# New Berne Weekly Journal.

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VOL. XIV. NEW BERNE, CRAVEN COUNTY, N. C., NOVEMBER 5, 1891. NO. 33.



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SURGEON DENTIST.
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deod6wtf NEWBERN, N. C.

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MRS. J. M. HINES'
Boarding House Reopened.
Mrs. J. M. HINES has re-opened a First-Class Boarding House in the city opposite Baptist Church.

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We make a specialty of CELEBRATED SEVEN SPRINGS MINERAL WATER, which is kept on draught.
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oct9 f

J. B. BROWN,
FIRST-CLASS
BARBER SHOP.
Neatly fitted up in the best of style. Bath rooms with hot and cold water.
BRICK BLOCK, MIDDLE ST.


NOTICE.

The undersigned, Jeannette L. Pavie, has duly qualified as Executrix of E. M. Pavie, deceased, and hereby gives notice that she requires all persons having claims against the said E. M. Pavie to present them to the undersigned, duly authenticated, for payment on or before the 4th day of September, 1892, or this notice will be plead in bar of same. All persons indebted to said E. M. Pavie must pay same to his Executrix.
This September 4th, 1891.
JEANNETTE L. PAVIE,
Executrix of E. M. Pavie.

Proposals Wanted.

Proposals are wanted immediately for Water Works and Electric Street all ay by the City of New Berne.
dwtf WM. ELLIS,
Ch'n Com. on Water Works and Electric Street Cars.

## EDITORIAL NOTES.

SENATOR HARRIS, of Tennessee, feels confident that we will hold the ground gained last year.

THE Louisiana National Bank of New Orleans loses $190,000 by the defalcation of its paying teller E. F. Gorcier.

CONFIDENT Democrats offer odds on Flower in New York; but Republican bluffers fail to put up or shut up.

MAUD S. is no longer queen of the trotting turf. Sunol, the mare owned by Robert Bonner, lowered by half a second the famous record of Maud S. on the kite shaped track at Stockton, Cal. Bonner paid $40,000 for Maud S. and $41,000 for Sunol.

ONE judge in New York naturalized 600 new citizens the other day in five hours, or at the rate of one in every thirty seconds, and it wasn't a very good day for naturalization either. It would have been no more a farce had he naturalized the whole 600 in the half minute.

SENATOR PASCO, of Florida, stood up like a little man in the State Alliance convention and cast one of the five votes against the sub treasury loan scheme. And the expiration of his present Senatorial term is not so very far off, either. We always like a man who won t truckle.

OF the ninety-six counties in the State eighty-six have appointed local boards of public charities which work under the direction of the State board. A great deal is being done for the amelioration of the poor and persons confined in prison. The reports which will be collated at the end of the year will show this clearly.

WHEN there are short crops in Europe and long crops in America, everything is lovely on this side of the water. But when there are long crops in Europe and long crops in America at the same time, the farm mortgage steps in and takes a hand in agriculture. Nothing in the McKinley high-tariff law can alter this condition.

THE government is having about the same success in making rain as in making tinplate. Given clouds and favorable atmospheric conditions, the rain comes down upon the rainmakers. Given a melting pot, a sheet of imported steel and a Welsh workman, and tinplate is produced of fairish quality. But neither rain nor tinplate is ready for delivery at the demand of purchasers.—Philadelphia Record.

THE Atlanta Herald says: Mr. Cleveland is the greatest President that this country has had since the war, and he is the greatest living American today. Likewise he is the most distinguished Democrat in the country, and as such, the accredited leader of his party. There is not the slightest doubt about his nomination and triumphant election to the next presidency.

ONE of the Pope's cardinals at Rome, in an interview, says that affairs in the church have so changed since the Pantheon disorders of October 2 that should the Pope not yield to the desires of official Italy he may be killed or driven from Rome. The interview is in many respects remarkable, being strikingly significant as an expression of the Vatican's views as to the grave character of an impending crisis which would mark a most important epoch in Papal history.

WHILE a gang of workmen were at work drilling rock on the Pacific extension of the Great Northern Railroad near Great Falls, Mont., Oct. 27, a hole in one section of the rock containing some powder became choked with some "wash" and the foreman started to drill it out. A spark ignited the powder, causing a terrible explosion. Four of the men were instantly killed, and five injured so seriously that there is no hope of their recovery. The foreman escaped to the woods, and it is thought he has gone insane over the accident caused by his carelessness.

