New Berne Weekly Journal.

D. S. HARPER, Proprietor. INDEPENDENT IN ALL THINGS. Terms $2.00 Per Year.

VOL. XIII. NEW BERNE, CRAVEN COUNTY, N. C., JUNE 19, 1890. NO. 12.

O. MARKS

BOOMING WITH THE BOOM.

Matting! Matting!

I have just received a large consignment of Matting, in all the Latest Checks and Stripes, which we are selling very low and the Largest Lot of

Embroidery Flouncing

Ever offered in the State, at prices far below competition.

Is this what the women want?

Here's news for every woman who goes about with broken corset bones. There's a material that'll neither break nor roll up, and it's guaranteed. A year is not too short a time to wear out that warranty. If it does, here's your money without a word—*but it won't.*

The material is Kabo.

And more. It's stitched in, double-stitched in, top and bottom, and it can't be worked out with any ordinary wear.

The Kabo corset is more than a common blessing to the average woman. There's no wearing out of corset lacers by the sharp edge of the eyelet; there's nothing to rust, no eyelet visible through a thin dress; never a breaking of a corset lace with those loop eyelets.

We take the risk in selling the Kabo corset. We buy and sell under this guarantee:

"If for any reason whatever the corset is unsatisfactory to the wearer it may be returned to us, and the money paid will be cheerfully refunded without question. No matter what condition it may be in, provided it hasn't been worn over three weeks; and if the Kabo with which the corset is boned ever breaks, we will as cheerfully refund the money."

We are still selling those

French Finish Satine

at 15c., worth 30c. Call and see the Thousand and one Bargains that are always offered at

O. Marks,

Leader of Low Prices.

TO THE WHOLESALE TRADE

I will offer special inducements. My stock is much larger than ever before, and all bought for I spot cash, and I give the Trade the benefit of my discounts. Therefore I can sell you Goods as cheap as Northern markets. You will save money and time by calling on

O. MARKS,

And giving him a Trial. m27

JAMES MEANS $3 & $4 SHOES

is the Life Blood of our business, and if you have not seen our latest improved goods you [illegible] Only trade is [illegible] and our competitors have to work to keep within sight of [illegible] the James Means $4 Shoe according to your needs. [illegible] make and price stamped plainly on the soles. Your [illegible] insist upon his doing so; if you do not insist, some [illegible] upon which they make a larger profit.

[illegible] we are now able to affirm that the James Means $4 Shoe, [illegible] equal, in the shoe which only a few years ago were retailed at [illegible] dollars. If you will try on a pair you will be convinced that we do not exaggerate. Ours are the original [illegible] and those who believe our system of business are unable to compete with us in quality of factory products. In our line we are the largest manufacturers in the United States.

[illegible] are sold by wide-awake retailers in all parts [illegible] and if you have not seen them [illegible] your town in any State or Territory if you will invest one month's postal [illegible] you to us.

JAMES MEANS & CO., 41 Lincoln St., Boston, Mass.

FULL LINES OF THE ABOVE SHOES FOR SALE BY

J. M. HOWARD, Pollock St., New Berne, N.C

EDITORIAL NOTES.

CHEYENNE Indians are on the war-path in Montana.

RALEIGH is preparing for the celebration of the 4th of July on a grand scale. Let all our towns celebrate the Fourth.

W. W. DICKERSON, of Grant county, Ky., has been nominated to succeed Mr. Carlisle in Congress. Two hundred and seven ballots were taken.

THE best representation of a regular "Kilkenny cat fight" now before the public is presented by Ingalls and the Kansas farmers. Ingalls is doing most of the caterwauling but the farmers are making the fur fly.

WOMAN is showing her ability to cope with man in mental power. At the June examination at Cambridge University, England, Miss Phillippa Fawcette carried off the highest honors, having 400 marks more than Mr. Bennett, the highest male contestant.

A DISASTROUS conflagration accompanied with great loss of life, is reported from the mining districts of the Ural mountains; more than a thousand buildings were destroyed, and forty thousand persons were burned to death. Eighteen thousand persons are made homeless.

