

Mr. Wannamaker is said to have violated the Allen Contract Labor Law, and will be prosecuted.

Harrison has made a speech on the tariff. He is mighty for taxing the people for monopoly.

The hum and buzz of reviving industry have effectively 'drowned' the calamity howl.

Gov. McKinley probably observes that the report that he was to have a distinguished supporter in Indiana was a canard.

Since January 31st the internal revenue receipts have begun to increase, as compared with the same time last year.

There is to be a Court of enquiry to examine into the loss of the Kearege. The navigating officer is said to be to blame.

Let the income tax pass the Senate. The people demand it. The rich oppose. Their subsidized organs oppose.

Hon. Carl Schurz painfully admits that Mr. Cleveland is a failure. Yet we believe the President might retrieve himself by giving Carl some sort of a job.

The youthful son of a downtown 'journalist, in describing a fight during which one of the principals took to his heels, said the fight was adjourned for lack of a quorum.

The Democrats in the Congress show a proper regard for economy in reporting a River and Harbor bill for \$10,000,000. If it had been less it would have been more satisfactory to the people.

Our exports of domestic cotton for January, 1894, and for the first five months of this fiscal year greatly exceed those for the same time last year.

The treasury balance has increased \$50,000,000 since January 31st. The net gold gained by the issue of the new bonds is about \$41,000,000 and the gold balance is now \$105,000,000.

It is reported in Honolulu that Minister Willis has been instructed to sever diplomatic relations with Hawaii if President Doer refuses to withdraw his "mouchoing attitude" charges.

Governor McKinley, of Ohio, has opened his Presidential campaign. On the 15th, inst., he spoke at an immense meeting at Pittsburg, Pa.

Gov. McKinley was greeted with deafening cheers for "our next President."

The Southern Pacific overland train was wrecked and robbed at Bremen and a tramp was killed and the engineer wounded. The robbers got several bags of gold from the express car.

In Georgia there are several candidates for Senator Colquitt's shoes and others are mentioned for them. But there is no better Democrat than the Senator among them.

Why not let him succeed himself? Is he not honest, faithful, capable?

Bleigh News and Observer. Chronicle. An article after nomination and confirmation have thirty days to remain at home, we learn that Mr. Jernigan does not expect to leave for his post at Shanghai sooner than the 20th of March.

We are glad to note that the condition of Judge E. G. Reed showed decided improvement yesterday.

The sub-committee of the Senate Finance committee have not decided on any of the large schedules yet. They are waiting to hear from Secretary Carlisle.

The Louisiana Senators notify the committee that unless sugar is put on the dutiable list they will vote against the entire bill.

Several of the sailors of the cruise Newark at Rio Janeiro were attacked with yellow fever. When the launch taking these men ashore was returning she was fired on by an insurgent vessel. The commander of which afterwards said he did not know the launch was American, but it is not believed.

A tariff for revenue—free sugar—the repeal of the Force bill—an income tax worth something—repeal of the 10 per cent. tax on State banks—more currency and silver restored—these would make fine mottoes for Democratic banners in 1894. But can they be used?

Let Congress look to it. They are the things the people are reading and talking about. Heed.—Messenger.

There are a large number of Senatorial aspirants on the floor of the House. Representative Blair, of N. C. Hampshire, for instance, is laying wires to succeed Senator Chandler, although he has considerable opposition at home.

Representative Bailey is being talked of as a Senator when Mr. Coke's term shall expire, and Mr. Turner, of Georgia, has announced in the papers of his State his desire to succeed Mr. Colquitt. It is understood that Speaker Crisp will not be a candidate for the Senate, although, of course, if he should be nominated he would not decline. Col. Oates, of Alabama, who is a candidate for the gubernatorial nomination in his State, hopes to step from the executive chair into the Senate in course of time, and there are others who would be glad to move permanently over to the north end of the Capital.

THE SENATE.

The Senate is the conservative branch of the national government.