AT the exposition Wednesday Oct. 28, in the presence of over two thousand people, a thrilling accident occurred. A balloon was inflated and men were holding it down by ropes. Among the men was Anthony Jordan, colored, of Raleigh, who instead of holding the rope with his hands was standing on it. Suddenly the balloon, with a parachute in which was Mrs. Hawkins, rose in the air. Jordan's foot was caught by the rope and he was carried up between the balloon and the parachute. There were cries of "drop, drop," and at the height of about fifty feet he dropped and came down head foremost. His shoulder and head struck, and he is perhaps fatally injured. His jaw bone was crushed, his wrist dislocated and he sustained wounds on the head as well as internal injuries. The balloon rose to an immense height and Mrs. Hawkins decended safely in the parachute.

## EDITORIAL NOTES.

FACTIONAL fights continue to occur in Ireland.

ANOTHER American sailor, Mr. Schley is dead in Valparaso.

BISMARCK will oppose William's policy in the German Congress.

THE United States grand jury at Boston has indicted the officers of the Louisiana Lottery.

THE Russian Government declined a proposition for relief of famine sufferers by Moscow merchants.

MRS. JEFFERSON DAVIS will soon visit Richmond, Va., to select a site for the monument to her husband.

SLIGHT shocks of earthquake were felt on the 29th inst., at Columbia, Summerville and Charleston, S. C.

LAST Sunday in Indianapolis, Mrs. Lillie Stevenson shot and fatally wounded Mrs. Margaret Ross. A man, two woman and a pistol.

THE opinion prevails among foreign ministers at Santiago that the Chilian junta will immediately make the reparation demanded by this Government.

A BOSTON woman, Mrs. Kullbury, has sued a Roman Catholic priest in that city for alleged injury to her business in placing a boycott on it from the altar.

IT is reported that the Mexican Government will remove the duty on the importation of corn in consequence of a threatened famine in some of the States of the Republic.

MINISTER EGAN has been instructed to take prompt and vigorous measures to secure from the Chilian Government proper reparation for the outrage at Valparaiso.

THERE is talk of consolidating the Winston and Salem postoffices. If the consolidation is effected, a Government building will, in all probability be erected and the office centrally located.

"CANADIANS are pouring into the United States. On one train the other day there were 230 who intend to live hereafter in this country." They will be lucky if some of them don't live *hereafter* in a hotter climate.

THE New York Central Railroad is now running the fastest train in the world. The Empire State Express leaves New York at 9 a. m., and reaches Buffalo at 5:40 p. m. The distance is 439 miles, time 52¾ miles an hour.

MR. CARLTON KIMBLE, a prominent farmer in Maryland, was deprived or defrauded of $2,800 in cash. He says he was hypnotised—absolutely under the control of two men. He knew nothing for two hours, during which he went to the bank, drew the sum named, gave it to the rascals who drove off with the money. He offers $2,000 for their arrest.

LAST Monday morning W. J. Cummings, Southern Express Messenger on the Cincinnati, Selma and Mobele railroad shot himself in his train when near Newbern, Ala., because he had lost a package containing a thousand dollars. On the day before Miss Daisy Lee, a beautiful seventeen year old girl committed suicide at St. Mary's, W. Va., because her father reproved her for accepting the attentions of a young man.

SPECIAL Customs Inspector Sessions has informed the Treasury Department of the seizure of several lots of clothing, valued at $401, which had been smuggled into Troy, N. Y., from Canada. The smuggling of clothing from Canada and from Europe has aroused the indignation of domestic merchant tailors, and the Treasury Department is using every effort to correct the evil.

ANOTHER "Second Messiah" has put in an appearance, this time at Pittsburg. His name is Cyrus R. Teed and he is the founder of the new sect of Koresheans, whose doctrines have been indorsed by the wealthy society of Economites. Dr. Teed claims to be immortal and has many big projects on his mind, one of which is to cut a pathway through the Rocky Mountains fifty miles wide. He has also a scheme of "equitable commerce" on hand, in which there is much money for the projector if not for the investors.

THE annual meeting of the Society of the Army of Northern Virginia was held Tuesday, Oct. 27, at Richmond, Va., in the hall of the house of delegates General William H. Payne, presided. Resolutions appropriate to the memory of Gen. W. H. F. Lee were adopted. A committee was appointed to prepare resolutions upon the death of Gen. A. R. Long, to be reported hereafter. Among those who made brief speeches were Gens. Early, Talisferro, Rosser, and Field. The latter said: "I understand that a Confederate flag cannot be unfurled at the World's Fair. If that is the case let us now have another World's Fair in this country." All the old officers were elected.

