THE JOURNAL.

S. S. NUNN, - - - - Editor.
M. HARPER, - - - Business Manager.

NEW BERNE, N. C., NOV. 24 1887.

Entered at the Post office at New Berne, N C. as second-class matter.

JOHANN MOST, the New York Anarchist, is again indicted and in prison. These people should be taught that while America is an asylum for the oppressed it is not a healthy place for law-breakers.

THE Supreme Court has sustained Judge Sheperd in the Durham Graded School case, and the school is now safe. The court has also sustained the same Judge in the Guilford county Justices' cases which involved the right of the Governor to appoint Justices to fill vacancies caused by the failure of those appointed by the General Assembly to qualify. It is held that the Governor has such right and that it is the duty of the clerk to administer the oath of office to such appointees.

THE surplus revenue for the fiscal year ending June 30th, 1887 was $103,471.097. It is estimated that before Congress can provide any measure of relief against this dangerous hording up of the people's money it will run up to one hundred and forty millions. The News and Observer takes ground for the distribution of this large surplus to the States according to population. This is a good solution of the problem, what to do with it, and it should be done as soon as Congress convenes and then the collection of a surplus should be stopped forthwith.

IT is reported that the Virginians are very much disappointed in Mr. Conklin's speech before the Supreme Court in the *habeas corpus* cases involving the right of Judge Bond to interfere with the collection of taxes in that State. A $10,000 fee ought to have brought one of the ex-Senator's best speeches, but he is excused upon the ground that he was on the wrong side—that is, his feelings were in the opposite direction. If this be true, was it right for him to accept the fee? Having accepted it, was it not his duty to present the case in as strong a light as possible regardless of his personal feeling in the matter?

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND is not a dull politician by any means. He knows where to put in the licks that do the most good. He wrote a letter which, it is said, secured success to the Democratic ticket in New York. Now he appoints George L. Rives assistant Secretary of State and it turns out that Rives was a warm supporter of DeLancey Nicoll, the bolting Democratic candidate against Col. Fellows for District Attorney. With the assistance of Governor Hill who is continually throwing fire brands in the Republican camp, the President will be able to keep New York in the Democratic column next year, while North Carolina will not make any serious kick on account of Rives getting the place that was wanted for General Cox.

THE NEXT GOVERNOR.

The JOURNAL will not *nominate* a candidate for Governor, but it will occasionally tell what the people say of those who are talked about for this position. While at Kinston last week we heard several leading citizens express the desire to see Judge Walter Clark the candidate of the Democratic party. They want a live, progressive, fearless man for Governor; one who has ideas of his own and recognizes the fact that the country east of Goldsboro is a part of the State of North Carolina and that the people there are entitled to some consideration by the chief executive.

They believe Judge Clark is such a man and that he ought to be nominated by the Democratic party. Since Mr. Carr, who was prominently mentioned in connection with the nomination, has peremptorily declined to be considered a candidate and recommends Judge Clark, it is quite likely the Eastern people will begin to centre upon the latter gentleman.

THE RESULT OF HASTY LEGISLATION.

"Our Supreme Court is overworked," has been the cry for several years, and the fact became so apparent that the last General Assembly passed an act, almost without opposition, submitting an amendment to the constitution, to be voted on in the next election increasing the number of associate justices from two to four.

This constantly increasing work for the Supreme Court doubtless arises, much of it, from hasty legislation, and the additional deplorable fact that there are too many incompetent legislators. The courts are continually called upon to construe laws that are rushed through the General Assembly. The work of framing these is entrusted to committees, and many measures are passed simply upon the recommendation of the committee which have them in charge. In this way many members of the General Assembly vote for bills that they know nothing about, and in doing this they are only cutting out work for the Supreme Court and providing fees for the lawyers. To be sure we do not begrudge the fees the lawyer gets: the honest lawyer who is devoted to his profession and labors to preserve the dignity of the same, earns all the money he gets out of it. But such loose legislation is costing the people much money that might be saved, and giving the courts much work that might otherwise be avoided.

We find evidence of this hasty and unnecessary legislation in the machinery act for the levy and collection of taxes passed by the last General Assembly which is already before the courts. This act changes the remedy for excessive taxation from injunctive proceedure to bringing an action for recovery after the tax has been paid. We question if a dozen members of the General Assembly, outside the committee that formulated and drew up the machinery act, knew that this section was embodied in it. Where is the necessity for such a law? If a taxpayer can sue the county and recover an excessive tax, why make him pay it? It is true there are instances where the justices and commissioners of a county feel the necessity of exceeding the constitutional limit in the levy of taxes in order to meet the current expenses of the county; and it is also true that there is always some citizen who, being actuated by a desire to hamper the county officials rather than reduce expenses, is ready to apply for an injunction. But the county officials have a remedy against all this. If a levy within the constitution is not sufficient the General Assembly can grant them the power to levy a special tax, or a more sensible way, as Judge Bynum expresses it, is to reduce expenses.

Incompetent legislators are a nuisance and a great extravagance. They are a luxury that the people can not afford to indulge in. The people ought to have protection against them.

INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPERS.

