New Berne Weekly Journal.

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VOL. XV. NEW BERNE, CRAVEN COUNTY, N. C., JULY 28 1892. NO. 17.

DR. G. K BAGBY,
SURGEON DENTIST,

Office, Middle street, opposite Baptist church,
dec6dwtf NEWBERN, N. C.

DR. J. D CLARK,
DENTIST,
NEW BERNE, N. C.
Office on Craven street, between Pollock and Broad.

P. H. PELLETIER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Craven St., two doors South of Journal office.
Will practice in the Counties of Craven, Carteret, Jones, Onslow and Pamlico. U. S. Court at New Berne and Supreme Court of the State.

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(Successor to Roberts & Henderson),
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Phenix Insurance Company of Brooklyn.
United Underwriters Insurance Company of Atlanta.
Boston Marine Insurance Company of Boston. july1 dwtf

MRS. J. M. HINES'
Boarding House Reopened.

Mrs. J. M. HINES has reopened a First-Class Boarding House in the city opposite Baptist Church.

THE FIBBER DAVIS SEWING MACHINE
can be had at the same place.
J. M. HINES, Agent.
sep16 dwtf O. Marks Store

FREE TO ALL.
Adjoining my place of business, on Broad street, I have now
GOOD STABLES, AND A SHED FOR HORSES AND VEHICLES,
to accommodate my patrons from the country.

Full Line of Choice
Groceries & Provisions
always on hand, and PRICES AS LOW AS THE LOWEST and QUALITY AS HIGH AS THE HIGHEST.
Goods guaranteed as represented or money refunded.
Call and get our prices before buying elsewhere. Orders promptly filled and shipped. No trouble in that line in the future.
Consignments of Country Produce solicited, and Highest Market Prices guaranteed.
Same old Stand, Broad street, near Railroad.
J. J. TOLSON.
july9 wtf

NORFOLK, NEWBERN & WASHINGTON
DIRECT LINE.
Tri-Weekly Trips.

In order to make more convenient and economical use of the vessels now employed in the North Carolina service, and thus to

Better Serve the Interests of Shippers,

the Clyde Line and Old Dominion Steamship Company have concluded to merge their respective lines between Newbern, N. C. and Norfolk, Va., into one line, thus giving passengers and freight shippers three trips each week between Newbern and Norfolk via Washington.

NO ADVANCE IN RATES.
On and after THURSDAY, JULY 21st, 1892, until further notice, the
Steamer NEWBERNE, Capt. Southgate,
Steamer ENOLA, Capt. Boyd,
AND
Steamer ALBEMARLE, Capt. Rhodes.
Will sail from Norfolk, Va., for New Berne direct, every Monday, Thursday and Saturday, making connection with the Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad, and the water lines on Neuse and Trent rivers.
Returning, will sail FROM NEWBERN FOR NORFOLK, Va., via Roanoke Island wharf, every Tuesday at 12 M., and every Thursday and Saturday at 1 P. M., making connection at Norfolk with The Old Bay Line, for Baltimore, The Clyde Line, for Philadelphia. The Old Dominion Steamship Co., for New York. The Merchants' and Miners' Line for Providence and Boston, and The Water Lines for Washington, D. C., and Richmond, Va., thus giving an all water route to all Northern and Eastern points.
Also connection made with the C. A. R. R. and N. & W. R. R. for the West.
Passengers will find a good table, comfortable rooms, and every courtesy and attention will be paid them by the officers.
Order all goods, care of N. N. & W. Direct Line, Norfolk, Va.
S. H. GRAY Agent.

