

# The Roxboro Courier.

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ROXBORO, NORTH CAROLINA, Wednesday Evening, April 9, 1913.

No. 15

## MANY ARTICLES OF FOOD AND CLOTHING FREE.

### Broad Reductions On All Necessaries of Life In New Tariff Bill.

Washington, April 7.--Removal of all tariff from many articles of food and clothing; broad reductions in the rates of duty on all necessities of life; an increase of tariff on many luxuries; and a new income tax that would touch the pocket of every American citizen whose net income exceeds \$4,000, are the striking features of the new Democratic tariff revision bill presented today to the house.

Sugar would be free of duty in 1916, the bill proposing an immediate 25 per cent reduction and the removal of the remaining duty in 1916.

Raw wool would be made free at once with a correspondingly heavy reduction in the tariff on all woolen goods.

All these other articles are put on the free list, namely: meats, flour, bread, boots and shoes, lumber, coat harness, saddlery, iron ore, milk and cream, potatoes, salt, swine, corn, corn meal, cotton, bagging, agricultural implements, leather, wood pulp, Bibles, printing paper not worth more than 2 1-2 cents per pound, typewriters, sewing machines, type-setting machines, cash registers, steel riffs, fence wire, cotton, ties, nails, hoop and band iron, fish, sulphur, soda, tanning materials, acetate and sulphuric acids, borax, lumber products including broom handles, clapboards, hubs for wheels, posts, laths, pickets, staves, shingles.

These principal items are taken from the free list and taxed.

Diamonds and precious stones, furs, coal tar products 10 per cent; volatile oils 20 per cent; spices from one cent to two cents per pound.

The new rates are estimated to reduce the customs revenue approximately \$80,000,000 a year. This is expected to be made up by the income tax.

Endorsed by President Wilson, the measure represents the efforts of the president and the House tariff makers to carry into effect Democratic pledges of downward revision and of concessions to the American consumer.

Protection to the farmer would be cut throughout by more than 50 per cent in an effort to reduce the cost of food.

Protection to the steel and implement manufacturer would in turn be cut by fully as wide a margin.

Heaviest reduction fall upon food stuffs, agricultural products, woolen and cotton clothing.

The free wool proposal, backed by President Wilson and accepted by the House committee, is expected to provoke a severe fight within the Democratic ranks of both houses. It had not become clear today whether the Democratic opponents of free wool and free sugar in the Senate would be able to force a compromise on one or both those provisions.

The decision to make a gradual reduction in the sugar tariff was reached by the president and the House committee after Louisiana cane growers declined to accept a compromise that would have established a one cent per pound tariff for three years with free sugar in 1916.

The income tax which will transfer indirect taxes levied through the tariff into a direct tax upon incomes of individual citizens and corporations, exempts all sums below \$4,000. Incomes in excess of that amount will pay one per cent tax up to \$20,000, two per cent from 20 to \$50,000, three per cent from 50 to \$100,000, and 4 per cent above that figure.

The present corporation tax levying one per cent on corporation incomes above \$5,000 would be retained as part of the income tax.

To encourage trade with foreign countries, the bill would reverse the maximum provision of the present tariff law. The new tariff rates would be the maximum tariff and the present would be given authority to negotiate reciprocity treaties and make concessions to countries that grant favors to American exports.

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## DR. O. P. SCHAUB

### Does Relief Work in the Flooded Districts.

An extract from a letter from one of our townsmen, Dr. O. P. Schaub, who was sent from New York to Dayton Ohio to assist in relieving the sufferers.

"One cannot conceive of the damage to property and loss of life unless we were there to look over the situation.

I went out on the relief train handled by the National Cash Register Co., composed of two pullman cars and five express, filled with hospital supplies, water, food and clothing.

We left New York Friday night and arrived in Dayton Sunday morning about seven o'clock. As the town was under Martial law we had to wait about two hours to get word to headquarters and secure a permit.

It wasn't long before we had a detach of soldiers to assist us getting our supplies in town which was about three miles away. Autos and auto trucks were pressed into service and we were given special military passes and detailed to various parts of the city.

I was put in command of general relief corps, and given a high power automobile with two militia men who stood on the foot-board with loaded guns.

I had the whole flood district to cover and visit the various temporary hospitals and relief stations, which were School Houses, Odd Fellow Halls, Masonic Halls, Churches and Manufacturing buildings.

These places numbered about 18 to 20 and each had from 200 to 1800 people in them, there I had to make note of number sick, and character of illness, find out what medicines and food was needed and number of nurses required to take care of them. There was a Motorcycle squad to follow me and as I finished my inspection, one of them would return to Red Cross Headquarters for medicines etc.

The people slept on blankets or straw for a while, but soon cots were provided for them.

Most of the Dayton physicians were unable to assist as they had spent from two to three days in their lofts or on house tops in the rain and cold.

Some were in trees 48 hours without any food or water. The children suffered most, as soon as possible we secured milk for them, while the people lived on coffee and sandwiches, which were sent in by the car load. Now as to damage by flood.

The area in Dayton covered seven square miles and put 125,000 people out of their homes. All over this area the water averaged 13 feet.

At some of the low points the water covered the houses and as they began to break and wash away the damage to property and life was awful.

When I left over 2,000 were missing and nearly 200 bodies were found.

The scene at the morgue was most distressing, I don't know which was more heart rending to see one find a lost friend or relative or to go away without recognizing a loved one, it was hope against hope.

It was said when the levee broke the water was 15 inches deep in the street and was so swift that a man or horse could not stand up in it.

