

## GERMAN RAIDER DESTROYED

### President Addresses Senate On Foreign Relations

#### GERMAN COMMERCE RAIDER IS SUNK IN ATLANTIC OFF THE PORT OF PARA

No Details Are Given of the Sinking in Brief Bulletin From Buenos Aires—Glasgow Sank the German.

(By the Associated Press.)  
Buenos Ayres, Jan. 22.—A local newspaper publishes a dispatch from Rio Janeiro saying that, according to a cablegram received at Pernambuco the British cruiser Glasgow has sunk a German commerce raider 130 miles off Para. No details were given.

#### Hudson Maru May Proceed.

The Royal Mail liner Drina, 11,483 tons gross, which had been in the zone of the operations of the German commerce raider, and which, in some quarters, had been reported sunk, entered the harbor of Rio Janeiro this morning. The Japanese steamship Hudson Maru, on arriving at Pernambuco January 15 with the crews of some of the victims of the German raider, had no Germans on board, according to an official statement made here today, and consequently, it is stated, the vessel is free to leave port.

Earlier information from Pernambuco had said that the Hudson Maru would remain at that Brazilian port as a war prize under the jurisdiction of the German minister, and that the Brazilian naval authorities considered the liner a German vessel.

It was reported here that a strange steamship with four smokestacks painted black, had been sighted off Ceara, Brazil, running at high speed. This news, was brought by the crew of a steamship arriving yesterday at Bahia, Brazil, who say they saw the steamer. This description does not coincide with that of the survivors landed at Pernambuco. However, the raider is reported to be equipped with collapsible funnels, the number visible being changed at intervals to disguise the identity of the vessel.

#### EXTEND POSTAL SERVICE AT HIGH POINT TO MACEDONIA

(Special Telegram.)  
Washington, Jan. 22.—Postmaster J. J. Farris and Major Stedman today had the postoffice department extend the mail delivery service at High Point so as to include the Macedonia factory district.

The extension of the delivery service into the residential district known as Macedonia means that the local postoffice will be serving every thickly populated section of the city and that regular service will be maintained. The extension of the delivery is one of the steps contemplated to improve the local service.

Postmaster J. J. Farris appeared before the department today and practically secured extension of city carrier service, which will include Macedonia, it is learned.

#### ONE KILLED AND ONE IS INJURED IN NATIVE FIGHT.

(By the Associated Press.)  
Washington, Jan. 22.—A fight between native bandits and American marines in the Dominican republic resulting in the death of one and the severe injury of another was reported today by the navy department.

Captain Natt, commanding the American cruiser forces reported the fight occurred Saturday. Americans here assume that the marines were engaged in disarming the natives and establishing the new government under the American military authorities.

**Weather.**  
Overcast and much colder weather tonight and Tuesday; probably with rain, turning to snow; cold wave, cold west shifting to north winds.

#### 14 YEAR OLD GIRL HOLDS MOB AT BAY

##### WITH PISPOL POINTED GIRL DARES MOB TO TAKE NEGRO OUT OF THE PRISON

Brother, Fearing His Sister Will Be Injured, Lends Hand in Holding the Mob At Bay.

(By the Associated Press.)  
Columbia, S. C., Jan. 22.—The story of how a 14-year-old girl, the daughter of J. P. Bowers, a jailer at Hampton, S. C., held a mob at bay at the point of a pistol and was responsible for the saving of the life of David Richards, a negro, was brought here today. The mob had followed Richards from Estill, where he was captured, to Hampton Saturday night. When the crowd appeared at the jail the girl forbid entrance and backed her statement with the pistol. Fearing she might be injured the brother took the weapon from her. The mob immediately got the negro, but Jailer Bowers arrived on the scene and pleaded for the prisoner's life. The negro was taken to a forest and severely beaten but will recover. He is charged with assaulting a white man.

##### WHIPPLE IS READY TO BEGIN PROBE INTO LEAK INQUIRY

(By the Associated Press.)  
New York, Jan. 22.—Sherman L. Whipple, counsel for the rules committee in its inquiry to determine whether anyone profited by a leak when President Wilson's peace note was sent was busy today getting ready for the opening here tomorrow.

The understanding is that the inquiry probably will not be extended to a complete investigation of the New York stock exchange. The present plan is to call officers among the first witnesses and question them about the exact procedure in the selling and buying. This information, it is said will be used by the committee to guide their examinations which will be made into all stock sales on the three days preceding the publication of the note.

