The New Berne Weekly Journal.

INDEPENDENT IN ALL THINGS.

Terms $2.00 Per Year.

VOL. IX. NEW BERNE, CRAVEN COUNTY, N. C., AUGUST 12, 1886. NO. 20.

Land and Other Property FOR SALE.

One tract of land in Contentnea Neck Township, Lenoir Co., of 400 acres.

One tract of land in Pink Hill township, Lenoir Co., of 183 acres.

Four lots on Shine street in Kinston.

One lot and tenement house on Shine street in Kinston.

One two-horse spring wagon.

Two new Wilson Sewing Machines.

One thousand bushels of corn.

One hundred bales of hay.

OETTINGER BROS.

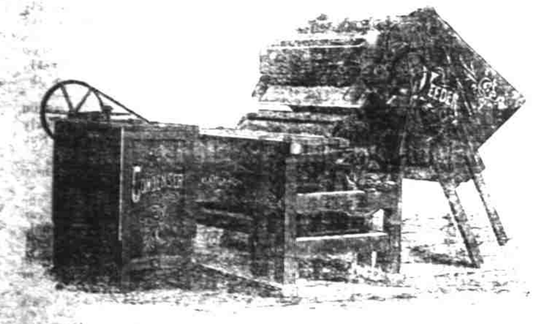
Sign of the Celebrated Pearl Shirt.

KINSTON, June, 1886.

Cotton Gins, Cotton Presses,

ETC., ETC., FOR THE

FALL OF 1886.



I have on hand, for immediate delivery:

One 60 Saw Gin, "Allen's Improved" Cotton Gin.

One 50 Saw Gin, "Eureka" Cotton Gin.

One [illegible] Cotton Gin.

One 10 Saw Gin, "Eureka" Cotton Gin.

One 60 Saw Pratt Cotton Gin, With revolving hackle and [illegible]

One 50 Saw Pratt Cotton Gin, (With revolving hackle and [illegible])

One 40 Saw Pratt Cotton Gin, With revolving hackle and [illegible]

One 50 Saw Carver Gin, old style.

One 50 Saw Carver Gin, new style.

One "Boss" Power Cotton Press.

One "Boss" No. 2 Power Cotton Press.

These Gins and Presses stand on the field as the best in use throughout the South. Look to your interests and buy nothing but the best.

I also carry a full line of other Machinery such as Engines, Boilers, Saw Mills, Grist Mills, Cotton Seed Crushers, Shingle Mills, Wood Wheel Threshers, Circular Saws, Belting, Belt Hooks, Lacing, Belting, Shafting, Pulleys, Hangers, Oils, Rubber and Pipe Fittings, Valves, Whistles, Steam Gauges.

Send for circulars and prices. Prices guaranteed as low as any.

Respectfully,

J. C. WHITTY.

Agent for FAIRBANKS' STANDARD SCALES.

MAX SCHWERIN,

To make room for his Fall and Winter Stock, offers his entire Stock, EXCLUDING THE A. A. BATTLES' ARCADIA SHOES

AT COST.

Now is your chance to get Dry Goods, Furnishing Goods, Hats, Shoes, Notions, etc., CHEAP.

I MEAN BUSINESS AND NO HUMBUG.

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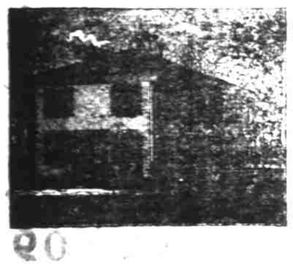

LA GRANGE Collegiate Institute,

LA GRANGE, LENOIR CO., N. C.

Spring Session opens Monday, January 18, 1886. Tuition $10 per session. Board $8 per month. Rooms free. Fuel and lights at cost. Pupils can enter any time. Catalogue free. Address

J. H. ROBERTS, Principal.

jan7 dw

THE LETTER OF MR. STRANGE.

[illegible] the following letter from Mr. W. W. Strange of Wilmington, written to the *Journal* of that city, in response to an inquiry of a correspondent as to the reasons of the failure of that promising company to obtain from the National government such favors as were accorded to other places of strategic importance commercially and otherwise.

