New Berne Weekly Journal.

$1.00 Per Year. INDEPENDENT IN ALL THINGS. Single Copies, 5 Cents.

VOL. XV. NEW BERNE, CRAVEN COUNTY, N. C., NOVEMBER 24, 1892. NO. 34.

DR. G. K. BAGBY,
SURGEON DENTIST.
Office, Middle street, opposite Baptist church.
deod6wf NEWBERN N. C.

DR. J. D. CLARK,
DENTIST.
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EDITORIAL NOTES.

THE American [illegible] to stay.

[illegible] is found a Republican paper.

IT is said [illegible] Witness [illegible] amusement.

AFTER [illegible] after the [illegible] mean "repudiation."

"THE Alliance [illegible] hope not. It would be [illegible] make object the Alliance [illegible] a blessing to the country.

THE 8th of November was a "Democratic cyclone" and [illegible] "freeze out" and [illegible] sunshine. We [illegible] shine while people [illegible].

IT is said that Senator Hill, of New York, [illegible] handsome, [illegible] Mrs. Paul Dana [illegible].

WANAMAKER [illegible] foreign [illegible] lot that [illegible] man [illegible] the people.

GIDEONITES [illegible] direct political [illegible] lation of [illegible] genius of [illegible] doubt them [illegible] self-praise.

WE can't say what Blaine thinks. He may think his party made a great mistake at Minneapolis, or he may think he made an escape for which he should be thankful.

FROM this time forward advice as to the formation of a Cabinet and the filling of all the important offices will be the one commodity most freely and abundantly offered to Mr. Cleveland.

THE electoral vote of a few states is still doubtful, and it cannot be yet determined what Mr. Cleveland's majority is. It is enough for the present that Harrison's defeat was overwhelming.

IT is said that Elias Carr evinces no inordinate elation over his election. Mr. Carr is a patriot and a gentleman, and he feels the responsibility of his position much more than the triumph he has won.

THE Progressive Farmer publishes an article under the caption, "The people cannot be kept in the dark forever." Exactly so. The people have seen a great light, and there is joy and gladness throughout the land.

TOM WATSON, of Georgia, will contest the election of Mr. Black, his successful opponent in the late Congressional election. Thomas does not seem to have found out where he is at, but the House will enlighten him.

NORTH CAROLINA doesn't make much fuss, but when she gets there she generally gets there on the feet, and comes down the home stretch, so to speak. Butler, Eaton, Avery and Jim Eaves have some idea of the heft of her light and the size of the shoe she wears.—Wil. Star.

IN the midst of universal rejoicing over the elections, North Carolina turns aside to weep over the new made graves of her illustrious sons. Seldom has a people been called to mourn at the same time over the deaths of two such men as Chief Justice Merrimon and Treasurer Bain.

JUST before the election Col. Elliot Shepard's paper remarked: "The Mail and Express sets the pace. The end of this magnificent campaign is near and the Mail and Express takes pride in the record it has made for its party. It has led in the grand fight for Harrison and protection." That announces for everything.

IT goes without saying that the JOURNAL will cordially second any movement having for its object the advancement of Mr. Simmons. The Goldsboro Argus, in its issue of the 15th inst., nominates Mr. Simmons for a place in the Cleveland Cabinet. The compliment is conferred upon a distinguished citizen who is richly deserving.

THE South feels, and [illegible] country feels, that [illegible] President of the whole country, and not of a section. A President elected by a party which is National, which knows no section, no North, no South, no East, no West, but the whole people and all the people; no class, but [illegible] classes; which labors for the greatest good, for the greatest number, for justice to all and favoritism to none.—Wil. Star.

WE believe that this country will do more toward eradicating sectionalism than all that has been done since the war. There is [illegible] a complete vindication of the fact that the plain people of the North have turned a deaf ear to the politicians who have so often sought to warp the popular judgment by stirring up the old memories. Elections can no longer be carried in this way, we are only too glad it is a source of infinite satisfaction to know it. There is a pretty clear and full understanding now, and a friendly one, between the North and South. Let the hand play and business proceed.—Norfolk Virginian.

CLEVELAND'S SESSION.

It is the opinion [illegible] of the New York [illegible] Mr. Cleveland will not [illegible] extraordinary session of congress after he inaugurates [illegible] March 4th next. In the meantime, at present, of Mr. Cleveland and his [illegible] friends, an extraordinary session would turn [illegible] proceeding.