##### STOCK MARKET BREAKS ON PRESIDENT'S ADDRESS

Reactions of Several Points in the More Favorite Stocks Immediately on the Publication of the Decision to Address the Senate.

New York, Jan. 22.—The stock market opened today with a firm undertone but reacted sharply during the first hour on the news of the President's intention to address the senate on foreign relations. Gains of 2 or 3 points in United States steel and leading equipments, munitions and specialties were charged to losses of 2 to 3 points in steel, Central leather, marines, American smelting, industrial alcohol, American locomotives and Studebakers while Bethlehem steel reacted 8 points. Rails and the more standard issues also shaded 1 to 2 points.

##### GERMANY ASKED IF THERE WERE AMERICANS ON PRIZE

Washington, Jan. 22.—Inquiry has been made of Germany as to whether there were Americans among the 103 neutral sailors brought in as prisoners of war on the German prize Yarrowdale for having taken pay on armed merchantmen. The inquiry was made entirely on press reports and not on any official information which has come to the state department.

##### EXTRA SESSION NOW FORECAST IF WILSON PROGRAM IS NOT COMPLETED

President Goes to Capitol and Confers With Leaders On Program He Desires Completed.

Washington, Jan. 22.—Longer and possible night session of the senate and a legislative program for the remainder of the session were considered today by the senate steering committee. The committee meet in response to President Wilson's personal appeal to its members to speed up action on the legislative program including the railway strike restriction bill.

Congress may be called in extra session in the event of failure to put through the administration legislative measures before adjournment on March 3 and such a session senate and house leaders are anxious to avoid.

Further emphasizing his intention of working in close co-operation to secure the completion of his program before March 5th, President Wilson went to the capitol today for the third time within a week to confer with the members of the senate and house.

The President had engagements to see several members of Congress, at the white house but word was sent to them that he would see them in his room at the capitol instead.

Mr. Wilson is very anxious to avoid an extra session and with that end in view wishes to hurry consideration of his program. He expects to devote much of his time during the next few weeks toward this end.

##### NEVER AGAIN WILL THE SENATE INVITE SPEAKERS

Refuses to Invite Miss Kate Bernard to Address, Probably Remembering That Bryan and Daniels Refused a Like Honor Several Days Ago.

(Special Legislative Service.)  
Raleigh, Jan. 22.—"Never again," said the senate today tabling a resolution to invite Miss Kate Bernard, of Oklahoma, who is here for the North Carolina conference for social service, to address the general assembly. The senate probably remembered that mostly out of sheer courtesy with intent to do honor it invited Bryan and Daniels to do a similar thing and they were properly regretting the press of other affairs did not. Nobody appeared anxious to invite anyone.