E. C. D:
Eastern Carolina Dispatch.
Fast Passenger and Freight Line between
NEW BERNE,
Eastern North Carolina Points, and all connections of the
PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD,
INCLUDING
New York, Philadelphia, Norfolk, Baltimore and Boston.
The ONLY Tri-Weekly Line Out of New Berne.
THE NEW AND ELEGANTLY EQUIPPED STEAMER
"Neuse"
Sails from New Berne
MONDAYS,
WEDNESDAYS,
FRIDAYS,
AT 4.30 P.M.,
stopping at Roanoke Island each way and forming close connection with the Norfolk Southern Railroad.
The Eastern Dispatch Line consisting of the Wilmington S. S. Co., Norfolk Southern R. R., New York, Phila. and Norfolk R. R. and Pennsylvania R. R. form a reliable and regular line, offering superior facilities for quick passenger and freight transportation.
No transfer except at Elizabeth City at which point freight will be loaded in cars to go through to destination.
Direct all goods to be shipped via Eastern Carolina Dispatch daily as follows:
From New York, by Penna. R. R. Pier 27 North River.
From Philadelphia, by Phila., W. and Balto. R. R., Dock St. Station.
From Baltimore, by Phila., Wil. and Balto. R. R., President St. Station.
From Norfolk, by Norfolk Southern R. R.
From Boston, by Merchants & Miners Transportation Co.; New York and New England R. R.
Rates as low and time quicker than by any other line.
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S. R. STREET,
General
FIRE AND LIFE
Insurance Agent,
NEW BERNE, N. C.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

THE high tariff gives employment to thousands of militia men.

THE General Convention of the Episcopal Church meets in October in Baltimore.

"THERE is the satisfaction that Adam had as a gardner. He didn't have neighbors who raised hen's."

CONGRESS, by a majority of twelve in the Houses refuses further aid to the Chicago World's Fair.

THE passage of sixty-four Pension bills by the House means more taxes for the Southern tax payers.

As Gen. Weaver neither drinks, smokes, nor swears, he may experience some difficulty in expressing his opinion of the election returns.

IT will be an impossibility to have any tariff reduction bills reported to the House this session from the Ways and Means committee.

EDITOR GLENNAN prefers the Norfolk tripod to a seat in Congress. Mr. Glennan lives near enough to Congress to know just what it is.

FINAL returns from the British elections show the election of 311 supporters of the Government and 347 opposition. Parliament will meet August 4th.

THERE is much excitement at the political clubs in London over the situation in politics. It is thought some unexpected developments will soon take place.

THE island of Sangier in the Malay Archepelago has been destroyed by a volcanic eruption and all the inhabitants, consisting of 12,000 people, have been killed.

IT is amusing to see how the Republican press of the country is sweating in its endeavors to separate the cause of the Homestead riot from the high protective tariff of its party.

HARRISON is positively pining to put his pen to a force bill and write, "Approved." Harrison so hates the South he would like to empale it upon bayonets with bullets just under. Harrison is a "General."

A FEW days ago Republicans boasted that they would carry West Virginia with Elkins as their candidate for Governor. But Mr. Elkins declines to run. He would like to be Governor but don't see how he can.

NOT many bets are reported. A New York message of July 17, says David Johnson wants to put up $10,000 on Cleveland, and Henry Lawry who won $10,000 on Harrison last time wants to bet it all on Cleveland this time.

SOUTHERN alliancemen admit that General Weaver, the people's party candidate for President, will not run well in the South. As he will certainly not run well in the North, or the East or the West, there appears to be nothing left for the General but the Mississippi and the great lakes.—St. Louis Star.

MORGANTON Our Country Late discoveries have proven the claim of our people that we have some of the finest marble in the world, and in marvelous quantities. Only nine miles north of Marion is one of the finest beds of bluish gray marble in the world. In it is the only black marble bed in the United States, and of the finest quality. There are also inexhaustible deposits of white, pink and variegated marble.

THE Democrats propose to give the country such benefits as the removal of the 10 per cent. tax on State banks can confer, but the Republicans propose to give no financial reforms at all. If the Third partyites therefore vote against the Democracy, they run the risk of depriving themselves of all possible relief from the evils, real or imaginary, of which they complain.

"WELL, at last the Republicans have succeeded in finding some one who is not a Blaine man, willing to take the chairmanship of their National Committee. His name is Carter, and he was formerly the secretary of the committee. We wish them joy of him. He will have the distinction of having guided his party to defeat—to deserved and ignominious defeat. Alas for Carter!" He is bound to leave his cart in the ditch.

