ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
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HUMPHREYS'

Dr. Humphreys' Specifics are scientifically and carefully prepared remedies, used for many years in private practice with success, and for over fifty in general use by the people. Each Specific is a special cure for the disease named.

They cure without drugging, purge, ruin or reducing the system, and are in fact and deed the greatest remedies of the World.

1 Fevers, Congestion, Inflammation	25
2 Worms, Worm Fever, Worm Colic	25
3 Cholera Infantum, Colic, Griping, Bilious Colic	25
4 Diarrhea, of Children or Adults	25
5 Dysentery, Griping, Bilious Dysentery	25
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7 Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis	25
8 Neuralgia, Toothache, Faceache	25
9 Headaches, Sick Headache, Vertigo	25
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13 Croup, Laryngitis, Hoarseness	25
14 Salt Rheum, Eruptions	25
15 Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains	25
16 Fever and Ague, Chills, Malaria	25
17 Piles, Blind or Bleeding	25
18 Ophthalmy, Sore or Weak Eyes	50
19 Catarrh, Influenza, Cold in the Head	50
20 Whooping Cough, Violent Coughs	50
21 Kidney Disease	50
22 Nervous Debility	1.00
23 Urinary Weakness, Wetting the Bed	1.00
24 Sore Mouth, Canker	50
27 Diseases of the Heart, Palpitation	1.00

Sold by Druggists, or sent postpaid on receipt of price. Dr. Humphreys' Manual, Old, pages, mailed free. Humphreys' Homeopathic Medicine Co., Cor. William and John Streets, New York.

SPECIFICS.

All of the above medicines are for sale at the drug stores of F. S. Duffy and R. Berry, Middle street, New Berne, N. C.

E. C. D.

Eastern Carolina Dispatch.

Fast Passenger and Freight Line between
NEW BERNE,
Eastern North Carolina Points, and all Connections of the
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The ONLY Tri-Weekly Line Out of New Berne.
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Steamship Company,
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The Old Dominion Steamship Company's Old and Favorite Water Route, via Albemarle and Chesapeake Canal.
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And all points North, East and West.

On and after TUESDAY, [illegible] 1891, until further notice, the
Steamer NEWBERNE, Capt. Southgate,
Will sail from Norfolk, Va., for New Berne, N. C., direct, every Monday and Thursday making close connection with the A. & N. C. R. R. for all stations on that road, and with the Steamers Kinston and Howard for Kinston, Trenton, and all other landings on the Neuse and Trent Rivers.

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Order all goods care of O. D. S. S. Co., Norfolk, Va.

Passengers will find a good table, comfortable rooms, and every courtesy and attention will be paid them by the officers.

E. R. ROBERTS, Agent.
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THIS is the machine that is used in the Office, Court-room, and for reporting lectures and sermons.

While its speed is greater than any other known method, it is so simple that any intelligent person can gain a speed of 100 or more words per minute, in five or six weeks, without the aid of an instructor. Circulars and testimonials sent to all who mention this paper.

E. T. PIERCE, FAYETTE, OHIO,
Sole Agent for U. S. and Canada.

GOOD YEARS AND BAD YEARS.

Comparing the Different Grain Yields for Several Years.

In the year 1890 the United States raised only about seven-tenths as much corn as it did in 1889, and less than five-sixths as much wheat. Were the farmers who raised and sold this crop the poorer for the decrease in the amount produced? Assuredly not. Notice that we do not say all farmers, but only those who raised this grain, for it is estimated by the Department of Agriculture that the smaller crop of corn and wheat of the year 1890 will turn out to have been worth one hundred and fifty thousand dollars more than the large crop of 1889.

This is an interesting example of the working of the law of supply and demand. It has been repeatedly and truly said that the increase in the amount of money which the farmers received for their grain was not merely in spite of the reduction in the amount raised, but on account of it.

The crop of corn in 1889 had been the largest in nine years. It amounted to more than two thousand one hundred millions of bushels, and for this crop the farmers received an average of 28 cents a bushel, the lowest average price in nine years.

The corn crop of last year, on the other hand, was but a little over one and a half million bushels smaller, actually the smallest for nine years. Notwithstanding the many thousands of new farms that have been opened, and it is not surprising that the average price of corn should have risen to the highest figure in nine years, a little more than 50 cents a bushel!