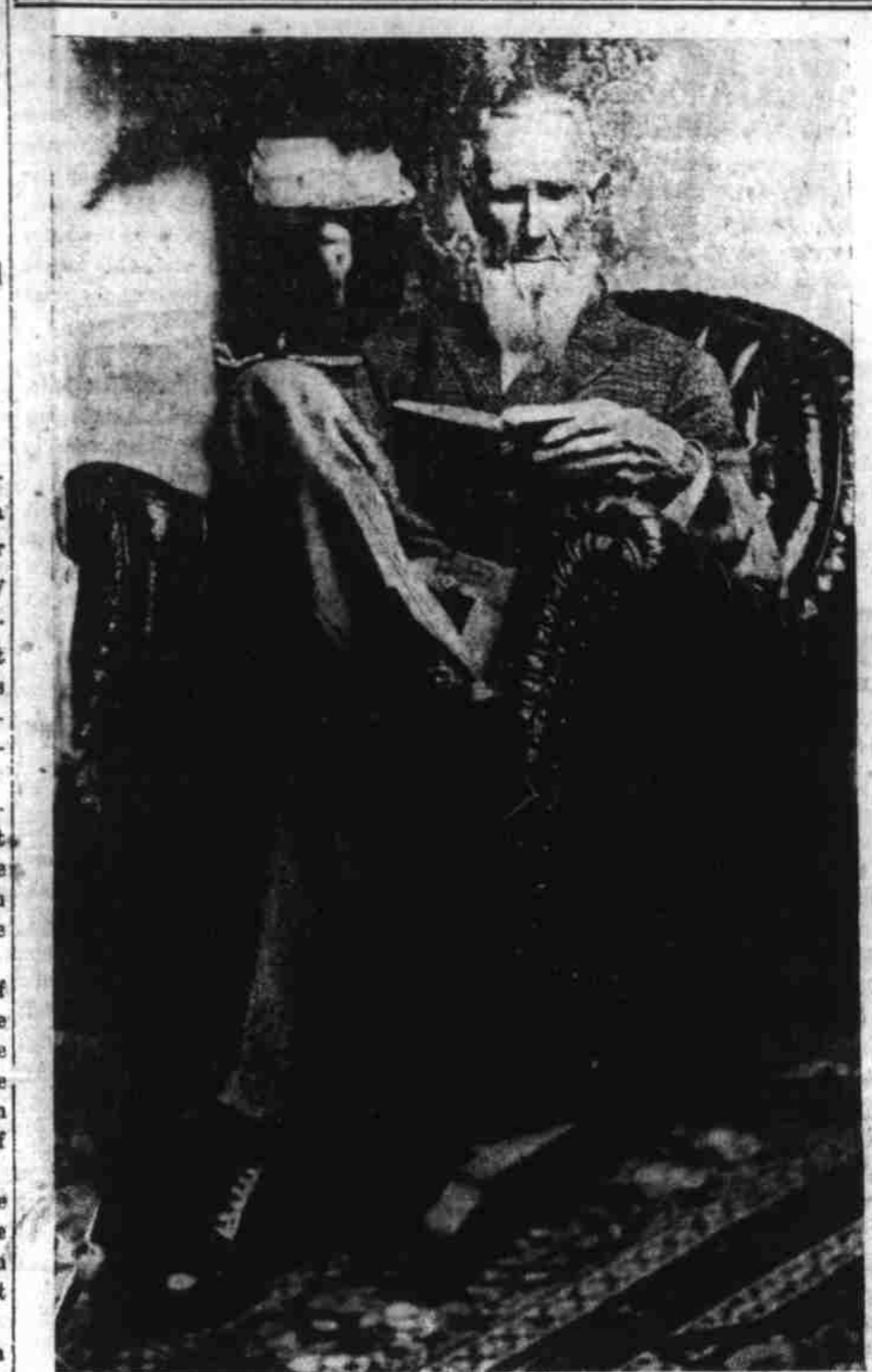
A petition appeared from Miss Lida C. Rodman, state regent of the D. A. R., asking on behalf of state patriotic bodies that the statewide cemetery bill be held up. She says that the bill would destroy sacred historic spots and undo the work of the bodies.

There was introduced for the establishment of reformatories for fallen women and other workman's compensation act and a bill for the appointment of a commission to consider and report on the establishment of a state printing plant to print public school text books and state documents. It was ordered that 300 copies of a substitute bill prepared on election laws in regard to absentee voting be printed. Much work will have to be done as the substitute was for two measures and there are two others being prepared.

The house was not scheduled to meet until 3 p. m.

**Wheat.**  
Chicago, Jan. 22.—Reports that a German raider had been sunk gave an advantage to the bulls in wheat today. Opening prices which ranged from the same as Saturday's finish to 1 cent higher with May at \$1.85½ to \$1.87½, and July at \$1.51½ to \$1.52 were followed by a moderate general advance and then something of a reaction.

##### J. HARPER JOHNSTON, Oldest Citizen of High Point, Who Died Early Yesterday Morning, As He Looked Two Weeks Before His Death.



—Rochelle's Studio.

##### J. HARPER JOHNSTON, OLDEST RESIDENT, DIED YESTERDAY

Oldest and One of the Best Known Citizens of High Point Dies With A Smile On His Face—Funeral Was Held This Afternoon, Conducted by the Masons.

WITH a smile on his face denoting entire peace at heart, J. Harper Johnston, High Point's pioneer citizen and one of the best known and most beloved men of the section, died of old age at his home on Broad street Sunday morning at 12:30 o'clock. He was 90 years old on November 25, having been born on November 25, 1826, at a point in Guilford county near Jamestown, where he lived for a number of years prior to moving to High Point. On December 25, 1855, he was wedded to Miss Mary Martitia Jackson, of Alamance county, and of this union six children were born, four of whom survive, they being Mrs. O. E. Kearns, Mrs. W. G. Bradshaw and Miss Alice Johnston, of this city, and Mrs. C. C. Wilson, of Florida. All except Mrs. Wilson were present when the venerable citizen breathed his last.