The Asheville Advance having been purchased by a company composed of gentlemen of both political parties and having announced that it would be conducted as an independent newspaper, the Citizen, an uncompromising Democratic paper and the Skyland Herald a Republican paper are endeavoring to make it show its hand for one party or the other. The Herald warns the Advance that good people will look upon it as a "sneak thief" if it does not come out boldly for one side or the other, while the Citizen endeavors to show that it has already entered a homestead on the other side.

We do not receive the Advance and we are not advised as to the quality of its independence. Some politicians, and some newspapers, become "independent" for the purpose of wreaking vengeance on an opponent of the same party and not for the good to be accomplished for the community at large. But a newspaper which depends upon no party for its patronage, but deals with all alike, condemning what is evil and approving what is good, exposing fraud, injustice and corruption no matter by whom perpetrated, is a necessity. Newspapers that are supported by party patronage are expected to defend the party under any and all circumstances; they are expected to show up the rascalities and short comings of the opposite party but say nothing of the evil works of their own party. The average citizen who has something else to engage his attention besides running campaigns, while he has his preference between the political parties seeking control of the government, looks beyond mere party success: he looks to the good that the successful party is to bring upon the country by a better administration of public affairs, by honesty and fairness in political methods.

The independent voter and the independent newspaper, are the balance wheel that checks the mad career of political parties and hold them within the bounds of reason. Immediately after the war the Republican party took control in North Carolina by disfranchising a large number of white voters and enfranchising the negro; they took charge, in other words, by force and sought to maintain themselves in power by force, but the independent voters of the State arranged themselves on the side of the Democrats and hurled the Republicans from power, and these same independent voters are content that the Democrats shall remain in control of the State government so long as justice, economy, honesty and fairness to every section of the State are the watchwords of the campaign.

The Democratic party of the State must remember that it is weighed in the same scales—public opinion—that found the Republicans wanting; it must not count on support that it does not merit. It will need the support of the independent voter and the independent newspaper, and to obtain these the party ought to merit support. People are looking beyond party names to see the result of party works, and they cannot be prevented from doing this by denunciations from partisan papers.

A gentleman entered a phrenologist's office in Boston, and asked to have his head examined. After a moment's inspection the professer started back, exclaiming: "Good heavens! you have the most unaccountable combination of attributes I ever discovered in a human being. Were your parents eccentric?" "No, sir," replied the allaround character, meekly, "but my wife is. You needn't pay any attention to the larger bumps, sir."

* * *

Despite the very best attention bestowed upon the baby, it will grow sick and troublesome by reason of colic, diarrhoea, teething, etc. Do not fail, then, to use Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup. Price 25c.

It is within the reach of all for 25c., we mean Laxador, the golden specific for dyspepsia, indigestion and jaundice. At all druggists.

A Gigantic Stride Forward.

OXFORD, N. C., Nov. 12, 1887.—A few evenings ago a number of the most prominent citizens of our town met and organized a body known as the "Commonwealth," with the following officers: W. A. Davis, president; A. Bobbitt, T. D. Crawford and J. C. Horner, vice presidents; J. A. White, treasurer; E. T. White, secretary, with Alex. J. Field assistant. The body formally organized and a constitution and by laws were adopted. The object of the organization is to promote the commercial and financial interests of Oxford, and to make it a more desirable location for residence and business. To this end there were various committees appointed, on securing gas for the town, one on securing electricity, one on water works and one on securing a large hotel, with a view to entertaining summer and winter visitors.

One thing is worthy of comment. At the meeting, which represented only a small part of the citizens, $2,220 was raised to be given as a bonus to a capitalist who will erect in our town a hotol at a given cost. We can safely say that this amount will be raised to $3,000. This is no fleeting fancy, but the earnest purpose of sober, energetic business men, who mean to push to completion what they have undertaken.

The committees on the above named business are now corresponding with noted capitalists, who, we are assured, are willing and anxious to give us gas, water and electricity, provided the town will do its part, and this we are determined to do.

There is also a movement on foot for leasing the right of hunting on a large tract of country near Oxford and posting it. This is to be thoroughly stocked with various kinds of game, and made a hunting ground for Northern and other visitors.

The town hall and market house are progressing rapidly, and will vie with any in the State.

The tobacco market is in an usually flourishing condition, last week's sales being probably larger than we have ever had in any one week. The prices still continue to satisfy the farmers.

The O. & C. R. R. is rapidly approaching completion.

We open wide the portals of our town and extend to each and every good citizen a cordial and hearty welcome. To all proposing to locate we offer a home in our midst, in a section rich with the blessings of Heaven and rich with the well earned fruits of honest labor. The glorious present is upon us with its industry and enterprise, and the refulgent light of the still more glorious future is beginning to reveal a bounteous harvest of prosperity. Come, citizens of North Carolina and other States, and see for yourselves. A. F.

—News & Observer.

* * *

Aurora Items.

Eggs 18 cents. Lint cotton 9¼.

Mrs. Wood, of Goldsboro, is in town.

Mr. Alpheus Wood, of your city, is in town.

Cotton is coming in rapidly—better prices accounts for it.

Mr. Joe Crawford has returned from Goldsboro. Glad to see him.

Three new scholars at the Academy. Let 'em come, Professor Bonner will take care of them.

Rev. L. O. Wyche, pastor of the M. E. Church at this place, is closing up his year's labors. We shall miss this good man.