The figures assigned to Mr. STRANGE are quoted and weighed [illegible] They are such as have impressed the good people of Carolina very much to such an extent as convinced both Republicans and Democrats, that some other course must be adopted, if we are to be left out in the cold. Whether legislative promotion of the material interests and material welfare of the people of North Carolina is a wise or unwise policy, is a question with which we have nothing to do. It is the fact that the condition in our State is what it is, and exactly what it is, that we wish to call the attention of the people of both States and Nation.

This is what the condition in our State is, and exactly what it is, we wish to clearly the people of both States and Representatives in Congress. Here is the letter:

WILMINGTON, N. C., July 31, 1886.

DEAR SIR: In response to your request for information as to the reasons why Wilmington's public improvements have been neglected by the Government, I beg to say that I have consulted with some of our leading men, who were in Congress when the appropriations were made, and they say that the principal reason was that our people did not make any efforts or their behalf. During the present session, I think, this failure has resulted from a unanimity to succeed on the part of our representatives in both branches of Congress. Senator Ransom had a bill passed through the Senate appropriating $200,000 for a custom house building in this city, some months ago, and Judge Benton, to my own knowledge, has made an earnest effort to have it passed House and become a law. He may yet succeed, but at the time of his failure is due to the acting chairman of Congressman Johnson, of the Anderson district, who had even [illegible] to secure an appropriation for his own town, [illegible] Committee on Appropriations, and [illegible] matter of the House of Representatives. When [illegible] has charge of all bills for the erection of public buildings. Mr. Johnson succeeded in [illegible] Ashe[illegible] the bill.

Very truly, [illegible]

THE TYPOTHETA.

STATE OF NEW YORK, [illegible]

TRIENNIAL NEW YORK.

At the dinner of the Typothetæ in New York on Monday evening, Mark Twain, who was the guest of the evening, said:

"This reminds me of a story. I was staggering home one night with a load of my fellow-citizens and poured into a couple of them on my right. Mr. Longfellow, I am proud of this compliment, said one, staggered. It is the most [illegible] experience. It is the first time that anybody in my experience ever stood up to the pleasure of a large and respectable assemblage of gentlemen like this, and confessed that I have told the truth once. If I could only feel that way now! I would die happy. Longfellow, said Bailey's expense.

"The chairman's toast—the insences of Gutenberg have caused me to fall into temperances. For I myself am something of an antiquity. I remember [illegible] change in the process of printing, and it may be that [illegible] among strangers. I may be the printer of thirty-five years ago. I was no stranger to him. I knew him well. I built his fire for him in the winter mornings. I brought his water from the village pump. I swept out his office. I picked up his type from under his stand, and if he was there to see, I put the good type in his case and the broken ones among the chell [illegible] and if he wasn't there to see, I hid most it all with the spit on the sponging stone—for that was the initial fashion of the club, and was [illegible]. I wetted down the papers [illegible] days, I turned it Sundays—just [illegible] was a country weekly. I rolled, washed the rollers, I washed the forms, I folded the papers, I carried them around at dawn Thursday mornings. I enveloped the papers that were for the mail—he had a hundred town subscribers and three hundred and fifty country ones; the town subscribers paid in groceries and the country ones in cabbages and cord-wood—when they paid at all, which was rarely sometimes, and then we always stated it in the paper and gave them a puff, and it we forgot it they stopped the paper. Every man on the town list helped edit the things that he gave orders as to how it was to be edited, dictated its opinions, marked out its course for it, and every time the boss failed to connect, he stopped his paper. We were not infested with cash, and we tried to satisfy them all over. We had one subscriber who paid cash, and he was so unreliable in all the rest, he simply destroyed a year's body and soul for two dollars. He used to modify our politics every which way, and he used to change our religious four times in a year. If we ever tried to please a certain man, he would immediately lose ground, and, of course, that meant ruin, ruptcy and destruction. That man used to write articles to commend a hard-headed, long-headed long-eared man and sign them admirer, or Veteran, or Nox Populi, or some other high sounding nom de plume, and we set up the worst we could, and he had changed it so and it was a guided figure [illegible] cause he mutilated it so it was to be left out. We could not afford such a waste of [illegible] afford dogs in that [illegible] always took the cream off the [illegible] the signature of the editor, a paper was just [illegible] the editor, a paltry excuse, because forsooth, Greenstone is a [illegible] cause that kind of a paper was just as well off with a sick editor as a [illegible] and better off with a dead one than with either of them. He was full of dressed egotism and knew as much about [illegible] importance, but he didn't know as much as a 3 em quad. He never set any type except in the rush of the last day, and then he would smouch all the poetry, and leave the rest to "fill" for the solid takes. He wrote with impressive dullness and spacing confidence upon the vastest subjects, but puffing alms gifts of wedding cake, salty ice cream, abnormal watermelons and sweet potatoes the size of your leg was his best fold. He was always a poet—a kind of poet of the Carrier's Address breed—and whenever his mother suppurated, and he read the result to the printers and asked for their opinion, they were very frank and straightforward about it. They generally scraped their rules of the boxes all the time he was reading and called it "long wash" when he got through. All this was twenty-five years ago, when the man who could set 700 an hour could put on just as many airs as he wanted to, and if these New York men, who recently on a wager set 1000 an hour solid minion for 10 hours, on a stretch had appeared in that office, they would have been received as accomplishers of the supremely impossible. I drenched with hospitable beer the brewery was bankrupt."

