room attached. J. H. FRENCH, Proprietor. 57 Locust Street, Mass. 9 12

**ORGANIZED 1852. VIRGINIA FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, RICHMOND.** Assets \$650,000. INSURES AGAINST FIRE AND LIGHTNING. This old company, now more than half a century in successful operation, has paid HUNDREDS OF THOUSANDS of losses to citizens of North Carolina under a very simple and concise policy, free of pretensions, and liberal in its terms and conditions.

**W. H. PALMER, President, W. H. MCCARTHY, Secretary, DM HINES, District Agent, Milton, N. C.**

**JAS. W. BRANDON, barber Shop, ROXBORO, N. C.** When you come to Roxboro, don't forget me. I am always willing and ready to accommodate my customers, and always keep up with the latest styles.

**W. H. B. NEWELL, Watchmaker and Jeweler, ROXBORO, N. C.**

**E. BONNER & CO., Maple Grove Green-Houses, XENIA, OHIO.** We are always prepared to deliver immediately all kinds of plants, bulbs &c. Write for our catalogue, make your selections and send us your orders.

### Manifold Disorders

Are occasioned by an impure and impoverished condition of the blood. Slight impurities, if not corrected, develop into serious ailments, such as SCROFULA, ECZEMA, RHEUMATISM, and other troublesome diseases. To cure these is required a safe and reliable remedy free from any harmful ingredients, and purely vegetable. Such is SWIFT'S SCROFULA CURE, which changes the system, thousands of cases of the worst forms of blood diseases have been cured by it.

**Cured by S. S. S.** Send for our Treatise and free sample of SWIFT'S SCROFULA CURE, Atlanta, Ga.

### A TENDER SKIN.

The repentant village barber scored one on the minister.

The village barber had been completely "on the batter." The cause had been heavy and prolonged. At length, with credit exhausted, the unmerciful and debilitated shaver had been compelled to betake himself again to the exercise of his calling. Just then the minister, a kindly old man of the paternal school, heard that Tammas had "sworn off the drink," and he considered that the opportunity would now be favorable to do as my mother loved to do—that is, "improve the occasion."

But on this laudable professional mission, he sallied forth.

On entering the humble shaving shop of the remorseful Tammas, however, his kindly heart was smitten with compassion at the sight of the wretch before him. Poor Tammas indeed looked a melancholy spectacle. Trembling with unstrung nerves, bloodshot as eyes in a palsy, his bleared, bloodshot eyes looked up pitiously at the minister who, only thing that he had "no good pouring water on a drowned rat," swiftly determined to spare poor Tammas from the nonce and reserve his sacerdotal censure till the poor "disjunct creator" was in a better condition to profit by a good, straight talking to. He determined, therefore, to make a kindly protest that he had come in for a shave and sat down, feeling assured that some opportunity would presently be afforded of saying his "word in season."

Now, Tammas was not unaware of what was passing in the simple old minister's mind, and if the truth must be told he was not so repentant as he looked. He was assuming a goal of the broken down and battered appearance which he presented. So with a look of shame-faced penitence, with trembling fingers and with silent contrition apparent, he proceeded to envelop the minister's neck in the towel and then began to lather his visitor in approved tonsorial fashion. The minister eyed him with a mildly reproaching glance, which expressed volumes to Tammas' conscious sense of guilt.

Now he came to the critical part of the operation. He felt his nerves jumping, but by dint of a strong effort of will and holding one unsteady hand with the other he managed to bring the razor pretty deftly down the ample expanse of both the clerical chops.

But, alas! when the wabbling blade came to the more intricate manipulation of the double chin, the refractory nerves gave a disconcerting jerk, and, lo! out gushed the crimson fluid over the snowy napkin. Now, thought the good minister—now is my time. Here is the opportunity I have been waiting for. So, addressing the abashed looking Tammas, who expected a torrent of indignation, the simple, kindly man just ventured on a very mild remonstrance. "Ah, Tammas," said he, "ye see what the effects of 'strong drink are noo.' Tammas' spirits at once rose. He knew the worst was past, and his ready humor came to the rescue in a flash of inspiration, as he lurked drolly, he gravely replied, "Deed, yer, meemister. It mak's the skin unco tender."—Our Ain Folk.

### CHILDREN AND FAIRY TALES

Should Young Minds Be Fed Upon Fact or Fairy Fiction?

Magazines and newspapers fairly teem with copious instructions on the mental training of childhood. The mother, distrustful of her own judgment, picks up an article in a current monthly which bids her "teach stories to the children." The author goes on to say that "fairies tales develop the imagination, and that it is cruel to deprive childhood of its natural mental environment, which is certainly the realm of fancy."

