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New Berne Weekly Journal.

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VOL. XVII. — NEW BERNE, CRAVEN COUNTY, N. C., NOVEMBER 15, 1894. — NO. 34

CARPET SALE!

We now offer the trade some of the best values in CARPETS that have ever been shown in the State.

One yard wide, in home made Rag Carpets, at 15c. Better grade at 25c.

Cotton Ingrain Carpets, 20 and 25c.

Cotton Ingrain carpets better quality, for 30 and 35c.

¾ wool, 2 ply Extra Super Ingrain carpets at 40c.—Try to match them elsewhere for less than 50c.

All wool, 2 ply Extra Super Ingrain Carpets at 50c.

All wool 3 ply Extra Super Ingrain carpets at 75c.

...TAPESTRIES...

An elegant line of beautiful patterns we will sell for the next few days at 45c.—worth 50 to 60c.

Better grade in many elegant designs, worth 75c, now selling for 65c.

Now we come to the Line we are proud of:

Stinson & Higgins, extra quality, 10 wire tops, at 70c.—worth 85 and 90c.

We do not like to sell these goods at such extremely low prices, but is forcing us to many things this season, we did not want to do. 5c. COTTON

VELVET CARPETS.

We invite your attention to our Velvet Carpets at 75c.

RUGS!

All sizes from 40c to $3.75.

Linoleums and Oil Cloths, Different Widths.

MATTINGS!

A few pieces of handsome Cotton Warp, reduced from 30c to 20c. Also our leader Seamless Mattings, can use both sides, 10c. per yd.

Do not fail to get the benefit of this "Removal Sale."

Respectfully,

H. B. DUFFY.

D. F. JARVIS,
Dry Goods, Shoes, Carpetings, Etc.
63 POLLOCK ST.,
NEW BERNE, N. C.

Our stock for the Fall and Winter Trade is now complete in all Departments.

Our Assortment of DRESS GOODS is especially Large and carefully selected from the Latest Styles. We invite especial attention to our line of

BLACK DRESS GOODS

It will repay to examine them and get our prices before purchasing.

Corsets:

We are agents for the R. & G. Thomsons Glove Fitting, Dr. Warner's Health, and various makes of Corsets.

Shoes:

We carry a full line of the Harrisburg Shoes which we guarantee **Long Wearers.** A shoe you can depend upon to give you entire satisfaction every time.

Full line of Carpets, Oil Cloths, Mattings, Rugs, Art Squares in latest and attractive designs.

Our prices we guarantee to be as low as you can obtain anywhere for FIRST-CLASS goods, and we are

Determined Not to be Undersold.

When in the City you are invited to make yourself at home in our store and examine our Stock.

- No Trouble to Show Goods -

Samples sent upon application.

RICHMOND HILLS.

As ancient Rome throned on her seven hills,
Beneath blue skies looks where the prospect fills
On broaden'd Appian Way, and Tiber, wide,
So Richmond, built near where the waters glide,
Sits like a jewelled queen. The red man here
Once roamed the wilds, or chanced the fleet-foot deer,
Where swell these slopes, watched with his doe and awn
The silent woods wake at the touch of dawn.
All changed is now this scene. Ships come and go
To busy marts, and where the forest aisles
Reached to the water's edge, the wharves flow,
And glow of thrifty life.
Man's toiling reconciles.
Not ever thus her peaceful way. Between
Fair Richmond then and now, there intervene
Dread times of deadly strife. Once at her voice
A nation thrilled! And of her sons, the choice
Bled for her cause to reap war's empty fame;
For in the dust her tatter'd banner trailed,
And mourning all but honor, she bewailed
When thro' her streets the conquering foemen came!
But years, with tiree apace, lit up the flame
Of peace; until once more new from its fold
Prometheus-like she sprang
More splendid than of old!
Fair "Richmond on the James!" No painter's brush
Can limn thy beauties rare when in the flush
Of sunny, southern skies, thy every hill
Shines like a gem; and fairest yet, Church Hill,
High o'er the rest gleams as the apex-stone.
O, waves and fields, and each enchanted spot
From Nature's perfect mould! When is forgot
All other scenes, and memory's sense has flown,
Unto the ear thy river's murmuring falls
Might seeming come as voice of an angel calls.
Led by their cadence soft, my soul would will—
The winged for higher worlds—to linger still
And let earth's farewell look
Rest from thy brow, Church Hill
Inda Barton Hays.

COULDN'T DO IT.

A Woman Who Could Not Tie a Four-in-Hand.

She Was the Picture of Neatness in Other Ways, But Her Necktie Wouldn't Work — Lessons Did Her No Good.