THE finest fight ever made in North Carolina was in 1876, when the work was largely done by means of Democratic Clubs. This year we must also look to the clubs for the most effective campaign work. These local organizations are merely the organized Democracy. At their head in North Carolina are Col. J. S. Carr, the President, and Mr B. C. Beckwith, the Secretary, and we run no risk in saying that these gentleman will do what they can to aid the clubs all over the State. Mr. Beckwith will continue in harness and Col. Carr, we predict, will do a grand work in North Carolina this year.—News and Observer.

"WHAT IS THE MATTER WITH HANNAH?"

There is much distress in the country, because the times are hard and money is scarce. But the difficulty is local. We see and feel it all over the South and West, but North and East the condition is different. "In New York money is so abundant that it is going begging at the lowest rates of interest," yet there is more demand for it in New York than in other places.

It is much the same at all points North and East. At the commercial centers are congested. What, then is the cause of the scarcity of money in the West and South?

There are laws of political economy as inexorable as the laws of nature, among these is the imperative demand that "the balance of trade shall be preserved." No State or community can be prosperous when the balance of trade is against it. This is unfortunately the condition of the Western and Southern States, and that is the matter with Hannah. They buy more than they sell and have to pay the difference in cash. A community is an aggregate of individuals. If a man has a crop of cotton or tobacco to sell he finds no difficulty in getting cash for it. All his marketable products will command cash, but if it takes all the crop brings to pay for the fertilizer bill, and the clothing and provisions bill, no cash comes back to the farm.

A gentleman of intelligence said to the writer "The failure of crops is the prime cause of the Third party. If we had good crops people would be more contented, and would not go wild over political experiments." This is confirmation of our position. The balance of trade is destroyed.

Some men are thoughtless enough to charge providential dispensations to the condition of political parties. The Bible tells us that "He sendeth His rain on the just and the unjust." "He is no respecter of persons." The tariff has nothing to do with the inundation of river vallies, and "free trade" plays no part in the storm and the whirlwind.

But, the tariff, the pensions, and other results of Federal legislation has contributed largely to the present condition of affairs in the South. Anything that makes a community pay out more than it receives is a grevious burden.

The Baltimore Sun well says

"The Southern planter and the Western farmer are subjected to the drainage of federal taxation, and the enormous volume of this drain is not appreciated. It is sufficient to withdraw the entire circulating medium from a Southern State in an incredibly short time. Take the matter of pensions alone. Any one of the Southern States has to pay several million of dollars into the treasury for this purpose. This is withdrawn from these States absolutely and put into circulation in the Northern States. If we add to this the amount which the tariff withdraws from the South and West and hands over to the protected manufacturers of the East, it will be readily perceived why money can not remain in the States which are now clamoring for it unless the farming industry is so prosperous as to overcome all. The truth is that the remedy for the troubles of which the West and South complain lies more in an economical administration of government and an adjustment of taxation upon that basis than in any wild monetary schemes or tinkering with the currency. The scarcity of currency is the symptom. Let the people, like a wise physician, strike at the root of the disease and the symptom will disappear."

And that is what is the matter with Hannah.

WHEN Mr. Cleveland was President he suggested the appointment of a Federal Commission of Labor, to be made up of three members who should be officers of the government, specially charged among other duties with the consideration and settlement when possible of all controversies between labor and capital. He thought such an instrumentality would command the respect of disputants, and would often be able to bring about an understanding without resort to the dangerous and wasteful expedients of stoppages, lockouts and strikes. This recommendation was acted upon by Congress.—Philadelphia Record.

IN a word, the Senate, composed chiefly of millionaires, railroad attorneys, bosses and others who are in politics to protect a special interest, has long since forfeited the good opinion and respect of the masses of the people, who see in it an enemy to the general welfare.

Voting for Senators on a general ticket, the people, it is believed, would elect men not less capable and much more to their taste than those now made Senators by the average legislature.—Baltimore Sun.

MR. Cleveland's popularity is so great in New York that a tempest of cheers always follows any reference to him in the theatres and the display of his portrait at the concert gardens and other public resorts.

NORTH CAROLINA.