This is palatable advice, and the reassured parent forthwith supplies her children's library with Grimm and Andersen.

She is charmed with the prospect of gathering the little ones around her and hearing their exclamations of pleasure as she reads to them the lovely tales which have been the delight of children for ages.

But, very happily, before she has fully entered on this wild career of mental dissipation, her attention is arrested by the statement of so eminent an authority that she dare not treat it lightly.

"The English language scarcely contains words strong enough to denounce the folly and crime of parents who tell their children fairy tales. Little do guardians of infancy reek of the frightful effect on the imaginations of children; of the sleepless nights when they cower under the blankets; fearful of the possible approach of Bluebeard or the terrible attack by Jack the Giant Killer."

Then, too, the enemy of the fairy story claims it has an unwholesome influence on the morals of the children, familiarizing them with deeds of bloodshed and giving them a light regard for truth.

It cannot be denied that the heroes and heroines of fairyland will occasionally quibble in order to extricate themselves from the dangers into which their love of adventure leads them.

It must be admitted that they teach "an eye for an eye and a tooth for a tooth" rather than the gentler precepts of the golden rule.

In fairyland the arch offenders always have their heads cut off or are boiled in oil or dance in red-hot caldrons till they drop dead, or some other equally tragic end awaits the consummation of their crimes. The average child, however, has a strong sense of poetic justice, and this is only satisfied by the complete triumph of virtue and the entire defeat of vice.

The opposer of fairy tales recommends facts to the unspoiled palate of youth—historical facts, scientific facts—diluted, if you will, and sweetened to suit the immature mental taste, but still substantial facts.

There is a modicum of wisdom and common sense in both these views and much that is neither.

Who that had a heart would deprive childhood of that exultant thrill when Goldlocks jumps from the window of the little brown house and escapes the fury of the three bears? Realistic writers would doubtless wish to explain how a little girl could alight without injury from a second story window or why the three bears did not pursue her, but childhood asks no such questions.—Margaret J. Church in Daphne's Magazine.

### Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

## Royal Baking Powder

### ABSOLUTELY PURE

THE GREAT "WAR COMET."

Its Tail Was Fifty Million Miles Long and Ten Million Miles Wide.

The wonderful "war comet" of 1861 sprung so suddenly into view and shone with such unexpected brilliancy as to astonish the astronomers and frighten those unlearned in cometary lore half out of their wits. The unlearned declared that the comet was just getting well under headway, must have something to do with it. However this may be, it burst forth, unheralded and uninvited, shining with greater brilliancy and magnitude than any phenomena of a similar nature which that generation had ever seen.

On the night of July 3 of that year it exhibited a most wonderful spectacle. In the evening the nucleus did not appear to be larger than a star in the first or second magnitude. As the small hours of the morning approached, however, the nucleus rapidly increased in both magnitude and brilliancy. The tail waved back and forth over our little world in a most threatening manner, at times sending rays almost to the zenith. On the morning of July 5 the astronomers announced through the daily papers that the head of the great comet was only separated from the earth by a distance of 12,000,000 miles. According to the report sent out from the Cambridge observatory, the comet appears to have passed its ascending node between the 27th and the 29th of June in longitude 279 degrees, the longitude of the earth being 277 degrees at the same time.

On Oct. 10 its tail extended over a space of 50,000,000 miles and at several points was not less than 10,000,000 miles in width.

At first it was generally conceded that it was the famous comet of 1556, the one which caused the Emperor Charles V of France to resign his imperial throne, he taking it to be a warning from God. All surmises were subsequently set at rest by the discovery that it was the famous "Bather" comet, discovered by Professor A. F. Thubener at the Rutherford observatory in New York city.

### CHARLIE IS NERVOUS.

And Taking His Girl Along to the Dentist's—Should He?

"I don't think," said the girl with the sailor hat, "that you've got Charlie right. There he has gone to a lot of expense getting ready to marry you, and you had not given him an intimation that you had any other thought than that of becoming his wife. Then you threw him over in a minute. You've broken his heart, and I know it."

"Well," said the girl with the silk waist, "I'm sure I thought I wanted to marry him, but I just couldn't. You wouldn't, either, if you had gone through what I did."

"Tell me," said the girl with the sailor hat imperatively.