It may appear from this that a great drought, or some other condition which makes farmers' crops small, is a blessing rather than a calamity, but it should be remembered that the picture has an other side.

The "blessing in disguise" was, as we have already hinted, only a blessing to those agricultural who succeeded in growing a crop, and had more than enough corn for sale to compensate them for the decrease in their products. Many thousands had none to sell, and many thousands had to purchase corn or sell their stock, losing the profit which they hoped to gain from feeding the stock.

Moreover, on account of the scarcity and high price of corn, millions of half-fattened swine, which the farmers could not afford to feed, were sent to market, causing a low price of pork, and also in that direction even to many farmers who succeeded in raising a surplus of corn. The consumers of beef have also obtained a poorer quality than usual.

Nor, though a smaller aggregate crop may be worth more than a larger one, is it to be supposed that it is of equal advantage to a farmer to raise one acre of wheat than five acres. So devotees to either of those crops can be made to produce.

If there is abundance, and the farmer raises a thousand bushels of wheat for which he can get only ten cents a bushel, it is more to his advantage to have a thousand bushels to sell than it is to have only 500.

On the other hand, if crops are very poor, it is perfectly evident that the more wheat the farmer can raise the better off he will be. It is not scarcity on his own farm that helps the farmer, but scarcity on other people's farms.

Of course in a year of light crops the number of those who suffer is vastly larger than those who gain. For scarcity means high prices to all consumers, diminished railroad receipts, a smaller quantity for export and exchange with foreign commodities, and a generally reduced surplus. If scarcity, it is, therefore, a disaster to all except the particular persons who raise a surplus which they can sell at a high price.

It is a practice of producers of grain, sometimes not fully taken into account, to keep back as much of their crop as possible for the period when prices are best. In March, 1891, more than one-third of even the small corn crop of the year before was still on hand, and more than one-fourth of the wheat crop was still in the farmers' granaries. These proportions are considerably larger in years of abundant crops.

Meantime, whether crops are large or small, the quantity used for food steadily rises. Of the small wheat crop of 1890, more was actually consumed in the country than of the large crop of 1889, and for it the consumers paid an average price—to the farmer at his farm—of about 84 cents a bushel, as against about 70 cents for the crop of 1889.

The average inhabitant of the United States consumes four and six-thirds bushels of wheat per year, and in most of the Northern States the consumption is about five bushels per head.

A Good Joke on a Lion.

He must have been a bright boy a very bright little boy who said to his mother: "I wish a lion would eat me up."

"Why?" the mother asked.

"Because it would be such a good joke on the lion, for would think I was inside of him and I should be up in heaven."

Funny, when a man starts out on a business career the more chance he receives the sooner he gets there.—*Brooklyn Leader.*

JOE K. WILLIS,
PROPRIETOR OF
Marble Works
Eastern North Caro'ina

NEW BERNE, N. C.
Italian and American Marble and all Varieties of Material.
Tablets and Headstones of Every Description furnished on short notice.
Orders solicited from Undertakers and all others in want of anything in my line.

L. S. WOOD,
Dealer in
General Hardware.
C-U-T-L-E-R-Y.
Harness, Saddles, Bridles and Whips.
FARMING IMPLEMENTS,
Pollock Street, next to National Bank
NEW BERN, N. C.

SWISS WOMEN.

IN MANY CASES THEY DO MENS HEAVIEST WORK.

Some of Them Mow and Carry Heavy Fagots—Luggage Carried by Women Lake Lucerne Boatwomen.

THE WOMEN FARMERS.

ON LAKE LUCERNE.

A Milk Shake.

Carrier Pigeon Spies.

REV. DR. TALMAGE.

The Eminent Brooklyn Divine's Sunday Sermon.

Subject: "Gleaners In Life's Fields." Preached at Glenwood Col.

ABOUT NOTED PEOPLE

CHIEF JUSTICE LUCAS, of West Virginia, is said to be the smallest man in the State. He is only four feet high.

LEVI W. BROWN, Postal Service expert at Glasgow, Scotland, is at his home in Wauseon, Ohio, once sixty miles distant.

