

# New Berne Weekly

INDEPENDENT IN ALL THINGS.

NEW BERNE, CRAVEN COUNTY, N. C., FEBRUARY 16, 1893.

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NEW BERNE, N. C.

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**DENTIST.**  
Office on Craven street, between Pollock  
and Broad.

**P. H. PELLETIER,**  
**ATTORNEY AT LAW.**  
Craven St., two doors South of  
Journal office.

**S. R. STREET.**  
General

**FIRE AND LIFE**

**Insurance Agent,**

**NEW BERNE, N. C.**

**Churchill**

**& Parker**

**GROGERS.**

**WE GUARANTEE EVERY**

**THING WE SELL TO BE**

**AS REPRESENTED OR**

**MONEY REFUNDED.**

**CHURCHILL & PARKER,**

**THE NEW BERNE**

**KNITTING MILL,**

**Special**

**Notice!**

**WATERBURY'S**

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**EDITORIAL NOTES.**  
Now comes the positive state-  
ment from New York that there  
have been no Cabinet plans filed  
beyond those of the Treasury  
(Carlisle) and War (Lamont).

The Washington Post is dis-  
posed to flatter Senator Hill. It  
says: "When Mr. Cleveland reads  
Senator Hill's speech on silver he  
will find it as smooth as a barbed  
wire fence."

The State of Georgia will crowd  
into Washington on the 4th of next  
month. The Post says Gov. Nor-  
den has ordered all of the colonels  
down there to accompany him to  
the inauguration.

The demagogue is on fire to  
no age or country. He roams at  
large wherever votes are to be cast  
and offices obtained. A first class  
demagogue is a good show of him-  
self; a small size one is not worth  
a place in a dime museum.

Funds are being raised for a  
"Stone-wall" memorial building to  
be used for religious and social  
purposes by the students of the  
Virginia Military Institute, at  
Lexington, Va.; Lee and Jackson  
are both buried at Lexington.

A blood test measuring fifteen  
inches in length, fourteen inches in  
circumference and weighing four  
pounds is a curiosity at St. Tam-  
many, La. By coming to the New  
Berne Exposition the last week in  
February remarkable vegetables of  
all kinds can be seen.

REMEMBER the idea of March  
Not only does the country get a  
new administration but it gets rid  
of a grasping monopoly. The  
principal patents on the Bell tele-  
phone will expire in March, throw-  
ing the telephone business open to  
all.

GROVER CLEVELAND, of New  
York, and ADLAI E. STEVENSON, of  
Illinois were on last Wednesday  
counted in and declared officially  
and constitutionally the next  
President and Vice President of  
the United States. The ceremony  
was both interesting and impres-  
sive.

The total number of stars, of  
which some knowledge may be  
obtained by the optical appliances  
now available, according to Prof.  
Lockyer, is from 40,000,000 to  
50,000,000. Of these only about  
6,000 are visible to the naked eye,  
equally divided between the two  
hemispheres.

SUCH has been the number and  
variety of names suggested for the  
Cabinet that it is said that certain  
senators are beginning to enquire  
what the members have done that  
they should be left out. Wait  
gentlemen, until Mr. Cleveland  
swears, and you may be chosen.  
Remember many are called but few  
are chosen.

THERE seems to be a disposition  
to "sell out the troops" on very  
small provocation these days. Some  
people are playing with fire, and  
soon to forget that soldiers have  
always been the main dependence  
of the great tyrants of the world.  
Every time the militia is called out  
in this country the European  
monarchists shout with glibness  
glee.

THE expedition sent out by the  
Vienna Academy of Science to  
explore the Mediterranean, found  
its greatest depth to be something  
over 2 1/2 miles between Molla and  
Cerigo. On the African coast,  
where the water is clearer, white  
metal plates could be seen at a  
depth of 144 feet. Sensitive plates  
were acted upon by the light at a  
depth of over 1,600 feet.

If you see a needed improve-  
ment for the town, demand it and  
talk it vigorously until the whole  
community is impregnated with  
the idea until a storm of public  
sentiment compels the work, and  
by and by you will see the result  
of your courage and talk in  
general improvement, increased  
confidence and business, and a broad  
liberal, generous out-look that  
persuades and vivifies and makes  
beautiful every place where it  
enters.

The engineers are making  
a canal at Genoa in Illinois  
that will be a waterway of great  
importance. It will connect the  
Mississippi with the Gulf of Mexico  
and will be a great benefit to the  
South.

THE Charleston News and  
Courier says that the prospects are  
bright for the year 1893. It will  
witness greater activity in the building  
of cotton mills at the South than any  
year since the mills began to come  
to the cotton. The manufacturers  
of cotton mill machinery say that  
they are pressed to their utmost ca-  
pacity to keep up with orders re-  
ceived for looms and spindles for  
new mills in the South. The above  
fully accords with the best infor-  
mation gathered concerning the  
growth of this industry, and it is  
fairly certain that the year 1893  
will far exceed its predecessors in  
expanding the use of the great  
staple.