"You see, Charlie is nervous. I think he is a good deal of a coward, too, but that didn't matter much. Only one day he told me that it was necessary for him to go to the dentist's and have some teeth fixed, and he said he couldn't bear the idea. He talked so much about the pain and all that sort of thing that I told him I would go along and cheer him up. He said that that would be just splendid, and that would be around to be sure he could stand all sorts of pain without a whimper. We went up to the dentist's last Saturday afternoon. We had to wait a good while in the anteroom, but Charlie didn't seem to mind it much. I really think that my being there made him feel better, and I was glad of it."

"The time came for him to go into the operating room, and he went in, first squeezing my hand and telling me to stay there until he came out. I sat over near the door and could hear the conversation. The dentist took one of those horrid, poky little things and pried around in Charlie's mouth. Then he said that there were two teeth that would have to be pulled. I heard Charlie give a great gasp, and he asked the dentist to let me come in the room and see what the teeth were out. I didn't want to a bit, but went for Charlie's sake. When I got in there, Charlie was lying back in the chair with his mouth wide open, and I was shocked. He is a fairly good looking fellow usually, but with that mouth open he is a fright. I couldn't endure living with a man who looked like that, so I just left the place and sent Charlie back his ring."—Buffalo Express.

### McClure's Magazine

FOR 1895. Volume IV begins December, 1894. A splendidly illustrated life of NAPOLEON, the great feature of which will be SEVENTY-FIVE PORTRAITS of Napoleon, showing from youth to death; also portraits of his family and contemporaries and pictures of famous battlefields; in all nearly 200 PICTURES. Begins in November and runs through eight numbers. The Eight Napoleon Numbers, \$1.00.

### TRUE DETECTIVE STORIES

by authority from the archives of the PINKERTON DETECTIVE AGENCY. Lincoln and Pinkerton (Nov. 1894); the Molly Maguires; Allan Pinkerton's Life; Stories of Capture, Traps, Robbers, Forgers, Bank-robbers, etc.; each complete in one issue, 12 in all.

### SHORT STORIES BY

W. D. Howells, Rudyard Kipling, Conan Doyle, Clark Russell, Bret Harte, Olive Thayer, Ernest Hart, Capt. King, Joel Chandler Harris and Many Others.

### NOTED CONTRIBUTORS.

Robert Louis Stevenson, F. Marion Crawford, Archdeacon Farrar, Sir Robert Ball, Prof. Drummond, Archibald Forbes, Thomas Hardy.

Send three 2-cent stamps for a sample copy to the publishers.

**S. S. McCURE, L'td., 80 Lafayette Place, New York.**

### Are You In Need of Furniture?

We have the largest and best selected line of FURNITURE in Roxboro. Prices lower than they ever were. We have moved our stock of Furniture into the large and well lighted store room, formerly occupied by Bernam & Goodfriend, which is devoted exclusively to this line. It will pay you to examine our stock before buying, we will save you money on every article you buy. We also carry a complete stock of Buggies, Wagons, Harness and Coffins. We have one of the finest Hearse in this section. Orders for Coffins received day or night. We do not make any charge for Hearse, or do we add any more to the price of the Coffin. We will furnish Hearse free and will not be understood by our competitors.

When in need of Furniture, Buggies, Wagons, Harness, Coffins, Repairs, and Picture Frames it will be to your interest to call on us as we have made a big reduction in all of above articles.

Repairing done promptly and warranted.

**C. C. CRITCHER & CO.**

### CHILDREN AND FAIRY TALES

Should Young Minds Be Fed Upon Fact or Fairy Fiction?

Magazines and newspapers fairly teem with copious instructions on the mental training of childhood. The mother, distrustful of her own judgment, picks up an article in a current monthly which bids her "teach stories to the children." The author goes on to say that "fairies tales develop the imagination, and that it is cruel to deprive childhood of its natural mental environment, which is certainly the realm of fancy."

This is palatable advice, and the reassured parent forthwith supplies her children's library with Grimm and Andersen.

She is charmed with the prospect of gathering the little ones around her and hearing their exclamations of pleasure as she reads to them the lovely tales which have been the delight of children for ages.

But, very happily, before she has fully entered on this wild career of mental dissipation, her attention is arrested by the statement of so eminent an authority that she dare not treat it lightly.

"The English language scarcely contains words strong enough to denounce the folly and crime of parents who tell their children fairy tales. Little do guardians of infancy reek of the frightful effect on the imaginations of children; of the sleepless nights when they cower under the blankets; fearful of the possible approach of Bluebeard or the terrible attack by Jack the Giant Killer."

Then, too, the enemy of the fairy story claims it has an unwholesome influence on the morals of the children, familiarizing them with deeds of bloodshed and giving them a light regard for truth.

It cannot be denied that the heroes and heroines of fairyland will occasionally quibble in order to extricate themselves from the dangers into which their love of adventure leads them.