A nice little side-street woman became convinced that shirt waists were the proper thing in which to go shopping, for marketing, for street car riding and in which to play croquet—for she is an ardent lover of the mallet and hoops, which, by the way, has great vogue on the side streets, says an exchange. She has always had an aversion to shirt waists because they partook so much of the nature of a uniform. Her husband, however, admired them on other women and thought they looked smart and natty, and, of course, that settled the question immediately. She would have some shirt waists if she had to do without tea.

So she bought some very fetching waists in stripes, pink, blue and lavender. The next thing was a belt with a silver buckle and some ties. She bought the belt and made some ties out of black silk, modeled on one of her husband's, which she took apart and used as a pattern. The whole affair was very stunning. Her ties were what is known as four-in-hands, and she desired to make one into a presentable bow knot, which, in the nature of things, was impossible. Then she remembered that her husband always wore his ties hanging down in front. She had seen him tie them every morning for ten years, which would be ten times three hundred and sixty-five—three thousand six hundred and fifty times—and she felt perfectly competent to do it herself, for she had learned dress making and cooking and china painting and a few other simple things all by herself, therefore, why should she not "tackle" a four-in-hand?

When she got the tie under the collar she folded it, as he had done, then she put it through some place or other and pulled and the two ends came out in her hand, but there was no knot. She is a prosaic person, however, and after struggling she conquered it, and there was her four-in-hand tied as nice as you please. Then she went out upon the veranda to await the home coming of her husband, conscious of the fact that she was the picture of primness, if she was not actually swell.

When he appeared he commenced to admire, as all good husbands should. "My, but isn't that nice?" he said. "It's very becoming, my dear, but, say, what's that you have around your neck? Ha! ha! ho! ho!"

"Stop your laughing, you wretch!" she said, with tearful indignation. "That's my four-in-hand. I've seen you tie it that way millions of times."

"Well, I guess not," he said. "For the four-in-hand was tied into a hard little knot about the size of a hickory nut and quite as hard, and it took him ten minutes to pick it open with a fork.

"Here, dear, it's all right now. Watch me," and he took part his own tie and said: "Watch me closely now. You pass this end over in front that way, then bring it up behind and down through like this; now pull tight, and—there you are!"

The little woman laughed and said:

"Why, yes, that's simple enough; how stupid of me not to see it before."

She stood in front of a glass and tied and untied, and twisted and fidgeted until she got it fixed to suit her, and then pulled. There was the same old hickory nut knot. Then he showed her once more; standing behind her, and, taking her hand in his, he went through the motions, and that time she was sure she could do it. But she failed miserably, and was on the point of crying, for the steak was cold and the potatoes burned. And it ceased to be funny to him, also, for he was both tired and hungry. She gave it up, and he, impertinent thing, said: "I always said a woman could do anything she tried except throw a stone or kill a chicken, but I'll be blamed if she can tie a four-in-hand."

Wild Scnemes of War.

The rumored invention of M. Turpin for destroying a hostile army wholesale is not the only scheme of defense which has recently been submitted to the French minister of war; for the professor of one of the principal colleges in Paris has proposed that large blow flies should be bred and kept in cages, being fed upon blood placed between the artificial skin of lay figures dressed up in the German uniform. When war was declared, these flies would be rendered venomous by feeding them on the sap of tropical plants, and taken to the front in their cages, from which they would be released, and make short work of the enemy. Another patriot suggests that dogs should be trained to bite lay figures wearing the German uniform, and that each soldier should be accompanied by a dog in time of war. These dogs would at once "go" for the enemy, their advance being rendered invisible by setting fire to some substance which would emit a cloud of smoke.—London Daily News.

A Study of Cats Eyes.

Mr. Lindsay Johnson, after examining the eyes of one hundred and eighty domestic cats, as well as those of all the accessible wild members of the family, concludes that the natural shape of the cat's pupil is circular, though under various degrees of light it assumes every shape from the circle to a straight vertical line.

SAVED BY WARNING SIGNALS.

Vessels Valued at Millions of Dollars Made Secure From Danger And Lives Saved.

It is well understood that the work of the weather Bureau in the [illegible] of storms, floods, [illegible] have been of great benefit to both people on several occasions. The Bureau was established [illegible] Washington [illegible] has gathered and published figures as to the number and value of vessels and cargoes that were prevented from being exposed to the fury of the two recent storms by the warnings. The figures [illegible] will give a good idea of the value of the service. They show that during the storm of September 24-29, 1893, 1,069 vessels valued at $17,[illegible], and cargoes valued at $10,[illegible], 1,216 vessels valued at $19,183,000, and their cargoes valued at $6,285,000, remained in port on the Atlantic and Gulf coasts, because from danger through such perils for which warnings were sent.