## IMMIGRATION.

We are not of those who believe that "everything depends on immigration." Somehow or other, the idea sticks to us that the South is the greatest country on Earth and her people the noblest under the Sun.

We have no objection to good people coming among us, indeed we welcome them when assured of their purpose to settle among us and contribute to the capital, virtue and material prosperity of this section.

We understand that one of the purposes in getting up the Southern Exposition was to induce immigration to North Carolina.

Our hearts will not sink within us if the flood tide of imigration from Europe is not directed Southward. If we could only pick them and select the best it would be splendid, but, like the old woman's eggs we must take them as they come, and if we occasionally get a chicken in place of an egg it is our luck.

Seriously, we believe that North Carolina is filling up fast enough. Certainly we need no immigration agents. Intelligent men every where know of the attractions that our State offers to capital, and not a few Northern men and some Europeans have come to us and realized that the half had not been told.

What we need most is an even chance in life's great battle.

Take from the national statute book unjust and oppressive legislation, give us a currency equal to the demands of trade and open to us the markets of the world, and the prosperity that will come to us will fill the land with and industrous, progressive and virtuous people.

## CHILI.

We expect to see the Chilian affair speedily settled.

There is no occasion for the interruption of friendly relations between the United States and Chili, much less for war.

The placing of a guard around the American consulate, the watch put upon the movements of the Baltimore and the arrest and imprisonment of American seamen, were irritating circumstances calculated to attract the attention of the representatives of this Government, but no one on duty seems to have known how to assume the diplomatic attitude. The clearing of decks for action was simply a play between the acts to give time for somebody to find out what to do.

Egan was no statesman, and unfortunately the temporary head of the Department of State seemed to know very little more than Egan.

There was need of a firm Italian hand: one that could cut deep into the marble, or simply touch it with the chisel's point as occasion required.

We are no worshipers of Blaine—we abominate his domestic policy—but everyone must be gratified that he has returned to Washington and taken up the portfolio of the State Department.

## CHILI.

So long as the Chilian controversy is unsettled it will be a proper theme for newspaper animadversion.

That the officials of this Government blundered at the outset is very generally admitted. It is always unwise to take part in other people's quarrels, and it is especially unfortunate to take the side of the party that is to be defeated. But this is just what Minister Egan did. It was not to be supposed that the victors would be specially attentive to him when it was known that he was the friend of Balmaceda.

The subsequent indignities to this Government could not be allowed to pass unnoticed, and the United States, has, after much hesitation, presented her demand for redress with becoming dignity and necessary accuracy.

Comparisons are being made of the strength of the Chilian and United States navies. From statements that are supposed to be trust worthy, it would seem that we are fully able to meet Chili on sea: but, who wants to slap over our little sister Republic? Nobody questions the ability of the United States to crush Chili. But why do it? What commercial advantage would be gained, what glory could be won?

Chili cannot hesitate to atone as best she can for injuries and indignities imposed upon American citizens at Valpiaraizo, and she should be permitted to do it without humiliation and dishonor.

We do not doubt that the present difficulty will be settled honorably to both parties.

But this is not enough. This Government can afford to be magnanimous. Indeed it will be becoming in her to extend her hand to Chili, and assist her laudable endeavor to advance the standard of republican government and civilization on this continent.

Chili is the most progressive of South America Republics, and Mr. Blaine has now the unusual opportunity of conciliating Sister Republics and at the same time boosting his favorite policy of reciprocity.

If, however, Chili refuses to make redress, she must understand that it is the imperative duty of this Government to enforce respect for its flag, and this it will do in all lands and under all circumstances.

## THE HAINS FAMILY.

Many of our readers remember the killing of young Hannegan by his associate Thornton Hains at Fortress Monroe, and the subsequent trial at Hampton.

The two men lived in Washington and moved in the best circles. Tiring of the monotony of city life, they visited "Old Point" on a pleasure trip, and, while out sailing one afternoon, a quarrel arose between them, and Hains shot Hannegan dead.

The trial that followed was a memorable one. The best legal talent was employed in the case. Wise came from New York to defend and Voorhees from Indiana to prosecute Hains. The accused was acquitted, but the public was not satisfied. An indignation meeting was held in Hampton at which the jury was bitterly denounced for their verdict of "not guilty."