North Carolina can safely leave her past to the guardianship of impartial history, and confidently commit her future to the keeping of her brave sons and virtuous daughters.

The Old North State is always conservative. She is old enough to have the wisdom and experience of mature years, young enough to act her part with resolute and vigorous manhood on all public occasion when great interests are at stake and strong passions excited.

The bugle blasts of a great campaign are sounding throughout her borders, but no considerable portion of her people will forfeit their high renown by swaying to and fro like reeds shaken by the wind, but they will stand like mountain oaks unbroken by the storm and unscathed by its lightning.

He who expects to see North Carolinians seduced by artful address or stampeded by "fuss and fury," will find himself mistaken. Self-poised and self-reliant, they will remember the lessons of the past and pursue the path of duty tho' the lightnings scorch the ground on which they tread.

In a fair and open fight with the Democracy, Republicanism stands no chance in North Carolina.

Republican leaders understand this, and they are masking their batteries behind allied forces whose banners are inscribed with high sounding phrases that "keep the word of promise to our ear and break it to our hope."

Peoples' Party men and Prohibitionist do not like to be told that they are only decoy ducks for Republicans, but it is true nevertheless. Democrats are not to be deceived by any such strategy. They may be misled for a time, but the sober sense of North Carolinian always asserts itself when the decisive moment comes.

The Third party leaders tell us that it is not their intention to oppose the Democratic State ticket, but they will oppose Cleveland and Stevenson. This is Republican tactics complete. If the electoral vote of North Carolina can be given to Weaver and Field a shout will go up from every Republican camp in the Union.

But, it can't be done. North Carolina is sure to vote for Cleveland and Stevenson.

But to make assurance doubly sure, Democrats must be on the alert, and see to it that there is no wavering in the line. Every man who belongs to the Democratic brotherhood holds a commission in the great army of retrenchment and reform, and it is his duty to swell the ranks as it goes marching on to glorious victory.

Form Cleveland and Carr clubs and let every patriot's name be enrolled. Each individual signature will influence a friend and neighbor, until North Carolinians will stand shoulder to shoulder under the broad flag of the National Democracy.

IT is a fine condition this country is in. An army in the field in Pennsylvania, the President issuing a Proclamation against the insurrectionists in Idaho, and United States soldiers pursuing and arresting by the car loads men belonging to the Union in the State of Washington. And all this in the face of a tremendous high tariff tax levied you see just for the benefit of the ungrateful laborers. That, at least is the way Money Bags puts the case. Of all the dead failures for help and deadfalls for taxpayers ever builded by the cunning brain of oppressive man this McKinley thing "takes the cake." Fact. If the laboring men of all sections and conditions and colors do not learn a practical lesson from the recent demonstrations in the North of the inequality and insufferable burden of a high tariff then they will deserve to be more burdened still.—Wilmington Messenger.

EVERY workingman should do all he can for the election of Mr. Cleveland, because his election means popular government, the equality of men and an end to the false conditions which make Carnegies possible and Pinkertonism to run riot. It means equal laws for equal men and an end of favors to the few.—N. Y. World.

MR. Adlai E. Stevenson expresses the opinion that the Democratic Presidential ticket will carry both Illinois and Wisconsin in November. One thing is certain, Democrats never felt more hopeful of carrying those States than they do now, nor the Republicans less confident.

PRESIDENT Harrison ought to go to homestead and tell the mill workers that a cheap coat covers a cheap man. With an almost certainty that they will all have to wear cheap coats next winter they ought to be in pretty good humor to receive such a statement at the present time.—Indianapolis Sentinel, Dem.

CLEVELAND'S ACCEPTANCE ADDRESS.