OF Rev. Thomas Dixon, Jr., the Boston Home Journal says: "He is all alive, soul and body; and he communicates his life to his hearers. They hear him gladly. He has that gift of the power of holding the attention of an audience. The gladdened hearer says to the impulsive speaker, "Go on."

Congressman Cheatham has been addressing the Radical caucus in favor of Federal control of our elections. Mr. Cheatham is a colored man who has been fairly dealt by the people of his district. He needs no protection by the Federal Government and the enactment of a Federal election law will add nothing to his strength in this district.

THE Atlanta Constitution says: "It is thought that Mr. Benjamin Harrison will finally be compelled by the exigencies of the political situation, to write a card endorsing Quay." Not at all necessarry. Mr. Harrison has written his endorsement on Quay's back, and he passes current in Republican official circles, but he will go to protest when he gets before the people.

THE Chair of History at the North Carolina University was established none too soon. No effort should be spared to teach the youth of the South the truth and the whole truth about the history of the South. It is easy for the meaning and significance of an event to be distorted through ignorance, superficial information, prejudice or wilful misrepresentation. Against all these the South must protect itself—Charlotte Chronicle.

THE Richmond Dispatch in writing of "Advertising Richmond," in part, says: "Now, how are we to draw capital and population here? There is but one way—by offering inducements greater than those of our competitors. Our historic renown, our beautiful climate, our vast water power, our extenssve system of railroads, all these indeed, amount to much; but more is needed. We *should offer special inducements.* In other words push Richmond just as a thorough merchant pushes his own business."

No fair minded man believes in the gag rule in deliberative, representative assemblies. All honest, fair-minded men condemned the gag rule when it was introduced in the 51st Congress in pursuance of the conspiracy by the majority to deprive the minority of its rights. But every one of these Republicans who so vehemently protested against its application to them when the tariff bill was under consideration, and last Saturday when the Silver bill was debated—if the courtesy of language may be so strained as to say that a bill forced through with the rapidity that it was, was debated—supported this gag rule trick for the purpose of silencing and rendering powerless the Democratic minority.—Wilmington Star.

THE question of work on Sunday is agitating Europe to a considerable extent. In Germany, Austria, Italy the subject has been under legislative consideration during the past month, and the propriety of some official action is talked of in France. There is nothing in this movement however, to give encouragement to those who desire a stricter religious observance of the day. The movement is secular rather than religious. It has arisen from a belief that men and women neep one day in the week for relaxation from toil. The custom of working on Sunday as well as on other days in the week is proving too exacting even for Europeans. The new reform is for one day of rest and recreation, and the Continental Sunday, devoted to general amusement will be thereby more than ever a feature of European life.—New York Star.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

Messrs. Mills and Turner succeed Mr. Carlisle on House Committees.

THE crop prospects in North Carolina were never better than at present.

MISSISSIPPI has entered upon an active and spirited Congressional campaign.

IN the State of New York the bill exempting newspaper men from jury service has become a law.

SENATOR HOAR proposes to amend the Constitution so that postmasters will be elected by the people.

THE French Radicals are harshly criticising the action of President Carnot for pardoning the Duke of Orleans.

THE statistical returns for June to the Department of Agriculture show an increased acreage in cotton in nearly every State.

Two nominees on the Republican State ticket in Alabama are ineligible because they have not lived long enough in the State.

THE State Executive Committee has elected Ed. Chambers Smith, Esq., of Raleigh, Chairman of the State Democratic Executive Committee.

AT Carrollton, Ky., Tuesday, sixty-one ballots were taken for a candidate for Congress in place of Mr. Carlisle, but no nomination was reached.

The Gubernatorial campaign in South Carolina was opened at Greenville last Tuesday; when Gen. John Britton, Democratic candidate for Governor made his first address.

THE Emperor of Germany refused to allow the Berliners to erect a monument to the memory of his father, the late Emperor Frederick, saying it was his business and he would have it done.

AN attempt is being made to boom Reed for President on the ground that he is a bigger man than Cleveland, his weight being 50 pounds more than Cleveland. The difficulty in the way is the kind of weight Reed carries and where it is located.