JAMES SULLIVAN WILEY, who represented Maine in Congress in 1847, is still living at Gorham, Me., and is now in his ninety-second year.

MAYOR MCKINLEY has ordered a pair of carriage lamps made for him without the glass, because, he says, he has a factory in Bridgeport, only 1,000 miles distant, and can get all the glass he needs at home.

PRESIDENT DIAZ, of Mexico, sets a good example for rulers of other South American republics to follow. He has had the trappings of gaudy regimentals by dressing quietly as a plain citizen.

THE Empress of Germany is loyal to the Fatherland to the extent of having all her underclothing made in Berlin and Queen Victoria her hats in Berlin, and only her gloves come from Paris.

THE Sultan of Perak is an enthusiast with the koolah, and takes very good part in the game when his subjects are not looking. Whenever he goes he is accompanied by a court physician, a cook, and takes views of everything that interests the King.

LADY ANNE ANSTRUTHER is one of the most extraordinary figures in London society. She is nearly 80, and wears a wig of corkscrew curls. She is noted as the possessor of a snuff-box and an ear-trumpet, both of the finest design and elegance.

EX-SECRETARY BAYARD is growing dearly as he becomes more aged, and his tine height is now bowed down by a hair breadth or more. His face has become set in severe lines, and his mouth has a tendency to droop at the corners, as if enough "Calvinistic belief" Puritanism had been left in his soul to make him feel a great many sinners around him.

SENATOR WM. M. STEWART, of Nevada, is to assert, made the original draft of the Fifteenth Amendment to the Constitution, which confers the abridgement of the right of suffrage by the United States or any of the States "on account of race, color or previous condition of servitude."

COUNT ED. HOLSTEIN-HOLSTENBURG, chief court marshal of the King of Denmark, whose recent marriage with the singer of a dancing hall created such a sensation in Copenhagen, has been placed under guardianship. The fortune of the bride, it is said, was the principal object among the princely dons of Denmark for the young woman's hand, enjoys the respectable age of 80 years.

ARCHBISHOP JOHN IRELAND, of St. Paul, Minn., is said to be made a cardinal, is a striking man physically. He is tall, of robust figure, with broad shoulders, and has a large, intellectual head. His pale face, clear-cut features, and his attire is always plain. In the pulpit he is somewhat awkward. But he speaks with great force and earnestness, and there is a delightful charm about his eloquence.

CHAUNCEY M. DEPEW can't stop talking by land or sea. He said to an interviewer in London on his arrival there: "The doctor told me to drop all work and withdraw as much as possible. I went to my bunk and took my speeches with me to study. I followed his advice by making a speech on the Declaration of Independence the second night, a speech on the captain's birthday, a third was a lecture to fifty million seers, a fourth was a speech on the fifth night, and a speech at the concert on the fifth night. The doctor will be shot dead."

C. DE CHEDEBRANE, the new Chief Justice of Samoa, who has held office six months, has so far found absolutely nothing to do, but his salary of $500 a month, which is paid him under the treaty of Berlin. According to the treaty the United States, England and Germany each contribute $2,000 towards the fund necessary for the first year, after which the Samoans are expected to pay this deficiency. The residents of Samoa say it is understood are thoroughly satisfied with this man, who from the very beginning of his residence at Apia made himself unpopular. He is regarded as a big, indolent fellow, who thinks he is far above all ordinary beings.

THRUST INTO A FURNACE.

A Lunatic Possessed with a Sudden Madness Commits a Horrible Crime.

A horrible crime, for which the author will not suffer, occurred at the Northern Illinois Asylum for the Insane in Elgin. The fireman, George Lindsey, had for a helper John Anderson, a quiet patient.

While they were in the coal house, no others being present, the lunatic, possessed with sudden madness, attacked Lindsey with a heavy hammer.

The struggle between the two was caught in the act by Morgan, who ran to the rescue. Anderson was overpowered, but not before he had dragged the fireman to the furnace and thrust him into the burning fires. The Coroner's verdict holds nobody to blame.

MARKETS.