We concur in this opinion. Nothing is more important, in State affairs, than deliberation. The Democratic party has achieved a great triumph, and it is evident that the demand for a tariff for revenue only was an important factor in producing the result, but [illegible] session of congress [illegible] and [illegible].

There is much work for committees to perform during the recess, and the work is well done the [illegible] session, in regular [illegible] and the public service [illegible] advanced.

[illegible] Wave and [illegible] with important [illegible] will have [illegible] the adjustment [illegible] would involve [illegible] the press [illegible] corresponding good.

SENATOR VANCE.

The campaign was an eventful and memorable one. Too great praise cannot be awarded the active participants in the canvass, but in the excitement and joy of present victory we must not forget the grand old hero of a hundred battles.

Zebulon B. Vance, prostrated by the ills and wounds of former contests, was unable to appear upon the hustings and sway thousands by the magic power of his presence and the resistless current of his eloquence, but his soul was with the battalions of the invincible Democracy, and the wisper that went out, from his sick couch, like the blast of Douglas' horn, was worth a thousand men.

Zebulon B. Vance has a part in the glorious achievement.

When the chapter of North Carolina's glory is complete there will be no brighter page than that emblazoned with the peerless name of Zebulon B. Vance.

THE INEXORABLE LAW.

When Adam transgressed and fell, the Lord God said unto him, Because thou hast hearkened unto the voice of thy wife, and hast eaten of the tree, of which I command thee, saying, Thou shalt not eat of it: cursed is the ground for thy sake; in sorrow shalt thou eat of it all the days of thy life; Thorns also and thistles shall it bring forth to thee; and thou shalt eat the herb of the field; In the sweat of thy face shalt thou eat bread, till thou return unto the ground."

Labor is the inexorable law. It lays its exactions upon all men. It holds dominion over the palace as well as the cottage, and lays tribute on barbarous isles as well as upon civilized empires.

Human ingenuity is always trying to evade this law but it is as inexorable as fate. The millionaire works to keep his gold. At midnight he toils over financial problems, and in the sweat of his face he eats bread. The poor man works from silvery morn to golden sunset for the bread he must eat in sweat of his face.

Invention may change the modes of labor, or the decree will remain unchanged, returns from the dust from which he came.

If the practice of demagogues could mislead a sensible people, we would see farmers abandoning their farms, merchants leaving their counting-rooms, mechanics throwing down their hammers, lawyers and doctors quitting their offices, and all holding their hats for alms at the hands of the Generous Government. But, the people have not been deluded. The phantom specter of Democracy has terrified not farmers and merchants, mechanics and professional men from working out their destiny on river and open field, content to earn bread in the sweat of their faces.

Labor pays its toll under improved conditions; the burdens of unjust taxation will be lifted from the shoulders, but, in the future, as in the past, intellect, industry, perseverance and integrity will be essential factors in the solution of life's problems.

No man can afford to despise labor, for every one must bend to its exactions.

Those who yield gracefully to it will find it a beneficent benefactor and hospitable friend, while those who resist its power will be crushed by the inexorable or an absolute despot and merciless tyrant.

WILL PRESIDENT-ELECT STEVENSON agree with President Cleveland that republican office holders [illegible] but emphatic in [illegible] opinion that Democrats make the best trustees, a proposition in which the majority of the people of this country seem to concur.—Wil. Star.

TAKE TIME BY THE FORELOCK.

Never do [illegible] Seize the propitious moment. Take Time by the Forelock.

Applicable at all times and on all occasions, the precept is most favorable for the practical illustration of this sentiment.

The two houses of Congress are now heterogeneous, but the time is not distant when they will be in perfect accord. Soon the period will have passed when reform measures approved by the House can be delayed and defeated in the Senate.

"The prudent man foresees the evil and hideth himself, but the simple pass on and are punished."

The American Senate has been regarded as the highest deliberative body on earth. In its collective capacity it commands universal respect, yet, in all the world there is not a legislative assembly that more needs to "take time by the forelock."

It is never the part of wisdom to stand in the way of the inevitable, while it is always wise to skillfully avoid or break the force of an impending blow.

It is more than evident that the protective tariff is doomed, and the instincts of self-preservation, to say nothing of the suggestions of enlightened statesmanship, should prompt Senators to take time by the forelock and pass the tariff amendments that were carried through the House during the last session of Congress.