Of these vessels it is probable that a large proportion would be [illegible] but for the warnings, as losses had become so great in the past from storms that had they done so, nearly all of them would have encountered the storms and been more or less damaged, if not entirely lost, as the records show for a [illegible] of those that went out in spite of the warnings, show that in every instance they suffered severe injury, or were destroyed. Reports from the region traversed by the storm give the warnings a share for saving a considerable number of lives, one of Long Island, Charleston, reporting that over four lives were probably saved by this means.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

Jerry Simpson is defeated.

They have [illegible] in the fall of the Tennessee.

Tennessee elected a Republican governor, but the Democrats have the Legislature.

It is getting so that we quite expect rains to make product on an election.

Mr. De Armond's majority in the Capital West have only imaginary.

The panic in China in the region of the fighting is going on continually.

Mr. Goff took the elevator and Tarsney took the evaporator.

Only the bashful will complain because reference to Mr. Morton's connection with the press, and the old is [illegible].

The good [illegible] more than [illegible] they will be elected by a good majority.

Little Delaware went to the Republicans by a plurality of 11,225 on the vote for Governor.

It seems that the people of New York's scheme is lushed, New York continues sit on the fence and watch the Bigger Cayago procession.

The Treasury operations statement shows an increase in the month of October of all kinds of circulation of $17,044,410, making a total circulation in November of $1,672,008,422, or $24.27 per capita.

Illinois Democrats are unanimous in blaming Cleveland for the present great defeat of the party. They say he is today in calling Congress together for business and less so than any other day of the week.

According to a French journal, Geneva [illegible] is the most [illegible] graphic clocks which talk instead of striking it.

A man named McLaughlin, [illegible] met another man named McLaughlin in San Francisco lately, the strangers, and after a little talk they discovered that they were twin brothers.

The senior class of the Maryland University Law School has organized a moot court of the University of Maryland, which will meet every week, a member of the faculty to act as judge.

Rabbi Wolff Willner, late of the East Street Synagogue, Baltimore, has resigned from the ministry and entered Johns Hopkins University as a student of Romance languages.

All the Brooklyn [illegible] on October 27 or 28 [illegible] 1000 men resumed work.

A New Orleans orchestra [illegible] at 8 cents a night [illegible] the Egyptian and Indian [illegible] sun's, which [illegible] As [illegible] prove disappointing.

News has been received [illegible] of the destruction of seven [illegible] towns in Hunan. The [illegible] were killed and over 50 Christians massacred. The Viceroy [illegible] the Powers for the protection [illegible] sons and missionaries in China.

A pair of hounds in Harrison [illegible] Ky., were set on trail of a [illegible] recently, and after following [illegible] ran into a house, [illegible] in which the thief, his wife and [illegible] were asleep.

It is said that the study of Bible is a penny that is only [illegible] which he can carry about with him in his patriotism.

The Breckenridge district in Kentucky is in doubt. Owens, Dem., claims his plurality, but Jacob Dunn, Rep., says he is confident of his election, and contest if Owens is given a certificate, basing his grounds partly on technical [illegible] Republican voters.

J. W. Bassett, a prominent [illegible] Democrat of Rowan county, was found dead on the road near [illegible] Springs that night. He had been [illegible] and killed by poisoning, [illegible] attempted to rob him.

While painting the residence of Anheuse Busch, of Milwaukee, [illegible] Labor and his [illegible] upset, upsetting the scaffolding, which [illegible] staff, causing a horse to kick [illegible] pieces. Ehret started to escape [illegible] courage, and discovered [illegible] taken chest under the floor [illegible]. The chest was found to contain $800 [illegible] and silver coin.

The big hog who [illegible] following at Sandy Hook [illegible] when a drug old [illegible] Highlands [illegible] and said, with [illegible] pleasure: "That's the first [illegible] I've heard in thirty years."

A law in Norway [illegible] from speaking [illegible] liquor [illegible] accidents [illegible] other persons. [illegible] country, which [illegible] literature and [illegible].

The Jackson [illegible] death of Mr. [illegible] four miles from [illegible] Nov. 1st. [illegible] The Times [illegible] Mr. [illegible] man [illegible] connected [illegible] nomination, [illegible] any call for [illegible] to give [illegible] and offering [illegible] office, which [illegible] over the [illegible] Democratic [illegible] Times [illegible] their [illegible].

If the Baby is Cutting Teeth.

Be sure and use the old and well tried remedy, Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. Twenty-five cents a bottle. n6dyr.

REPUBLICAN ESTIMATE.

As to Their Majority in the Next House of Representatives. A Majority of 106 Claimed—Democrats Concede 56.

A Washington dispatch of the Republican congressional campaign committee estimates the next House will be 121 Democrats, 214 Republicans, and 4 Populists, giving the Republicans a clear majority of [illegible].