Franklin was that printing office of primitive times yet, with its horse [illegible] in the walls, its 'd' boxes [illegible] with tallow, because we [illegible] stood the candle in the 'k' [illegible], its towel, which was considered soiled until it could [illegible], and other signs and symbols that marked the establishment of that kind in the Mississippi valley; and I can see also the 'tramping tour' who tilted by in summer and tarried a day, his wallet stuffed with one [illegible] and a hatful of handbills; for he couldn't get any type to set [illegible] a temperance lecture. [illegible] he was simple, his wants not complex; all he wanted was a place and bed and money enough to get drunk on and he was satisfied. But it may be, as I have said, that I am among strangers, and sing the glories of a forgotten age to unfamiliar ears, so I will cease even and stop."

A Question About Sabbath Observance.

Dessup, Esq., has just been elected "chief Burgess" of Montrose, Pa. We don't exactly know what a "chief burgess" is in that settlement, but we know that Mr. Dessup immediately ordered all baker shops closed on the Sabbath, prohibited milk wagons from delivering milk after nine o'clock, a. m., on that day, and livery stables from letting horses and carriages between the midnight of Saturday and that of the Sabbath.—*Chicago Inter-Ocean.*

Why permit milk to be delivered up to 9 o'clock, a. m., on the Sabbath, and prohibit its delivery after that hour? Are the first nine hours of the Sabbath less sacred than the remaining fifteen? Is one part of the holy day more sacred than another? Why not compel the milkmen to observe the whole twenty-four hours as well as the livery stable men? But, it may be said, that it is necessary to have fresh milk. Granted. But is it not also necessary for a clergyman when he arrives from Europe on an ocean steamer at 10 or 11 o'clock on Sabbath morning—or, for that matter, at any other hour on the Sabbath—to hire a hack, as every clergyman does, to convey him to his home. Would you have him remain on shipboard all day Sunday, simply because he could not hire a hack between 12 o'clock on Saturday night and 12 o'clock on Sunday night?

And how can he hire a hack on Sunday if the livery stable, from which the hack comes, is closed? Furthermore, if it is right for a clergyman to employ a hack on Sunday, can it be wrong for the man who owns it to let him have the hack? In short, if it is right for the clergyman to ride on Sunday, how can it be wrong for the hackman to drive?—*N. Y. Ledger.*

A BAD AWNING.—If any of readers have doors or windows they would like an awning, we may make one that will more satisfactory than any they did buy, all through the season when awnings are needed. It is more satisfactory because it is ornamental, and that is [illegible] thing that cannot be said of awnings in general. Procure some [illegible] just what you need and saw off four of them the [illegible] of the door or window you want an awning for. Nail these together square, and fasten two [illegible] across from corner to corner. This makes the top frame-work of your awning, and is to be fastened to the top of the door or window frame. Take a support to it, [illegible] on each side, to run the outside corners down to the middle of the door or window. In the triangular space [illegible] the door frame [illegible] the awning, fasten [illegible] hoop. Over this tough [illegible] morning glories, [illegible] growing vines, [illegible] have, after a little, a [illegible] of greenery and [illegible]. Such awnings are easily [illegible] and are extremely graceful [illegible]—*Farmer.*

[illegible] coming much [illegible] the requirements of a well [illegible] than corn, and [illegible] has not selected a stand of [illegible] tools. They do not pack [illegible] as much the corn meal, because [illegible] husk, and this is [illegible] the concentrated part [illegible] the masticated food [illegible] pulverized in the stomach [illegible] contain a much larger [illegible] of muscle forming and [illegible] building material than corn. [illegible] oats form the largest [illegible] the ration of horses for [illegible] but oats are often more [illegible] other kinds of feed [illegible]

BRIEFS.