BALTIMORE—Flour—City Mills, super, $3.40@3.75; Wheat—Southern, Fultz, 90@92c; Southern, Wheat, 77@78c; Yellow, corn—Southern and Pennsylvania, 44@45c; Rye—Maryland and Pennsylvania, 72@73c; Hay—Maryland and Pennsylvania, Timothy, $15.00@16.00; Provisions—Mess pork, $17.00@17.50; Lard—Refined, 7½@8c; Western Steam, 6½@6¾c; Butter—Fancy Creamery, 30@32c; Western Packing, 15@16c; Eggs—Fresh, 22@23c.

PHILADELPHIA—Flour—Pennsylvania Family, $4.50@4.60; Wheat, Pennsylvania & Southern Red, 89@90c; Corn—Southern Yellow, 50@51c; Oats—Southern, 37@38c; Butter—State, 31@32c; Cheese—New York Factory, 12@13c; Eggs—State, 22@23c.

CATTLE.

BALTIMORE—Beef, $3.15@3.25; Sheep—$3.00@3.75; Hogs—$4.50@4.60.

NEW YORK—Beef, $3.50@4.00; Sheep—$4.00@4.75; Hogs—$5.00@5.25.

EAST LIBERTY—Beef, $3.50@4.00; Sheep—$4.00@4.40; Hogs—$5.00@5.25.

THE SILK THREADS IN PAPER MONEY.

In spite of the skill and industry of counterfeiters, they have never made a bill which did not have one or more vulnerable spots. Some of the products of their handicraft may seem perfect to the untrained eye, but will find that each one, like Achilles, has something lacking in its armor. Perhaps the features of good treasury note which counterfeiters have found it most difficult to imitate are the two blue silk threads which run lengthwise through them. They are a little over an inch apart and in right some times almost invisible they form part of every bill issued by the government bureau of printing and engraving. A. L. Drummond, chief of the secret service of the treasury department, who has had a long experience with counterfeiters and their wares, explained recently why it was so difficult to copy good bills in this respect.

"If the first place," he said, "the silk threads are put in the paper when it is made at the factory. To make paper of this kind used by the government requires a big plant and lots of capital, so counterfeiters do not count it. Even if they had the necessary money, they would be foolish to risk it all for their labor if making begins. It would be exceedingly unprofitable for a paper manufacturer who already has a factory to make the paper he attempts to do such a penitentiary offence."

Doctor Drummond then showed the reporter a counterfeit two dollar bill which had a single thread running lengthwise through its centre.

"This is the only bad bill that I ever saw with a silk thread in it. Even this has only one thread in it, instead of two so it would not be dangerous to a skilled teller. I have never heard of more than two other bills like this one. It is easy to see that the counterfeiter split this note, put in this thread and then pasted the two part together again. The frayed edges showed that. The fellow must have been very stupid not to know that genuine money has two threads instead of one. An expert can easily tell when a bill has been split in two and pasted together again, so the silk threads would not deceive him."

Marvels Made of Milk.

"The first food of man" has been put to many uses, and converted into many forms by human ingenuity, but its latest application is perhaps the most remarkable. An inventor has just taken out a patent to protect a substitutes for bone or celluloid and its material which is to constitute the substance is produced from milk. Casein—the solids in milk are in the first place reduced to a partly gelatinous condition by means of borax or ammonia, and then it is mixed with mineral salt dissolved in acid or water, which liquid is subsequently evaporated.

The method of procedure is to place the casein in a suitable vessel and incorporate under heat the borax with it, the proportions being ten kilograms of borax, dissolved in six litres of water. When the casein becomes changed in appearance the water is drawn off, and the residue, while still of the consistency of melted gelatine, one kilogram of mineral salt, held in solution of three litres of water, is added. Almost any of the salts of iron, lead, tin, zinc, copper or other mineral which are soluable in acid may be used. When the mixture is effected the solid matter is found separated from the greater portion of the acid and water and then drawn off. Next the solid matter is first subjected to great pressure to drive out all possible moisture, and then to evaporation under great heat to remove any remaining moisture. The resulting product is called "lactites," and can be moulded into any desired form. By the admixture of pigment or dyes any color may be imparted to it, but the creamery white color natural to the substance is the most beautiful, being a very close imitation of ivory. Combs, billiard balls, brush backs, knife handles, and all other articles for which ivory, bone, or celluloid are employed, can be made of this new product of milk.