GENERAL WOLSELEY has retired from the service of the British Queen. In severing his connection with the active forces, General Wolseley writes that he will always be at the service of his country in the capacity of counselor or warrior.

IN South Carolina the Republicans are perhaps, more active than an any other Southern State. The Democrats have not yet united, but it is confidently believed that at the right time, concert of action will be secured and and the success of Democracy assured.

THE farmers know their business, and the Republican who seeks to ride into power on their shoulders will receive a rebuke which he will be likely to remember and will be left so far behind in the race that he will never be able to find his way again.

THE North Carolina Democratic Convention will assemble in the Capitol at Raleigh on the 20th of August. We endorse the following language of the State Chronicle: "The Convention has been called—the work begun. Let every Democrat put his shoulder to the wheel and see to it that every neighborhood is thoroughly aroused to the importance of the issues of the campaign."

GOOD news came in to-day from the Second District. Mr. C. C. Daniels, of Wilson, said that F. M. Simmon's nomination and election were certainties, whereupon Mr. Charles W. Raney, an influential Vance county man, said that nothing would gratify his people more and that they would give Simmons a big vote. He went on to say that many negroes would vote for Simmons as against Cheatham.—Raleigh correspondent Wilmington Messenger.

THE Colored Tariff Reform Club and Colored Bureau of Information, of Washington, D. C., has issued an address to the colored voters of the United States which is in part as follows: "We were once needed to assault forts and on the battlefields, now we are needed at the ballot box to protect the high tariff monopoly, and when we cease to give aid to this extraordinary high tariff and the thousands of white Republican office holders we will be abandoned again and relegated to a shade of political quietude."

APPREHENSION is expressed in some quarters as to the effect of the Farmer's Alliance upon the fortunes of the Democratic party. The following paragraph from the Atlanta Constitution expresses the sentiments of the JOURNAL: "The Alliance, while it may give direction to needful legislation, is thoroughly democratic and it is moving altogether on democratic lines. While differences of opinion are likely to exist between the members of this organization and outsiders, they will not materially affect the interests of the Democratic party, and if there should be temporary divisions on lines of political policy, and they will last but for a moment, and the ultimate end will be peace and perfect union.

CELEBRATION OF THE FOURTH OF JULY.

We have observed with pleasure that preparations are being made, in many of the towns and cities of the South, for the celebration of the approaching fourth of July.

It is a day that should be held in remembrance by every American, and be celebrated with bonfires and illuminations throughout the Union.

It is the day sacred alike to all sections of our common country, and on its annual return the spirit of liberty should dominate in every heart, and all voices join to swell the anthem of the free.

It is especially appropriate for the people of North Carolina to celebrate the fourth of July. North Carolina was one of the original thirteen States. Without her the Union was not complete; with her it stood forth in beautiful proportions, the pride and wonder of the world.

For a series of years the celebration of the fourth of July has been, in a large measure, omitted in the South, because of hindering influences in national affairs. Fortunately this condition has been changed, and every patriot must be gratified to witness indications of the speedy return of concord to the people of these States.

Recently the South paid appropriate honors to Robert E. Lee. From the North have come responses eulogistic of that illustrious man, and if, now and then, there have been mutterings of disapproval they have served to emphasize the general applause.

Let us on the fourth of July rise and salute the Republic. Forgetting the bitterness of sectional strife, or remembering it only to guard against its dangers in the future, let us pay tribute to the land of Washington and Lee, and with patriotic devotion celebrate our nation's birth, its greatness and its fame.

FRIEND OF THE WORKINGMEN.

"Among the resolutions adopted by the Republican State Convention of Alabama on Wednesday, was one to the following effect: 'The Republican party is a true friend of the workingmen everywhere, and the Republican party of Alabama, composed mainly of farmers and skilled mechanics and workingmen, expresses its profound sympathy with these classes of wealth-producing people, and pledges itself to aid them in every way to better their condition, to encourage tillers of the soil to own the land they cultivate, to promote home getting free from the burdens of debts, to help emancipate the toiling masses from the imputation that honest toil is degrading, to give honor and dignity to labor, and to the laboring man his rightful share in shaping the laws under which he toils and lives, and finally to secure for the most favored citizens equality of citizenship throughout our vast republic We favor that just and protective government policy which gives protection alike to American industry of all kinds, and American labor of all classes and affords to our farmers a remunerative home market for all their products.'"