Riotous demonstrations continue in Belfast.

The Indian cotton crop is expected to be very large.

Herbert Spencer is seriously ill at his residence in London.

The value of real estate in Great Britain is on the decline.

The State pharmaceutical convention meets in Fayetteville Wednesday.

Small pox is making sad ravages in portions of the republic of Chili.

The potato crop of South Ireland is reported to be considerably damaged.

Heavy shipments of flour are being made from Virginia to South America.

The mail service between New York and Havana has been shortened two days.

The remodeling of buildings in Baltimore on the decimal system has begun.

Trans-Atlantic steamship lines are again cutting rates, but in the steerage department only.

Two tramps were killed while stealing a ride on the B. & O. Railroad near Cumberland Md.

The German government is having carrier pigeons trained to test their effective service in case of war.

A party of eighty clergymen of different denominations are making a bicycle tour in the State of New York.

A good many cases of drowning from venturing too far in the surf are reported at the Northern watering resorts.

The English cutter *Gilden* has arrived but will not participate in any races until the contest for the Queen's cup.

The granddaughter of Thomas Jefferson, who was dismissed from the patent office at Washington has been reinstated.

It is thought in New York that the Bartholdi statue will not be placed in position as early as anticipated, September 3d.

Southern California is endeavoring to compete with Florida in growing oranges, but irregularity in rainfall is the great prevention.

The steam yacht Yosemite, built by John Roach & Son, has been purchased by the Canadian Government to be used as a cruiser.

In Amsterdam the authorities have forbidden the sale of newspapers on the streets, claiming that they inflamed the populace during the recent riots.

At a meeting of Parnellite members of Parliament in Dublin, it was declared that nothing short of Mr. Gladstone's measure would be accepted by Ireland.

About the only crop that will be above the average this year, remarks an exchange, is the crop of candidates. Neither the drought nor wet spell has effected them.

Smith—I saw you carrying home a couple of watermelons last night, Brown, how much did they set you back? Brown—Don't know yet, the doctor is up at the house now.

Late reports from the rice harvest in South Carolina show that the former statement of the failure of this much-depended on crop in that State, is untrue, and that no distress prevails there.

Reports of the crops from most of the Southern States are to the effect that there was a great improvement during the month of July and that indications for a good yield is now flattering.

Indiana has a law preventing weak-minded persons from marrying. A crusty old bachelor has been led to remark that the weak-minded are the only persons who ever think of doing such a thing.

From a careful report of the commissioner of agriculture in Virginia on the tobacco crop of that State, he says there is no doubt but that it is greatly damaged, owing principally to the numerous rains that have recently fallen.

A new cable company has been formed between New York and Brazil. The cable will be laid as soon as the equinoctial storms are over. This will be of inestimable value to Americans. At present communication has to go over English lines by Liverpool at the enormous rates of $2.00 per word.

The streets and sidewalks of the city of New Orleans which have always been so low and muddy, are to be raised on an immense scale. The authorities have provided for them to be elevated to a uniform grade which will necessitate the filling in of many lots and sections, thereby greatly improving the drainage and health of the city.

Only a few weeks ago the State of Main was in great excitement over the fishing trouble and wanted to declare war at once with Canada. Now the agitation is way down in Texas and that State wants Mexico whipped. Happily the United States is too big to get mad all over at once and we have such level headed statesmen in the National Capital.

Edmund Cutting is dead in jail yet. It would be a pity should the United States be thrown into war with Mexico on account of so dirty and dishonorable a man as Cutting is reported to be. But principle is principle and our government must render protection to its citizens without any distinction of person, the libel was not committed in Mexico, consequently should not be tried there.