The Number Seven in the Bible.

On the seventh day God ended his work. On the seventh month Noah's ark touched ground.

In seven days a dove was sent.

Abraham pleaded seven times for Sodom.

Jacob mourned seven days for Joseph.

Jacob served seven years for Rachel. And yet another seven years more.

Jacob was pursued a seven days' journey by Laban.

A plenty of years and a famine of seven years were foretold in Pharaoh's dream by seven fat and seven lean beasts and seven ears of full and seven ears of blasted corn.

On the seventh day of the seventh month the children of Israel fasted seven days and remained seven days in their tents.

Every seven years the land rested.

Every seventh year the law was read to the people.

In the destruction of Jericho, seven persons bore seven trumpets seven days. On the seventh day they surrounded the walls seven times, and at the end of the seventh round the walls fell.

Solomon was seven years building the Temple, and fasted seven days at its dedication.

In the tabernacle were seven lamps. The golden candlesticks had seven branches.

Naaman went and washed seven times in the river Jordan.

Job's friends sat with him seven days and seven nights, and offered seven bullocks and seven rams for an atonement.

In the Revelation we read of seven churches, seven candlesticks, seven stars, seven trumpets, seven plagues, seven thunders, seven vials, seven angels and a seven-headed monster.

Carrying out the Provisions of a Will.

"O hear that rich owld uncle of your'n are dead and buried, Tarrance."

"He are, Moiles."

"And what the devil sort av a will wer that he med, Oi doan' know?" The owld amadhaun, shure Oi always thought he wer cracked, but the order of layvin' instrooctshuns to hev twenty foive tousand dollars buried wid him! And you were execoutrix, Terrance?"

"Faith, that Oi was."

"An' did you folly out the provishuns of the will?"

"Oi did that."

"An' wer it goold ye put in the coffin?"

"It wer not."

"Silver?"

"Devil a ha'porth."

"Paper moonay?"

"Not a whit."

"An' phat thin?"

"Shure, Oi soigned a check payable to his order for the amount and shtuck it in his phist when they closed the lid."

Tried and True

Is the positive verdict of people who take Hood's Sarsaparilla. When used according to directions they feel that this medicine does them good. It will tone the stomach, create a good appetite, overcome that tired feeling, drive off a cold quickly, and prevent sickness. Scrofula and dyspepsia yield to it, and all who suffer from the effects of impure blood enjoy new life if you are in need of a good blood purifier or tonic medicine do not fail to try

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

NOTHING is simpler or easier than the power of pleasing. It does not require any superhuman effort. It is not confined to any condition of life, nor is it dependent on surrounding circumstances. All it demands is the presence of a sympathetic spirit, a willingness to be pleased, a desire to see the bright side of things and to discover the best points in people, a frankness and openness of disposition, a readiness to leave self and other engrossing objects and to enter heartily into subjects more generally acceptable. Whoever will cultivate these qualities and habits of mind will find a new life opening up within him—a life that will be richer and richer in its own happiness, because it will be constantly increasing that of his fellow men.

How few there are who estimate aright the power of kindly words and deeds, and yet what mortal being has not at some time or other felt their benefit and sweetness? How many a world worn and crime hardened heart has been softened into penitence and tenderness by their holy influence! How many a weary lot has been cheered and brightened by their gentle sunshine! What music there is in a kindly uttered expression of sympathy! What radiance in an approving smile! And how little do these utilities of life cost the giver, and how much do they confer on the receiver!

The first blue bird is the one we notice most.

To Dispel Colds.

Headaches and Fevers, to cause the system effectually, yet gently, when constipated, bilious, or when the blood is impure or sluggish; to permanently cure habitual constipation; to awaken the kidneys and liver to healthful activity, without irritating or weakening them, use Syrup of Figs.

Memory is the only paradise out of which we cannot be driven away.

"One Bottle Cured Him."

SYKE, PA., Feb. 5, 1890.

I recommend your Floraplexion as an invaluable remedy to all persons afflicted with that terrible disease, dyspepsia. D. M. O'BRIEN.