All this is superlative impudence. In its early days the Republican party took from the toiling millions of this country a magnificent domain and gave it to the Pacific Railroad Company. In doing this it violated inalienable rights of citizens to pander to the cupidity of a soulless corporation.

The only Democratic Administration with which the nation has been blessed, since 1860, restored millions of acres of this land to the public domain, thus returning it to the people for homes in a land of golden harvests and delicious fruits.

The Republican party has passed many resolutions in the interest of workingmen, but it has not done a single act for their benefit. Year by year it grows more and more distinctly the representative of monopolies. "It is the party of unscrupulous schemers and speculators who would drive their car of Juggernaut over the millions of the poor and the hard-working, without a qualm of mercy or pity in their impervious breasts."

Workingmen everywhere are realizing the truth and are shaking Republican shackles from them like dew drops from a lion's mane.

The present protective tariff, a legitimate offspring and proper representative of the Republican party, is a ponderous machine that grinds the bones of the poor and transmits them into gold to fill the coffers of the rich.

There is a workingman's party, honorable for its past history and magnificent in its present aspect, to which workingmen of every department of industry are rallying with buoyant hope and firm resolve. That party is the great Democratic party of the American Union.

WHAT this country wants is six or seven feet taken off the protective tariff wall, free raw materials and free coinage. Then she will get up and hustle and make things hum.—Wilmington Star.

SOUTH CAROLINA has three candidates for Governor: Bratton, Earle and Tillman.

ALL political indices in the West point to the overthrow of the Republican party.

A RACE OF WARRIORS.

Since the unveiling of the Lee statue at Richmond some historical incidents relative to the life of this distinguished General and his ancestry have been brought before the public that were little known. As will be seen from the following taken from the New York Sun, the military genius and renown of the Lee family dates back into the centuries:

"The Lee monument ceremonies at Richmond have called out many interesting facts relating to the career of Virginia's great soldier. According to Gen. A. L. Long, of Charlottesville, who was Lee's military secretary, and who during the blindness which has afflicted him since the war, has written and published a life of his illustrious chief, the remote as well as immediate ancestors of Robert E. Lee were men of military fame The founder of the family, in this account, was Launcelot Lee, of London, in France, who crossed to England with William the Conqueror, distinguished himself at Hastings, and acquired an estate in Essex. Lionel Lee, for his services under Richard Cœur de Lion at the siege of Acre, was rewarded by being made Earl of Litchfield. The immediate founder of the Virginia family was Richard Lee, who came to America in 1641 as Colonial Secretary under Sir William Berkeley. But however interesting these statements may be on their genealogical side, Robert Edward Lee does not derive lustre from Launcelot and Lionel, but rather brings them into prominence again after the lapse of centuries."

Proclamation.

Whereas, The North Carolina Farmers Alliance did, at its last regular meeting on the 13th day of August, 1889, in the city of Fayetteville, set forth the following resolutions as the demands of the Alliance, to-wit:

Resolved, With full confidence in the correctness of our position upon the question, we again demand of the General Assembly of North Carolina the enactment of a railroad commission law, with full powers to the commissioners to regulate freight and passenger rates upon a just and reasonable basis, and with further power to investigate and take reasonable action with respect to damages or injuries to persons or property.

Resolved, That the North Carolina Farmers' State Alliance hereby enters its earnest protest against the policy of giving away the labor of our convicts, and demands of our Legislature the enactment of such laws as will hereafter prevent this outrage on the rights of the taxpayers of our State.

Resolved, That we demand such changes in our laws as will reduce the costs in litigation in minor causes, and as shall enlarge the jurisdiction of our justices of the peace.

Resolved, That we demand that laws shall be enacted to prohibit our public officials from receiving or using free passes or tickets on our railroads.

Whereas, The same having been submitted to and ratified by the requisite majority of the Subordinate Alliance, now, therefore, I Elias Carr, by the authority vested in me as President of the North Carolina Farmers' State Alliance hereby proclaim them officially the demands of said Alliance.