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen: The message you delivered from the national democracy arouses within me emotions which would be well nigh overwhelming, if I did not recognize here assembled the representatives of a great party who must share with me the responsibility your mission invites. I find much relief in the reflection that I have been selected merely to stand for the principles and purposes to which my party is pledged, and for the enforcement and supremacy of which, all who have any right to claim democratic fellowship must constantly and persistently toil. Our party responsibility is indeed great. We assume a momentous obligation to our countrymen when, in return for their trust and confidence, we promise them a rectification of their wrongs and a better realization of the advantages which are due to them under our free and beneficent institutions. But if our responsibility is great our party is strong. It is strong in its sympathy with the needs of the people, in its insistance upon the exercise of governmental powers strictly within the constitutional permission the people have granted, and its willingness to risk its life and hope upon the peoples intelligence and patriotism. Never has a great party, intent upon the promotion of right and justice, had better incentive for effort than is now presented to us. Turning our eyes to the plain people of the land, we see them burdened as consumers with a tariff system that unjustly and relentlessly draws from them in their purchase of the necessaries of life an amount scarcely met by the wages of hard and steady toil, while the exactions thus wrung from them, build up and increase the fortunes of those for whose benefit this injustice is perpetrated. We see the farmer listen to a delusive story that fills his mind with visions of advantage, while his pocket is robbed by the stealthy hand of high protection. Our workingman are still told the tale, of the repealed, in spite of this demonstrated falsity, that the existing protective tariff is a boon to them, and that under its beneficent operations their wages must increase—while, as they listen, scenes are enacted in the very abiding place of high protection that mocks the hopes of toil and attest the tender mercy the working man receives from those made selfish and sordid by unjust governmental favoritism. We oppose earnestly and stubbornly the theory upon which our opponents seek to justify and uphold existing tariff laws. We need not base our attack upon questions of constitutional permission or legislative power. We denounce this theory upon the highest possible grounds when we contend that in present conditions its operation is unjust and that laws enacted in accordance with it are inequitable and unfair. Ours is not a destructive party. We are not at enmity with the rights of any of our citizens. All are our countrymen. We are not recklessly heedless of any American interests, nor will we abandon our regard for them; but invoking the love of fairness and justice which belongs to true Americanism, and upon which our constitution rests, we insist that no plan of tariff legislation shall be tolerated which has for its object and purpose a forced contribution from the earnings and income of the mass of our citizens, to swell directly the accumulations of a favored few: nor will we permit a pretended solicitude for American labor, or any other pretext of benevolent care for others, to blind the eyes of the people to the selfish laws, to gain unearned and unreasonable advantages at the expense of their fellows. We have also assumed in our covenant with those whose support we invite, the duty of opposing to the death another avowed scheme of our adversaries, which, under the guise of protecting the suffrage, covers but does not conceal a design thereby to perpetuate the power of a party afraid to trust its continuance to the untrammeled and intelligent votes of the American people. We are pledged to resist the legislation intended to complete this scheme, because we have not forgotten the saturnalia of theft and brutal control which followed another Federal regulation of State suffrage; because we know that the managers of a party which did not scruple to rob the people of a President, would not hesitate to use the machinery created by such legislation to revive corrupt instrumentalities for partisan purposes: because an attempt to force such legislation would rekindle animosities where peace and hopefulness now prevails, because such an attempt would replace prosperous activity with discouragement and dread throughout a large section of our country, and would menace, everywhere in the land the rights reserved to the States and to the people, which underlie the safe guards of American liberty. I shall not attempt to specify at this time other objects and aims of democratic endeavor which add inspiration to our mission. True to its history and its creed our party will respond to the wants of the people within safe lines and guided by enlightened statesmanship. To the troubled and impatient within our membership we commend continued, unswerving allegience to the party whose principles, in all times past, have been found sufficient for them, and whose aggregate wisdom and patriotism, their experience teaches, can always be trusted. In a tone of partisanship which befits the occasion, let me say to you as equal partners in the campaign upon which we today enter, that the personal fortunes of those to whom you have entrusted your banners are only important as they are related to the fate of the principles they represent and to the party which they lead. I cannot, therefore, forbear reminding you and all those attached to the democratic party or supporting the principles we profess that defeat in the pending campaign, followed by the consummation of the legislative schemes our opponents contemplate, and accompanied by such other incidents of their success as might occur, fully fix their power, would present a most discouraging outlook for future democratic supremacy and for the accomplishment of the objects we have at heart. Moreover, every sincere democrat must believe that the interest of his country are deeply involved in the victory of our party in the struggle that awaits us. This ultimate solicitude exalts the hopes of the partisanship and should quicken our determination to win success. The success can only be achieved by systematic and intelligent effort on the part of all enlisted in our cause. Let us tell the people plainly and honestly what we believe and how we propose to serve the interests of the entire country, and then let us, after the manner of true democracy rely upon the thoughtfulness and patriotism of our fellow countrymen. It only remains for me to say to you, in advance of a more formal response to your message, that I obey the command of my party and confidently anticipate that an intelligent and earnest presentation of our case will insure a popular endorsement of the action of the body you represent."

