THE JOURNAL.

E. R. HARPER, ... Proprietor.
C. T. HANCOCK, ... Local Reporter.

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THE STORM.

While the storm rages we witness its fury, but it is after it has passed that we see the ravages it has made.

The November storm struck the Democratic party and stripped it leaf and branch; but we did not know that the bark had been blown off, so as to leave scarcely anything by which it could be recognized, until the meeting of Congress disclosed the fact.

The President remains the same I AM. "Grand, gloomy and peculiar—wrapped in the solitude of his own originality."

But, all else how changed! Free raw materials have gone glimmering. Sugar receives no consideration, and the determination of members to take "their's straight" is accepted as evidence of the determination to return to original Democratic principles.

Heaven bless the storm if it lifts the fog that had concealed fundamental principles of Democracy.

What is Democracy? It is the government of the people, and anything that hinders the free exercise of popular rights is anti-Democratic.

The Government that interferes least with the liberty of the subject is best, provided to provides safe guards for his security and happiness.

We trust that the Democratic party will get together, and firmly stand for the interests and liberties of all the people.

The Democratic party has of late years been wrong upon the tariff. We have sustained its position, as best we could, because it offered all the hope and promise that was encompassed by the political horizon. Better than the Rebublican party, it nevertheless needed shaking, that its dead limbs and withered leaves might fall, and its grand old trunk put on new life in the coming spring.

A Democratic tariff is a tariff for revenue only. For revenue only; but for sufficient revenue. Our Democratic fathers knew nothing of an Internal Revenue System with its swarm of "red-legged grass-hoppers." There was no such thing as a Federal Income tax. These are modern contrivances to supply the deficiency of the tariff.

"Well, is the JOURNAL going to take position against the active execution of the Internal Revenue laws, and the vigorous enforcement of provisions for the collection of the Income Tax?" Not at all. They are a part of the present system, but when it comes to the adoption of a national platform in 1896, we shall insist upon a return to fundamental principles as right in itself and absolutely essential to success before the people.

There is no so great a fool as he who is too wise to learn. A mule may butt his head against a stone wall, but he is never so much the son of a jackass as to repeat the experiment.

The Democratic party has never met a fight standing on its own vantage ground. It is the party of the people, and as such it is invincible.

Now, they tell us that times have changed, and that it would be folly to go into a national contest upon an anti-bellum platform.

Pardon us. Principles never change. Measures are creatures of expediency that ought always to be chained to the stern requirements of principles.

When one is at a loss to decide whether a measure conforms to Democratic principles, let him ask himself is it right, is it in the interest of the people?—and if the query is answered in the affirmative, he need not doubt its Democracy.

GOVERNMENT CONTROL OF RAILROADS.

Not long ago a political party in this country enumerated among its demands "Government control of Railroads." There is no danger that that party will control the country, but, inasmuch as it has proven an important factor in bringing about Republican ascendency and may claim some measure of recognition when the Republicans come into power, we transfer the following article to our colums from the Scientific American:

"The recent report of the Interstate Commerce Commission furnishes some very interesting data concerning the economic side of placing railroads under government control. According to these statistics such management by the government has not in the majority of cases beed found successful. At present there are in all 18 countries partly owning and operating the railroads of their countries. The most important of these are France, Germany, Russia, Austria, Japan, Norway and Sweden. In these countries the government fixes the tariff on all traffic, has power to revise these rates at will, and is compelled by law to reduce the rates when the earnings exceed a prescribed percentage. In the majority of cases this percentage does not exceed 15 per cent. The result of this system may be seen in part by the following significant figures. The cost of transporting freight in Great Britain is 2'8 cents per ton per mile; In France 2'2, in Germany 1'61, and the United States 1 cent. In the case of the interest paid on the capital invested, however, England pays 4'1 per cent, France 3'8 per cent, Germany 5'1 per cent, Russia 5'3 per cent, Austria, 1 per cent, Belguim 4'6 and the United States 3'1 per cent. The advantage, it will be seen, is in favor of private rather than of government control. Several States, including Pennsylvania, Michigan, Indiana, Massachusetts, and others, have attempted to manage their railroads, but in every case without financial success."

WALTER R. HENRY.

It is reported that the waters at Washington are troubled and that the next person to step in and be healed will be Walter R. Henry.

The Washington Correspondent of the Raleigh News and Observer, in his letter of Dec. 14, says:

"A Committee of prominent Democrats will be here Tuesday to urge Walter Henry's appointment to Nagasami or Genoa. The committee will be composed of the North Carolina Senatorial delegation and of Messrs. C. B. Aycock, R. B. Glenn, W. W. Fuller, J. S. Carr, F. J. Osborne, Gen. Cox, J. Y. Cooper, J. R. Young and others."

We trust that Mr. Henry will get through with drums beating and banner flying, for he richly deseves recognition, but is the statement about "a committee" correct?

Who do they represent and by whom were they appointed? Mr. Henry is eminently worthy, and we prefer to believe that the distinguished gentlemen mentioned are in Washington to advance the interests of an honorable citizen of North Carolina, not by virture of credentials furnished by some secret convocation, but acting of their own accord under the influence of noble impulses and generous sentiments.

It is matter of suprise and regret that Mr. Henry has not long since received proper recognition at the hands of the Cleveland administration. We believe that he was at one time appointed a consul, but it was said that if he accepted the place, and that big coat of his got wet, there would not be room on the island to spread it out and dry it. Genoa would afford abundant room and give the best quality of sunshine.