Mr. J. B. Bonner has about finished a new office for popular our young physician Dr. Alpheus Fields. Also he has a new dwelling in course of construction on the corner of Fourth and Middle streets.

Col. Ike Sugg, of Greenville, proposes to put some lots in order for the market. Let the good work go on. If crops are short and trade dull, work while it is day, the night cometh when no man can work.

Santa Claus is making a visit to the "ole hat man." The "ole hat man" says "he hopes when "D." writes again to the papers he will sign his own name and not get him into trouble over it. Be cranky, but sign your own name."

I heard a gentleman say that he contemplated buying one of the steam saw mills at this place and put in a hub and spoke factory, and I think he means business, and he is fully compent to do it. Go ahead manufactories. Work, go-aheaditiveness is what we need to make this the garden spot, and one of the liveliest little towns in the old North State.

Let's keep the railroad question hot; keep it before the people. It has been the misfortune in North Carolina that her railroads have been through the most barren sections. Now why not build one through from Suffolk or Norfolk to Wilmington via Edenton, Pantego, Aurora, New Berne and Onslow—through as rich land as is in the South? If any one doubts this let them go through on the proposed line and see for themselves.

On Thursday evening the Silver Star Lodge No. 98, I. O. of G. S. & D. of S., celebrated their first anniversary at Aurora. The Lodge, headed by the Star Band of New Berne, paraded the principel streets with a concourse of colored friends following. The best of order prevailed. At night a lecture at Chapin Hall by Prof. Moore of New Berne, refreshments, &c. A large crowd attended. And all would have passed off quietly but for that ever troublesome creature whiskey. Some partook of that too freely and found themselves next morning in the lock-up and had to contribute their "mite" to the town treasury. How long before our people wake up to the enormity of this dreaded evil! But the management was good and a credit to the men composing the Order. The music was good. We say to the Order come again.

* * *

The largest retail store in the United States has just been opened in Brooklyn. It is stocked in a curious way. A Fulton street candy man sells the candy, a Broadway (New York) Japanese concern sells the brac-a-bric, a New York shoe house sells the shoes, and so it goes. The owners of the store sell nothing but the dry goods, and the rest of the concern is made up of two score separate establishments, which pay a commission or rental to the owners.

An expert life saver says that a woman drowns much easier than a man, because she keeps her mouth open. Another libel on the fair sex.

THE BAPTISTS OF NORTH CAROLINA CONVENE IN DURHAM.

The church was densely packed last night by the assembled congregation to hear the introductory sermon by Rev. H. W. Battle, of Wadesboro. It will be remembered that only 129 delegates were present at the opening of the Convention, but this number had been swelled by the arrivel by both freight and mail trains and private conveyances and when the convention convened at least 300 delegates were present.

THE LADIES.

Preachers are human and especially Baptist preachers, and notwithstanding the defeat of the resolution admitting women as delegates to the convention, are delighted to have ladies present, as visitors. Their presence lends enchantment and gives spice to the occasion.

Convention met at 7:30 p. m. Opened by song and prayer by Rev. T. H. Pritchard, D. D., of Wilmington. Rev. C. Durham introduced the preacher of the evening. His text was a part of the second verse of the first chapter of Second Peter: "Grace and peace be multiplied unto you through the knowledge of God and of Jesus our Lord."

2ND DAY, THURSDAY.

Services opened by singing "Nearer my God to Thee." Rev. Geo. B. Taylor, jr., after reading a part of the Scripture, lead in rayer.

Proceedings of yesterday were read and adopted.

The president read a telegram from the students at the Theological Seminary at Louisville, Ky. Elder G. B. Bosticks was requested to reply to the telegram in name of the convention.

The chair announced the committee on

INTERNAL EDUCATION.

J. C. Scarboro, G. B. Bostick, J. B. Brewer, F. P. Hobgood, J. F. Spainhour, L. R. Mills, E. G. Howell and J. N. Stallings, Rev. Dr. Bell, of Philadelphia, Rev. Dr. J. P. Boyce, Chairman of the faculty of the Southern Baptist Seminary arrived this morning.

On motion of Dr. J. D. Hufman, the following names were added to the committe on periodicals: J. C. Scarboro, W. R. Gwanthy and W. H. Hardowey.

An invitation was read from the Grand Lodge of Masons inviting the Association to participate in the ceremonies of laying the corner stone of the court house. The invitation was considered but the convention regret that it could not be accepted.

The Secretary then read the committee's report on Sunday schools. Remarks of this report were made by Mr. N. B. Broughton.

On motion of Rev. J. W. McManaway that a committee be appointed to consider the subject of colporturage and carried.

Revs. Geo. B. Taylor, C. A. Woodson, J. S. Purefoy, C. Powell then spoke on the Sunday school report.

The committee on colportuenrage was announced as follows: J. M. McManaway, C. S. Forris, J. W. Gow, R. T. Vann, J. H. Mills, A. G. McManaway, R. H. Marsh, R. Van Deventer. A telegram was then read from Mr. John E. Ray. Dr. Mitchell was appointed to reply to the telegram as follows: Colossians send five to seven, Philipians first, two to eleven.

Rev. Dr. B. Griffith, of Philadelphia, then addressed the convention on the Sunday school question.

