New Berne Weekly Journal.

$1.00 Per Year — INDEPENDENT IN ALL THINGS. — Single Copies, 5 Cents.

VOL. XVII. — NEW BERNE, CRAVEN COUNTY, N. C., JULY 19, 1894. — NO. 17

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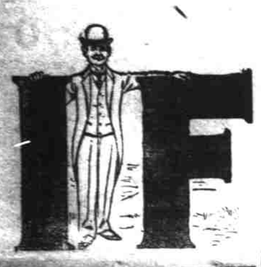

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Refrigerators, Ice Cream Freezers, Water Coolers, Wire Cloth, Window Screens And Doors, —AT— L. H. CUTLER & CO'S.

CONGRESSMAN.

It is very natural for the people of this district to turn their eyes to Mr. Simmons whenever a congressman is to be elected. No man ever made more reputation in a single term in Congress than Mr. Simmons, and it is doubtful if any representative from this section ever secured such valuable results to his people. But Mr. Simmons is not in the race and will not be. Other duties, perhaps not so agreeable to him, demand and are receiving his careful attention.

Who, then, will be the standard bearer of the Democracy in this district in the approaching campaign?

The candidates, so far as we know, are Grady, Hale, Shaw, McIver and Havens: but the field is open to all who desire to enter it.

Mr. Grady is the present incumbant. He has made an industrious member of Congress and a faithful representative of his people. His course has been conservative, his speeches good if not brilliant, and bisvotes on the right side of all important issues. If nominated, the JOURNAL will give Mr. Grady a cordial support.

Mr. Hale is a gentleman of varied accomplishments and national reputation. During the war he was a gallant soldier, and has since represented his country aboard with signal ability. As editor of the Fayetteville Observer he has been an able defender of pure and unadulterated Democracy. He was a devoted friend of Zebulon B. Vance, and on every appriate occasion held him up to the admiration of his countrymen.

Mr. Shaw is a young lawyer of decided ability, a sound Democrat and a fearless advocate of the principles of his party. As the Cleveland elector in this district, in the last Presidential campaign, he made a gallant fight and was victor of the field.

Mr. McIver bears an honored name and wears it worthily. He is as gentle as a lamb, but as brave as a lion. Tho' a young man he has filled high official positions with credit to himself and honor to the state. His abilities are of a high order, and he is "the soul of chivalry."

Of Mr. Havens it is not necessary to speak. Everybody in this section knows him and bears cheerful testimony to his sound and unflenching Democracy.

With such an array of candidates the Convention cannot fail to present a standard bearer who will command the cordial and enthusiastic suport of the District,

A Reward Offered For the Train Wreckers.

WASHINGTON, July 12.—Attorney General Olney has sent the following telegram to Marshal Baldwin:

"DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE. WASHINGTON, D. C., July 12.

"To Baldwin, United States Marshal San Francisco.

"Offer immediately a reward of $500 or the arrest and conviction of each peorson guilty of wrecking the engine on the Southern Pacific road on the 11th inst., resulting in the death of the engineer and three private soldiers the United States.

OLNEY. Attorney General.

The Great Chicago Strike and Blood Shed.

The country is in a fearful condition. hundred thousands of men becoming frantic over the labor situation in the West. Trains blocked by strikes and cannot be moved. Steam Boats sailing with half freight, people suffering in some parts of the country on account of uncomfortable transportation. With such state of affairs the country is in a fearful condition, especially the Northern and Western States.

Wars, strikes, and bloodshed, are not the proper way to adjudicate matters, there must be some compromise between the manufacturers the money kings and the laboring man. At the present price the manufacturer North cannot increase wages and compete with the manufacturer in the South, hence the cut in wages. In the near future seven eights of the manufacturing in the United States will be done in the South. Legislation alone can settle this matter. Emigration must be prohibited for a few years, and prevent the scumbs from all parts of the earth from settling among us.

But why need the South be troubled? This is no fight of ours, it is a question that we are not interested in. There has been no day in the annals of history that the South has been more prosperous than the present day. While our smoke houses and corn-cribs are amply filled, and the crops bid fair to be the best we have had for years, then why should we strike?

The strike made by the Great American Bankrupt Dealer is sufficient for the demands of the South. Then in the name of peace and common sense, why don't everybody strike for BIG IKE, who has bought the fifteen thousand dollar stock of Men's and Boys' Clothing and Gents' Furnishing Goods of Frank W. Thornton, at such great sacrifice. Merchants and farmers of Fayetteville, Wilmington and surrounding country, why not strike while the iron is hot and lay in your supply for the coming year at Seventy-five cents on the dollar of New York cost? The hard, solid cash accounts for the above strike, and the great bargains accounts for the great rush every day, and people are daily convinced that all our advertisements are true.

We respectfully call your attention to our immense stock of Young men' Youths' and Boys Clothing. Please see us.