It is a fact, within the knowledge of astute observers, that the McKinley bill passed the Senate solely as a party measure. Mr. Blaine clearly saw its folly and destructiveness. He pointed out the fact that "it did not open a market for a single additional bushel of wheat or barrel of flour," and he used his influence with Senators to inject reciprocity into it as a possible saving clause.

What is reciprocity but free trade handicapped by cumbrous legislation? Republicans stab protection by the advocacy of reciprocity.

It is evident that McKinleyism has been relegated to the limbo of discarded shams and exploded humbugs. There is ample warrant, therefore, for every Republican Senator, who supported the McKinley bill reluctantly as a party measure, to aid in passing the remedial measures without waiting for the time when the control of the Senate shall pass into Democratic hands.

Senator Allison has said in an interview, that, "if the Democratic majority in the House of Representatives would content itself with proposing certain amendatory measures to the present law, such as the reduction of duties on woollen manufactures, and placing other articles, wool for instance, on the free list, it might be that no obstruction would be placed in the way of their passage by the Republicans of the Senate."

This is just what the Democratic House did. Has the distinguished Senator been asleep? Or is it incompatible with Senatorial dignity to observe the action of the House?

In a little while the Democrats will control both houses of Congress, and then measures of relief can be passed without let or hinderance; but if Republican Senators will take time by the forelock, they can hasten the result and have part in the glory of the achievement.

BIG DEFICIENCIES.

The Bad Fix in Which Republicans Left the Country.

The Difficulties Democrats Will Have to Meet.

The Republicans have left the country in a bad fix, and the Democrats have to bear the burden. A condition, not a theory, confronts them. The Washington Star explains that there is an immediate prospect that the revenues of the government will not be enough to meet the expenditures. They have got to set to work at once to increase the revenues or else make a heavy reduction in the expenditures. The river and harbor contracts and the pension appropriations are two big items in the count, and they can not get rid of either. The pension expenditures have increased about sixteen millions for the quarter of this year over the first quarter of last year, and there is liable to be a deficiency of thirty-six millions to be provided for at the coming session. The pension expenditure for the next year, which must be appropriated for at this session will probably amount to nearly two hundred million dollars. If it is not appropriated for there will be another deficiency at the beginning of the new Congress.

It is acknowledged at the Treasury Department now that the weight of heavy appropriations is being felt, and that if there is nonincrease of the revenues the accumulation of deficiencies and the scattering of surpluses will make it a serious year.

DEATH OF HON. D. W. BAIN.

The State Treasurer Passed Away Thursday Evening.

The mournful tolling of the city bell announced to a few minutes before six o'clock Wednesday evening as thousands were leaving away, announced the sad news that Hon. Donald W. Bain, State Treasurer, after a long illness had at last passed over the river. He breathed his last at 5:30 o'clock.

The sad announcement, though not unexpected, will nevertheless bring deep sorrow to the hearts of thousands of North Carolinians who have learned to love and honor him.—News & Observer.

Substantial Recognition of Chairman Simmons.

There appears to be a strong determination on the part of Democrats in various parts of the State to get up a handsome testimonial for Hon. F. M. Simmons in recognition of his services as chairman of the Democratic State Committee.

Those in New Berne and vicinity who wish to participate in the movement can send to the JOURNAL the amounts they wish to contribute and we will take pleasure in forwarding them to the Wilmington Star which seems to have taken the lead in the matter.

Mr. Simmons' efforts during the campaign and the results achieved are beyond the ordinary. Taking hold at a time when false theories and perverted statements had been insidiously and industriously disseminated until the minds of many good men had been filled with doubts and distrust of the ablest and truest friend is of the whole country and its toiling millions, he gave his whole time to the campaign, applied himself vigorously, worked as he had never worked before, placed North Carolina higher in the Democratic column than had been her wont. He did this at a sacrifice to himself, entirely neglecting his practice which had formerly been among the largest. In view of these facts it is but just that good recognition be made of his unselfish devotion to the welfare of his State and country. A further advance urged is his political promotion. We give in another column this morning the long article from the Goldsboro Argus advocating his claims for a position in President Cleveland's cabinet. Mr. Simmons has unquestioned ability and though modest and quiet, he has, in the years that we have known him, proved himself one of the best workers we have ever seen. We would honor whatever position he might be called upon to fill.

Now for the Fair.

The election is over and also the most of the excitement attending it. This gives all the better opportunity to put forth needful attention to the New Berne Fair which is now but three months off.