Hannegan went to his grave, and Hains returned to the gay scenes of Washington City.

But the sequel was not yet.

The Hains family had been accustomed to the best society, and was worthy of it. Its head was a colonel of engineers, in charge of the improvement of the Potomac flats. One of his two sons was an army officer on duty in Washington.

Thornton Hains thought that he was entitled to the same consideration after the killing of Hannegan that he received before it occurred, Not so thought Washington Society. Ladies sympathized with Mrs Hains and continued their visits. They warmed towards her and wanted her to be cheered by the evidences of their love. But this was not enough for Mrs Hains. She felt no happiness in being the recipient of tokens of respect that were denied her son. So, on one occasion, she called Thornton down stairs to meet her lady friend. The fair visitor refused to recognize him, and a scene followed. The incident was first whispered, then talked until Washington was full of it. The wives of heads of Departments and of army and navy officers stopped visiting the house for fear of havidg a murderer thrust upon them, and now the whole family is self banished from Washington City.

Young Hains has gone to South America. His brother, Lieut. John P. Hains has been transferred from Washington to Fort McHenry. His father and mother will go to Portland Maine, and the entire family will have left Washington.

What a lesson to young men! It is bad enough for the guilty to suffer, but when one offender drags a whole family to ruin it is unspeakably terrible.

## WHAT WILL BECOME OF THE POPE?

What will become of the Pope? We do not mean when he has "shuffled off this mortal coil," and his disembodied spirit enters the mysterious beyond. We have no prophetic kin that can penetrate the veil that curtains eternity, but if we were bold enough to make the venture, we, though Protestants, would look towards the seats of the redeemed and glorified.

The Pope has been uncomfortably situated ever since his temporal kingdom was taken from him, and his emperial sway confined to the Vatican.

Having been master of Italy and Supreme Pontiff of the World, he must have but little enjoyment as a subject of the kingdom of Humbert.

He has not been at ease since the revolution, and recently he has been subjected to indignity and insult.

It is believed by many that he is no longer safe in the Eternal City. The attack upon pilgrims in the Pantheon is regarded as an indication that reverence of His Holiness is past, and that even in Rome there is no dread of the curse of the Pope.

Will the Pope leave Italy, and the hallowed associations that cluster around Rome? Where can he go and be safe from the machinations of "the wicked?"

Austria will not shelter him, and even the bold and defiant William is too prudent to defend him. Russia can have but one czar: Spain is effete, France more intolerant than Italy, and Catholic Ireland is torn by domestic feudes and prostrate in the dust. The States of Central and South America are too revolutionary to offer a safe asylum.

If driven from Italy, where will the Pope go? He may come to the United States. If he comes abandoning all claim to temporal power, and intent only on building up a spirtual kingdom that shall be more glorious and enduring than the empire of the Ceasars, he will be welcomed, and men of all creeds join in appropriate honors to letters piety and fame.

## THE CITY HALL.

An Ornament to the City and Well Adapted to its Requirements.

The work on the city hall is nearly completed, and even as it stands our citizens have a building to which they can point with pride. It is an attractive substantial brick building fronting 62 feet on the street, and is 43 in depth. The front is stuccoed and laid off in excellent imitation of elegant granite blocks.

The front room of the northern half of the building is the city clerk's and treasurer's office—the rear room the mayor's office. Handsome signs at the door of each room give the information as to what office is within, and a door between them furnishes ready communication from one to the other, and both are nicely ceiled and painted and well furnished.

Access to these rooms from the main entrance is given by a wide passage, and this contains a five foot stairway that leads directly to the main room of the building—he city hall—used for mayor's court, police headquarters and public meetings. This is a splendid room, 40x43, 18 feet pitch, furnished throughout in native wood—2½ inch double-beaded yellow pine, hard oil finish beautifully pencilled overhead and having a cornice with scroll-work moulding below it and other trimmings in walnut. It is supplied with one hundred good chairs and has an ample rostrum for the mayor or speakers, and this is inclosed by a six inch rail with three inch turned bannisters—the stairs being similarly finished.

Two twelve inch columns are to be placed at even distances between the two sides of the hall—one is already in position and the other will soon be.

The hall is now lighted by nine electric lights—one at the centre of the room and the others spreading out from it at right angles toward each side of the room, but these are to be supplemented by an elegant 12 light combination chandelier—six of the lights to be gas and six electricity, and by six 3-light brackets against the walls also equally divided between gas and electricity.