A PROCLAMATION BY THE GOVERNOR.

$100.00 Reward.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, Executive Department.

Whereas, official information has been received at this Department that Ed. S. Hart, late of the county of Craven, stands charged witn House Burning. And Whereas, it appears that the said Ed. S. Hart has fled the State, or so conceals himself that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon him:

Now, Therefore, I, Elias Carr, Governor of the State of North Carolina, by virtue of authority in me vested by law, do issue this my Proclamation, offering a reward of One Hundred dollars for the apprehension and delivery of the said Ed. S. Hart to the Sheriff of Craven County, at the Court House in New Berne and I do enjoin all officers of the State and all good citizens to assist in bringing said criminal to justice.

Done at our city of Raleigh, the 9th day of July, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-four and in the one hundred and nineteenth year of our American Independence.

By the Governor. ELIAS CARR.

S. F. Telifair, Private Secretary.

DESCRIPTION.

Said Ed. S. Hart is a small, slender, straight man with a light complexion, brown beard and brown eyes. He is about 40 years of age and about 5¾ feet in height. He walks erect, except that he rocks a little from side to side. In his movements he is quick and nervous.

Important to Truck Shippers.

Atlantic & North Carolina Railroad. Transportation Department. New Bern, N. C., June 30, 1894.

"CIRCULAR."

I have the following from Mr. J. R. Kenly, Gen'l Manager A. C. Line—All Rail—

"I have received the following message from Mr. J. D. Hutchinson, Gen'l Supt. Penna Railroad Co.

"By arrangements made with the Receivers of truck in New York we can recommence the delivery of perishable freight from your dist. [A. & N. C. R. R.] upon Pier 29, New York, in the same manner as was done during the year 1892, beginning Sunday night, July 1st, 1894.

S. L. DILL, Supt.

We have a speedy and positive cure for catarrh, diphtheria canker mouth and headache, in SELOH'S CATARRH REMEDY. A nasal injector free with each bottle. Use it if you desire health and sweet breath. Price 50c. Sold by New Berne Drug Co.

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SOUTHERN FRUITS & TRUCK,

Berries, Peaches, Grapes, Melons and Vegetables.

Watermelons & Stawberries a Specialty

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FULL LINE OF

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Stoves, Carpenters Tools, Cutlery, Table Ware, Barbed Wire, CALVANIZED PIPE, PUMPS, Lime, Plaster and Cement.

DEVOES PURE READY MIXED PAINTS.

Personal attention to the prompt and correct filling of all orders. m8 3m w,dow

GEORGE SLOVER,

73 MIDDLE STREET NEW BERNE, N. C.

HARDWARE OF EVERY DESRIPTION.

Sash, Doors and Blinds. Stoves, Lime, Plaster and Cement.

DEVOE'S READY-MIXED PAINT.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED. m163m

THE CONFEDERATE MONUMENT

Eight Thousand Dollars Still Needed for the Work—What the Ladies Say.

From the News-Observer-Chronicle we take the following statement signed by the ladies:

"In reply to letters being received by the President, the ladies deem it necessary to say that not enough money has been raised by about eight thousand dollars for the Confederate Monument, and as no idea of erecting a monument by the people of the State at large in her Capitol Square had ever been thought of until the ladies organized the North Carolina Monumental Association, it is to be hoped they will not be thwarted in their efforts by so many other projects, but all unite to and in the Confederate Monument until completed, when they will willingly do their part to perpetuate the deeds of individual great men.

"The Confederate Monument will be erected in memory of every Confederate soldier from North Carolina who laid down his life in that just cause, private as well as officer. Several thousand dollars could have been raised in a short while, and was offered if names of private parties were allowed inscribed on the monument, but as so many of the bravest men of the Confederacy have never been able to raise one hundred dollars since their homes and fortunes were taken from them, we did not deem it expedient, but believe that 'Justice should be done.'"

THE LADIES.

Every citizen should take pride in contributing to this Confederate monument which is to stand in the capitol square at Raleigh, and the work should not be allowed to linger for lack of funds. As many people as there are who feel an interest in this monument it will take but a very small sum from each to complete the amount needed. The only trouble is to get them to think and send in the little sum which we know they are perfectly willing to give. If the additional money does not flow in readily, a little more canvassing in the several cities may be resorted to, and this we are confident will speedily result in the securing of all that is needed.

Let every one who has the work at heart who has not contributed as yet do so that the monument may at as early a day as possible grace the spot selected for it.

The Strike Situation.

The strike troubles appear to be practically at an end, but the strikers talk hopeifully yet. They say that by Saturday they expect to have a million men out in accord with the provisions of the order of a general strike. They say the men do not go out until they have their meetings of their local organizations and take action.

In Chicago the blockade is raised, trains are running on all roads, and it is thought it will take but little time to get the railroad business of the city back to its regular routine.