The officers of the Fair are watching vigilantly for the finest special attractions and negotiations are now on foot for some that will add much to the entertainment of all visitors.

The special premium list is being made up and merchants are contributing to it liberally.

Now let our farmers pay good attention to exhibits they have selected and put aside for the Fair and notice also from time to time what they can add to the number that will make their exhibit more interesting.

It is time also for mechanics and housekeepers to be deciding more fully on what they will place on exhibit and getting the articles in readiness. Every citizen of this city, county and adjoining counties should feel a personal pride in making the Fair attain the highest possible position of merit and success. By bringing a small quantity of the best you have in various lines to the Fair and interesting your neighbors to a point that they will do likewise, this result can be accomplished.

The Meanest Man Yet.

Bill Nye put it exactly right when he said:

A man may use a wart on the back of his neck for a collar button, ride in the back coach to save the interest on his money until the conductor gets around, stops his watch at night to save wear and tear, have his i's and t's without a dot or cross to save ink, pasture his mother's grave to save corn—but a man of this sort is a gentleman and a scholar compared with the fellow that takes a newspaper two or three years and when he is asked to pay for it, puts it back in the office and has it marked "refused."

When a man wants his paper stopped he ought to pay up and inform the editor that his paper is no longer wanted.

Lynching at Oxford.

One night a month ago, near Providence, about five miles from Oxford, on the Oxford & Keysville road, the young daughter of Reuben Overton, about 16 years of age, woke up and found a negro man named William Burnett, getting into her bed, and she jumped up and ran into her father's room, raising an outcry. The man at once ran also. The next morning they looked for the negro whom the girl said it was, and found that he was hiding in the woods. During the day they caught him, and he confessed that he was the man, but disclaimed having the purpose to commit an assault. He was about 19 or 20 years of age. He was committed to jail, and the excitement of the matter seemed to have died out entirely. But on Tuesday morning it was found that the jail had been broken open, this negro taken out and hanged. His body was found hanging to a tree about four hundred yards from the jail, on the outskirts of the town.

Some three or four months ago a similar attempt was made in the same vicinity, and the negro was arrested and tried three days and within three days after the offence was committed was in the penitentiary. The people on that occasion were law abiding. The recurrence of a similar outrage so soon thereafter doubtless led the people near Providence to take the law this time in their own hands.—News & Observer.

Wants a Free Railroad Ride.

A young man in this section, who did not quite understand railroad matters, recently heard that if one had stock he could ride free on the railroad once a year. Hence he was seen trying to buy an old horse and a cow the other day in order to have the stock ready.—Goldsboro Correspondent Wilmington Messenger.

The New Chief Justice and Associate Justice.

At 1:30 o'clock yesterday morning commissions were issued by Gov. Holt to James E. Shepherd as chief justice and Armistead Burwell as associate justice. The latter gentleman arrived here on the morning train a few minutes after 10:30 o'clock. He administered the oath of office to both the new appointees.—State Chronicle.

Some Foolish People

Allow a cough to run until it gets beyond the reach of medicine. They often say, "oh, it will wear away," but in most cases it wears them away. Could they be induced to try the successful medicine called Kemp's Balsam, which is sold on a positive guarantee to cure, they would immediately see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Price 50c. and $1. Trial size free. At all druggists.
mar22 deod weow

Winston's Fire.

The footing up of the losses by Winston's great fire of Sunday night makes a total of $350,000 or more. There was $250,000 insurance. Two blocks, one of them the finest in the city were destroyed. Eleven horses were burned up in the [illegible].

The burned out business men have secured new quarters and located for the winter intending to rebuild in the spring. livery stable.

There is one circumstance connected with this fire that New Berne would do well to notice and profit by, and that is the urgent need that rose for a good and well-equipped hook and ladder company. Winston has two fire engines as good as those owned by this city, and further she was helped out in the fire by the Greensboro engine and company which had been telegraphed for, but like New Berne while providing for the greater need (the steam fire engines) she totally neglected the smaller, (the hook and ladder company) and did it in this instance to her great cost.

We commend the following extract from the Winston Sentinel to our citizens, our fireman and especially to our Board of City Council. We let it stand for itself. Every man can do his own thinking and make his own application:

"Everybody worked for the salvation of the National Bank building, the pride of Winston, the handsomest structure in the city.

It is a very evident fact that the Bank building could have been and ought to have been saved. If Winston had a couple of ladders it could have been saved, it is said. But inexplicable as it may seem, there is no hook and ladder company in the city."