Some of the frame houses

which were once in the center of the city are now two or three miles down the river, others were wrecked completely and lumber was piled in heaps like shingles. In these piles of wreckage they are now finding dead bodies.

On one street within a square I counted 18 dead horses I saw one horse taken from a tree where it had lodged and remained five days, about 12 ft from the ground, it was fed and if no pneumonia sets in it will be alright except a skinned head and a few bruises.

It was remarkable the philosophical view some of the people took of the situation. The rich and poor alike got in line for their bread and clothing.

I saw one man meet his wife at one of the churches. She was taken out of the flood unconscious, when he found her she wanted to know what had happened. He told her that her piano was ruined, she remarked: "That's all right it needed tuning anyway". He then told her their home was washed across the street, she said: Oh! well, I always liked the other side of the street better." There were many amusing incidents as well as tales of hardships.

One man told me he stood on his door knobs for two days and nights holding to the top of the door. One doctor said he and wife and baby were in their attic for four days, with only a glass and an alcohol lamp, one morning the flood washed in a can of Van Camp Pork and Beans, which was the sweetest morsel he ever tasted.

Railroad bridges and coal cars were carried about a mile down the river, big freight cars and engines were turned over, and box cars completely demolished.

The National Cash Register Co's factory was three miles from town, their floor space covers 38 acres, they treated us royally while there, they could well afford it as Mr. Patterson is many times a millionaire and unless we had had good treatment we could not have done the work.

By Thursday morning we were dead tired and as a number of nurses and doctors came in, we turned over the situation to them.

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### Announcement.

Mr. Henry Lee Umstead request the honor of your presence at the marriage of his daughter Kate Estelle

to Mr. Baxter Arnold Burch Thursday afternoon the seventeenth of April Nineteen hundred and thirteen at half after five o'clock at his residence Willardsville North Carolina

### For The Flood Sufferers.

At the request of Mr. T. H. Street Judge Peebles adjourned court yesterday morning and a mass meeting was held in the court house for the purpose of raising funds for the flood sufferers. A collection was taken and \$660.00 was raised, which was forwarded to the Red Cross Society.

### Card of Thanks.

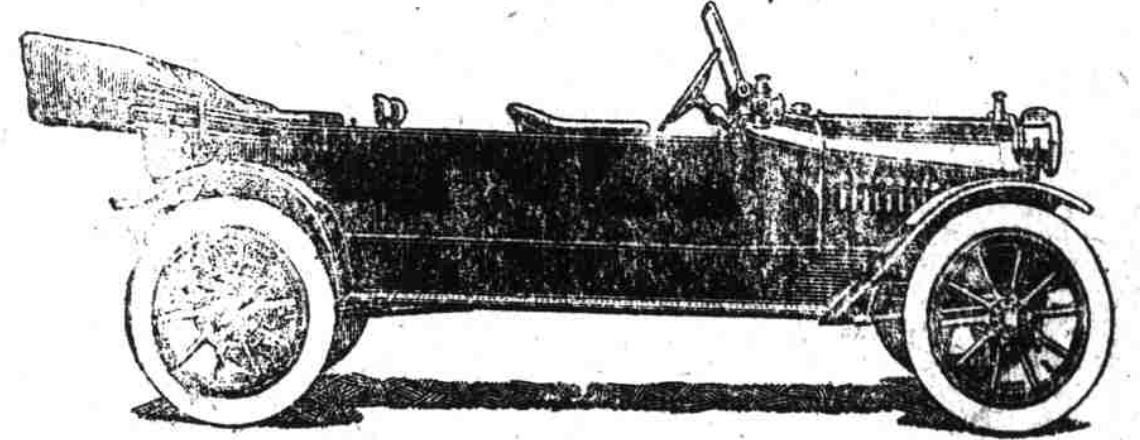
I wish to thank my relatives, friends and neighbors for the kindness shown me during the recent illness and death of my wife. Their kindness will ever be remembered by me.

A. W. Bialock

## ENTERTAINMENT.

At the Auditorium on Thursday evening April 10th, Dana Walden, the master magician, will give an entertainment, consisting of magic, mystic, and legerdemain. Mr. Walden is a past master in his art and never fails to please

his audience. His appearance in Roxboro several seasons ago will be remembered by Lyceum goers and will no doubt prove a drawing card for another good house on Thursday evening. This is not one of the Lyceum numbers. Tickets on sale at Hambrick & Austin's Wed. and Thurs.



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### For Women.

Women's "ONYX" Seamless Silk Lisle in Black, White and Tan. Our Regular 3 for \$1.00 Value. "ONYX" DAY PRICE, 25c per pair.

Women's "ONYX" Silk Lisle in Black only. Regular retail Value 50c. "ONYX" DAY PRICE, 3 pair for \$1.00.

Women's "ONYX" Pure Thread Silk in Black, White and Tan. Regular 50c. Value. "ONYX" DAY PRICE, 3 pair for \$1.00.

Women's "ONYX" Pure Thread Silk, a fine medium weight in Black only with "Dub-l" Garter Top of Silk or Lisle; High Spliced Heel; "Doublex" Sole of Silk or Lisle. Regular \$1.35 and \$1.50 Value. "ONYX" DAY PRICE, \$1.00 per pair.

### For Men.

Men's "ONYX" Silk Lisle in Black only. Regular 50c. Value. "ONYX" DAY PRICE, 3 pair for \$1.00.

Men's "ONYX" Pure Silk in Black and All Colors. Regular 59c. Value. "ONYX" DAY PRICE, 3 pair for \$1.00.

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