The report on Sunday schools was adopted. Rev. Pattello, of Oxford, was heard on the colored Orphanage.

The committee on Colportuenrage made their report which was set for a special order at 2 o'clock p. m.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Rev. Mr. Talsom lead in prayer.

On motion of Dr. Pritchard, Dr. J. B. Boyce, of Louisville, Ky., the committee on colportage made the following report: "Your committee on colportage make the following recommendations.

1. That a system of colportage be inaugurated.

2. That the Board of Missions and the Sunday School Board be consolidated and that this work be committed to the consolidation.

3. That this board be named the Board of Missions and Sunday school.

The Chairman, Rev. J. M. McManaway explained the recommendations of the committee. Mr. Eugene Harrel moved to postpone the matter and make it a special order for tomorrow at 2 o'clock. Motion lost. J. N. Broughton opposed the report. Rev. C. B. Justice offered an amendment to the report. The discussion of this question consumed the most of the evening.

That Durham is not a town of aristocrats was humerously set forth by Rev. C. Durham. A delegate desired a late convening of the convention in the forenoon and to adjourn at 12:30 o'clock. "No sir," said he, "nobody in Durham eats dinner at 2 o'clock, and if you think you will sleep late you are mistaken. We get up soon in Durham, or miss our breakfast."—Durham Recorder.

FRIDAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

The Convention was called to order by President W. H. Pace at 9:30.

Rev. McMannaway moved that section 12 and 13 of the constitution be made one, and last clause of section 12 be stricken out.

Rev. J. H. Mills offered a substitute. He said, "yesterday I called for a consolidated board and they gave us a conglomerated board. Hence this motion."

Moved: That a committee of five be appointed to nominate three boards which shall act in co-operation with corresponding secretary of the convention to conduct our Sunday schools colportage and mission work. That these three boards shall be substituted for the present consolidated board.

The motion to amend the constitution was laid on the table and the motion of J. H. Mills taken up.

On motion the special order was postponed and Rev. C. Durham read the following report of State Board of Missions:

"This board has had during the past year in its employment eighty two men engaged in preaching the gospel to the people of our own State. These have been located in the towns and country from the mountains to the sea.

This number seems large, but it has not been large enough to meet the very earnest calls that have come to us from many other promising and destitute sections of the State.

At the last Convention Elder J. F. Moore was with us, and we expected him to be with us many years. But not so. On the 9th of January, 1887, the Lord said to our brother: "Thy work is done, Come up higher."

John E. Ray, so long corresponding secretary of this Convention, left us for his new home in Colorado, September 13th, 1887. His work in our churches, Sunday schools, mission fields, associations, conventions and boards, will continue to live and bring fruit to the Master's glory.

On September 12th, 1887, the board was called together to select a successor to fill out the unexpired term of Bro. Ray. Elder C. Durham was unanimously elected to this position, and at once entered upon the work.

The great need of every one is the gospel, and the great privilege of every one knowing its power is to give it to those who have it not.

This, when we remember the circumstances, is not at all surprising or discouraging. We have reported the board in debt before, when, perhaps, there was less excuse for it. To have come up this year clear of debt would have been the greatest achievement in the history of the board. The excess of appropriations to missionaries this year, over that paid to missionaries last year, was $3,728.52. With many of our people there has been, perhaps, no year since 1866 when they have been harder pressed, and less able to give; and yet, they have given larger amounts this year than ever before.

Report of treasurer State Missions. Amount received, $9,331.13; Foreign Missions, $6,655.44; education, $4,511.65; Sunday schools, $6,537.08; Home Missions, $2,059.72; Baptist Orphanage, $1,945.22; church extension, $342.17.

Rev. J. D. Hufham moved that the Board of State Missions proceed on a scale of $10,000 next year. Adopted.

Rev. C. Durham desired that the Convention do not reconsider the action yesterday consolidating the different boards. Rev. Cabe withdrew his motion.

On motion, the Convention agreed to give the time Saturday night, to the North Carolina Historical Society.

ON PERIODICALS.

The committee reported that "Our fathers were wise when they provided for weekly newspapers and periodicals generally."

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Special order. Foreign Missions taken up.

Dr. Thos. H. Pritchard first addressed the Convention. He is one of the most interesting talkers we have ever heard.

Dr. Pritchard was followed by Rev. Dr. Bell, of Philadelphia.

FOURTH DAY.

Elder J. B. Richardson, conducted devotional exercises, read the 12th chapter of Romans, and led in prayer. Minutes of Friday's session were read and approved.

Rev. G. W. Thompson, one of the Trustees of Wake Forest College, who has been a trustee ever since the first teacher of Matthew Yates, was introduced and addressed the Convention.

On motion the report of the committee on the time of meeting was called and laid on the table. G. W. Green offered the following, which was adopted by a rising vote:

"Resolved, That in the opinion of this Convention all the Baptists of North Carolina earnestly desire that Matthew T. Yates should pay an extended visit to his native land, rest from his labors and see his brethren once more before he finishes his work."

Elder Cabe read the following report on Orphanage which was adopted:

REPORT ON ORPHANAGE.

The Orphanage at Thomasville is firmly established; its success vindicates the wisdom of its founders and supporters: it has done more good work: it is doing a good work: it will continue to do a good work.