Raising Wages.

This is the startling head to a telegram in the latest papers. The cotton mills of Lowell, Mass., are going to raise the wages of their operatives seven per-cent and those at Providence are also going to make a raise and other points in the New England States are considering the movement.

We do not claim that this is the direct result of the election of Cleveland, but to say the least, it does look significant. For a long period there has been a prevailing succession of strikes and labor troubles, some of which have been the most serious this country has ever known, and the business and financial depression has been deplorable.

Now, what is the cause? Various theories might be advanced, but there is no disputing the question of these depressed times and the overwhelming flop in the future policy of our government. It is to be conducted on plans more in accord with the will of the people, and to a great extent this adds confidence to the peace and stability of business enterprises.

Again, the price of cotton has been steadily advancing ever since it became evident that the wave of Democracy was to sweep the land.

We would have no one to believe that it was going to be an immediate era of great prosperity and the people were to roll in wealth, but relief is assured and it is coming before another four years have passed.

The Oyster Canneries.

Messrs. Jos. H. Smith, Secretary and Treasurer of the North Carolina Packing Company, and Mr. T. H. Coakley, who has for several years been General Manager of the New Berne Packing House, have been spending a few days in the vicinity investigating the desirability of operating the canning houses this season. We are sorry to learn that they consider the outlook unfavorable, as the oyster beds of Chesapeake bay, owing to the culling law which has been in operation there for a couple of years have recovered from the drain that the unrestricted taking of oysters had made upon them and consequently the product from them gives a plentiful supply to the canneries in Baltimore at a low price. This makes it so that if the North Carolina packing houses are run, it will have to be also with stock procured at low figures, and as dredging, the cheapest way of taking oysters is prohibited in this State, it is considered that there would be extreme difficulty in getting at the present ruling prices, the amount of oysters that would be needed to enable the canneries to run successfully.

A Sad and Fatal Accident.

A terrible and fatal accident happened to a little boy on North Blount street about 7 o'clock Tuesday morning.

John W. Haynes, son of Z. W. Haynes, aged 9 years, noticed a wire lying on the sidewalk. He stooped down and took hold of the wire, probably for the purpose of endeavoring to remove the obstruction, when he received a terrible shock from which he fell back and almost immediately expired. The elder brother, in attempting to release him, also received a slight shock. The unfortunate little boy was taken to the residence of his parents and every effort made to resuscitate him with no effect.

He had died from the first shock. He was a bright little fellow, and the accident was indeed a sad and deplorable one. It seems that what he picked up was a guy wire of the Electric Light and Gas Company, which was broken down by the storm the night before. This guy wire was connected at the pole with another guy wire of the same company, which during the storm had come in contact with a feed wire of the Street Railway Company, and the little boy standing on the ground received a shock which proved fatal.

When his hand was with difficulty loosened from its death grip upon the wire, it was found to be badly burned inside.—News and Observer.

A Cure for Hog Cholera.

If your subscriber of Sonoke, Ark., will give his hogs turpentine on corn or in the slop once a day for ten days, he will hardly lose any more hogs.

My hogs have been dying this spring in exactly the same manner as his, and I find this to be a certain cure. All of mine got well that I could get to eat enough of the turpentine. Give plenty of turpentine all the year round, and you will find that they will thrive and do much better.—J. E. Rice in Home & Farm.

Answer This Question.

Why do so many people we see around us seem to prefer to suffer and be made miserable by indigestion, Constipation, Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Coming up of the Food, Yellow Skin, when for 75c. we will sell them Shion's Vitalizer, guaranteed to cure them. Sold by New Berne Drug Co.

Shepards Barber Shop.

Low tariff tickets, 10 shaves and one hair cut for one $1.00 at
PROF. W. H. SHEPPARD'S,
Hotel Albert Barber Shop.
tf.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

THE TEETH.

Their Effect on the Health and Some of the Ways in Which They are Ruined.

The amount of sickness and ill health caused by decay and loss of the teeth can not easily be estimated. People frequently suffer from dy-pepsia, neuralgia and other nervous affections, diseases of eyes, ears and throat, caused directly or indirectly by the diseased condition of the teeth and mouth, and spend large sums of money to cure a trouble that a little personal care and small expense would have prevented, and the skillful dentist could cure.