THE death of Mrs. W. C. Whit-  
ney, of New York, is widely re-  
gretted. She was one of the first  
ladies of the land, and the almost  
constant associate of Mrs. Cleve-  
land during the Cleveland adminis-  
tration. Col. Daniel Lamont took  
charge of the funeral arrangements.  
Mr. and Mrs. Cleveland were  
present. Mr. Cleveland brought out  
of the great gathering, seven years  
ago at Charleson, Mrs. Whitney  
was the first woman to wear a  
black dress. Her husband was the  
first man to wear a black suit. Her  
personal effects for \$500,000 were  
used to make the holidays happy  
for those who suffered by the  
earthquake.

A GOOD reason, that, mer-  
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rill, and published in our last issue,  
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crossed the Delaware. We know  
of no one better equipped in every  
particular for this special work  
than our old friend and scholar,  
Col. John D. Cameron, of Asheville.  
To him such a task would be a  
pleasure, while to the State and  
succeeding generations it would be  
worth hundreds and thousands of  
dollars. Can't the Legislature take  
some action in this matter?—Pay-  
etteville Gazette.

**EDITORIAL NOTES.**  
It is suspected that Chicago  
wants to annex Hawaii to the  
World's Fair grounds.

THE Senatorial mills are grinding  
slowly and surely, but the output  
varies from that predicted.

GOR. W. J. NORTEN will  
probably succeed Hon. A. H.  
Colquhoun in the United States  
Senate.

THE Maryland man who named  
his tripelets Grever, Frances and  
Ruth is evidently desirous of  
finding out "What's in a name?"

MISS HAWAII to Uncle Sam:  
"Will you have me?" Uncle Sam  
to Miss Hawaii: "Well, er, really,  
this is so sudden that I must have  
time to think before deciding."

FOR a time it was thought that  
the Indians at the Pine Ridge  
Agency were preparing to go on  
the war path, but quiet has been  
restored and no further trouble is  
feared.

If a merchant should sell his  
goods without first knowing their  
cost, he would soon go into  
bankruptcy. Farmers are selling  
goods every day without knowing  
their cost.

THE confirmation of Judge  
Jackson is being opposed by  
Democrats. If he is confirmed his  
successor for the U. S. circuit court  
bench will be a Republican, and  
Democrats will not consent to this.

THERE is more idle shipping at  
this time the world over than has  
been ever known before probably.

There were on 9th January more  
than 500 vessels that were lying  
idle in the ports of Great Britain.

"Notice! Having devoted several  
months to listening, I am now  
desirous of devoting a little time to  
digesting what has been said to  
you. Those who do not take this  
hint may regret it, as my retreat is  
guarded by savage dogs and  
spring-guns. G. C."

ANNUALLY the cry is made that  
the celebration of St. Valentine's  
Day has become a thing of the past,  
and that the dainty missives and  
love tokens which are the symbols  
of the festival season will be seen  
no more, and annually is the assertion  
disproved.

The one-time fashion of deluging  
all classes and kinds of people  
with lace paper frivolities or hid-  
den caricatures has worn itself out  
because of the lack of any real  
meaning in it obscenity but the  
custom of exchanging dainty  
messages and gifts between lovers  
is likely to come to an end at about  
the same time that love itself is  
banished from the material uni-  
verse.

MR. MURKIN, of Pennsylvania  
has received a letter from Eric  
Pa, signed by "Myself" in which  
the lives of his old friend, Col. John  
Livingston, of Georgia, are threat-  
ened for the part they took in  
amending the pension appropria-  
tion bill in committee. The letter  
states that if they do not cease to  
fight pensions they will be assassi-  
nated.

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**REFORM IN SOUTHERN FARMING.**  
Frow an article in Harpers  
magazine, written by the brilliant,  
though now departed Henry W.  
Grady, we will take the liberty of  
re-producing, not only for its in-  
trinsic worth, but also because its author  
was one whom the South so much  
honored and whose future pros-  
pects gave so much promise. He  
said:

The first reform, however, that  
must be made, is the system of  
ever, that must be made is in the  
system of farming. The South  
must prepare to raise her own  
provisions, compost her fertilizers,  
cultivate her own hay and breed her  
own stock. Leaving credit and  
debt out of the question. No man  
can pay seventy-five cents a bushel  
for corn, thirty dollars a ton for  
hay, twenty dollars a barrel for  
pork, sixty cents for oats, and raise  
cotton for eight cents a pound.

The farmers who prosper at the  
South are the "corn raisers," i. e.,  
the men who raise their own  
supplies, and make cotton their  
surplus crop. A gentleman who  
recorded three hundred and twenty  
morgages last year testified that  
not one was placed on the farm of  
a man who raised his own bread  
and meat. The shrewd farmer  
who always has a bit of money on  
hand with which to buy any good  
place that is to be sold under  
morgage are the "corn raisers,"  
and the moment they get posses-  
sion they rule out the all cotton  
plan, and plant corn and the  
grasses.