Adjoining the hall on the south is the assembly room of the Atlantic Steam Fire Engine Company, finished similar to the hall, and containing overhead a four foot center piece. This room measures 20x43 feet, and has an 18-foot pitch and can be reached either through the room we have just described or by the entrance at the other end of the building.

Below the firemen's meeting-room is their engine and hose carriage house.

The fire bell tower over the center of the building adds much to its appearance. The tower rests upon a thick brick partition through the center of the building, and Mr. Wm. Gaskins, the contractor, informs us that the building is sound and strong throughout. In tearing away what he did to make the alterations and improvements he found the brick-work in perfect order and the timbers of best heart pine without a sign of decay.

The entire building will be warmed by a first class heater of the latest improved make. It has already been ordered.

Our citizens can congratulate themselves on the excellent city hall they now have, and on having secured it at as small a total cost as they did. The great improvement made is quite an honor to our progressive city authorities.

## Warning to Timber Owners.

We have repeatedly noted the vast drawing upon the timber supply of North Carolina. The quantities that have been purchased by speculators and transported from our borders has been astounding, and still there is no abatement in the traffic. We yet have fine and extensive tracts of woodlands, but owners cannot be too careful how they dispose of them. The Chattanooga Tradesman, a paper that has given the subject considerable study, cites the following:

"A Philadelphia company lately sold to a Boston company 200,000 trees, poplar, cucumber, ash, linden, etc., for $2 50 a tree standing located on a West Virginia tract. The Philadelphia company will get more out of the trees than the land cost them. The Boston company will double the value of the timber before putting it on the market. West Virginia is not only left completely out but has to submit to the denudation over a great tract, thus increasing liability to freshets and droughts, and taking at a swoop a large amount of wealth out of her boundaries. There will come a time when the State Governments will be forced to interfere to protect the people from the danger and damage involved in this sort of traffic."

## The Exposition.

We made our first visit last week to the Exposition at Raleigh, and were much pleased at what we saw. It is much more of a success than we had expected, and is very creditable to our State. While it is not much of an "Inter-States" Exposition (as its name denotes), yet it is a very good exhibit of this State's resources and products. The exhibits from other States are very scant and contrast very unfavorably with those from North Carolina. The natural result of this will be to impress all visitors more favorably with our State. There are several counties, probably a dozen, that have very complete exhibits and show to great advantage the products of North Carolina's fields, forests, factory and mines. A visitor from the North will be astonished at the very great variety of our State's products there displayed. He will there see every vegetable product that is grown anywhere in America, every mineral that is dug from the earth, and a greater variety of woods and timber than can be grown in any other State of the Union. This latter fact is forcibly illustrated by seeing there, side by side, a palmetto tree from the seacoast and the balsam and spruce pine from the mountain.

* * * * *

The exhibit of the colored people is very creditable to them. It is separate, and apart from the other exhibits, is under the control and management of colored people and occupies the space on the first floor of the grand stand. In this exhibit are not only agricultural products, but also many articles of artistic handiwork, which are striking proofs of the advancement made by the colored people since their emancipation.—Chatham Record.

## A Survivor of the Battle of Waterloo Dead.

SOUTHAMPTON, England, October 27.—Lieutenant Colonel Howlett, one of the few survivors of the British officers who fought at the battle of Waterloo, is dead.

## ALBEMARLE PARK FAIR.

A Grand Success—Excellent Exhibit—Immense Attendance—Col. Polk Speaks.

The Albemarle Park Fair of Elizabeth City, which closed Friday was one worthy of that progressive city and prosperous section and it met with the success it deserved.

Thursday was Alliance day. The grand event of the day was an address by Col L. L. Polk, the celebrated President of the Farmers' Alliance of the United States, who has made addresses and been enthusiastically received in every portion of the Union and who one week previous was making addresses in California 3,000 miles away.

Col. Polk with his private Secretary, Mr. Ayer, arrived at Elizabeth City at 11:35 a. m. in the special car of Mr. M. K. King, General Manager of the Norfolk and Southern railroad. Visiting fire companies and a large number of other visitors also came in on the same train. They were met at the depot by officers of the Fair and of the county Alliance and prominent citizens of the town and escorted to the Fair grounds. The procession as it left the depot was a long one composed of marshals of the Fair, a carriage containing the speakers and others, four bands, the Hope Fire Company of Berkley, Virginia, with their Amoskeag engine and hose carriage, a delegation from the Portsmouth fire company, the Elizabeth City Fire Department with their Silsby engine and hose carriage about 50 carriages and a throng of people afoot.