One of the last features of the strike was the wrecking of a train bound for San Francisco with regular troops on the engine and one passenger car. This was accomplished by injuring the track at a trestle. The engine and four cars went down. Four lives were lost and another man is likely to die.

The disaster occurred only a short distance from Chicago. The country was scoured by cavalry but no trace was found of the perpetrators of the dastardly deed.

BILLS ALLOWED

By County Commissioner at July Meeting.

Thos. L. Wetherington, for services as ferryman from June 1st to July 1st. $16 00; do, labor repairing boat, $5.50; B. A. Spier, one month's services as ferryman, Nelson's ferry, $2.00; J. A. Meadows per diem as commissioner, five days service, $10.00; J. A. Meadows for feed bill, Craven county poor house, April 4th to June 29th, $10.79; Samuel W. Howard, repairs to Bachelor Creek bridge, Nelson's ferry, $18.10; G. A. Hill, repairs to Clermont brtdge, four days labor and scantling, $4.15; E. A. Gerkins, repairing Nelson's ferry boat, $22.75, R. G. Mosely, house rent to Smithwick, $2.50; Fanny Williams, keeper poor house, $12.40; Irene Cooley, cook poor house, $3.00; Bradsham & Brock, drugs to poor for June, $16.50; J. J. Tolson, agent, rations to poor for June, $87.50; John W. Smallwood, supplies furnished poor, $14.50; S. R. Street, J. P., examination of Wm. H. Physie, lunatic, $3.00; W. C. Brewer per diem and mileage as commissioner, $5.40; M. H. Carr, do, $4.20; James W. Biddle, fees, etc., as Clerk Board Commissioners, $29.20; W. M. Watson, C. S. C., supplies for clerk's office, $17.40; W. B. Lane, Sheriff, board of prisoners for June, $79.50; do, summoning jury spring term court, $39.30; do. board of juries, spring term court, $22.75; do, eleven days services of D. Barham, spring court, $11.00; do, turnkey fees to June 30th, $9.60; do, expense incurred in making jail improvements, $2.90; do, expense of taking Ellen White, col., to Onslow county, her home, $6.40; do, two nights service of bailiff in charge of jury spring court, $1.40; H. B. Lane, eleven days service as bailiff, spring term, $11.00; J. D. LaRogue, eleven days service as bailiff, $11.00; H. T. Richardson, eleven days service as court crier, $16.50; E. E. Quidley, eleven days service as bailiff, $11.00; E. E. Harper, publishing proceedings, etc., June, $12.50; Jonathan Havens, taking tax list, No. 8 township, for 1894, $100; James H. Hunter, taking list, township No. 6; $20.00; A. T. Thompson, to freight, 800 feet lumber to Street's ferry, steamer May Belle, $1.20; W. R. Arthur, jury, laying out Nelson's ferry road, $1.00; E. E. Quidley, house janitor for June, $10.00; G. A. Hill, keeper Clermont bridge, $10.00; E. H. Heath, support Lizzie Wood for one month, $3.00; Miss Fannie Daw, two months support, $6.00; Wiley Daw, two months support, $5.00; Expense Superior Court, spring term, $478.71.

A Queenly Head

can never rest on a body frail from disease any more than the lovely lily can grow in the sterile soil. When Consumption fastens its hold upon a victim, the whole physical structure commences its decay. At such a period, before the diseases is too far advanced, Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery will arrest and cure it. So certain is this, that an offer is made to refund the the money paid for it when a failure can be found under the condition of a fair trial.

Once used, Dr. Pierce's Pellets are always in favor. Specific for constipation, piles, billiousness, and headaches.

Eighth Senatorial District.

The members of the Democratic Executive Committee of the Eighth Senatorial District are requested to meet at the Hotel Albert, New Berne, N. C., at 7:30 o'clock, p. m., on Monday the 23d day of July 1894, for the purpose of appointing a time and place for holding the convention to nominate two candipates for the State Senate.

FRANK THOMPSON, Chm'n, Ex. Com.

Jacksonville, N. C., July 12th 1894. d&w 1w.

HAPPENINGS OF THE DAY.

Boston has a pie factory that turns out 10,000 pies every day except Sunday.

Fisherman in Atlantic county, New Jersey, have discovered that the seventeen-year locusts make an excellent bait for catching black bass.

The Senate on July 10th passed the House bill for the admission of Utah as a State.

Prof. Bell firmly believes that it will be possible some day to see from Washington to New York as easily as one can convey the sound of the voice that distance.

Topeka Capital. When Debs's men go out at his order they lose their wages, but Debs continues to draw from them his salary of $3,000 per annum.

The Chatham Record speaks of a chinquepin tree on Haw river that measures 12 feet and two inches in circumference.