The Democratic Congressional Campaign Committee [illegible] its headquarters Wednesday. Several attempts were made to get a statement from Chairman Blackburn, but Mr. McKee took upon a to give the relative party representations in the next House, but each time fuller information was sent they declined. The Democratic campaign committee concedes a Republican plurality of 59 in the next House.

At a [illegible] on the 7th inst. Mr. Babcock [illegible] with the following statement:

"Returns received up to this hour show a Republican gain of over 250 members in the House of the States to hear from. We have carried the solid Congressional delegation of twenty-three States. We have carried the majority of the delegations in thirty States, including [illegible] Pennsylvania in case the election should be thrown into the House. The returns indicate that we have secured control of the new Senate by a majority of [illegible] without counting the votes of North Carolina, which has [illegible] Populist Legislature."

Certain Democratic figures show that the Republicans have carried the following Congressional districts: Connecticut, Colorado, Delaware, Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Montana, Nebraska, New Hampshire, New Jersey, North Dakota, Oregon, Rhode Island, South Dakota, Vermont, Washington, Wisconsin, West Virginia and Wyoming. The number of districts he claims the Republicans carried in the other States are: Alabama 2, Arkansas 1, California 2, Florida 1, Georgia 2, Iowa 10, Kentucky 7, Maryland 4, Missouri 7, New York 29, North Carolina 1, Ohio 19, Pennsylvania 22, South Carolina 1, Tennessee 4, Texas 3, Virginia 2.

PAMLICO'S OFFICIAL VOTE.

Democrats Get All County Officers But Two—Also Representative—Fusionists Carry the State Ticket.

CHIEF JUSTICE OF SUPREME COURT.

Faircloth, Fusionist	744	
Smith, Dem.	471	
Fusion majority		273

ASSOCIATE JUSTICES.

Furches	744	
Clark	471	
Walter Clark	1157	
Fusion majority		273

SOLICITOR 1ST DISTRICT.

Lloyd, Fusionist	710	
Bond, Dem.	444	
Fusion majority		266

CONGRESS 1ST DISTRICT.

Henry Skinner, Fusionist	732	
W. A. B. Branch, Dem.	466	
Fusion majority		266

SENATE 2ND DISTRICT.

H. B. McCaskey, Fusionist	485	
J. B. Parson	429	
J. B. Bryan, Dem.	477	
W. B. Grimes, Jr.	477	
Fusion majority		8

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Louis G. Daniels, Dem.	455	
Dennis H. Archer, Rep.	447	
J. B. Martin, Pop.	445	
Dem. over all pluality		8

REGISTER OF DEEDS.

Alexander Lee, Fusionist	811	
J. W. Miller, Dem.	482	
Fusion majority		329

CLERK SUPERIOR COURT.

George Miller, Dem.	594	
J. A. Brinson, Pop.	514	
Dem. majority		80

SHERIFF.

W. J. Parker, Dem.	497	
J. E. Carson, Pop.	487	
Dem. majority		10

TREASURER.

J. E. Speas, Pop.	529	
J. D. Gaskins, Dem.	509	
Pop. majority		20

SURVEYOR.

F. B. Tingle, Dem.	512	
D. C. Branson, Pop.	493	
Dem. majority		19

CORONER.

J. H. Bell, Dem.	506	
[illegible], Pop.	483	
Dem. majority		23

CONSTABLES ELECTED.

No. 1 T. W. Miller, Populist.
No. 2 [illegible] Davenport, Dem. and [illegible] a Populist.
No. 3 [illegible] Dem.
No. 4 [illegible] Pop.
No. 5 [illegible] Dem. Rep.

INDIAN SUMMER.

When summer days grow brown and old,
A wonderful moment is set in gold,
Neath a blue by no human dyes,
Glorious and calm and worked in rays
And, measured in gems, with more than these
Hung on the sky across the land.

I know enough to know it is
When I hear the rustle of its spell
The sweet [illegible] of grass
Are [illegible] in the wind,
And [illegible] the wood
Long [illegible] where [illegible] behind,
[illegible] where cattle graze
The hazy [illegible] and [illegible]
A [illegible] the sky in mellow [illegible]
Lucy L. Avery, Conway.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.
Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.
Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.
Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Chase Democratic Congressman who [illegible] Populists [illegible] the returns from the West.

A Determined Woman

[illegible] burglar and [illegible] assistance. Dr. Porter's Gentle Medicine Dromedary is mentioned that checks be fright in [illegible] Constipation, Biliousness, Dyspepsia, [illegible] Fever and ague, [illegible] 50 cts. n6dyr.

Asthma cured by newly discovered remedy. Address, for treat pamphlet, testimonials and references, World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

WHERE THE BLAME LIES,
Everybody Has an Explanation.