There are seventy six children at the Orphanage now, and others will come. These children must be tended, taught, fed and clothed. To do these things requires money. Our brethren have this money: they can give this money, they ought to give this money: they will give this money.

To make an argument to convince this Convention that these orphan children ought to be tenderly cared for, and trained for usefulness, would be to outrage your Christian instincts, and this committee has no ambition to incur your displeasure by any such performance.

We commend to your attention and ask you to heartily support *Charity and Children*, our Orphanage paper.

Bayliss Cabe,
R. R. Overby,
C. C. Newton,
C. C. Haymore,
J. B. Harrell,
C. E. Gower.

Dr. A. E. Dickinson Richmond, delivered a message from Mr. J. P. Pritchard, of Chase City, Va., brother of Rev. T. H. Pritchard, relating to the Baptist Church at that place, and indirectly asking for aid. The ladies of the Baptist Aid Society, at the adjournment of the Convention, 1 o'clock, met in the left ante-room of the church to discuss Missions, $531 were raised to buy a printing press for *Charity and Children*, a paper published at the Thomasville Orphange.

The Convention adjourned to meet at 7 o'clock p. m. to the North Carolina Historical Society.

THE BRYAN HOUSE.

The convention raised $1,037.55 yesterday for Missionary Bryan's house in China.

Sight Improved.

NEW YORK CITY, April 7, 1884.

MR. A. K. HAWKES: Dear Sir—Your patent eye glasses received some time since, and am very much gratified at the wonderful change that has come over my eye-sight since I have discarded my old glasses, and am now wearing yours. ALEXANDER AGAR,
Blank Book Manufacturer and Sec'y Stationers' Board of Trade.

All eyes fitted and the fit guaranteed at the drug store of F. S. Duffy, New Berne. sep 5 1m

Webster defines a kiss as a "Salute made by touching with the lips pressed together and suddenly parting them." The "suddenly parting" is what caused the rejection of Webster as a standard authority in all well regulated sanctums.

Ladies of the White House

have found that their sometimes excessive duties produce a low, weak, tired and tremulous state of the system, and that iron restores richness and color to the blood, calisaya bark a natural healthful tone to the digestive organs, and phosphorus mildly stimulates the brain—all contained in Dr. Harter's Iron Tonic

For THE JOURNAL

THOUGHTS ON THE SEA.

Oh deep, blue sea,
So restless, yet so free,
Thou hast charms ever wooing me to thee;
Hast thou a heart sore,
From thy troubled waters gore,
That thou learnest the sad love
Of moaning evermore?

Holdest thou the true and brave
In a deep watery grave
Thou fainest now would save?
Why still chant this sad refrain
As in anguish, or in pain,
Will the years revert again,
To remove the burden of thy slain.

Where thy dark abysses whirl,
There are sunny beds of pearl,
Interspersed with many a curl
By some angry cloudlet hurled,
And their forms the sea will hold
Till the billows cease to roll.
While they murmur dirges as of old.

There are forms, bowed with care,
Having silver frosted hair,
Who are hoping yet to share
A home with their loved buried where
The dark proud billows sweep,
Round and o'er them sea-weeds heap,
As if lulling them to sleep

In thy heart's deepest core,
As in ages long before,
In an unforgotten lore
May the wails of thy lost ever pour.
Thou art angered at the thrust,
But I know it is but just,
For thou ever grumblest o'er thy trust.

When my checkered life is done,
And its brief race fairly run,
When a radiant crown is won
Brighter than the setting sun,
I would in the briny deep
Rest in deep, profoundest sleep,
Where the surges ever weep.

For I long for a home,
By the sad sea foam,
Where the sea gulls ever more will roam,
Where the tides will evermore,
With a surging, crushing roar,
Shake the rock bound shore,
As they heavenward soar.

NONIE SCARBOROUGH.

Jones County Items.

The Trent is rising, making the timber men glad.

Seed cotton at Trenton on Saturday for three and up to 3.25. Eggs 15 cents cash. Corn 50 cents per bushel. Fodder from 60 to 65 and in demand.

Trade was lively at Trenton during the past week. Farmers are bringing in their products and our merchants are paying them very fair prices. While competition among our merchants this fall has drawn trade which has been done at other places, we are glad to see this and sincerely hope it may keep growing.

Several rafts of logs we learn will be started for New Berne during the present week on the Trent river. We are having a real timber boom all along the Trent. Timber carriages are in great demand; several are having new ones made, while others are content to hire, and the whole talk is timber. Some are cutting, others are hauling, which is giving considerable employment to all who desire it.

We need at Trenton a live, energetic man who is willing to invest his capital in a good saw mill; we don't mean a picayune establishment, but one that could saw, plane and manufacture our timber all of the different kinds which could be shipped down our river at all seasons of the year. We are of the opinion that right here in our county is a fine opening for a live, energetic saw mill man with capital to start a good business, as timber is plentiful of the very best kind which is now awaiting for capital to develop it and make it pay. Now who will be the lucky man to start the enterprise and reap the profits?