A Normal Institute for Elders and Deacons.

Fayetteville Presbytery ... held a Normal Institute for elders and deacons at Red Springs. This is a new departure and an evidence of the spirit ... [illegible]

[illegible]

Trinity College.

In a few short years Trinity College has ... [illegible]

[illegible] ... Trinity Park, Durham, N. C.

The Presbyterian Orphanage Building—The Work Going on Nicely.

Mr. C. C. Hook, architect for the Orphanage buildings at Barium Springs returned home ... last evening after a day's oversight of the work. He found the buildings progressing well. Fifty hands are employed on the two buildings, each of which is ready for the roof. It is thought the buildings will be ready for occupancy by September 1st. The first thing that strikes one as the construction of the houses are the large arches at the entrance. Each has a span of twenty-two feet. Mr. Elliott, the contractor, says the arches are, to his knowledge, the largest in any building in the State. The two "keystones" and "starters" weigh nearly three tons. The large arches seem to welcome and invite all to enter. All that have seen the buildings are greatly pleased with the plans.—Charlotte Observer.

A Durham Invention.

It has fallen to the lot of a Durham man to invent one of the simplest, yet at the same time one of the most convenient little contrivances for business men and all others having boxes to mark, or marking to do where the old way of a brush and pot is used. It is a Fountain Marking Brush. Our townsman, Mr. D. W. Whitaker, who possesses great inventive genius is the inventor, and he already had strong letters of endorsement from his Washington attorneys who have looked in the matter and say nothing like it before has been patented. Mr. Whitaker has applied for a patent.

When one sees it it is a wonder something of the kind had not been thought of before. It works like a charm on the principle of a fountain pen, and all who have seen it pronounce it a great thing. It is a splendid arrangement, can be carried in the pocket and is ready for use at all times. It is a Durham idea and is as sharp as any Yankee invention we ever saw.—Durham Sun.

THE ILLUSTRATED WORLD'S FAIR for July makes a leading feature of the sculpture on the Electric Fountain, which is to be the largest in the world. There are six great pictures of this work, the crowning triumph of Sculptor MacMonnies art.

Ex-President Hayes writes the leading article, and James H. McVicker, the celebrated theatrical manager, contributes an essay on the drama, with his photograph. Dr. W. T. Moore, a charming sketch-writer gives his masterpiece in "A Convert to Self-Denial." Charles Grant ... [illegible] ... Mrs. Louis A. McGaffy publishes a page poem ... [illegible] ... C. Frank Dewey furnishes an article on Bismarck, with a striking picture of the Iron Chancellor at home. Pictures of the buildings, poems, squibs, rhymes, the Durborow bill and Exposition news complete a beautiful and valuable number. Next month, Franklin H. Denton's great poem.—J. N. Harrison, McVicker's Building, Chicago. $2.50 a year, 25 cents a copy.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Look to the Smaller Industries.

[illegible]

There is but one road to success and that is the road of hard work. All sorts of short cuts have been devised and tried by people but they have all been short-cuts to failure. The long road of hard work is the only highway that leads to success: all by-paths end in the swamp. Activity is the necessity of every strong-natured boy ... sick boy or a sensitive boy. There is no fear about the success of the boy who works hard, loves labor of hard work, but the boy who is willing to work, who is honest and true is the boy who will stand the best chance of becoming prosperous and influential.

Citizens of New Berne we need these industries to employ all classes that are out of work.

The Fire at the Points.