Some Attribute Democratic Defeat to One Cause Some to Another—Cleveland Comes in For Probably the Largest Share of Blame—Congress Gets a Large Portion Also.—The Difference Between the National Defeat and That in North Carolina.

The Republicans have got the country, the Democrats have suffered such a defeat as no member of any party dreamed of prior to the election. What were the causes and what of the future are the questions that now present themselves for consideration.

The reasons advanced are various—some of them have foundation; others would not stand the test of thoughtful analysis. Almost every reason includes as a chief contributary, the depression in business, and the popular tendency to hold the party in power responsible for it regardless of the fact that it came on under Republican laws, and as a natural sequence of the squandering of all the public money by the preceding administration. Plenty of people are hot against Cleveland, talking as if he did it all, while others bring in the slowness of Congress in enacting whatever changes in their law that were to be made, to account a large share of the blame.

The leading Illinois Democrats load all the blame upon the President's shoulders. They bring forward the fact that speedy action was urged by party leaders upon the President even prior to his inauguration and the while making no promise he gave them to understand that he would urge the settlement of the tariff before asking for any silver legislation. But instead of doing so, he did just the other thing, and just what the people had voted for in 1892 they did not get in March, 1893, or 10 months and months afterward.

The Chicago Herald fixes the blame in this fashion: "If Cleveland had had a proper appreciation of the fact that was to be encountered when the Democratic party set out to destroy the protective tariff policy of this country, he would have summoned Congress in March, 1893. If that had been done, the mandate of the people, as given in the elections of 1890 and 1892, would have been far more potent than it was in 1894, when Congress tardily got to work on the Wilson bill, and many who this year sulked or held back or openly traded with the enemy would have been in line, doing loyal service in the cause of reform. The almost inconceivable folly and stupidity of that delay was the fault of Grover Cleveland alone. Nearly all of the other blunders by the Democratic party grew out of this one fatal mistake. Started wrong, it went wrong, and at every turn it was given a large impulse in the wrong direction by some unconscious utterance from the White House."

The leading causes assigned seem to come in about the following order:

The industrial situation, the tariff bill, the President's letters, the letters he did not write, Wilson's [illegible] dinner speech, the lack of cohesion between the House and Senate, his desertion in the passage of the tariff bill, displeasure at the President's general policy, disappointment of office-seekers; lack of cohesion of financial questions; recklessness of the constantly increasing independent vote; ignorance of a large popular element and their stubborn incapacity to deal with economic questions; rottenness of State and municipal government in New York and the stern determination of the substantial and thoughtful Democrats to correct it at any cost.

A Charlotte Observer Washington correspondent quotes "a prominent North Carolinian, who knows a two thousand dollar position" in Washington as saying:

"We were overwhelmed in my judgment, chiefly because, first, our party is a silver party and we don't get free silver; second, our party is a revenue reform party and when a revenue reform bill was passed the Republicans not only refused to sign it, but actually, in a published letter, stigmatized as pernicious the action of some of the men who framed it."

The Observer enumerates the reasons given in the two preceding paragraphs and remarks upon them truly that the injustice of some of them is perfectly apparent but they have wide circulation and many believe in them.

In their expectations from the Democratic party when it was restored to power the voters did not rightly appreciate the difficulties that had to be met. The Republicans turned over finances of the country over to them in an awful fix. The immenso surplus that had accumulated under Cleveland's first administration was by them swept out of existence. They spent all that money, all the revenues of the Government that came in while they were in power, and left the treasury practically bankrupt. In addition to this, they tremendously increased the pension list, and entailed other expenses on the Government that had to be met by the succeeding administration.

It is no wonder that hard times resulted and that voters could lose sight of the so recent acts which brought them on almost surpasses belief.

Although they were accused of slowness the Democrats, notwithstanding the difficulties they had to meet on account of the bad condition of affairs, the burdens even reaching into the future that the Republicans had imposed upon the country, accomplished more during the time Congress was in session even with their small majority in the Senate, and the defection of two or three of their members who ought to have acted squarely with their party than any other Congress ever did in the same length of time, and in the three or four who did not pull squarely with the other Democratic members had done so even better results would have followed in even less time, but that Congress did not assemble and do what it was going to do at the earliest possible moment after the election was a mistake which many saw at the time, and which we judge all see now, and the wrangling that arose in the party, the estrangements that followed and the apathy and indifference that seemed to take possession of some Democrats and the overconfidence that appeared to be almost general did the rest.

As far as New York is concerned the result is not so much to be deplored. Ring rule, which seems to be a curse which that State is specially afflicted with was once more getting the ascendency, and in our intercourse with those who "come and go" we found men who avowed themselves true Democrats, who alleged positive even before the nominations were made that no matter who was selected as the candidates they would vote against them in order to break up the machine influence—they saw no way of doing this except by putting in a new set entirely, even if it had to be Republicans, and then voting where their hearts lay the next time. It was said and we believe truly that thousands of men held this position, who will fall into line for Democracy in the next election.