The accumulation of tartar on the teeth does great injury, especially where it gathers in any quantity, by its constant irritation of the gums, causing them to become soft and spongy, and to recede from the necks of the teeth, until it frequently happens that the teeth get loose from no other cause, and finally come out entirely. The teeth should be kept free from tartar. Usually it can only be removed with an instrument, as it adheres very firmly.

Calomel and tincture of iron in careless hands have done incalculable harm to human teeth and mouths. They should be used with the greatest caution, only in extreme cases, if at all, and full instructions be given the patient how to take them, so as to avoid the too frequently injurious results that follow their use. The latter should never come in contact with the teeth in taking, and the former should not be given in doses to produce salivation. Thousands are toothless today through the careless or ignorant use of these powerful drugs.

Usually, if the nerve or pulp is alive, the vitality of the tooth can be preserved, the aching cured and the tooth saved. Where this is impossible, as a last resort, the nerve may be destroyed and removed, and the nerve canal and cavity filled and the tooth made to do good service many years. If not properly treated, it will never cease to give trouble, occasionally or continually by forming what is known as "gum boils," at the end of the root, causing great annoyance at times. It is the "dead nerve," or some other "dead" thing, that is causing the trouble.—New Berne Dental Journal.

[For JOURNAL.]

"Poets and Poetry of North Carolina."

In these times of political agitation it may not be amiss to call the public mind to the poetic literature of our State.

We should naturally expect North Carolina to be rich in literary resources. The climate is similar to that which nourished Homer, and Hesiod, Horace and Virgil. The scenery from mountain crest to the surging sea is a source of ceaseless inspiration. Our history is grand enough to call forth the sweetest strains of the poetic lyre. Our heroes, celebrated in times of peace and war, deserve better abode than the tomb of oblivion. Traditions, hair-lifting and pathetic, cluster along the coast and wild western frontier of years ago. Surely there are few more inviting fields for an author than the land of tar.

The field has been entered by writers of both prose and verse. North Carolinians have written meritorious school and college text-books, and works of history, biography, law, essays, sermons, science, fiction, poetry. The last claims our special attention.

Few of our people, including the best informed, have any idea of the extent and merit of Carolina poesy. The following volumes have been published by our bards: "Angel in the Cloud," by Edwin Fuller; "Whispering Pines" by John Henry Boner; "Hesper and other Poems" by Theophilus H. Hill; "Elsimore and other Poems" by Joseph H. Gillespie; "Scattered Leaves" by Lucie Meynard Leach; "Wood-Notes" by Mary Bayard Clarke; "Glenalban" by Annie V. Duffy; "Poetical Geography of N. C. and other Poems" by Needham Bryan Cobb; "Heart-throbs from the Mountains" by Robert B. Vance; "Francis Herbert and other Poems" by George V. Strong; "Gilbert Stone" by Charles E. Taylor; "Sinless Child and other Poems" by Elizabeth Oakes Smith, a native of New England but for several years and now a resident of this State; "Palmetto Leaves" by H. D. Lequenx; and perhaps others of which I am not aware.

Besides these authors, there are many others whose fugitive pieces possess undoubted merit. Not in book form—their writings are to be found only in scattered magazines, local newspapers, and private manuscripts. In this list may be mentioned Philo Henderson, Robert Strange, Abraham F. Morehead, S. W. Whiting, Edward Warren, J. F. Simmons, Claudia M. Tolson, Henry J. Stockard, William Gaston, Fannie M. Downing, W. S. Lacy, Narcissa E. Davis, Ida H. Harne, F. L. Hawks, Appleton Oaksmith, W. W. Holden, Jeff C. Davis, T. G. Lowe, M. V. Moore, G. H. Garman, W. B. Harrell, and a great many others.

Thus it will be seen that our State possesses a poetic literature and a literature too, of which she may justly be proud. Our bard has written several poems comparable to the writings of Longfellow, Byron, or Milton. The choice verse of North Carolina citizens, native and naturalized, should by all means be preserved in permanent form.

Believing this, the writer of these lines has for four years been investigating this subject with a view to the publication of a volume that shall contain the cream of Carolina poesy with perhaps brief biographical sketches of the authors. He now wishes to push the work and calls for assistance. A complete and choice collection is desired. Any help will be gratefully received and highly appreciated. Very truly,
HIGHT C. MOORE.
Morehead City, N. C.

State Treasurer Bain.

Donald W. Bain was born in Raleigh in April 1848 and had been in continous public service longer than any other man in the State.