It must be admitted that they teach "an eye for an eye and a tooth for a tooth" rather than the gentler precepts of the golden rule.

In fairyland the arch offenders always have their heads cut off or are boiled in oil or dance in red-hot caldrons till they drop dead, or some other equally tragic end awaits the consummation of their crimes. The average child, however, has a strong sense of poetic justice, and this is only satisfied by the complete triumph of virtue and the entire defeat of vice.

The opposer of fairy tales recommends facts to the unspoiled palate of youth—historical facts, scientific facts—diluted, if you will, and sweetened to suit the immature mental taste, but still substantial facts.

There is a modicum of wisdom and common sense in both these views and much that is neither.

Who that had a heart would deprive childhood of that exultant thrill when Goldlocks jumps from the window of the little brown house and escapes the fury of the three bears? Realistic writers would doubtless wish to explain how a little girl could alight without injury from a second story window or why the three bears did not pursue her, but childhood asks no such questions.—Margaret J. Church in Daphne's Magazine.

### CHILDREN AND FAIRY TALES

Should Young Minds Be Fed Upon Fact or Fairy Fiction?

Magazines and newspapers fairly teem with copious instructions on the mental training of childhood. The mother, distrustful of her own judgment, picks up an article in a current monthly which bids her "teach stories to the children." The author goes on to say that "fairies tales develop the imagination, and that it is cruel to deprive childhood of its natural mental environment, which is certainly the realm of fancy."

This is palatable advice, and the reassured parent forthwith supplies her children's library with Grimm and Andersen.

She is charmed with the prospect of gathering the little ones around her and hearing their exclamations of pleasure as she reads to them the lovely tales which have been the delight of children for ages.

But, very happily, before she has fully entered on this wild career of mental dissipation, her attention is arrested by the statement of so eminent an authority that she dare not treat it lightly.

"The English language scarcely contains words strong enough to denounce the folly and crime of parents who tell their children fairy tales. Little do guardians of infancy reek of the frightful effect on the imaginations of children; of the sleepless nights when they cower under the blankets; fearful of the possible approach of Bluebeard or the terrible attack by Jack the Giant Killer."

Then, too, the enemy of the fairy story claims it has an unwholesome influence on the morals of the children, familiarizing them with deeds of bloodshed and giving them a light regard for truth.

It cannot be denied that the heroes and heroines of fairyland will occasionally quibble in order to extricate themselves from the dangers into which their love of adventure leads them.

It must be admitted that they teach "an eye for an eye and a tooth for a tooth" rather than the gentler precepts of the golden rule.

In fairyland the arch offenders always have their heads cut off or are boiled in oil or dance in red-hot caldrons till they drop dead, or some other equally tragic end awaits the consummation of their crimes. The average child, however, has a strong sense of poetic justice, and this is only satisfied by the complete triumph of virtue and the entire defeat of vice.

The opposer of fairy tales recommends facts to the unspoiled palate of youth—historical facts, scientific facts—diluted, if you will, and sweetened to suit the immature mental taste, but still substantial facts.

There is a modicum of wisdom and common sense in both these views and much that is neither.

Who that had a heart would deprive childhood of that exultant thrill when Goldlocks jumps from the window of the little brown house and escapes the fury of the three bears? Realistic writers would doubtless wish to explain how a little girl could alight without injury from a second story window or why the three bears did not pursue her, but childhood asks no such questions.—Margaret J. Church in Daphne's Magazine.

### UTILITY OF THE SQUATTING MULE.

"Did you ever hear of a squatting mule?" asked a prominent coal operator. "Well, I don't blame you for not knowing what I mean, for after 15 years' experience in the coal business I did not know of such a mule until recently. One of our men sent me word this morning that he had a fine one, and he was working there was a stone incline over which it was difficult for the men to push the cars. I told him to try a mule, and in reply he stated that he had purchased a 'squatting mule.' In mines it means a great deal of money to get a mule that can do the work and at the same time small enough to walk through the low workings of the mine. Some times for hundreds of feet the tunnels will be high enough to allow a mule to walk through them; then at some points the ceiling may get so low that the mule cannot crawl under it. Now, to make the passage-way high enough for the mule would entail a great expense, yet we have often had to do this. By using a 'squatting mule' it saves the cost of crutching down when it gets to the low places, adapting itself to the height of the tunnel as much as possible. So a 'squatting mule' to miners is much more expensive than one that is not so trained."—Pittsburgh Dispatch.

### Do You Expect to Become a Mother?

## "MOTHER'S FRIEND"

Makes Childbirth Easy.