The loss of any State or any candidate in any State is to be regretted, still more is it to be regretted that the Nation has gone over to the Republicans, and yet more, that the enemy has reached over into our own far South and with its withering touch—the loss of the State, and the consequent interruption to some extent, of that good, wise, beneficent and economical government with which we have been blessed since 1876, and the restoration even temporarily of the days that preceded, is to be deplored most of all. Our hope is, however, that the Populists-elect although they have been affiliating with Republicans, will still have manhood enough left to respect their homes and firesides, to prevent ruthless hands being laid upon the county governments, and to check in some measure the retrogressive legislation in other directions which the Republicans, if left with the bridled license, would again inflict upon our State which has suffered so much at their hands.

Many a Democrat, not rightly appreciating the importance of his vote, did not come out to the polls on election day. There were quite a number in this city who neglected this important duty. We have heard of them on all sides. They no doubt thought that plenty of others would vote and that all would be just the same. They see the error now and were the chances offered to-day they would no doubt be eager to get to their ballots; it is too late for this time, but let them bear this object in mind and be ready at the next election, let come what will.

We are defeated for the time, and defeated overwhelmingly defeated but we are by no means dismayed. We will have to bear the ills of bad government a while again, but the true principles of Democracy are eternal and will ultimately prevail.

THE CHANGE OF MANAGERS.

Mr. Everett Departs and Major D. C. Smith Takes Charge of Hotel Chatawka.

Mr. and Mrs. O. W. Everett left on the steamer New Berne yesterday. They again make their home in Ohio and Mr. Everett, will as he has done heretofore, travel during the winter for a commercial firm and run a summer resort hotel during its season. Mr. Everett, while in charge of Hotel Chatawka, made a very pleasant impression upon the guests of the hotel and our citizens and [illegible] are sorry to see him go.

Major D. C. Smith, the new manager, arrived by the morning steamer and took charge. Major Smith is a hotelist of twenty-five years experience and of more than usual note in that calling. For the past five years he has been running Hotel Clinton, which was named for him in Minneapolis, but he made up his mind to move South. His son will remain in charge of that hotel for the present. Major Smith is an elderly, affable gentleman, and we believe the Chatawka has been fortunate in securing his services, not only on account of his experience in the business but on account of the influence he will exert in bringing to here visitors to spend the winter months here.

THE TRANSIT OF MERCURY.

This Interesting Event Occurs To-Day —What it is Expected to Determine— An English Astronomer Comes to America to View it.

The Rev. Samuel Charlesworth, a well known English amateur astronomer, arrived in New York last Saturday, having come to this country to observe the transit of Mercury, which occurs next Saturday. Mr. Charlesworth is 78 years of age, and came to this country especially to make these observations. He will send the results to the London Times. In speaking about the transit of Mercury, Mr. Charlesworth said:

"The transit of Mercury, which occurs on Saturday, has a special interest to all astronomers, whether scientific or amateur, residing in the United States, because there is no country in the world whence it can be so advantageously seen over the greater portion of England the sun sets about twenty minutes after the commencement of the transit, which begins at 3 hours, 54 minutes, 40 seconds p. m., but along the coast line of the United States the transit will be visible throughout its whole course, varying as to its local time in its commencement from about 10:30 to 11:30 a. m., and occupying five hours and eighteen minutes, each degree of longitude, west or east, adding or diminishing four minutes. In England the question is still a mooted one whether or not Mercury has a companion satellite. The cloudy, misty horizons of England give but brief, unsatisfactory opportunities for observation when the planet sparkles morning or evening in the sun's rays for a brief period, as a slight crescent or full orb. Its greatest distance from the sun is roughly 44,000,000 miles; its least distance 29,000,000. It is the swiftest of the planets in its average speed of twenty-nine miles in each second of time, also the most eccentric in its elliptical orbit.

"After it first impinges on the sun's disk until the whole surface passes within the circle, 103 seconds of time are occupied, being just the planet's diameter, or 103 multiplied by 29. The same, reversed, occurs at the egress. This transit, as seen from the United States, affords an opportunity for deciding once and forever whether Vulcan does or does not possess a satellite. If there be one, it must be apparent on the sun's disk, above or below, before or behind the planet. If none such be seen, then the negative conclusion is equally certain."

BOUND OVER TO COURT.

Four Cases Against Willis, the Embezzling Express Agent—The Matter Still Being Investigated.