Shortly before two o'clock Thursday morning the store on the corner of Queen street and Forbes alley, belonging to R. G. Moseley, Jr., and occupied by Richardson & Snelling, grocers, was discovered to be on fire. In about a quarter of an hour after the alarm was given, the street ... the engine of the Atlantic company was ... the horses of the New Berne company got ... until the engine got to work.

The Atlantic company's hose carriage ... at the scene of the conflagration first ... their hose all in readiness, ... quickly followed by the New Bernes, and in about two minutes from the time the engine was in position two streams of water were turned on the burning property and the flames checked in their progress almost where they were when the throwing of water commenced.

But in the meantime the store in which the fire originated was virtually destroyed, the flames had a good hold on the next one, R. H. Scott's grocery store, and the third building had caught. But so efficiently did the active firemen work that the flames were stopped in their progress at the point they had reached when the throwing of water commenced.

Richardson & Snelling's stock, valued at $900, together with their books, was totally destroyed. Their insurance was $650. The insurance on the building was $500.

It was a $700 one. The adjoining building, also belonging to R. G. Moseley, was damaged to the extent of $200. $200 was the amount of insurance carried on it.

Mr. Scott's stock was saved with the exception of the damage by hasty removal. He carried $500 insurance on stock and furniture.

The next building, belonging to Rev. E. M. Forbes, of Beaufort, was only slightly injured.

Mr. Richardson also lost a valuable gold watch in addition to what he suffered from his interest in the business. He hung it against the wall the previous afternoon for safety while taking a nap, and neglecting to take it down it went with the store.

The A. & N. C. R. R.

The News and Observer has the following remarks of our railroad:

A recent trip over the Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad showed a vast improvement in the condition of that line since the days when Joe Turner dubbed it "the mullet road." The quantity of garden vegetables it hauls is enormous. The passenger business is also good. The roadbed is in fine order and the steel rails are a great improvement.

The rolling stock is likewise in better condition than we have ever seen it. The passenger coaches are nice in themselves and are neatly kept, while a parlor car has been added to the enjoyment of those who indulge in such luxurious traveling. Of the officers, it is only necessary to say that they are kindly, courteous, North Carolina gentlemen.

The Rainy Spell.

The excessive rainfall in the United States during June and July recalls the following concerning what kind of weather they have in Japan.

[illegible]

Dirty days hath September,
April, June and November.
From February until May
The rain it raineth every day.
All the rest have thirty-one
Without one blessed gleam of sun.
And if any of 'em had two and thirty
They'd be just as wet and twice as dirty.

Columbian Exposition and our Fairs.

Mr. P. R. Cotton, who is ... of the N. N. & W. ... Line, Tuesday, expects to ... to Roanoke Island ... telegram to Roanoke ... there today ... North Carolina's interest in the ... Exposition ... to attend it.

Mrs. Cotton informs us that ... the memorial desk of Virginia Dare, the first white child born in America, ... [illegible]

... [illegible]

... people ... of the Exposition ... mind and see that New Berne and East Carolina is properly represented, so as to hold her own by comparison with the other portions of the State, and let all parts of the State take such an interest as will lead to a fair presentation of the many industries and manifold undeveloped resources which the good old North State possesses throughout its length and breadth. In the meantime do not let the magnitude of this great event cause any one to lose sight even partially of the exhibitions that require attention and work at home. The State Fair, for which unusual exertions are being made, will be held from October 18th to 21st, and the noted New Berne Fair will hold its sixth annual exhibition next spring. Bear them in mind, plan for them in advance, and help all forward as opportunity permits.

Shocked by Electric Light Wires.

Mr. R. P. Williams received a severe shock from the electric light wire at the fire Wednesday night. He started to cut loose a portion of the wire that had fallen with plyers having handles encased with rubbers for the purpose, but as soon as the blades touched the copper he experienced the shock from the electricity, which held him fast. So severe was it that though he tried to cry out he was speechless, and he was not released until those at the works, noticing the disturbance, concluded something was going wrong and turned off the current. When it stopped Mr. Williams was thrown several feet. But for the timely stoppage at the works he would probably have been killed.