Given under our hand and seal this, the 4th day of June, A. D., 1890.

ELIAS CARR,
Pres. N. C. F. S. A.

E. C. BEDDINGFIELD,
Sec'y N. C. F. S. A.

SOLDIERS' HOME

To the Confederate Veteran's Association in the Counties of N. C.

COMRADES: We desire to call attention to the provisions of our constitution directing that the annual elections for officers shall take place on the fourth day of July in each year. We earnestly hope that there will be a large attendance of veterans at the court house (unless some other place of assembling shall be designated) in each county at 12 o'clock on that day, and the regular organization continued and strengthened. If the meeting shall have been arranged for another day, or shall not be held on the fourth of July, it is not material, provided the veterans shall surely be called together at some time.

The executive committee have determined to wait no longer for adequate subscriptions, but boldly to assume the responsibility of opening a Soldiers' Home for the care of such of our needy, deserving comrades as require to be supported by charity. At present it is probable that the hotel building at Ridgeway, donated by Col. Heck, will be too large for immediate purposes, and we may begin in a smaller way at Raleigh, or some accessible locality.

For the support of this Home, we throw ourselves upon the abounding charity of the people of North Carolina, and we appeal particularly to the members of the Confederate Veterans' Association to see that a proper interest is enkindled in every town and township in the State.

We especially invoke the aid of the women of North Carolina, foremost in every work of love and kindness, and we ask that the Veterans' Associations of each and every county constitute a central committee of ladies of not less than five in every country town in the State. The names of the members of this committee, particularly the chairman, should be forwarded at once to W. C. Stronach, Secretary, Raleigh, N. C., who will correspond with the committees concerning the methods of raising funds for the support of the Home.

J. S. CARR, President.
W. C. STRONACH, Sec'y.

There is no better way of emptying the mind of evil than by filling it with good.

A Cure for Diphtheria.

Medical science has long sought for a sovereign remedy for the scourge of childhood, diphtheria, yet the colored people of Louisiana, and perhaps other localities in the South, have for years known and used a cure which is remarkable for its simplicity. It is nothing more orless than the juce of the pineapple.

"The Remedy is not mine," said a gentleman when interviewed; "it has been used by negroes in the swamps down South for years. One of my children was down with diphtheria, and was in a critical condition. An old colored man who heard of the case asked if we had tried pineapple juce. We tried it, and the child got well. I have known it tried in hundreds of cases. I have told my friends about it whenever I heard of a case, and never knew it to fail. You get a ripe pineapple, squeeze out the juice, and let the patient swallow it. The juice is of so corrosive a nature that it will cut out diphtheria mucus, and if you will take the fruit before it is ripe and give the juice to a person whose throat is well it makes the mucus membranes of his throat sore. Among those who have tried the cure on my recommendation I may mention Francis J. Lennett, the Beard of Trade man, whose children were all down with diphtheria and were cured by this remedy."

Mr. Kennett confirmed this statement.—Chicago Tribune.

Cut Feed.

Put your tools in readiness.

Make the best of a bad bargain.

Seed your grain lands now as early as possible.

Light Brahmas seem to be the most fashionable of the Asiatic breeds.

Agriculture is the most independent of all callings known among men.

The mending of kid gloves shows far less, if done with cotton thread than if done with silk.

A good team on a farm is worth nearly double that of a poor one, as it is a great economy in time.

No farmer should allow his eggs to accumulate, but should hurry them to market while they are fresh.

Every farmer's fence should be in good repair at this date, and he should be ready to commence farming.

To remove rust from steel rub with kerosene and soak for a day, polishing with emery dust and kerosene.

The man who does not provide a dry bed for his horse at night, good does not deserve a bed of any kind to sleep upon.

The light in sleeping-rooms should never fall directly on the eyes, nor should the room be either too dark or too light.

You don't know all about poultry by any means. After you are in it ten years you will think you can master it in ten more.

There are more quarrels smoothed over by just shutting your mouth, and holding it shut, than by all the wisdom in the world.