As the new year draws near we hear of many who will change their homes for new ones, believing that by moving that they may eventually better their condition. We don't believe in moving as we never have tried it but once in twelve years, then we found it very expensive. Just let a one horse farmer start to move if he desires to find out how much property he possesses. Why he may suppose that he has but little and can carry it all in a short time, but how deceived he will be. We think the better way for all who have to rent lands is to look well before you rent—once settled, stay right there as long as you possibly can and make the best of it you can. We should remember the old adage "that three moves are equal to a fire." Now if this be true have not many of our renters incurred heavy losses by their many moves, some moving several times from and then back again to the same place.

Lives of Married Women.

American woman marry too early and live too secluded. Many are scarcely out of school before they have settled down as wives and housekeepers. The cares of a family are devolving on them before they have the strength and never to perform them. One reason that our female ancestors lasted longer and had better health that their minds were not so was much taxed nor, the nerves so highly strung. They had the full use of their powers. Their physical health was better; their constitutions stronger. Those that had much mental activity generally had sufficient physical exertion to counter balance it.

Most women know not enough of the laws that govern health and of the diseases incident to their sex and children. How often do we see peevishness manifested by a sickly wife and mother that, by a knowledge of the laws of health and strict observance of them, might be strong and healthy, and fitted for her responsible and arduous duties! The majority of married woman, with families of small children, need more relaxation and a greater variety of innocent recreation. Many of them become so chained down in body and mind by the mention of household cares and labor that their health and spirits sink beneath the load, and in appearance, strength and spirits they grow prematurely old. Some housewives suffer much annoyance from bad servants, and some perform drudgery for which they are unfitted. The indoor labor performed by many American women is astonishing. What affects the body influence the mind. When one is worn and irritated it acts on the other. English women usually have better servants and more of them. They are trained thoroughly for the special departments of house and kitchen work. English women walk and ride more, marry later, and have by nature better constitutions.—Virginia Penny.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP should always be used for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarhœa. Twenty-five cents a bottle.
mar71dtuthsatw1y

Influencing a Judge.

The poet Milnes had a mind of penetrating sagacity and brilliant intuition. He was one day told, by a friend, of the grief of a poor laundress, whose little boy had wandered off to a common near London, and there, with another lad, mounted an old horse grazing there, and taken a ride, only to be arrested for horse stealing. The laundress had engaged counsel for her son, but was in great doubt as to the issue of the case. When the matter was suggested to Milnes, his fertile mind was at once ready with and expedient.

"How old are the boys?" he asked, and was told that they were about 11.

"Then," said he, "tell the laundress to take care that they both appear at the trial in nice clean pianafores."

The effect was almost magical. The two little boys, in their nice pianafores, appeared in the dock, and smiling gazed around the court.

"What is the meaning of this?" asked the judge, who had read the deposition, and now came under the spell of the pinafores.

"A case of horse stealing, my lord."

"Stuff and nonsense!" said his honor with indignation. "Horse stealing, indeed! The boys stole a ride!"

Then the pinafores had almost an ovation in court, and all who had to do with the prosecution were obliged to suffer from the judge's indigant comment.—Youth's Companion.

* * *

He that has energy enough in his constitution to root out a vice, should go a little farther, and try to plant a virtue in its place, other wise he will have his labor to renew; a strong soil that has produced weeds, may be made to produce wheat, with far less difficulty than it would cost to produce nothing.

A convict, with a ball and chain attachament, gave as an excuse for not taking a summer vacation that he was closely tied to business.

* * *

Mr. William Crooke was walking down street the other day. He had a boil on his leg as big as a walnut Mr. T. H. Muns who is very fond of practical joking thought he'd play a joke on Mr. Crooks so he slid noisely up behind him grabbed him by the boil and imitated the bark of a dog Bow bow bow!! Mr. William Crooke has a long foot he pointed it at Mr. Muns most a dozen times and then he gave him one for good measure Mr. Muns went home looking as if he had been scalped wrong and Mr. Crooke went down to his office with his leg over his shoulder with his face as wry as a loaf of that kind of bread little mistakes like these are liable to occur at any time but one thing a man can do that will not be no mistake is to call at A. M. Baker and buy one of those elegant Cloaks that he has so cheap;take one home to your Wife it will be economy.

NEW WAY TO CURE A BALKY HORSE.—If your Horse is disposed to lay down on the street or to balk don't get mad and hammer the sullen brute; don't hold his nose or put a handful of gravel in his ear; no no not that; simply lean over and whisper in his ear; the old nag if he notices it at all, ought to get up in an instant and never stop untill he pulls up in front of one of our dry goods stores. All you must say to the Horse is this, tell him they are selling ladies Cloaks at way down prices at Baker's store, if the Horse don't notice the whisper then rest assured that this remedy is no good but it is a fact that A. M. Baker has a lovely lot of fall and winter goods that he is selling cheap and that in the stock is some handsome Cloaks.

A. M. BAKER.—Dear sir—I thank you sincerely for fitting and suiting me so nicely completely and cheaply in the Cloak that my husband bought of you when he was in New Bern; he saved so much money in the purchase that he got me a Bonnet; he says the cloak fits me as a coat that he fairly Pants to see me parade the streets of New Bern with him in this new attire which suits him entirely and fits that he is sure there is no one any where that can sell better goods for so little money as you do; I intend to Collar and Cuff him if he don't buy from you regularly. For I am determined he shall invest here after at the cheapest and best place in the City.