The plan of farming only  
needs revision to make the South  
rich beyond measure is proven by  
constant example. A corn raiser  
bought a place of three hundred  
and seventy acres for \$1,700. He  
at once put six tenants on it, and  
limited their cotton acreage to one-  
third of what they had under  
cultivation. Each one of the six  
made more clear money than the  
former owner had made, and the  
rents for the first year were \$1,125.  
The man who bought this farm  
lives in Oglethorpe, Georgia, and  
has fifteen farms, all run on the  
same plan.

Another illustration of the  
need of the law proposed in this  
legislature, is the following: A  
farmer in the county of North  
Carolina, who had a large tract of  
land, and a large number of slaves,  
was killed by fire. His wife and  
children were all small, and were  
left in the hands of a neighbor  
who was a man of good character,  
and who had a large tract of land,  
and a large number of slaves. The  
neighbor, who was a man of good  
character, and who had a large tract  
of land, and a large number of slaves,  
was killed by fire. His wife and  
children were all small, and were  
left in the hands of a neighbor  
who was a man of good character,  
and who had a large tract of land,  
and a large number of slaves.

Under favorable conditions  
the balloon ascended to the height  
of 2,500 feet. The parachute opened  
at 2,000 feet before dropping—some-  
times as much as 200 feet, consequently  
it descended safely. The balloon was  
at 2,000 altitude before the parachute  
was separated from it. Do not fail to see  
the lady ascending.

Three Children Barred to Death.  
MR. A. W. Keel, of Transylvania, gives  
us the news that the house of Shady  
Stony, who lives near the city on the  
opposite side of New river, nearly three  
miles from Fowler's ferry, had his house  
destroyed by fire Thursday last noon.  
While he and his wife were away at  
work. Their three children, all small,  
were left in the house, and were  
killed by the fire. The burning house  
was used by Mr. Wallace Whitehead  
as a boarding place for his children,  
being in the hands of their parents  
until they arrived, after the fire had  
finished its terrible work.

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**GENERAL ASSEMBLY.**  
TWENTY-SIXTH DAY.  
SENATE.  
A bill to incorporate the Virginia  
and North Carolina railroad company  
passed its third reading.

A bill to pay auditors an annual  
salary. Passed.

A bill to extend the appointment  
of the household when the subject  
matter is indivisible. Passed over in-  
finitely.

A bill in relation to the catching of  
fish in Contenta Creek, Wilson county,  
prohibiting the use of root nets, gillnets,  
etc. Passed.

Senator Jones offered an amendment  
excepting Pitt county from the operation  
of the act relating to the operation of  
Senator Battle moved to refer to the  
committee on fish and fisheries. The  
motion prevailed.

House resolving against the altera-  
tion of spirits of turpentine by adminis-  
tration with kerosene. Propositions  
and Grievances.

The following bills were introduced  
and read.

Mr. Nash a bill to provide fire  
escapes for hotels and lodging houses. Proposi-  
tion and Grievances.

Mr. Fuller a bill to re-establish  
the Homestead Industries.

Mr. Hillington to secure equality of  
taxation on mortgaged property. Finance.

Mr. Allen thought it just to all re-  
spondents to the memorial presented  
on motion of Mr. McNeill the memorial  
or statement of Judge Schenck was unani-  
mously referred to the committee on Ed-  
ucation.

House bill 564, to amend section 3747  
of the Code, relating to the right of  
petitioners to be heard in person, was  
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etc. Passed.

Senator Jones offered an amendment  
excepting Pitt county from the operation  
of the act relating to the operation of  
Senator Battle moved to refer to the  
committee on fish and fisheries. The  
motion prevailed.

House resolving against the altera-  
tion of spirits of turpentine by adminis-  
tration with kerosene. Propositions  
and Grievances.

The following bills were introduced  
and read.

Mr. Nash a bill to provide fire  
escapes for hotels and lodging houses. Proposi-  
tion and Grievances.

Mr. Fuller a bill to re-establish  
the Homestead Industries.

Mr. Hillington to secure equality of  
taxation on mortgaged property. Finance.

Mr. Allen thought it just to all re-  
spondents to the memorial presented  
on motion of Mr. McNeill the memorial  
or statement of Judge Schenck was unani-  
mously referred to the committee on Ed-  
ucation.

House bill 564, to amend section 3747  
of the Code, relating to the right of  
petitioners to be heard in person, was  
passed.

House bill 565, to amend section 3747  
of the Code, relating to the right of  
petitioners to be heard in person, was  
passed.

House bill 566, to amend section 3747  
of the Code, relating to the right of  
petitioners to be heard in person, was  
passed.

House bill 567, to amend section 3747  
of the Code, relating to the right of  
petitioners to be heard in person, was  
passed.

House bill 568, to amend section 3747  
of the Code, relating to the right of  
petitioners to be heard in person, was  
passed.

House bill 569, to amend section 3747  
of the Code, relating to