Iron and polished steel, when not in use, may be kept from rusting by wiping with a cloth on which a little kerosene has been poured.

Kerosene poured on red flannel and bound on the throat will greatly ease a sore throat. It will also heal cuts and cure chilblains.

Good cows are good eaters, and if they are to give all the milk possible it will be necessary to supply them with all the food they will consume.

The seed time is near at hand, and it must be borne in mind that those only who sow the seeds can have the pleasure of reaping the golden grain.

Currant cutting may be selected now and put in some cool place and covered with dirt and they will be in nice shape for planting about May 1st.

The farmer who will not grow a nice garden and provide an abundance of vegetable for his table deserves to have nothing better than bread and bacon for his daily fare.

Horses sired by the same horse and out of different dams are not half brothers in horse parlance. The term is only applied to animals by different horses out of the same mare.

If the rule in stock feeding were to see how much can be profitably fed to each animal—not how little will carry it though the winter—there would be less complaint among farmers or depression in business.

Do not remove the mulching from your strawberries or currants and gooseberry bushes until the first of May since its principal office is to keep the plants and bushes back so that they will not bloom until all danger of a heavy freeze is past.

To Settle the Lottery Question.

BATON ROUGE, June 11.—W. A. Crandall, chairman of the Democratic State central committee, last night wrote a letter to State Senator Foster, leader of the anti lottery faction in the legislature, suggesting as a means of settling the lottery question and avoiding dissensions within the party that the State central committee order primary elections throughout the State, at which white people only will be allowed to vote and if the majority voting favor the submission of the lottery amendments to the people, the Governor is to call a special session of the legislature for that purpose. The lottery amendment was introduced in the House on Monday and yesterday was referred to a special committee without opposition.

For the Campaign.

In many ways the coming campaign will be the most interesting one that the voters of North Carolina have seen in many years. It will be an educational campaign, and economic questions will be largely discussed. The State Chronicle, published at Raleigh, will be in the thickest of the fight to maintain Democratic principles, and uphold those measures that will secure relief for our agricultural population. It will be sent to any address one year for the low price of $1 25 Send money by registered letter, money order or postal note. Address

THE STATE CHRONICLE,
may5wdtf Raleigh, N. C.

Never borrow more than you can pay back, and never lend more than you can borrow.

Public Roads and Public Sentiment.

EDITOR JOURNAL:—I wish all the careless road overseers, and supervisors of Craven County had heard, and would heed what President Crowell said about roads in his address "The Programme of Progress" delivered at New Berne last week.

There needs to be a stronger public sentiment against the careless way our roads are kept. If public sentiment would refuse to tolerate such roads as the public generally have to travel on, the remedy is at hand, and the law would be enforced.

Very few road overseers work their roads one third of the time the law allows them to keep their roads in order.

More time is lost on many of our roads, by the travelling public, by the roads being in bad condition, than it would take to put them in good condition.

We lose by the slow rate of travel, or if we try to go fast, by broken springs etc. we also lose by being unable to carry full loads without damage to teams, and some lose part of their prospects of making the streets of that "Better Country" on account of the mud and other impediments, often encountered on our public roads.

Mr. Editor I suppose you are too closely confined at your office to see much of our county roads, especially during the lively month of December but I guess some of the Doctors could testify to the truthfulness of my statement when I say that there are bridges on public roads within ten miles of New Berne, that have chronic ailments at least eight months in the year. Some even made of twisting fence rails or pine poles, with cracks large enough for a horse's foot to go through.

There are also many chronic holes, some of them a foot deep in summer, and perhaps two in winter.

If the road masters would make the middle of their road ways the *highest* instead of the *lowest* part, as many are now, they might avoid all these holes on the plain principle of gravitation; water does not flow up hill, neither will it stand on a properly constructed road bed, till the whole place is flooded.

Good roads are a great financial advantage, bad ones are a serious hindrance to success. Good roads are a great social advantage, we visit more and learn more when we can travel with ease and rapidity.

Good roads are great educational facilities I have known children hindered several days from our very short school terms for want of a possible foot-way across a branch.

And last but not least, good roads are very helpful in obtaining moral and spiritual strength.