A special from Florence, S. C., to the Wilmington Messenger says that T. F. Willis the defaulting agent on the Southern Express company at Kingstree, who was arrested at Wilmington at the instance of Mr. J. P. Steffner, representative of the Guarantee Company of North America, has been taken to Kingstree in the custody of an officer. He appeared before Trial Justice Stutts on the 6th, on four warrants for grand larceny and forgery. Evidence was introduced in one case and the preliminary hearing waived as to the remainder. He was held to bond in the sum of $800.

There are several charges in store against which will be presented later. The case is being thoroughly investigated. The embezzlement at present is nearly $1,000, with the probabilities of an increase as further developments are made.

FALL TIME.

Comes but once a year,
Ketch the possum by the tail,
Or ketch him by the ear!

But ketch him!
O ketch him!
An 'crost the griddle stretch him!
Be certain that you fetch him,
For it's only once a year!

Fall time in Georgia—
Speakers on the stump!
Ketch the rabbit by the tail,
Or ketch him on the jump!

But ketch him!
O ketch him!
An' skin him quick, an' stretch him
Be certain that you fetch him,
For it's only once a year!

Fall time in Georgia—
Hear the partridge call!
When the hound dogs lay the pack,
Just ketch him—home an all!

But ketch him!
O ketch him!
An' on the hickory stretch him!
Be certain that you fetch him,
For it's only once a year!

—F. L. Stanton.

Found.

On or about 20th of Aug., part of a Cypress Raft. Apply to
n9lm CAPT. J. M. IPOCK.

"NEWS ADRIFT."

"Picked-Up" by The Journal Which is Always in "The Swim."

A Free Exhibit

Hyde county has gone Populist for all offices except sheriff. A Democratic sheriff was elected.

The New Berne Knitting Mill is beginning to receive machinery for the increased plant and will very soon more than double their present production.

Councilman Lovick, Chairman of the Streets and Pumps committee, has made arrangements with Mr. Geo. N. Lewis to sell for the purchase of oyster shells at 4 cents per bushel—eight or ten thousand bushels can probably be obtained.

Rev. Edward Bull has left for Wilmington to canvass there for the Standard Dictionary which he is representing. A little later he will take his annual tour in the interest of the East Carolina Fair.

Rev. B. P. Peterson, col., of Raleigh, is in the city in the interest of the exhibition of the State Colored Fair which will be held at Raleigh, begining Tuesday Nov. 13, and ending Friday, Nov. 16. He solicits exhibits for the various departments, distributes premium lists and advertising matter and does whatever else, and secures sub-agents to carry on the work after he leaves. Among the attractions at the fair will be trotting and bicycle races.

The Presbyterian Orphan's Home.

"Our Fatherless Ones" says of the children gathered in the Barium Springs Orphan's Home:

"Our children are beginning to count the days till Thanksgiving. There is no day in the year, except Christmas, that they enjoy more. It is indeed a day of thanksgiving here, for the many nice things we receive on that day make us feel that the Presbyterians of North Carolina love their orphans and honor the Master, and that God's goodness is great in raising up such liberal and sympathetic friends to minister to the fatherless."

"Fifty two healthy, hearty children take seats daily, three times a day, at our tables; fifty-two romping, racing children test the strength of their garments daily on our yards; fifty-two cunning, curious, intelligent, duteous children puzzle their brains daily in our school; fifty-two sly, slighting, or industrious, ingenious children work daily in our farm, garden or yard, or at tub, needle or tray. Some body must watch, somebody must work, somebody must pray. Reader, what part is yours?"

Three Hundred Conversions Under Evangelist Lee.

Evangelist Lee, who is known to our people from meeting he has held in New Berne and neighboring places, has just closed a very successful series at Bedford City, Va. The Christian Advocate summarizes the results thus: "It continued three weeks and resulted in over 300 conversions—127 for the Methodists, 92 for the Baptists, 38 for the Presbyterians and eight for the Episcopalians."

The whole community was stirred, and several political meetings at which some of the very prominent men of Virginia were to speak, had to be postponed or abandoned.

Liquor Licenses Granted.

At the session of the Board of City Council, the following persons were granted license to sell liquor for the ensuing 6 months:

M. Disosway, J. P. Rodman, D. W. Patterson, Jno. S. Garrett, J. F. Taylor, Wm. Colligan, Thos. Bowden, A. M. Edwards, L. J. Laylor, J. W. Moore, John D. Dinkins at two places, N. C. Hughes, H. Danenburg, E. W. Bryan, C. H. Taylor, col., W. H. Johnson, col., and Noah Powell, col.

Onslow Superior Court.

Onslow county court convened Wednesday at 10:30 o'clock; Judge Boykin, presiding.

Among the attorneys present were Solicitor Allen of Lenoir, Gillman, Thompson, Koonce and Duffy of Onslow, Pelletier, McIver, Moore, Nixon, Stevenson of Craven, and Isler of Goldsboro.