A high compliment has been paid North Carolina. Mr. Geo. T. Williams, of Tarboro, recently polished up a walking cane of Edgecombe wood and sent it to Hon. Jefferson Davis, receiving the following acknowledgement: "The cane is precious to me, having been cut by a North Carolina lover who contributed to our cause in days of the war, and remembers as I do with pride the battle of Big Bethel. North Carolina led her full duty there, and it has given me pleasure often to hear testimony to the valor and fidelity of her sons on many trying occasions."

A correspondent of the New York Sun writes that for a market which will make a complete work-basket he would suggest the name of Samuel J. Tilden and Johnson, the late for President and Vice President. The ability of these two gentlemen is undoubted, but Mr. Tilden has [illegible] too many years [illegible] to execute the duties that would be required of him. Still notwithstanding his present attack of paralysis he is [illegible] a warm [illegible] speech of ex-Prime Minister Gladstone he is [illegible] so sayeth. As to American statesmanship Samuel J. Tilden stands without a peer. Later the death of this esteemed gentleman is [illegible]

The Shotwell Monument

The Shotwell Memorial Association in a meeting held at the office of the president, July 6th passed resolutions requesting the ladies of North Carolina who are friendly to the association to conduct a bazaar during the State Fair to be held in Raleigh in October next and to contribute such articles as they may be disposed to give towards its success, in order that a sufficient amount of money may be raised to erect such a monument as they desire to place over the noble and lamented Shotwell."

For a year the turf has grown green above the knightly heart of Randolph A. Shotwell, and still no stone marks his resting place. When the shock of his sudden and pathetic death first thrilled the State, many were disposed to contribute towards the erection of a monument to perpetuate his name and record his deathless courage, his heroic sacrifice, his stainless honor, but interest waned with the passing months and very little over $300 has been collected.

If the ladies do not work for the bazaar and make it a success, there will be no monument raised to his memory for it were better far to let the grave remain unmarked than to raise above it an insignificant stone all unworthy to bar so honored a name.

Let us go to work at once and do what we can to show that Captain Shotwell is remembered and loved within the borders of the state for which he sacrificed all that made life worth the living, and in which he has laid down to his rest after years of suffering caused by those sacrifices.

The ladies of Richmond, Virginia, held a bazaar for the benefit of the "Confederate Home" near that city and to that every description of contribution was made, and it was a great success. The contributions suitable are fancy work of all kinds, mementoes of the late war, china and glass ware, barrels of flour, articles from the farm and garden, flowers in pots and bouquets, fruits, preserves, jellies, pickles, cakes, catsup, in short anything that has a money value. Persons sending articles to be exhibited at the Fair, such as bread, preserves, etc., could, if interested in this undertaking, mark them "For the Shotwell Memorial Bazaar" after they have competed for the the prizes. Mrs. F. A. Olds, of Raleigh, the president of the bazaar, will give all necessary information to those who desire it, and requests all who will work for it to let her know as early as possible, so that she may form some idea as to what will be contributed.

It is earnestly hoped that the ladies throughout the State will respond to the appeal of the Monument Association and do all that is possible to make the "Shotwell Memorial Bazaar" a success.

ANNA ALEXANDER CAMERON.

Hillsboro, N. C.

S. C. Democratic Convention.

COLUMBIA, Aug. 4.—The Democratic State Convention met in the opera house at 12 m. Ex-Governor Johnson Hagood was elected permanent chairman.

Considerable interest has been felt as to the action of the body in view of the "farmers movement," which cropped out early in the year and resulted in a convention here in June to consider the grievances of agriculturists. Since then, the leader of the movement, B. R. Tillman, of Edgefield has been working vigorously to secure county delegations, and many people believed that he would be able to shape the policy of the convention and dictate the nomination. The present Governor, Hon J. C. Sheppard, was supposed to be the choice of the farmers' party for the first place on the ticket, and the first ballot showed a vote for him of 68 out of 318 cast. The other candidates were J. P. Richardson, present State Treasurer; Senator W. C. Coker, of Darlington; Senator Giles J. Patterson, of Chester; Representative Edward McCrandy, jr., of Charleston, and Chancellor Johnson, of Marion. No choice was had on the first two ballots, and on the third ballot Richardson received 172 votes and was declared nominated.

The convention is now considering other nominations, and the name of General W. L. T. Prince, Chesterfield, has been put in nomination for Lieutenant Governor.