Mr. Williams supposes that in working, a small unprotected portion of the plyers at the end must have touched his hand, as the deep burn left corresponds in shape to that part of his instrument. Several other parties were knocked over by shocks received from stepping on the wires while the fire was in progress, but no one was seriously hurt. Look out for this source of danger another time.

Grapes.

It is stated that fully a thousand acres of land have been set out in grapes near Southern Pines. One vineyard between Southern Pines and Aberdeen is about a quarter of a mile wide and nearly two miles long.

The shipping season is at hand and Mr. Geo. B. Gardner writes word to his father in this city that there is a very abundant yield and highly satisfactory prices. So fine is the prospect that Northern men are buying up the crop at from $250 to $350 per acre as it stands in the fields.

This is another indication of the possibilities of North Carolina soil. No better country exists in the world for grapes than ours, and many other fruits could be cultivated with equal advantage.

A Delightful Time.

Rev John F. Butt and wife were invited to Smith's Creek to visit the families of Aldriches and Midyettes, and were several days there this week in recreation. They spent the time with those social, kind-hearted people very pleasantly and agreeably. They returned well delighted with their trip.

On Thursday morning starting out at six and returning at nine from a fishing excursion, Mr. Jno. Timberlake, who accompanied Mr. Butt and Mr. Aldrich caught 133 fine croakers and trouts, many of them very large. Some of the trout measured 22 inches in length. They report it a very enjoyable trip, and were strongly pressed to repeat it.

A Start in Housekeeping.

The Greenville Reflector announces September 1st as the date for the grand opening of the new mammoth warehouse belonging to Joyner & Heilbroner—the Eastern. They declare their intention of showing to the world that this section raises the finest tobacco on the continent, and they want the 1st to be a gala day and want every farmer to bring a load of his best tobacco to the opening break. They assure the highest prices.

One attraction that it is desired to secure to help draw the crowd is to have a marriage take place in the warehouse on that day, and as an inducement they have secured $100 worth of presents to be given to the bride and groom of the occasion. The first couple who informs them that they will accept the proposition will be chosen, and upon the fulfillment of the agreement they will take the presents home with them.

Minutes of State S. S. Convention.

We have received the minutes of the eleventh annual convention of the N. C. State Sunday School Association, which was held in Centenary M. E. Church, this city, on March 27th, 30th and 31st. It makes a valuable reference book for workers in the Association, as it gives all officers of both the State and county organizations, plans and purposes of the Association, constitution, form of constitution recommended for county and township associations, reports of committees, statistics of work, financial statement, records of meeting of last session, including a synopsis of the addresses made by Evangelist Fife, Prof. H. M. Hamill, Prof. Blair and others.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Milwaukee
BEER.
[illegible] this Celebrated [illegible]

ON DRAUGHT.
Schooner for 5 Cents.

[illegible]
WINES, LIQUORS,
Cigars and Tobacco.
T. G. HOWARD,
RED LIGHT, Middle Street,
Near Market Dock.

HORSES AND MULES.
I have just received a FINE LOT of
Western North Carolina
HORSES AND MULES.
ALSO A FINE LOT OF
BUGGIES, ROAD CARTS
AND
HARNESS.
All of which I will sell VERY CHEAP for cash or approved paper.
Give me a trial.
E. S. Street

GEM
Freezers,
Mason's Fruit Jars,
Porcelain Lined Kettles
Glacier,
Refrigerators,
Water Coolers and
Fly Traps,
FOR SALE BY
Smallwood & Slover,
MIDDLE STREET.

A SURVIVOR OF THE WAR.
DR. WORTHINGTON'S SOUTHERN REMEDY
For DISEASES OF THE BOWELS,
—AND—
Instant Pain Cure.

1855 1892.

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The world greatest preacher is dead, and hundreds of thousands of christian families as well as Clergymen, Bible readers, students, waiting for an opportunity to purchase this book. We want agents to sell this book right now, while the interest is greatest; don't wait today, send AT ONCE 18 cents in stamps, for agents complete canvassing outfit and be the first to canvass your neighborhood.
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May 1, 1892. 14 dwtf

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