Mrs. R. B. Vance, with her sister and children, arrived Thursday at Goodnoon, their mountain home.

There is a very heavy chestnut bloom on the mountains this year, and if nothing prevents, a heavy chestnut crop may be expeoted. This is no chestnut, says the Franklin Press.

At Concord eggs are being bought from the farmers at 6 cents per dozen, says the Concord Times.

Gen. Miles is authority for the statement that half a dozen attempts have been made to blow up the Pullman building with consequent loss of life. It is known that agents of the Government are now engaged in securing evidence necessary to expose the entire plans of he conspirators against that and other buildings.

For the first time in forty years, New Orleans is without a lottery, the two small concerns that succeeded the great Louisiana Lottery having shut up shop. Lowisiana has reason to be proud of the persistent and successful battle made against lotteries by the good people of the State.

Bob Matkins, the Alamance fiend, has been taken back to Graham, where he will be tried for his life at the special term of court. He has been in the Raleigh jail since his arrest. The News-Observer-Chromicle says a large crowd was at Graham to meet him, but there was no violence.

In Gainesville, Texas, fifty men who had been laying off for twenty days because there was nothing for them to do, received the order to strike and have obeyed it.

Constantinople had two violent earthquake shocks July 10th, each shock lasting about twenty seconds. Considerable damage was done and several persons are reported killed. Thousants of the inhabitants are now camping out, fearing to re-enter their homes.

The Raleigh correspondence of the Wilmington Messenger says: "The leading Republican paper in the extreme East says it favors fusion with the Populists on the legislative tickets. It urges that in counties where the Populists are strong they put up the nominee and the Republicans support him, and that where the Republican are strong they name the man and the Populists give him their votes. It is the Legislature which the "combine" wants to capture. There is where the joint assault, if made at all, will be made."

A telegram has been sent to President Cleveland inviting him or some one deputized as his representative to take part in the conference of labor leaders at Chicago. The invitation is from Samuel Compers, President of the American Federation of Labor and its other officers, and the representatives of all organizations present at the conference.

The cost to the United States of putting down the railroad strike in the West is estimated by Government officials at fully $1,000,000. It may foot up more. The estimates include telegraph bills, deputy marshals' pay and transportation and maintenance of United States troops. The estimates of marshals pay at Chicago alone are $150,000, and Congress in a few days will be asked to appropriate this, as it is urgent.

The Charlotte, Columbia & Augusta and the Columbia & Greenville Railway lines, in the Richmond & Danville system were sold in Columbia, S. C., on the 10th inst. under decree of the Circuit Court of the United States. Each road was bid in at $100,000 by Sam'l Spencer. President of the Southern Railway Company, the purchasers to cary out the terms of the reorganization plan as agreed upon under the Drexel, Morgan & Co., arrangement.

An exchange says that in 1882 Martin Irons was the great autocrat who was engineering the railroad strikes in the Southwest. He put on about as much style as Debs is doing now. He is now living in a town in the Ozark mountain region in Missouri, a worthless and forgotten village vagrant. The days of such incendiaries are always short, and they sink into obscurity about as rapidly as they emerge from it.

To unwholesome sanitary conditions at the Carraleigh mills property near Raleigh is attributed several deaths from typhoid fever and about forty cases of sickness. Every house in the community has a sick person in it. The sewers from the State Asylum for the insane and the Penitentiary empty in the locality. Remedial efforts are being made.

An immense crowd is expected on August 2d, at Windsor, in attendance upon the annual reunion of the Bertie Confederate Veterans' Association. It is said the reunion will be the largest of the kind held in that section of the State. Preparations have been made to feed 5,000 people, and nearly that amount of provisions have already been contributed to the committee on arrangements. Senator M. W. Ranson will be the orator of the day.

In all past records the accepted estimates of casualties in modern warfare has been in the ratio of four men wounded to one killed. The percentage in the Chilean fighting with the new Mannlicher rapid-firing gun was four killed to one wounded. The warfare of the future will be slaughter by the wholesale.

Why do the people rage and charge a wrong thing? Grover Cleveland and a Democratic Congress had nothing to do with bringing about the present state of affairs. This is but the result of thirty years of Republican misrule. It is true the present administration and Congress are not bringing about the reform they should, but be careful to lay the charge where it belongs.—Scotch Scion.

Paterson, New Jersey, police have set the New York finest a glorious example. They refused a proffered bribe of five cents to set at liberty some naughty boys caught swimming in a forbidden place. Of course the boys did verywrong to offer such a bribe, but the noble police officers did right in refusing it. The New York police should take note of the finest Patersonians.

Rev. R. L. Abernethy, D. D., President of Ruthertord College, is using the summer months travelling in its interest. Dr. Abernethy is seventy-three years old has been teaching school fifty-nine years and has presided continuously over the destinies of the college for forty-three years. The Concord Times pays the aged educator the following tribute: Dr. Abernethy is a man to whom the State of North Carolina owes a great debt of grattitude. It is the candid opinion of men who know that he has done more for the education of poor young men without compensation than any other North Carolinian, living or dead.