Georgia Proposing to Pension Her Soldiers.

ATALANTA, Aug. 2.—There will be two constitutional amendments voted on at the State election in October, one of which is of general interest, as it is likely to place maimed Confederate soldiers on a permanent pension list. The amendment is as follows:

That the last sentence of article 7, section 1, paragraph 1, of the Constitution of 1877 be, and the same is hereby amended, by adding thereto at the end of said sentence the following words: "And to make suitable provision for such Confederate soldiers as may have been permanently injured in such service." So that said sentence when so amended shall read as follows: "To supply the soldier who lost a limb or limbs in the military service of the Confederate States with suitable artificial limbs during life, and to make suitable provision for such Confederate soldiers as may have been permanently injured in such service."

Under the last clause of the proposed amendment the Legislature would be at liberty to establish a pension list. There is no opposition whatever to the State to the proposed amendment.

Bad Treatment.

The Hon. John Goode has written a letter to the Democratic voters of the second Virginia district—the district that elected him to Congress—which is interesting not only to those to whom it is addressed but to the people of the whole country. It is a manly protest against the injustice which has been done him in the rejection of his nomination to the solicitorship general by the President. He shows that this action was due not to any unfitness on his part for the office to which he was called but to the demand made by his personal enemy, Mahone as a part of the fulfillment of a corrupt bargain, and the efforts of an incorporated monopoly whose hostility he won by doing his duty. He claims too, and with reason doubtless, that had his appointment been discussed in open session of the Senate, instead of in the darkness of star chamber proceedings, the wrong which has been done him could not have been accomplished.—*Norfolk Pilot.*

Chautauqua

[illegible] New York Sun.—This name has become somewhat famous, and it is interesting to know that probably long before the lake in the State of New York was so designated an Indian town at the conclusion of the Neuse and Trent rivers, in North Carolina, the exact site of the present town of New Bern, was so called.

The journal of Baron de Graffenriedt who founded New Bern and so named it after the canton of Bern, in Switzerland from which he came, has very recently been published by the Secretary of State of North Carolina in which the colonial records are kept. De Graffenriedt several times refers to the Indian town as "Chattawqua," "Chattauqua," and "Chattooka," and says it is the "place where Newbern actually stands" and is "the old name of the town of Newbern."

The settlement of De Graffenriedt was made in 1710. In the year 1714 the North Carolina Indians, who named this town Chautauqua, removed to New York and joined the Five Nations. Did they not take the name with them and give it to the lake in New York?

A. M. WADDELL.

Wilmington, N. C., July 29th.

Some Kinston Dots.

Nearly all the Kinstonians who went off summering have returned. Many of our young teachers who visited the mountains have come back bronzed and strong, ready for another campaign with the infantry in their educational conflict. Many new ideas have they picked up at the "Assembly" and the Normals—some of which, perhaps, were not worth picking up, but they will do to experiment with. Some Kindergarten fantasies were looked into and found not suitable (at least for some time to come) to North Carolina. But many good things were found and stowed away for future use.

One of our most accomplished lady teachers has resigned the chair pedagogical, to take a position as queen of a house hold.

The schools of Kinston will all open about the first of this month or first of next. Three or more will be in operation so that there will be no excuse for any one's not sending their children to school. Lenoir county still leads her sisters in educational facilities.

As for political matters, "we shall see what we shall see." Some Democrats are thinking of nominating one of our best young lawyers for House Representatives. He would most worthily fill the position, if elected.

Rev. A. J. Hires, the Baptist pastor is taking his summer vacation.

The "mosquitoes by millions" did not come, as predicted, after the subsidence of the waters of the Neuse.

The great numbers of rosy-cheeked youngsters seen in every part of town furnishes ample proof of the extraordinary healthiness of this place.

Dr. Jones, of Goldsboro, gives a farmer's dinner today on his plantation near Kinston. We noticed on the early freight this morning several well known [illegible] in company with the doctor. D. R. Walker was earnestly entreated to join the party; but being on the up train going West, he mournfully and reluctantly and sorrowfully shook his head.

Crops around here are tolerable. Good rain on Tuesday.

The New Berne Baseball Club will play the Kinstons a match game on Monday next, the 9th. Send up the Adjutant to score for the boys.

The "man-bear" was housed in the lock-up this morning for profane growling on the streets.