Assists Nature, Lessens Danger and Shortens Labor. "My wife suffered more in ten minutes with her other children than she did all together with her last, after having used four bottles of 'MOTHER'S FRIEND,'" says a customer.—HENDERSON DALY, Druggist, 111 Broadway, N. Y. Sent by express, on receipt of price, \$1.50 per bottle, charges prepaid. Book "To Mothers" mailed free containing valuable information. Sold by all Druggists, BRADFIELD, REGULATORS CO.,

### Loch Lilly Roller Mills.

We have just built at a very heavy expense one of the very best Roller Mills that it is possible to erect. It is now in successful operation, and we are prepared to grind your wheat and guarantee the very best flour. Bring us a load of wheat and give us a trial, we will give you perfect satisfaction.

Yours respectfully,  
**WINSTAD & LONG.**

### DR. SHADE'S DISCOVERY FOR CONSUMPTION.

Just Given to the Public.

Write at once for particulars of the new preparation, giving its full name in writing only. Doctors and other citizens are asked to send testimonials to the publisher. "The Greatest Discovery of the century" is now being made. Send 2-cent stamp to Dr. J. De Morris, 100 1/2 St. Street, Washington, D. C.

### Money to Loan.

I am prepared to negotiate loans, upon real estate security. Parties wishing to borrow will please call to see me.

**W. W. KITCHEN.**

### Money to Loan.

I am prepared to negotiate loans, upon real estate security. Parties wishing to borrow will please call to see me.

**W. W. KITCHEN.**

### Money to Loan.

I am prepared to negotiate loans, upon real estate security. Parties wishing to borrow will please call to see me.

**W. W. KITCHEN.**

### Money to Loan.

I am prepared to negotiate loans, upon real estate security. Parties wishing to borrow will please call to see me.

**W. W. KITCHEN.**

### Hard Times Fertilizers.

For use on Potatoes, Corn, Wheat, etc. Also for use on all crops. Send for our catalogue, make your selections and send us your orders.

**W. W. KITCHEN.**

### Money to Loan.

I am prepared to negotiate loans, upon real estate security. Parties wishing to borrow will please call to see me.

**W. W. KITCHEN.**

### Money to Loan.

I am prepared to negotiate loans, upon real estate security. Parties wishing to borrow will please call to see me.

**W. W. KITCHEN.**

### Money to Loan.

I am prepared to negotiate loans, upon real estate security. Parties wishing to borrow will please call to see me.

**W. W. KITCHEN.**

### Money to Loan.

I am prepared to negotiate loans, upon real estate security. Parties wishing to borrow will please call to see me.

**W. W. KITCHEN.**

### Money to Loan.

I am prepared to negotiate loans, upon real estate security. Parties wishing to borrow will please call to see me.

**W. W. KITCHEN.**

### C. H. Hunter

Can be found at --Old Stand-- With a complete line of --GROCERIES Both Heavy and Fancy. Shoes! Shoes! Shoes --Foreign and Domestic Fruits-- Confectioneries! Prince Albert SALT. Cigars, Tobacco and Snuff. Come and see "Big Ike" Highest price paid for Eggs, Chickens, Turkeys, Wax, Hides, and Fur. Thinking my many friends for past favors, I remain yours to please, BIG IKE.

### M. H. Garrett & Co.

General Merchants, Roxboro, N. C. We are daily receiving and opening an entirely NEW STOCK of General Merchandise consisting in part of Dry-Goods, Notions, Shoes, Groceries, &c. which we promise our friends and customers will be sold as low as same goods can be bought anywhere. When you come to town with chickens, eggs, butter, wheat, corn &c., come to see us. George T. Thaxton and George Garrett will show you every attention desired and sell you goods as cheap as anybody. Examine our new goods before buying. Very respectfully, M. H. GARRETT & Co. In Webb building, next door to W. R. Hambrick & Co. 9 12 3

### It's MULE SENSE

To pay more for anything, even if it is a Coffin, than you can buy it for at the cheapest place.

**E. D. CHEEK**

### REPAIRING

Of all kinds done in the best workmanlike manner and on shortest notice.

**E. D. CHEEK.**

### Does This Hit You?

The management of the Equitable Life Assurance Society in the Department of the Carolinas, wishes to secure a few Special Resident Agents. Those who are fitted for this work will find this A Rare Opportunity. It is not, however, and those who succeed best in it possess character, mature judgment, and respect of their community. Think this matter over carefully. There's an unusual opening for somebody. If it fits you, it will pay you. Further information on request.

**W. J. Roddey, Manager, Rock Hill, S. C.**