Many stay away from church, Sunday schools, and other means of moral advancement, on account of bad roads who would attend them and perhaps grow better if the road master had done his full duty in making the road good.

Whoever wants better roads let him assist in awaking a better public sentiment in that direction and we shall have them. LECTURER.

June 11, 1890.

The Canals of the State Discussed—The Law Bearing on Them.

At a meeting of the Board of Internal Improvements held yesterday the question of the New Berne and Beaufort Canal Company and of the Albemarle and Chesapeake Canal Company was brought up.

Representatives of these companies were present by invitation, who stated that they had complied with the term of the contract (Laws 1883, Chapter 105) and that if there was anything else which they were required to do they were ready and willing to perform it. The board then resolved:

That the Attorney General be requested not to bring any suit until further investigation is made by the board, and that W. G. Lewis, Engineer of the Board of Education, be directed forthwith to make an examination of the condition of the said New Berne and Beaufort Canal and report the same to the board. He is instructed to cause proper soundings and measurements to be made, showing the length and width of the said canal and the depth of water therein and whether the same is or has been at any time since January 1, 1885, open for navigation, and such other facts as may be material to the board in the determination of the matter.

It will be remembered that Acts of 1883 chapter 105 the Governor and Counsel were authorized to transfer to the New Berne and Beaufort Canal Company the State's stock amounting to twenty five hundred shares in the Albemarle and Chesapeak Canal Company, provided that before the transfer and delivery of the stock the New Berne and Beaufort Canal Company should enter into a contract that the canal should be open for navigation by Jan 1st, 1885.—Raleigh Chronicle.

Church Dedication.

Grand dedication of A. M. Zion church at Jumping Run, the old camp ground, took place Sunday, June the 8th, 1890.

Several ministers were cordially invited, but for reasons best known to themselves, all failed to be present. Rev. A McIver, of Virginia Conference, being present, preached the dedicatory sermon to a large and appreciative audience that had assembled to witness the ceremonies. The free will offerings were presented by all present, which reach the aggregate amount of $44 and over.

The choir of Pleasant Hill, Mr S W Hane leader, rendered fine music on the occasion.

The visiting friends from the various churches have our thanks for their liberal donations. And all, both white and colored, that assisted us, have our thanks for the same. The pastor, Rev. H. Bell, together with the building committee, were highly applauded for the economical management of such a fine and commodious building, etc.

BY ONE THAT WAS PRESENT

Census Takers' Troubles.

WASHINGTON, June 12.—Some days ago Superintendent Porter received copies of the printed circular, signed "Citizen," which has been distributed in Asheville, N. C., calling upon the people to resist the intrusion upon their private affairs contemplated by the census schedule The people are further advised to refuse to answer census questions. Porter paid no attention to the anonymous circular, which he supposed was merely the production of some crank, until a letter was received from Supervisor Hardwick, dated June 9th, in which he states that his enumerators in Asheville are having some trouble by the people evading them. He states that they often send a servant to the door saying "There is no one here who can give in the census."

The supervisor asks for instructions. Porter today wrote letters to Senator Vance and Representative Ewart, calling their attention to the condition of affairs in Asheville, as reported by the supervisor He asks that they use their influence with the people of Asheville to induce them to take a different view of this matter.

Facts Worth Knowing.

In all diseases of the nasal mucous membrane the remedy used must be non irritating The medical profession has been slow to learn this. Nothing satisfactory can be accomplished with douches, snuffs, powders or syringes because they are all irritating; do not thoroughly reach the affected surfaces and should be abandoned as worse than failures. A multitude of persons who had for years borne all the worry and pain that catarrh can inflict testify to radical cures wrought by Ely's Cream Balm may4 2w

ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N. Y.

ELY'S CREAM BALM
Cleanses the Nasal Passages, Allays Pain and Inflammation, Heals the Sores, Restores the Sense of Taste and Smell.
TRY THE CURE.

CATARRH
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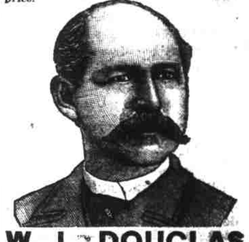

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