A GRAND SUCCESS.

The Military Ball the Finest Event of the Kind That Ever Took Place at Morehead.

From every one who was at the Military Ball at the Atlantic hotel, Morehead, Thursday night comes reports of the brilliancy of its success in every respect. It is conceded to have been the grandest affair of its kind ever held at Morehead and to have passed off most pleasantly.

First there was the march, and Governor Carr and his staff and officers of the Revenue Cutter Colfax and their ladies received. About 500 people greeted the Governor and party.

Then the ball opened with the Lancers quadrille, in which the dignified matrons and military escort of the Governor took part. The cotillion began at eleven, and was led by Mr. Milan Howard and Miss Moorhead, and lasted until about 1 o'clock. About forty couples were on the floor at one time.

The decorations were beautiful and very elaborate, all the bunting and ensigns of all nations from the Revenue Cutter Colfax being brought into requisition for the occasion.

The costumes were elegant and many were adorned with diamonds and other handsome jewelry. The attendance of spectators was immense. There were the six hundred regular guests of the hotel, the military, many citizens of Morehead and Beaufort, visitors from the other hotels and a few who simply went down for the ball. The lowest estimate we have heard as to number was a thousand or twelve hundred. The number is generally spoken of as fifteen hundred.

A New Bern Hero of the Revolution

The article following copied from the Minutes of Craven County Court, is a worthy companion piece to the extract in your issue of the 17th ult., taken from the Memorial address of Captain Elliot, describing the heroism of North Carolina soldiers in the late war. Our soldiers but repeat the deeds of their ancestors of the Revolution, from whom they have bravery and fortitude by inheritance.

The sad story of suffering and death of John Davis was told here by our sheriff, W. B. Lane, in his oration, on our last Memorial Day, and the fearless sacrifice to principal deserves to be widely know.

Every one has heard it related how a General officer of our Revolution, who, when offered money to forc swear his allegiance, replied: "I am a very poor man, but, poor as I may be, the King of Great Britian has not wealth enough to buy me;" but how many have heard of the more heroic reply, with its tragic consequences, of this our townsman of humbler station, whose sense of duty was his only reward?

It was a happy thought in those who insisted on having the patriotic action of this brave man preserved in the records of our County Court, while yet there were those living to whom the details were known.

GRAHAM DAVES.

MINUTES OF CRAVEN COUNTY COURT, December term, 1855. Book 13, Pp. 524-25.

Extract: Wednesday, 12th.

"John T. Lane appears in open Court, and being sworn upon the Holy Evangelist of Almighty God, deposes and says, that he heard Thomas A. Green, of the county of Craven, say, that he the said Green and John Davis of said County, were taked prisoners of war together during the Revolution, and imprisoned together in Charleston (1780) and that he the said Green, was separated from the said Davis, and that he never saw the said Davis after the said separation, and did not know what became of him, except from general rumor, and that rumor was that he was whipped the death in the British Navy. Deponent further states that he has frequently heard Thomas Davis say that his brother John Davis was whipped to death on board a British Man of War. Deponent further states that he heard Captain Richard Carter say that he was a prisoner of war during the Revolution, and was imprisoned on board of a British Man of War with one John Davis; that the master of the ship tried to make the American prisoners do duty on board ship, and that the said John Davis, who was an American, peremptorily refused; whereupon the said Davis was severely whipped, that the whipping was stopped and he was told that if he would draw a bucket of water from the ship's side the punishment should cease; that he refused to do it, and the whipping was commenced often, and continued until his bowels were whipped out, and he died; that he, the said Carter, was an eye-witness to the whole. Deponent further says that the said Green and Carter died many years ago; that they were men of truth, and that he believes that their statements were true, and that he has no interest whatever in making this deposition."

John Davis was one of three sons of James Davis.—John, Thomas and William. James Davis established the first printing-press in North Carolina—in New Bern, on lost of Broad street) in 1749, and was the first public printer.

It is said that John Davis, after his first whipping, was taken in a boat to the side of every ship in the fleet and given fifteen lashes at each one; was then returned to the prison ship and told if he would draw a bucket of water from the ship's side they would cease the whipping. He replied: "If His Majesty's whole navy was on fire and I that one bucket of water drawn by me would extinguish the flames, I would not draw it." The flogging was then resumed and continued until he died, he being wholly or partially disemboweled.

Capt. Richard Carter was Captain of a Revenue Cutter at New Bern, after the Revolution.

Resolution from the 3d Township.

The Democrats of the 3d Township in the primary passed resolutions in favor of pure and genuine Democracy but condemning Cleveland and others, and praising Vance, and endorsing Davis as Ransom's successor.