Upon the arrival at the grounds Hon. T. G. Skinner introduced Col. Polk and he held the appreciative attention of his large audience in an address of two hours' duration.

The assembly was a tremendous one; the visitors, 5,000 in number representing well the beauty, yeomanry, chivalry and intelligence of Eastern Carolina poured in from every direction. There were between 500 and 700 buggies on the grounds at one time and throughout the day all who attended seemed in the height of enjoyment.

The large and pretty exhibition building was well filled and the exhibits nicely arranged for harmonious effect and easy examination.

Fronting the main entrance was a set of shelves of beautiful pyramidal design, the lower shelves containing splendid specimens of fruit and vegetables, above them several shelves of canned fruit, preserves, jellies, etc., then shelves of floral plants and at the apex bunches of native ornamental grasses.

In their proper departments were shown a good supply of fine ladies fancy work in its various branches, a tempting culinary display, field and garden crops, agricultural and dystering instruments, handsome musical instruments, nice furniture, products of the factories of Elizabeth City, etc.

There were fine specimens of poultry—some native and some pure breed, but the collection did not embrace many varieties.

The stock exhibit was large and very creditable. There was interesting racing. The $150 purse was contested for by Mary Spellman owned by Mr. Matt White of Elizabeth City, Leonard J. owned in Norfolk and N. H. R owned in Philadelphia. They finished in the order named, Time respectively 2:32, 2:32½ and 2:33.

Mr. J. D. Hensley's collection of animals and birds from New Berne another good side show etc, added to the enjoyments.

We repeatedly heard expressions of admiration, characterizing the Fair as the best one ever held at Elizabeth City and the attendance the largest.

The Fair association is well fixed for their exhibitions, having nicely located grounds ten acres in extent close to the city, a large main building, roomy stables for stock, plenty of well arranged coops for poultry, a half-mile race track in good order and a grand stand with a seating capacity of 800 with a speakers' and judges stand immediately in front of it.

Upon our arrival at Elizabeth City Thursday morning after a pleasant fourteen hours' trip on the steamer Neuse we had the good fortune to be met by Mr. L. E. Chapman, the clever Elizabeth City correspondent of the Norfolk Landmark and in company with him visited some of the points of interest around the city, which is extending quite fast, a large portion of it has been built up within the last fifteen years, (we were informed that there are two stores and 54 nice dwellings now in course of erection.) It contains large handsome stores; a good cotton factory is established (a native New Bernian, Mr. D. M. Dewey is its foreman) there is also a 20 ton ice factory, a cotton seed oil mill, a net and twine factory, a combination wire and wood-fence factory, large saw and planing mills, several oyster canneries and other industries.

The handsome court house occupies a square and its tower contains a town clock (New Bernians lets us have one) and a $4,500 town hall is now being built and on every hand there are evidences that, in keeping with other East Carolina cities, Elizabeth City is going forward at no laggard pace.

## Goldsboro Pottery Works Burned.

Sunday evening, about church time, the sky to the west of the city was discovered to be lurid with some great conflagration. At first it was thought to be the immense plant of the Neuse Lumber Mills, but on hurrying to the surburbs it was found to be the no less important enterprise—the Goldsboro Brick, Tile and Pottery Works, the property of our esteemed townsman Maj. H. L. Grant. His cotton gin, brick making machine and much of his brick drying racks, together with other valuable property on the yard were entirely destroyed, proving an absolute loss of several thousand dollars, as he had no insurance whatever. The remoteness of the fire from the city, and that, too, on a Sunday evening, and there being no supply of water on the grounds, rendered aid unobtainable, and of little avail when such aid could get there arrived. Just how the fire originated is not now known.—Goldsboro Argus.

## A Postmaster Assassinated.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., Oct. 29.—The postmaster at Elkton, N. C., two miles east of Charkton, on the Charlotte and Columbia Railroad, was shot last night in his office by an unknown assassin. No cause can be assigned for the deed, and there is no clew to the perpetrator.

## HOW TO OWN A HOME.

The Great Value Attached to the Building and Loan Association.