In 1857 he entered the office of the State Comptroller and remained until 1865, when he became chief clerk of the State Treasurer, serving continously until 1884, when he was elected State Treasurer.

He succeeded his father in 1867 as Grand Secretary of the Grand Lodge of Masons and held that position until his death.

For years he had been secretary of the Methodist State Conference and was one of the leading Southern Methodist.

He was for several terms Grand Commander of the Knigths Templar of the State. He was also an Odd Fellow.

Never was there a more faithful public servant or one who more thoroughly commanded the regard of the public.

He had been, only seven days before his death, re-elected for a third term as State Treasurer.

The bell of the city hall, which, before dawn last Monday, tolled at the death of Chief Justice Merrimon, at sunset today rang out the signal of Treasurer Bain's death. It was the sixth time during the present administration. In November, 1889, Chief Justice Smith died; in April 1891, Secretary of State Saunders and Governor Fowle; in August of this year, Associate Justice Davis, and now this week Chief Justice Merrimon and Treasurer Bain. Never was such mortality known during one administration.

The remains will lie in state and the funeral will be held from the same church from which that of the late Chief Justice was held yesterday.

The funeral of Treasurer Bain was held at 3 o'clock Friday afternoon.

THE KINSTON RATIFICATION.

One of the Grandest Jubilees That Has Been Held.

Lenoir county Democracy demonstrated in a lively manner its joy at the recent deliverance from bondage, on Thursday night last. There were as many people participating as there are inhabitants in Kinston. Citizens from the country districts and from the neighboring counties came in early in the afternoon, to be ready.

Under the efficient leadership of Mr. J. C. Wooten, jr., chief marshal, the people were gathered at 7.30 around the Caswell monument. A circle of torch bearers encosed the enthusiastic assembly. The steam whistles from the mills on the river, the booming of cannon, the cheers of the crowd were enlivening in the extreme. To these was added inspiring music from the Level City Brass Band, which occupied a handsome carriage, decorated with large transparencies having appropriate mottoes.

On a stand, erected against the north side of the monument, were seated the orator of the occasion, Hon. F. A. Woodard, Congressman elect, Mr. Ed. Brooks, recently elected to the Legislature, and other citizens. Mr. J. W. Grainger, in a short, ringing speech, introduced the speaker. Mr. Woodard entertained the great throng for about twenty-five minutes in his best style. At the conclusion of this part of the programme, rockets rushed into the sky, the band played a stirring tune, and the procession passed on to the court house, preceded by the torch-bearers.

From the steps of the court house, Mr. N. J. Rouse, our Cleveland elector, addressed the audience. He always speaks in that pure English style that falls so pleasantly upon the ear. Mr. H. E. Shaw followed with brief remarks. The line of march was then up King street to the College. This street was brilliantly illuminated—nearly every house having its windows ablaze and Chinese lanterns swinging from the porches. One house had a portrait of President Cleveland suspended in the entrance, illuminated by lanterns.

From the portico of the College, Mr. O. H. Allen and Mr. Jno. F. Wooten made lively speeches. And, again, the rockets went hissing skyward. The multitude then marched down Caswell street to McIlvane, then to the residence of Mr. A. J. Loftin, where he gave a short address. Music again—torches ahead in a long, glittering line, marching now to Mr. J. W. Grainger's residence on Peyton street. There that old favorite, Mr. Swift Galloway, made a rousing speech. Mr. J. Q. Jackson followed with solid words of wisdom and comfort. At times he reached heights of true eloquence and enthused the crowd.

Again on the march—up Queen street to court house: and here they disband.

At every crossing of streets were blazing barrels of turpentine, throwing a soft glow of bright light on all surrounding objects.

The affair was a complete success. We have heard of nothing that happened to mar the enjoyment of the occasion. Let us be happy now, for four years at least.
ARACHEL.

Official Senatorial Vote.

In accordance with law, the sheriffs of the six counties composing this senatorial district one of the New Berne magistrates and five electors, met yesterday and canvassed the vote of the district. The official vote they announced, showes a Democratic majority of about 900. The candidates were L. A. Potter, of Carteret and Geo. F. Parrott, of Lenoir, Democrats, opposed by W. H. Smith, of Craven and Cyrus Thompson, of Onslow, Third party nominees endorsed by the Republicans. The vote stood as follows:

CARTERET.

Potter, 1251; Parrott, 1240; Smith, 659; Thomson, 651.

CRAVEN.