The meeting made the following recomendations for county officers: Jos. Kinsey, for sheriff, Geo. J. Dudly, for register of deeds; Geo S Wilson, county surveyor and Dr. Linister Duffy, coroner.

Wake Forest College.

WAKE FOREST, N. C.

A Christian College embracing ten Academic Schools and the professional School of Law. A select Library of 1,100 volumes. A large and well furnished Reading Room. Thoroughly equipped Gymnasium and Laboratories. Literary Societies unsurpassed in the South. No secret Fraternities allowed among the students. Free tuition for ministers and the sons of ministers. Loans for the needy. Board from six to ten dollars per month. A complete system of water works with ample bathing facilities. Summer Law School opens July 2nd. Next session begins September 5th.

For further information address

REV. C. E. TAYLOR, President.

jd&w 2w

Government Investigation of Timber.

Mr. Chas. Mohr, of Mobile, Alabama, is in the city at Hancock's boarding house. Mr. Mohr is connected with the Forestry Division of the United States Department of Agriculture, and for two years past has gathered information along the line of lumber products of different regions of the Union and specimens of wood for government tests. These tests are made to determine the practical and mechanical qualities of the various kinds of timber, and also of the same kind of timber from different localities and from different conditions of climate and soil, which conditions affect the character of even the same kinds to a vastly greater extent than those who have not posted themselves on the subject would suppose.

These tests decide the strength, efficiency, etc. of the lumber and its adaptedness to various uses and give valuable and reliable data upon which lumber workers can proceed.

One of the valuable points established by these tests is the explosion of the idea once held by many that a "bled" pine tree was not fit for lumber, whereas such lumber has been fully proven to be equal to, if not superior to that from trees that have not been worked for turpentine, and this opens the door for large profits to the owners of pine forests. The trees can now be worked and the lumber sold on a par with that from the unworked trees.

Virginia Dare Hotel Closed

The Virginia Dare Hotel, Beaufort, N. C., is for the present closed as a hotel. Dr. M. P. Robinson, the proprietor who has been running it, passed through moving back to his former home, Louisville, Ky. Parties are left at the hotel in charge to sell the furniture, which is new and fine, and a little later Dr. Robinson expects to sell the hotel itself.

We hope arrangements will be made by which the hotel will be continued. We are sorry to lose Dr. Robinson from our section and good wishes follow him to his old home.

Principal of N. B. C. I Elected.

Prof. E. P. Mendenhall, of Mt. Olive was elected by the Trustees Friday afternoon as Principal of the New Berne Collegiate Institute for the session of 1894-'95.

Prof. Mendenhall comes well recomended as an educator. He was selected from eight or ten applicants, all of whom were highly recomended.

The Professor is a gentleman of middle age and is a man of family. He is expected to arrive in a few days.

River and Harbor Bill Amendment Passed.

When the river and harbor bill was introduced Senator Ransom offered amendments that by which the appropriation for North Carolina water-ways was increased more than $200,000.

A telegram last night to THE JOURNAL brings the information that all these amendments have passed the Senate. The Senator seems to be ever watchful and successful in his efforts to promote whatever will tend to the advantage of the State commercially, and he should receive due credit therefor.

Additional Mail Facilities.

Beginning the 16th, inst, Monday next, mail will be received from North of Wilson by the A. & N. C. Railroad on train No. 5, arriving at New Berne at 9:50 a.m. Mail will be forwarded to points North of Wilson every day at 2:30 p. m.

Mail for the afternoon train will close at 1:45 p. m.

A Card to the Citizens of North Carolina Concerning Blind Children.

In view of the completion of the Morganton Institution for the education of the Deaf, and their removal from the Institution for the Deaf Dumb and Blind at Raleigh, the latter Institution is better prepared than ever before to sustain and educate the Blind. Our capacity is increased, our force augmented and methods ameliorated; all of which enables us to do more efficient work than we have heretofore done. We are anxious that every Blind child in the State receive an education; we wish to do all in our power for the betterment of this unfortunate class; to enable them to avail themselves of this FREE Institution in which the State so magnanimously offers to instruct this class of its citizens.

With a view to this end, we earnestly appeal to the philanthropic people of our commonwealth to aid us in this noble work. We wish to be put in touch with every Blind child within our borders. We desire the name, postoffice, township, county and nearest railroad station of every child of this class of North Carolina. Also the name of the parent or guardian of such child. With such data, we will correspond with the parents and guardians of these children, and in this way put them in reach of an education.

Will not the good people of the State who know of a Blind child or children in their vicinity send us a card with the information wanted? We promise to use our best efforts to get these children in school, if you will enable us to get their names. Please forward the data at once and greatly oblige.

Very truly,

B. F. MONTEGUE, For the Board of Trustees.

W. J. YOUNG, Principal.

Raleigh, N. C., July 9, 1894.