At no time in its history, perhaps, has New Berne possessed so important a factor for its improvement and material advancement as it now does in the excellently managed and admirably conducted Building and Loan Association. This fact was very clearly demonstrated by the reports read at the last annual meeting, when it was shown that during the four years of its existence there had been received and loaned out to its members more than *thirty seven thousand dollars*. Now when it is remembered that this very considerable sum was paid into the association in monthly payments of one dollar on each share of stock, it is a striking illustration of what may be accomplished by co operation and unity of action; and when it is understood that this entire sum has been loaned for the purpose of procuring, improving and beautifying New Berne homes, the importance and benefits of the association become apparent.

Occupying fully as it does this admirable field, there is no need for the introduction or patronage of similar institutions existing elsewhere and represented by agencies. One of the secrets of the very great success of our home association is, that not a dollar is paid out for any expense of operating excepting a nominal salary to its secretary and treasurer, and hence every cent inures to the members who are stockholders.

Observation and experience has taught that organizations of this character can only give the fullest satisfaction when managed most economically and by capable men, whose services are a labor of love and whose sole reward is the consciousness of benefiting the community in which they live.

In this respect the New Berne Building and Loan Association is especially fortunate, having for its President, L. H. Cutler, Esq., President of the Farmers' & Merchants' Bank, and the Board of Directors composed of such men as (J. H. Roberts, Cashier New Berne National Bank; C. R. Foy, Cashier Citizens' Bank; O. Marks, Thos Daniels, J. H. Hackburn, Thos. F. McCarthy, John Dunn and James Redmond. Its Secretary and Treasurer, Mr. J. R. B. Carraway, is Teller National Bank, and its Finance Committee, T. A. Green, Esq., President Citizens Bank, R. W. Smallwood and H. B. Duffy. It would be indeed difficult to select in any community men of such high personal and financial standing as these, for any duty or position, and their names alone are the very best proof and guarantee of careful management, superior direction and financial stability. I venture the opinion that there is no similar institution in the world that is supervised and managed by such a set of officers as this. This being true, the most important feature, its stability and soundness, is established, and it is equally true that it affords all the accommodation to its members that any similar institution in the country can.

When first organized, an applicant for a loan was sometime obliged to wait, until the monthly assessments were paid in, but in his last report the President said:

"During this last year your Board of Directors inaugurated the plan of loaning out the funds of your association as fast as application was made by the members, whether there was money on hand or not, and giving the association's accepted drafts for the money due, as soon as the money came in. In this way all the money had been loaned without loss of time or interest."

Here then is the fullest advantage offered, and any one taking stock and desiring to borrow may do so at once.

The plan upon which the Association is conducted enables any one to become a member; a new series, the fourth, has just commenced, and to those who do not wish to buy property it is an excellent savings institution.

For every share of stock you subscribe for, you pay one dollar and ten cents, and each month thereafter you pay one dollar on each share. You can subscribe for one, or one hundred, as your means will permit or your inclination prompt, and each share will cost you twelve dollars a year.

—At the expiration of the first year, if you do not desire to continue your membership, the association will pay you back what you have paid in.

Each series is expected to run about six years, and for each seventy-two dollars you put in you draw one hundred in cash, or if you borrow, its equivalent in property.

Aside from any personal benefit to be gained (and all who are in it are so benefited) each subscriber becomes in a measure a public benefactor by helping to create an available fund, to aid the people of humble circumstances to purchase or improve their homes and thus contribute to the upbuilding and adornment of our city.

The writer, a greateful beneficiary of this admirable institution would urge and advise every man and woman who can spare a few dollars from their income to invest in just as many shares of stock as they believe they can carry, and while doing good to themselves and in increasing the usefulness of this excellent association. Shares may be subscribed with Mr. J. R. B. Carraway at the National bank, and every information will be given you by any officer or member of the association.

The New Berne Building and Loan Association should be made perpetual and this can be done by our people annually subscribing to the new series as they are opened. XAMIN.

## Killed by Jumping from a Train.

ROCKY MOUNT, N. C., Oct. 28.—Mr. W. R. Gibson, a young man about 30 years of age, from Charleston, W. Va., en route to Tarboro to accept a position as a clerk in H. B. Bryant's hotel, jumped from train No. 27 when approaching Rocky Mount this afternoon, and was so badly injured that he died in a few minutes. His head and face was so disfigured by the fall as to be almost beyond recognition. Captain Horne, who was conductor of said train, seeing that he was about to jump, hallooed at him three times not to do so, but his warning was not heeded.

## THE FIRE-SWEPT PRAIRIES.

Crops Destroyed, Stock Perishing and the People Barely Escaping with Their Lives.