There are times when its values fail to be recognized. During the extra session it was "damned" for not passing the Voorhees repeal bill without due deliberation; but even then it was meeting one of the purposes of its creation by preventing hasty and inconsiderate legislation, and, although the friends of silver were unable to prevent the passage of the bill, they advanced arguments that even now are influencing the popular judgement, and may yet be the means of restoring silver to its legitimate position in the commercial world.

The conservative influence of the Senate acts not only as a safeguard against the evil results of any precipitate action on the part of the House, but it is a check upon the President and prevents the exercise of arbitrary power.

It is said that we have a President who seems to be disposed to take the bit in his teeth and go where he pleases, but it appears that the Senate has applied its check and is holding him in. Some months ago the President nominated Mr. Peckham to a place on the Supreme Court bench. Senator Hill objected to the confirmation of Mr. Peckham and now the Senate is sifting the matter in the interests of the whole people of the Union.

It is said that the President was influenced by personal friendship in making the nomination, and on the other hand it is insisted that Senator Hill is opposing confirmation from a disposition to antagonize and embarrass the President.

We venture to say that the right conclusion will be reached. The Senate will rise above the murky atmosphere of New York politics and decide the matter as it relates to the whole Union.

We need not pursue the matter further. Our system of Government as established by our fathers, is firmly fixed in the confidence and affections of the people. Long live the Senate!

WIO AND WHAT.

Mr. Peckham, who the President nominated to the vacant place on the Supreme Court bench, has filed of confirmation, and in this Mr. Cleveland sustains his second defeat in the Senate.

Mr. Peckham having passed from the stage, the question naturally arises, who next?

It is very important that the vacancy be filled at an early day. Of course we cannot tell who will next be nominated for the position, but we venture to say that he should be a great lawyer who is entirely disconnected with the Cleveland and Hill embroilment. The country has had enough exhibitors in the political ring.

There are a plenty of sound Democrats, all over the country, who would adorn the Supreme Court bench. Mr. Phelps, who was minister to England during the first Cleveland administration, would make a superb Judge. Senators Morgan, George and Gray rank with the ablest lawyers of the day, and the last named has been favorably spoken of in this connection. It has been said that Mr. Bayard's not pleased with his high position as Ambassador to the court of St. James, and would like to be again in the Senate.

If Mr. Gray is given the appointment of Supreme Court Judge and Mr. Bayard is returned to the Senate some rich and elegant New York Democrat calls he sent to London to dance attendance upon the Queen.

This is a suggestion, thrown out at random, simply to show that improvement in the general situation may be reached, if it is gone at in the right way and in the proper spirit.

It is very much to be regretted that Mr. Cleveland turned the cold shoulder to the Democratic party in the beginning of his administration. In calling Judge Gresham to be his premier, he threw down party lines, and when he attempted to take them up again they had passed beyond his reach. How long it will be before the President and the Senate look shields in the interest of the party no man knoweth, but there is a very general opinion that no good can come to the administration or the country until it is done.

Mr. Cleveland does not seem to take in situation fully. He knows that he is opposed by Democrats but he considers them refractory Democrats who are sadly in need of wholesome discipline.

Let us hope that the lessons of experience will influence the President and Congress to harmonious action and a strict construction of the Chicago platform.

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ALREADY IN THE FIELD.

Rarely, if ever, has a presidential canvass opened so far in advance as the election as this year is now actually in progress.

It is now a year since Grover Cleveland, "the man of destiny and the idol of the people," was inaugurated amid the wild applause of triumphant democracy. Three eventful years must pass before there can be a change of masters, but even now there is the blowing of trumpets, the beating of drums, the waving of flags, the neighing of war horses and the marshaling of forces. The Republican party is in the field preparatory to the great contest of 1896.

Barley have candidates for Presidential nomination gotten into the field so early, but the unusual position is the reason given.

The Republicans hold that this is a case where the early bird will reap the reward, and that the trouble in the Democratic party, because of the tariff, the income tax, the silver question, and the hostility to President Cleveland on the part of many Senators and Representatives, makes the chances of Republican national success bright.

The candidacy thus far is entirely on the part of Republican chief.

Harrison, McKinley and Reed stand with vigor down and lance at hand ready for the onset, but not a Democratic knight is bold enough to answer their proud and defiant challenge.