Potter 1474, Parrott 1474; Smith 1967, Thompson 1975.

GREENE.

Potter 1014, Parrott 1015; Smith 811, Thompson 813.

JONES.

Potter 650, Parrott 645; Smith 549, Thompson 562.

LENOIR.

Potter 1391, Parrott 1400; Smith 1286, Thompson 1329.

ONSLOW.

Potter 1,136, Parrot 1,136, Smith 699, Thompson 710.

TOTAL.

Potter 6,916, Parrot 6,910, Smith 5,971, Thompson 6,040.

It will be noticed in the above that Craven is the only county in this district that failed to go Democratic.

She gave a Republican-Third party majority of 501.

A Novel Mill.

A floating shingle mill is a New Berne enterprise that is on the eve of beginning operations. Messrs. Frank & Raspberry, C. M. Kehoe and Wm. Pearce are the proprietors. They are having equipped the steamer Sadie M. Rand with all needed machinery, with the saw that takes the large logs of the forest, to the smaller saws that get the material in the proper shape for the shingle machine and the shingle machine itself. The same boiler supplies the power that runs the boat and that runs the mill.

The advantages from having the mill so easily portable is that it can be readily put wherever the logs are and thus save rafting them long distances, while the shingles can be shipped to any point desired as rapidly as they accumulate by the boats constantly plying the rivers. Moreover the boat will give excellent accommodations to the hands employed.

The idea of the floating mill originated with Mr. Franck. The plan looks so feasible that it seems success is bound to attend it. It would not surprise us for the plan to be adopted by others.

A Tremendous Cargo.

Messrs. Alex. Sprunt & Son cleared yesterday for Liverpool, the British steamer Headlands, Capt. Holman, with a cargo of 9,710 bales of cotton, weighing 4,623,900 pounds and valued at $429,700. This is the largest cargo of cotton ever cleared from Wilmington. The Headlands is a big ship, registering 1,933 tons net, and carries over five bales to the ton. She received her cargo at the Champion Compress wharves.—Wil. Star.

Married.

Wednesday afternoon Nov. 16th at the Centenary M. E. church, by Rev. R. A. Willis, Mr. Geo E. Caffee and Miss Albertina Staub. Direct after the ceremoney the bridal couple departed on the steamer Neuse for a bridal tour.

Wednesday evening at the Baptist church, Mr. R. P. Montague and Miss S. Elizebeth Tilghman, Rev. Rufus Ford officiating.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

COLD WAVE Coming!

We have a full line of HEATING STOVES.

L. H. Cutler & Co.

HORSES AND MULES.

I have just received a FINE LOT of Western North Carolina HORSES AND MULES.
ALSO, A FINE LOT OF BUGGIES, ROAD CARTS AND HARNESS.
All of which I will sell VERY CHEAP for cash or approved paper.
Give me a trial.
E. S. Street

J. A. Jones
LIVERY, SALE
And Exchange Stables
SOUTH FRONT STREET,
Opposite the Gaston House.
In addition to handling Stock I have on hand a first-class lot of
Buggies,
manufactured by Edward Long of Washington, N. C.
BASIL MANLY. WM. A. MCINTOSH

New Berne Iron Works
Successors to J. H. Crabtree & Co.
Engineers, Founders, —AND— MACHINISTS.
Manufacturers and Dealers in Machinery, Machinists and Mill Supplies, Engines, Boilers, Saw and Grist Mills, Double Edgers, etc
Agents for Bargamin's Indestructible Mica Seated Valves. The American Saw Co, and Prescott's Direct-Acting Steam Feed, etc.
We have just erected a large Warehouse adjoining our Works, where we will keep a full stock of Machine and Mill Supplies.
Orders for work or material of any kind will be promptly executed.
may26 dwtf

THOS. A. GREEN, Pres.; C. E. FOY, Cashier.
WM. DUNN, Vice-Pres. H. M. GROVES, Teller.
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William Dunn, — Mayer Hahn,
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On and After Monday
We will be able to fill all orders, BOTH FOR
Hand —AND— Machine Bricks.
WANTED TO PURCHASE
100,000 Bushels Good Clean Rice.
ALL KINDS OF GRAIN AND PRODUCE PURCHASED ON COMMISSION.
ALSO COTTON SOLD ON COMMISSION.
Give us a call.
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OF NEW BERNE, N. C
INCORPORATED 1865.
Capital, - - $100,000
Surplus Profits, - 98,168
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