Gracefully Yours
M. K. BLANK.

"Marier! Marier!" "yelled an excited farmer, the other day, as he rushed out of Baker's store where goods are sold so cheap. "Dump out those Taters and make room!" "What for," said she. "Why," said he." I am going to buy a whole lot of Cloaks and put them away as an investment. I find the prettiest handsomest and the most Stylish lot of Cloaks here that I have ever seen in this town and they are at only half price. Really I have never seen any thing to reach them." "Well, but they may go down, John," said she. "Down! let them go down, the goods in them cloak's are worth the money."

"Susan, my daughter, I fear you are getting reckless. You have had two cloaks this fall already and you only had one last winter. What is the cause?" Well, father, you see Baker has just received a bran new lot of the loveliest wraps of all kinds, and he is selling them at half price, so I bought both of these lovely things for what one would have cost, last year."

Have you heard the latest. Well the latest piece of really good news is that A. M. Baker has one of the loveliest stock of really nice new Stylish and handsome Cloaks ever brought to this city go and look at them whether you want to buy or not take your friends and every body go and look at those Cloaks.

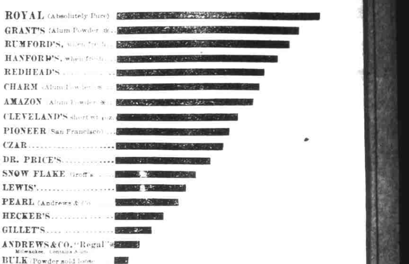
This catches your Eye does it well if you will call at A. M. Baker's and see that elegant stock of Cloaks he has there you will be surprised and pleased to.

The Lady who attracted the most attention on the streets today and was the best dressed and the prettiest in every way got her dressgoods and wrap from A. M. Baker.

What Boots it if I Shoes to buy bargains," said a delighted Customer the other day at—A. M. Baker's.

We blush to think how low we have become in our prices A. M. Baker.

COMPARATIVE WORTH OF BAKING POWDERS.



REPORTS OF GOVERNMENT CHEMISTS

As to Purity and Wholesomeness of the Royal Baking Powder.

"I have tested a package of Royal Baking Powder, which I purchased in the open market, and find it composed of pure and wholesome ingredients. It is a cream of tartar powder of a high degree of merit, and does not contain either alum or phosphates, or other injurious substances. E. G. LOVE, Ph.D."

"It is a scientific fact that the Royal Baking Powder is absolutely pure. "H. A. MOTT, Ph.D."

"I have examined a package of Royal Baking Powder, purchased by myself in the market. I find it entirely free from alum, terra alba, or any other injurious substance. HENRY MORTON, Ph.D., President of Stevens Institute of Technology."

"I have analyzed a package of Royal Baking Powder. The materials of which it is composed are pure and wholesome. S. DANA HAYES, State Assayer, Mass."

The Royal Baking Powder received the highest award over all competitors at the Vienna World's Exposition, 1873; at the Centennial, Philadelphia, 1876; at the American Institute, New York, and at State Fairs throughout the country.

No other article of human food has ever received such high, emphatic, and universal endorsement from eminent chemists, physicians, scientists, and Boards of Health all over the world.

NOTE—The above DIAGRAM illustrates the comparative worth of various Baking Powders, as shown by Chemical Analysis and experiments made by Prof. Schedler. A pound can of each powder was taken, the total leavening power or volume in each can calculated, the result being as indicated. This practical test for worth by Prof. Schedler only proves what every observant consumer of the Royal Baking Powder knows by practical experience, that, while it costs a few cents per pound more than ordinary kinds, it is far more economical, and, besides, affords the advantage of better work. A single trial of the Royal Baking Powder will convince any fair minded person of these facts.

✻ While the diagram shows some of the alum powders to be of a higher degree of strength than other powders ranked below them, it is not to be taken as indicating that they have any value. All alum powders, no matter how high their strength, are to be avoided as dangerous.

THE BEST WAY TO BUILD A BRIDGE
OVER NEUSE RIVER
IS TO SAVE YOUR MONEY BY
Buying Shoes at Cost
At F. T. PATTERSON'S
MIDDLE STREET STORES, THEN A BOOM

in the right direction will be inaugurated by making your purchases at the above named Stores, where you will find bargains in Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, Gloves, Neckwear, Shirts, Flannel Underwear, Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, Umbrellas, Trunks, Valises and Rubber Goods.

A Railroad to Wilmington via Onslow

is just now agitating the public mind, while economy is the order of the day, and F. T. Patterson's stores are the places to practice true economy, *multum in purvo* is his motto—a great deal for a little. Way down prices in Calicoes, Ginghams, Bleachings, Brown Domestics, Shawls, Table Covers, Quilts, and a host of other goods.

A full line of Boys, Youths and Gentlemen's Ready Made Clothing at Rock Bottom prices. Millionaires' suits for a trifle—so to speak. These goods were not made for the CROWN PRINCE OF GERMANY OR ANY OTHER POTENTATE but for our own market.

Be sure to give us a call and you will find low prices and good qualities.

Bolan & Spinney Common Sense Shoes our Specialty.