Strike Brevities.

At all points in California except Sacramento and Oakdale the situation has turned against the strikers.

Five hundred troops with five Gatlin guns and two Hotchkiss guns are en route to San Francisco by trains. The strikers there are wild over the news. There are 3000 of them and flushed with victory over United States Marshals and State police and a complete victory over more than a thousand State malitia they are just in the mood to resist the regulars and a pitched battle may result.

The strikers in Galveston, Texas, had a little conflict with police and deputy marshals. They were trying to take two Pullman cars from a train but did not succeed. They afterwards damaged engines and hold up some trains.

At Spring Valley, Ill., the regulars fired into a mob composed of Hungarians, Poles and other foreigners that were pelting them with stones. They killed one and wounded several. The mob then broke for timber and has not assembled since.

Almost a Centenarian.

Mr. Joshua Hudson, of Stanly county, deserves to take front rank among the citizens of the State.

He is 99 years old, has been married three times, has twenty-three children and 400 grandchildren and great-grandchildren. Notwithstanding his great age, Mr. Hudson is hale and hearty and is active and cheerful.—Salisbury Herald.

"NEWS ADRIFT."

"Picked-Up" by The Journal Which is Always in "The Swim"

Hotel Albert has just put in additional electrict lights and a telephone service. Mr. Geo. Wyman performed the work.

A pleasure yacht with Messrs. Strudwick and Woodward, of Norfolk, and friends aboard, has arrived at Morehead.

At Dover the unusual occurrence of a hog dropping dead as he was walking along a street took place a few days ago.

We hear that the charges against Rev. Mr. West, the Northern Methodist pastor at Ocracoke, have been investigated and that he has been acquitted.

The City Council having repealed the dog muzzling ordinance most of the canines now have their usual freedom. Occasionally, however, one can be seen still wearing the muzzle.

Governor Carr issues a proclamation offering $100 reward for the arrest of Ed. S. Hart, who is charged with burning the barn of Mrs. Mary Dewey near Vanceboro.

The Revenue Cutter Colfax is again at Morehead City, and the officers are no doubt taking delight in mingling with happy throngs at the Atlantic hotel, at which place their wives are spending the summer.

Mr. Wright, of Aurora, has planted a crop of Jersey reds, for northern shipment He expects to ship a thousand barrels. It is said that more profit is sometimes realized from them than from Irish potatoes.

Our people are again rejoicing in the luxury of a double daily train on the A. & N C Railroad. We now have a train from Morehead at 8:17 a. m. and 2:28 p. m.; and from Goldsboro at 9:50 a. m. and 6 p. m. The train which goes to Morehead City in the morning turries there from 11:14 to 1:12—practically 2 hours.

It seems that we are to have plenty of candidates in the 3d Congressional District. Among the five that we have heard of is Mr. Duncan E. McIver, a cousin of our young townsman, Mr. W. D. McIver. Mr. McIver is only thirty-three years old and when in the State Senate, 1887, was the youngest man there.

Miss Meta Chestnutt, from the Indian Territory, is now visiting at Grifton. Miss Chestnutt is a sister of Rev. I. L. Chestnutt, the first pastor of the Disciple church of New Berne. For four years past she has been teaching in the Indian Territory, and is back to spend a few months with her relatives and friends of her early years. In the fall she will return to her post of duty.

Gen'l Gaston Lewis who has been down to the encampment running off the grounds previous to the carrying of the troops, passed through returning to Goldsboro. He pronounces the grounds the prettiest and best he has ever seen. The grounds have been improved considerably since last year. One of the improvements is that the brush has been cleared out between the grounds and the railroad, giving breeze free access to and through the grounds.

Senator Daniel and Senator Jarvis, of North Carolina, had a conference Wednesday with Col. Berpell, State Senator D. J. Turner, R. S. Cohn, of Norfolk, Va.; Dr. J. F. Bryant and P. D. Camp of Franklin, Va., representing the North Carolina Lumber Association, who are trying to have the duty upon lumber restored to that place upon it by the House tariff bill. New Berne being a great lumber section, considerable interest is felt in whatever is done in Congress in reference to the tariff upon lumber.

Death of the Heaviest Man on Earth.

Many JOURNAL readers and New Berne Fair visitors will recall the rotund figure of John Hanson Craig who was at the New Berne Fair in 1892, and was then the heaviest man in the world, his weight being 907 pounds. Mr. Craig, we are sorry to say, is no longer the heaviest man on earth, for he died last week in Danville, Indiana.

At the time Mr. Craig was at our Fair he weighed 907 pounds; at the time of his death he weighed 735 pounds. A special coffin, of course, had to be prepared for him.

His first wife, Miss Mary Kissler, is said to have been almost as large as her husband. His last wife was a small lady. Mr. Craig had one child, the offspring of the last marriage.