One case of importance on the docket is the case of State vs. Simmons for the killing of his brother 8 months ago.

Lee S. Overman Elected President of the N. C. R. R.

The Directors of the North Carolina Railroad met in Raleigh on the 8th, Gov. Carr presiding, and elected Lee S. Overman of Salisbury to succeed Mr. Wm. R. Kornegay, who recently died in Goldsboro.

Jones and Onslow Election.

Every Democrat in Jones county is elected by from 25 to 100 majority. On account of late opening of the polls which resulted in the loss of some votes the Beaver creek and Cypress creek precincts were thrown out.

Official Vote of Craven County.

For State Treasurer:—Wm. H. Worth, Fusionist, 1,864; Sam'l McD. Tate, Dem., 1072; Fusion majority 792.

State Senators 8th district:—Swift Galloway, Dem., 1,169; Dr. F. A. Whitaker, Dem., 1,174; E. L. Francks, Fusion, 1,295; J. M. Newborne, Fusion, 1,314.

House of Representatives:—R. P. Williams, Rep., 1814; O. H. Perry, Dem., 1,025; Rep., majority 789.

Clerk Superior Court:—W. E. Clarke, Rep., 1,660; W. M. Watson, Dem. 1,217.

County Treasurer:—Mayer Hahn, Rep., 1,657; Thos. Daniels, Dem., 1,217.

Register of Deeds:—J. M. Harrison, Rep., 1,637; J. W. Biddle, Dem., 1,224.

Surveyor:—Henry J. Lovick, Rep., 1,676; G. S. Wilcox, Dem., 1,187.

Coroner;—Dr. J. J. Lassiter, col., Rep., 1,674; Dr. N. H. Street, Dem., 1,192.

Sheriff:—Jos. L. Hahn, Rep., 1,657; Wm B. Lane, Dem., 1,192.

Congressmen:—Spears, Rep., 1,257; Shaw, Dem., 1,054; Thompson, Pop., 725; Spears' plurality, 203.

Chief Justice Supreme Court:—Jas. E. Shepard, Dem., 1,080; Wm. Turner Faircloth, Rep., 1,099.

Associate Justices:—Walter Clark, Dem., 2,997; Jas. C. McRae, Dem., 1,078; Armistead Burwell, Dem., 1078; D. M. Furches, Fusionist, 1,950; Walter A. Montgomery, 1,949.

Judges Superior Court:—Edward Timberlake, Wm. S. O'B. Roberson, Albert L. Cobb, Henry R. Starbuck, Leander L. Green and Wm. L. Norwood, Fusionists, 1,949 each; Jacob Battle, Wm. N. Allen, Benjamin F. Long, Wm. N. Melane and Hubert B. Carter, 1,078 each; Wm. Fallon Council, Dem., 1,065.

Solicitor:—Walter E. Daniel, Dem., 1,081; R. W. Williamson, col., Rep., 1,730; Malvern H. Palmer, Pop. 209.

Constable 8th township:—Junius D. Lafloque, Dem., 589; Judge P. Stanly, col., Rep., 734.

Constable No. 1 township:—Edward F. Adams, 218; Fenner Adams, 4; Kirkman, 1.

Constable No. 2 township:—J. A. Thomas, 52; C. L. Gaskins, 91.

Constable No. 3 township:—M. B. Sauls, 126; Allen Murrill, 52.

Constable No. 7 township, Geo. W. Simpson, 79; H. B. Lane, 10.

Louisiana is solid for Democracy. All six of her Democratic congressmen are elected by majorities ranging from 5,000 to 10,000, but all the same Republicans say they will make contests when the fifty-fourth congress meets and attorneys have been engaged to handle the cases. They are hopeful of getting in three of their men.

A Great Temptation

A GREAT TEMPTATION — IT WOULD BE — A GREAT TEMPTATION

A Great Temptation to some folks had they such a lot of

DRY GOODS, Notions, Boots & Shoes Groceries, BOTH STAPLE & FANCY; Hardware & FARMING IMPLEMENTS, WOODEN & WILLOW WAR. Glass Ware and Tin Ware.

AS WE ARE NOW OFFERING.

OUR : : PRICES

CAN NOT BE BEATEN.

We Defy

COMPETITION

Call and examine and be convinced.

Come and see our SAMPLE CLOAKS They are Beauties and Very Cheap.

Respectfully,

Hackburn & Willett.

CHEESE!

CHEESE!!

CHEESE!!!

I have Just Received

12,000 lbs

Of the best cheese that ever made its appearance in this market, which I am offering low down for Cash.

I can sell it to you at what it will now cost you in the NEW YORK MARKET.

J. F. Taylor.