GUTHRIE, O. T., October 27.—The sky was lit up in every direction last night by prairie fires. The fires have been burning three days and done a great deal of damage. Hundreds of farms have been swept of crops and in many cases houses and barns have been consumed, stock parishing and the people escaping only with their lives. In Iowa county the fire has gotten into the timber and will burn for weeks. It is feared a number of peaple have perished there. Cimarroon City, a small town northeast of here, has been entirely wiped out, the people escaping by jumping into the river. M. B. Emery, stage driver to Chandler, and the Parkins mail carrier, were caught in the fires and both terribly burned.


For Over Fifty Years.
MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. Twenty five cents a bottle. Sold by all druggists throughout the world.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

ONE ENJOYS
Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.
Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.
CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

HUMPHREYS' VETERINARY SPECIFICS
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Stable Case, with Specifics, Manual, Veterinary Cure Office Medicator, $7.00
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Sold by Druggists, or Sent Prepaid anywhere and in any quantity on Receipt of Price.
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Corner William and John Sts., New York.

HUMPHREYS' HOMEOPATHIC SPECIFIC No. 28
In use 30 years. The only successful remedy for Nervous Debility, Vital Weakness, and Prostration, from over work or other causes. $1 per vial, or 5 vials and large vial powder, for $5. Sold by Druggists, or sent postpaid on receipt of price.—HUMPHREYS' MEDICINE CO., Cor. William and John Sts., N. Y.

All of our Veterinary Preparations can be had of J. V. Jordan, Druggist, N. W. cor. Broad and Middle streets, Newbern, N. C

IS
The East Carolina Railroad
A FAILURE?
They are Moving Too Slow to Ever Reach Newbern.
Can the People of The Old City of Elms Wait on them Any Longer?
Would it not be best to take our fifty thousand dollars in bonds and give it to five manufacturing industries who will move their plants to Newbern and employ one hundred or more hands each, daily? Ten thousand dollars each to five industries of some kind would be a considerable inducement for them to move to Newbern. We have water transportation equal to any in the country, our Railroad Commissioners give us as low rates as any in the State. We have the laboring class, both white and black, here; what fear need we have to start the ball in the direction?
Would it not be well for the city authorities to look into the matter and see if something can't be done? The Railroad will be built and they intend to get our bonds, let them give us some assurance as to when it will be completed. If this can be done there can be no doubt as to the success of our city. Let the county stand out if it will, but let the people of N. C. R. R. Co. see we are in earnest. Newbern is on the great road to the south, and to five hundred per cent. Not a second house in the city. Families are moving out of town for want of houses. Hundreds of women and children are yet to come to Newbern this pitiful story is old to the people of this city, stop the story, give us a road and we will stop the story. Why not do something and voice from every man, woman and child in Newbern? Let us all be active in getting up a meeting and let every man who can make a speech be requested to do so. Let us have a meeting and invite Mr. J. W. Waters, to travel the road and let him see what our city and section can do if we only have a road. Our four to five hundred per cent. advance in property would be nothing in comparison to the benefits to be derived. Now fellow citizens, let us be up and doing. Let us have a meeting and invite every man who can make a speech to be present and voted upon and invite Mr. Waters to be present. Let us show the people on the other side of Big Lake, who have contributed their money to build a road to Newbern, that we are in earnest. Let us show them that we are not dead but only asleep. Let us show them that we are alive to our interests and let us show them that we are ready to do our share in building the road to Newbern. Let us show them that we are ready to do our share in building the road to Newbern. Will we could not build a road to Newbern? Let us show them that we are ready to do our share in building the road to Newbern. Let us show them that we are ready to do our share in building the road to Newbern. Let us show them that we are ready to do our share in building the road to Newbern. Let us show them that we are ready to do our share in building the road to Newbern. Let us show them that we are ready to do our share in building the road to Newbern. Let us show them that we are ready to do our share in building the road to Newbern. Let us show them that we are ready to do our share in building the road to Newbern. Let us show them that we are ready to do our share in building the road to Newbern. Let us show them that we are ready to do our share in building the road to Newbern. Let us show them that we are ready to do our share in building the road to Newbern. Let us show them that we are ready to do our share in building the road to Newbern. Let us show them that we are ready to do our share in building the road to Newbern. Let us show them that we are ready to do our share in building the road to Newbern. Let us show them that we are ready to do our share in building the