Mr. Johnston was for more than 70 years a conscientious and faithful member of the M. E. Church, South. For 50 years of this time he was a member of the Methodist congregation at Jamestown and his contributions materially aided that church to grow and prosper and do its work. Since removing his membership to the Wesley Memorial church, 18 years ago, he continued his support and was chosen as a member of the board of trustees of this strong church.

Until yesterday afternoon no one was aware of the number of years Mr. Johnston had been a member of the Masons. Late yesterday members of the local lodge visited the home of the deceased and while searching through his effects discovered that he had been a member continuously in good standing for the past 56 years and was perhaps the oldest member of the Masonic order in this section. He was initiated into the old Logan, Lodge, at Jamestown, in 1860.

The members of this order had charge of the services at the grave this afternoon at 2 o'clock when the remains were interred in the family plot at Oakwood cemetery beside those of his wife, who died five years ago.

When he arrived at the advanced age of 75 years, Mr. Johnston was chosen as a member of the Guilford Highway commission which was formed immediately after the passage of bonds for the purpose of constructing good roads. This appointment was occasioned by the interest and work done in behalf of the progressive step by Mr. Johnston. He was an active member of this commission until his retirement.

When Mr. Johnston died, much of the history of High Point, events that may seem small and inconsequential, died with him. Years ago Mr. Johnston conducted a store at Jamestown, when High Point of today was merely a dream. He recalled, just a short while before his death, of how the city was given its name—workmen engaged in grading for the Carolina railroad, now a part of the main line of the Southern, often referred to the place where the city is now situated as the "high point" between Goldsboro and Charlotte, the two terminals of the state constructed railway. During all these days Mr. Johnston was residing at Jamestown but was a frequent visitor to the little settlement that had grown up where the plank road crossed the lumber road, that little settlement being the High Point of before the war days. And he saw the railroad constructed.

For 13 years he was one of the two deputy sheriffs patrolling the county, he having been assigned to the western section of Guilford for duty. During all this time it was his fondest boast that he never needed a pistol and never car-

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##### PRESIDENT TELLS THE SUBJECT OF RECENT NOTES HE SENT TO BELLIGERENTS

Attitude of This Government to An International League to Enforce Peace is Given By Wilson.

(By the Associated Press.)  
Washington, Jan. 22.—President Wilson, in a personal address to the senate, today laid down the question of whether the United States shall depart from its traditional policy of isolation and no intrinsical alliance and take part in a world league to preserve peace after the war.

The President in his address reviewed the sending of his notes of December 18 to all belligerents asking them to state more definitely than they had the terms they would deem it possible to make peace and told of the replies he had received.

"In every discussion of peace that must end the war," he said, "it is taken for granted that the peace must be followed by some definite concert of power which will make it virtually impossible that any such catastrophe should overwhelm us again.

"It is inconceivable," he said, "that the people of the United States should play no part in the enterprise and add their authority and their power to the authority and force of other to guarantee peace and justice throughout the world. Such a settlement cannot now be long postponed," he said, "it is right that before it comes this government should frankly formulate the conditions upon which it feels justified in asking our people to approve its formal and solemn adherence to a league for peace."

"The terms of the immediate peace agreed upon," he said, "were to determine whether it is a peace for which such a guarantee can be secured. The question upon which the future peace and policy of the world depend is this: 'Is the present war a struggle for a just and secure peace or only for a new balance of power? If it be only a struggle for a new balance of power, who will guarantee, who can, the stable equilibrium of the new arrangement? Only a tranquil Europe can be a stable Europe.'"

President Wilson arranged to address the senate at 1 o'clock this afternoon on the question of the part the United States shall take in the proposed international league for the preservation of peace.

So many reports regarding the President's purpose were prevalent that Senator Stone finally announced that President Wilson proposed to give the senate an elaboration of subjects contained in his recent note asking for a statement of terms of peace.

It was announced also that the President would discuss an outline of the attitude of the United States toward future arrangements for peace. It was said positively that no pending questions between the United States and others would be taken up.

The announcement was made by Secretary Tumulty following a conference with the President. He stated that the address would have to do with broad questions affecting the position of the American government.

The contents of the President's address has been placed in the hands of all foreign governments.

President Wilson sent word to Vice President Marshall that he wished to address the senate on the subject of foreign relations. Arrangements for his appearance were taken up. It is said no other President since George Washington has made such an appearance.

The President divulged the purpose of his appearance to no one, not even to his secretary.

It was generally supposed that they

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