Over 9,000,000 worn during the past six years. This marvelous success is due—

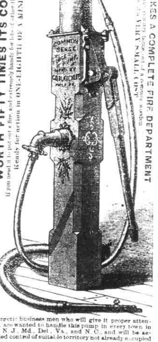
1st.—To the superiority of Coraline over all other materials, as a stiffener for Corsets.

2nd.—To the superior quality, shape and workmanship of our Corsets, combined with their low prices.

Avoid cheap imitations made of various kinds of cord. None are genuine unless "DR. WARNER'S CORALINE" is printed on inside of steel cover.

FOR SALE BY ALL LEADING MERCHANTS.
WARNER BROTHERS,
359 Broadway, New York City.

THE COMMON SENSE
LIFT AND FORCE PUMP



WORTH FIFTY TIMES ITS COST
If you need it to put out a fire, and extremely handy for lots of other things. Ready for action in ONE-EIGHTH OF A MINUTE.

MAKES A COMPLETE FIRE DEPARTMENT
for any country home out of a common wooden pump at a VERY SMALL COST.

Energetic business men who will give it proper attention, are wanted to handle this pump in every town in Pa., N. J., Md., Del., Va., and N. C., and will be accorded control of suitable territory not already occupied.

CHARLES G. BLATCHLEY
MANUFACTURER of all sizes and styles of WOOD PUMPS.
Office: 25 N. E. City Hall Square, Opp. Broad St. Station P. R. R. Philadelphia, Pa

"MOORE COUNTY GRIT"

The Best Millstone in the World for Table Meal. Samples of meal sent on application. Send for prices on Portable Corn Mills, Upper and Under Runners and Mill Irons. We are agents for Engines, Boilers, Saw Mills, Cotton Gins, Planers, Shafting, Pulleys, &c., also for Roller-Mill Outfits which save 50 to 75 cents for the miller in every barrel of flour he makes. Write stating what you want and terms you wish to buy on. Give references. Address, North Carolina Millstone Co., Parkewood, Moore Co., N. C.

AGENTS We beat the world for low prices. A handsome and Strongly Bound Photograph Album, 8½ x 10½ inches, gilt sides and edges, holding 22 pages of Cabinet and Card pictures sent for 65 cents, retail price, $1.25. A Red Plush Photograph Album, 8½ x 10½ Embossed padded sides, gold edges, extension clasp, holding 32 pages of Cabinet and Card pictures sent for $1.00, retails for $2.25. Illustrated circulars FREE of the above and FINER STYLES OF ALBUMS
Forshee & McMakin, Cincinnati, Ohio.

AGENTS double their money selling our BRASS finished corrugated REFLECTING SAFETY LAMP.

Can be sold in every family. Gives more light than three ordinary lamps. Send thirty-five cents for complete lamp and be convinced. We manufacture a large line of household articles. Send for free Illustrated Circulars to FORSHEE & McMAKIN, Cincinnati, O.

Mme. DEMOREST'S
RELIABLE PATTERNS
Are the only ones that will give a perfect fitting garment.

MME. DEMOREST'S
System of Dress Cutting.
Chart and Book of full directions, enabling any one to Cut and Fit perfectly.
PRICE, $3.00. Sent by mail, post paid, on receipt of price.

MME. DEMOREST'S
PORTFOLIO OF FASHIONS AND WHAT TO WEAR
Is a large Magazine of 80 pages of Fashion Notes and Styles, illustrated with about 1,000 Cuts. Sent, post-paid, for 25 cents.

THE
Demorest Sewing Machine,
THIS STYLE ONLY
$19.50

Nearly 50,000 sold and giving perfect satisfaction.

☞ Don't pay other companies $40.00 profit on a machine NOT SO GOOD AS THE DEMOREST, but buy direct of the manufacturers. Sent C. O. D.

Write for Circulars.

DEMOREST FASHION and SEWING MACHINE CO.,
27 East 14th Street, New York City

W. L. DOUGLAS
$3 SHOE.
FOR GENTLEMEN

The only $3 SEAMLESS Shoe in the world, without tacks or nails. Finest Calf, perfect fit, and warranted. Congress, Button and Lace, all styles toe. As stylish and durable as those costing $5 or $6. Boys all wear the W. L. DOUGLAS $2 Shoe.

[Name and price stamped on bottom of each Shoe.]

W. L. DOUGLAS $2.50 SHOE is unexcelled for heavy wear. If not sold by your dealer write W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

HARTER'S
THE ONLY TRUE
IRON TONIC

Will purify the BLOOD, regulate the LIVER and KIDNEYS and RESTORE the HEALTH and VIGOR of YOUTH. Dyspepsia, Want of Appetite, Indigestion, Lack of Strength and Tired Feeling absolutely cured: Bones, muscles and nerves receive new force. Enlivens the mind and supplies Brain Power.

LADIES Suffering from complaints peculiar to their sex will find in DR. HARTER'S IRON TONIC a safe, speedy cure. Gives a clear, healthy complexion. All attempts at counterfeiting only adds to its popularity. Do not experiment—get ORIGINAL AND BEST.

(Dr. HARTER'S LIVER PILLS Cure Constipation, Liver Complaint and Sick Headache. Sample Dose and Dream Book mailed on receipt of two cents in postage.)

THE DR. HARTER MEDICINE CO., ST. LOUIS, MO.

Use House's Chill Syrup