Explanation is the speedy and permanent cure for Sick Headache, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Liver Complaint, Nervous Debility and Consumption. It is the only sure cure for these complaints. Ask your druggist for it, and get well.

The most insupportable company are those who are witty all day long.

Brown's Iron Bitters cures Dyspepsia, Malaria, Biliousness and General Debility. Gives strength, aides digestion, tones the nerves, creates appetite. The best tonic for Nursing Mothers, weak women and children.

A hundred petty virtues are not worth one genuine heart truth.

FITS stopped free by Dr. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER. No fits after first day's use. Marvelous cures. Treatise and $2 trial bottle free. Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Some men are ballisonists by profession; others by inflation.

Malaria cured and eradicated from the system by Brown's Iron Bitters which enriches the blood, tones the nerves, aids digestion. Acts like a charm on persons of general ill health, giving new vigor and strength.

Open defeat is better than under handed victory.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is a liquid and is taken internally, and acts directly through the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free. Sold by Druggists, 75c.
F. J. CHENEY & Co., Proprs., Toledo, O.

The dandelions are the spun gold of spring time.

Every one suffers from Catarrh in the Head. Those who don't have it suffer from those who do. It's a disease you can't keep to yourself.

Here are some of the symptoms: Headache, obstruction of nose, discharges falling into throat, sometimes profuse, watery, and acrid, at others, thick, tenacious, mucous, purulent, bloody, putrid, and offensive; eyes weak, ringing in ears, deafness; offensive breath; smell and taste impaired, and general debility. But only a few of these likely to be present at once.

The cure for it, for Catarrh itself, and all the troubles that come from it, is a perfect and permanent cure, in Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy. The worst cases yield to its mild, soothing, cleansing and healing properties. A record of 25 years has proved that to its proprietors—and they're willing to prove it to you.

They do it in this way: If they can't cure your Catarrh, no matter how bad your case, or of how long standing, they'll pay you $500 in cash. Can you have better proof of the healing power of a medicine?

"August Flower"

Mrs. Sarah M. Black of Seneca, Mo., during the past two years has been affected with Neuralgia of the Head, Stomach and Womb, and writes: "My food did not seem to strengthen me at all and my appetite was very variable. My face was yellow, my head dull, and I had such pains in my left side. In the morning when I got up I would have a flow of mucus in the mouth, and a bad, bitter taste. Sometimes my breath became short, and I had such queer, tumbling, palpitating sensations around the heart. I ached all day under the shoulder blades, in the left side, and down the back of my limbs. It seemed to be worse in the wet, cold weather of Winter and Spring, and whenever the spells came on, my feet and hands would turn cold, and I could get no sleep at all. I tried everywhere, and got no relief before using August Flower. Then the change came. It has done me a wonderful deal of good during the time I have taken it and is working a complete cure."
G. G. GREEN, Sole Man'fr, Woodbury, N.J.

Is Your Child Sick.

S. S. S. gives strength, health and vigor to weak and delicate children.

NEVER WITHOUT IT.

About three years ago my little boy three years old was confined to his bed with what the doctors pronounced inflammatory rheumatism in his left leg. He complained of severe pains and at the time, extending to his hips. I tried several remedies but they did him no good. A neighbor whose little son had been afflicted the same way, recommended S. S. S. After taking two bottles my little boy was completely cured, and has been running to and a quarter miles to school every day since. I keep S. S. S. on my house all the time, and would not be without it. S. J. CHESHIRE,
L., Ga.

It is perfectly harmless, yet so powerful as to cleanse the system of all impurities.

BOOKS ON BLOOD AND SKIN DISEASES FREE.
THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

DONALD KENNEDY
Of Roxbury, Mass., says
Kennedy's Medical Discovery cures Horrid Old Sores, Deep-Seated Ulcers of 40 years' standing, Inward Tumors, and every disease of the skin, except Thunder Humor, and Cancer that has taken root. Price, $1.50. Sold by every Druggist in the United States and Canada.

ELY'S CREAM BALM
Applied into Nostrils is Quickly Absorbed. Cleanses the Head. Heals the Sores and Clears
CATARRH.
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