Mr. Craig's weight at two years old was 206 pounds, at which time he took the thousand dollar premium in Barnum's baby show in 1858.

Wake Forest College.

We call the attention of our readers to the advertisement of this well-known institution, which begins its 60th session September 5th, next.

It is what it claims to be, a distinctively Christian college.

It seeks to give the highest culture under the spirit and influence of the best type of Christianity.

Its sons are to be found in high and honored callings in nearly every State of the Union.

Three of the six honorary scholarships open to North Carolina students are held by Wake Forest men.

Its faculty represents the culture and scholarships of Johns Hopkins, Washington and Lee and the University of Virginia. President Harper of the great Chicago University is reported to have said recently, "Wake Forest is the best college in the South."

The college claims to offer thorough scholarships in a religious atmosphere at a minimum cost.

When baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.
Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.
Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.
Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

The Knights of Pythias have gained a thousand members in North Carolina; the gain in lodges was 13 in the past year. This makes the total number of lodges forty-five.

OUR LUMBER SHIPMENTS.

Two Million Feet in a Week's Time—The Figures from some of the Mills.

New Berne does an immense trade in lumber shipping. Although we see it going on around us we are apt to lose sight of the magnitude of the industry and occasionally need to refresh ourselves with some of the figures that we may properly appreciate its importance.

From the Blades mill on Monday morning, July 9th, his new schooner, the Ivey, left with the second cargo she has ever taken out. She had on 225,000 feet; that afternoon the steam barge Wm. R. McCabe left from the same mill with 125,000 feet of lumber and 167,000 shingles.

At the W. N. & N. wharf the barge Edward has just loaded with 250,000 feet and the barge Everett E. Dale is now loading with 250,000. These two barges will in a few days go out together. These cargoes were brought into the city by rail from the Parmelee's Eccleson Lumber Company's mill. These cargoes are equal to sixteen car loads.

At the New Berne Lumber Company's mill the schooners Robert Brattan and Addie Heare are loading. They will carry a total of 150,000 feet.

At the Chatuka mills, the Lizzie James and J. C. Wilson are loading. One carries 225,000, the other 65,000 feet.

The barge Naulty is at the mill of the Pine Lumber Company, loading. She will take out 300,000 feet. The schooner Cherubim, Capt. John Nelson, has also arrived to take a load of 100,000 feet from this mill.

Two barges, the Ella McNally and Minnie Saylor are to arrive to-day to load at the Stimson Lumber Company's mill. They, together, will take out 500,000 feet.

There are several large mills, the Clark mill, the Moody mill, etc., whose immediate shipments are not included in the above. The figures above given make more than two million feet, and with the shipments of the other mills added it is safe to say that the figures will be swelled considerably beyond that amount.

Onslow Co., Sulphur and Iron Springs.

How many Eastern North Carolinians who believe in the value of White Sulphur springs and the efficacy of the waters and curing diseases and who love to drink freely of the health giving waters when they are at such springs know that about midway between New Berne and Wilmington there are two such springs—fine ones—which contain both sulphur and iron and are of decided benefit in building up the debilitated and promoteing the general healthfulness of those who partake of them.

These springs are about ten miles from Jacksonville and within five miles of each other and are near Catherine Lake. One of them is on the land belonging to the estate of the late Dr Chas. Duffy, and the latter belongs to the estate of Sheriff Murrill of Onwslow county, and the family residence is close to the spring. This is a very large spring and it occupies a prominent place in Prof. Kerr's Geology of North Carolina. So large is it that it is calculated to discharge 2,000 gallons of water per minute.

Until the W. N. & N. Railroad was built, the long drive necessary to reach these springs was against their coming into much notice, but now we see no reason why the use of the springs should not be developed, add wide attention be given to them.

The name by which the larger of these springs is designated is Alum spring but this is a misnomer—entirely missleading and should be abolished.

A Swindler on His Rounds.

The Richmond Dispatch has a special telling of the operations of a swindler at Windsor. He was dressed in the habiliments of a Roman Catholic Priest, and came into town with a lot of patent medicine which he pretended to give away, but he succeeded in getting about a hundred dollars from the audience which he promised he would return, but having secured what he could he struck his horse and left in a run.

He victimized the people of Edenton out of over $200 and about $100 at Plymouth. His name was not learned.

Let the different towns be on their guard against the rascal. Some years ago a New Berne crowd was successfully gulled by a voluble scamp in somewhat the same style.

The Peaceful South, the Lawless North.

When the great coal strike took place last April it extended to but few Southern coal mines, and while there was much lawlessness and rioting by the strikers in other sections there was but very little of that in the South.

When the different contingents of the Coxey army were organized to march on Washington not a single one went from the South. Senator Daniel tells of an incident that occurred while the Coxey gang