McKinley left high a banner inscribed with the single word, "Protection." Reed throws out a flag emblazoned with "Liberty and Right. The repeal of the Election law must and shall be avenged."

Harrison wraps himself in the star spangled banner and looking out from its folds shouts, till the welkin rings, "Hawaii, the beautiful gem of the Pacific will yet be ours!"

How are these braggets to be answered? Will it be by the piping notes of some unshorn knight with shattered lance and broken shield? No indeed! To the people redeemed, regenerated and disenthralled, will stand on our feet, broad as if by a banner and laugh to scorn the rancid boasts of the pretenders. What is Cleveland, in comparison with the mighty host of the untortured democracy, but a puppet that plays its part and passes off the stage a bubble that bursts and is gone forever!

Be assured the battle will not be lost. There will be no last, there will be a change of leaders, but the banners that are inscribed with "Redemption from McKinleyism," and "No more interference of the Federal Government in the free elections of the people," will wave victorious in the beams of that day setting sun. Be it remembered that the Democratic legend "Principles not men," is more potent than any man that ever flashed like a meteor across the political heaven.

"You can buy horses for a song out West," said Lieut. Glenn, of the regular Army, who is here from his post, Fort Missoula, Mont., for a brief rest. He was talking with some friends at the Ebbitt about the matchless valleys of Montana, and drifted on the cheapness of equine flesh. "I saw 200 head of good horses sold at sheriff's sale last October," he continued, "and actually many of them were knocked down at \$2.50. Not long afterward I bought a few for my own use, and they cost me about \$11 apiece with the freight to Missoula. There is absolutely no demand for them. Cattle and sheep are away down, too. A Sheepman of my acquaintance had bargained to sell his ranch not long ago for \$400,000, but the trade fell through. Last week I saw him in Chicago, and he told me he would like to sell out root and branch for \$100,000. Of course these are phenomenal hard times, and such prices can't last. In the mean time Montana is the best State in the Union and will ultimately be one of the richest."

General Early faintly hurt.

LYNCHBURG, Va., Feb. 17.—General Jubal A. Early had a fall on the ice at the postoffice in this city yesterday and was painfully bruised.

No bones were broken and the attending physician stated that no serious result was apprehended from the accident.

The Governor will tomorrow send a special message to the Legislature on the subject of increasing the effectiveness of the oyster navy of the State.

Origin of Timothy Grass.

"Oyster Diet" in the O. O. S. A gentleman has written me a letter in which he says that he has seen a copy of the "Oyster Diet" in the O. O. S. and that it is a very good thing.

Forty men taken into custody.

KILL, Feb. 16.—An attempt was made to burn the city of Brandenburg with fatal results to the crew and damage to the vessel.

New boilers had been put in the vessel and steam was gotten up today to test them.

The fire was caused by a spark from the boiler, which set off a large quantity of gunpowder.

Among the dead are three chief engineers who were on the vessel, and several other officers. The vessel was helpless, but signals of distress brought assistance and she was towed back to Kiel.

People troubled with sick and nervous headaches will find a most efficacious remedy in Ayer's Cathartic Pills. They strengthen the stomach, stimulate the liver, restore healthy action to the digestive organs, and thus afford speedy and permanent relief.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

IN YEARS IN SING-ING.

John Y. McKane, the Political Campaigner, has been sentenced to Sing Sing for a term of six years.

Brooklyn, Feb. 20.—John Y. McKane, the convicted Gray seal, was sentenced to Sing Sing for a term of six years.

McKane was arrested on the morning of the 10th inst. at the residence of his father, John McKane, in the town of Hempstead, L. I., and was committed to the State prison at Sing Sing.

The sentence was a great surprise to every one, as it was expected that the great campaigner would not be sent to Sing Sing.

When the judge pronounced the sentence McKane turned pale and his hands trembled. He was then taken to the prison and his cell.

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IN THE WIVES.

Political occurrences in every age are calculated to furnish the reflecting mind with a lesson at once awful, pleasing and edifying.

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