Pick-frys and fish-nicks are the order of the day now. O. K.

Kinston, Aug. 5, 1886.

Stonewall Items.

We have had no rain for the past twelve or fourteen days. After so much wet, crops are having a hard time.

Your Gum Branch itemizer says I can obtain the pork or greasy collard seed at $2.50 per ounce. That is rather too greasy; fear so much so that they might have the cholera.

Misses Emma Becton and Sallie Faison, of your city, who have been visiting Mrs. M. M. Ferebee for several days, returned to their home on Tuesday, much to the regret of the young gents of this place.

Jas. R. Jewell, who has been register of deeds for our county for a number of years, is in such poor health that I understand he declines to be a candidate any more. No county has ever had a better or more faithful servant.

Mr. John Tingle, who has been a sufferer for the past eight years with heart disease, and confined to his house for the past three months or more, died at his home near here on the 24th July. A good citizen gone over the river. He was about sixty years old.

C. H. Fowler sowed about one and a half acres in clover and grass seed in March last and has cut and housed by actual weight—no guess work—5,000 pounds of as nice clover hay as was ever fed to team. Who can beat that, or where can it be done?

Stonewall's magnetism for a New Berne widower was in the city Tuesday and the attraction was so great that he was drawn across the ferry. Well, if you could know the amount of watermelons, West India fruit and other nick nacks that arrive in this vicinity, you would conclude some one was soft.

It is rather an enigma to some of your readers to see the JOURNAL championing L. C. Latham for Congress from the 1st district. It seems to equal the *Argus'* interest in your county affairs. If you will just be easy, I feel confident that the 1st district will take care of itself, and it won't be with a let-down champion nor a money shark either, and don't you forget it. Skinner stock is at par in Pamlico.

National League Movements.

DUBLIN, Aug. 2.—The National League has ordered its branches in County Kerry to prepare for a general strike against the payment of rents. The Parnellite party at their meeting on Wednesday will appoint delegates to the convention at Chicago of the National League of America. They will at the same time arrange to secure seats in the House of Commons for Messrs. Healy and O'Brien, who were defeated in the recent elections.

Inharmonious Republicans.

Yesterday at Tarboro there were two Republican conventions of Edgecombe county. One nominated Cobb for sheriff, Spraggins for register, Edwards for clerk, Killibrew for treasurer. The other ticket was Cobb for sheriff, Hines for clerk, Meech for register, Killibrew for treasurer, and it instructed for Frank Winston for solicitor.

A Judge's Suicide.

NATCHEZ, Miss., Aug. 4.—Judge Joseph Shields, a prominent member of the bar and the author of the "Life and Times of S. S. Prentiss," committed suicide by strangulation last night. The loss of his wife some time ago had affected his mind.

Revolutionary Circulars.

MADRID, Aug. 2.—Pamphlets and circulars containing an appeal to the people to cast off the Castilian yoke and proclaim the ancient kingdom have been widely distributed in Catalonia. The police are seizing the documents.

France to Withdraw her Ambassador at the Vatican.

ROME, Aug. 2.—The Pope has notified the foreign representatives here of the appointment of Mgr. Agliardi as Apostolic Delegate and Minister Resident at Peking. In consequence of this appointment France will withdraw her Ambassador to the Vatican.

Terrific Wind and Snow Storm.

MT. WASHINGTON, N. H., Aug. 3.—A northwest wind is blowing at the rate of sixty miles an hour. It set in at nightfall yesterday. Snow began to fall at 2:30 this morning, and at 8:30 the ground was covered to a depth of 14 inches. The wind is blowing eighty miles an hour, and the windows are thickly covered with frost. The thermometer yesterday registered 50 degrees in the valley, but it now marks 36 degrees here.

The Bachelor Surrenders.

Mr. Wm. M. Wood, of this city, returned from New Berne, N. C., yesterday, bringing with him a fair daughter of the Old North State, who was cordially welcomed to her new home by friends of herself and the bridegroom. The New Berne JOURNAL, in noticing the event, says: "The bride and groom left on the steamer Shenandoah for their future home in Norfolk, with the congratulations of a host of acquaintances, mingled with regrets at the loss of her by the circle of numerous friends to whom she was so closely attached.—*Norfolk Dispatch.*

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