It is the highest kind of compliment to Mr. Henry that such gentlemen are at Washington to urge his claims, but they should be mindful of the responsibillties they assume. Earthquakes are not unusual in that part of the world, and if there is any man whose firm step would shake the globe, that man is Walter R. Henry.

The words "the horse that pulls the plow should eat the fodder" ought to be written in letters of gold and hung up in the White House.

IS CRIME ON THE INCREASE?

There are many who hold the opinion that crime is on the increase, and there are not a few who descant upon the degeneracy of the age.

We are of those who believe that the world is getting better; that civilization is advancing, and that the kingdoms of this world are to become the kingdoms of our Lord.

Those who think that the times are out of joint, and that all things have a downward tendency point to the prosecutions now being conducted in New York, in which city officials are the defendants, and also to conditions in the Indian Territory. This last is based upon naratives of ex-Senator Dawes before the House committee on Indian Affairs. "Mr. Dawes told a story of a lawyer, who had a case in one of the Indian coarts, who received a note from the Judge offering to decide the case in his favor for $400; also, a note from the foreman of the jury who offered to give him a verdict for $40. He had such a good case that he paid no attention to either note. The other man won the case." Upon this recital Christian men said, "No use fooling with the Indian."

Instead of these things being taken as evidences of increasing crime, they should be accepted as proof of awakened activity on the part of our municipal governments, and of the march of civilization through the territory of the red man.

The people of New York have been aroused, and municipal reform is the order of the day. There is a fixed determination to ascertain the extent of police complicity in crime, and how far robbery and wrong have had the sanction of city officials. Offenses that have heretofore been winked at are now under the whip of Justice; the mask is being torn away, and offenders appear before the public in all their horrid deformity. It is Law asserting its authority: Crime dragged from its lurking-place to receive its condemnation in the assize of the people.

"But, the courts in the Indian Territory present a travesty on Justice." Please remember that it has been only a little while in which it has been possible to have courts in the Indian Territory. Not long ago it was the region of savagry unrelieved by a single ray of civilization. The tomahawk and the scalping-knife were the ministers of justice between man and man.

Look where you may, and there is light in the darkness. The wheels of civilization are not turning back on their axles. The car of Christianity has not halted in the wilderness of sin.

Onward is the watchword and reply in the city and upon the plains. Right onward to higher attainments and nobler conquests.

A JUST REBUKE.

A Discreditabe Spirit which was Against the South in Some Quarters.

Try as the people of the south may to let the dead bury its dead, says the Times-Dispatch, they are still designated as "rebels," while their representatives in congress are spoken of as "rebel brigadiers."

Twelve years ago General Sherman visited the exposition at Atlanta. It was the city he was charged with burning as a military necessity. If the bitterness of a former enmity were justifiable under any circumstances they would be those surrounding this visit of the great leader to the scene of his former triumphs. But he was received with the open armed hospitality for which the south is justly noted. Every honor possible was shown him and his visit to the Georgia capital was afterwards among his most cherished memories.

This was the spirit shown while a conquered people were entertaining one of the most distinguished of their conquerors. It is in strong contrast with the hatred kept alive for partisan purposes in many sections of the north.

This is an age of christianity and enlightenment when to perpetuate enmities, especially after the forms of peace have been observed, is to preserve a relic of barbarism and lower our common citizenship in the scale of humanity. The war has long since passed into history.

The south has yieled to the inevitable and in time of common danger has been the first to offer its services for the protection of flag and country.

"Let us have peace," was the admonition of one who did most to preserve the threatened union; and in support of this wise counsel comes every suggestion of manhood and patriotism. Those who do not heed it are at enmity with their own people and undserving of public confidence.

METHODIST HISTORY.

An Instructive Teaching Device Designed by Mrs. J. R. Brooks, Formerly of New Berne.

Mrs. J. R. Brooks has desinged a most entertaining and instructive device for missionary entertainments. It is a church constructed of boards and timbers so that it can be taken down and built at will with its corner stone right and left door post, weather-boarding, roof, windows, steps, door, tower and spire. A beautiful programme accompanies, in the form of questions and answers containing important names, dates, doctrines and incidents of Methodism, which the children are expected to learn and repeat as they build, thus forming a very interesting evening programme. We have seen nowhere so much of Methodist fact and history contained in so small a compass.

It is the purpose of Mrs. Brooks to rent this at a small sum to those who may wish to use it with Bright Jewels, Light Bearers or Home Builders. We heartily commend it to those who may wish something in that line

Who are Americans!

Every once in a while we hear the boast, particularly among politicians and in newspapers addicted to what is called Americanism, that Philadelphia is the most American of all American cities. The census shows that 56.58 per cent. of the population of Philadelphia is of foreign parentage. The city may be very much disposed to "Nativism" as a sentiment, but it is in no condition to show its hand when the natives whose parents were natives before them are separated from the persons of foreign parentage.

In order to find communities that are really of native stock one must go South. In the city of Richmond, Va., only 11.47 per cent. of the population are of foreign parentage; in Atlanta, only 7.25 per cent.; in North Carolina but seven-tenths of 1 per cent. are of foreign parentage; in South Carolina, 1.53 per cent.; in Georgia, 1.78 per cent.; in Virginia, Mississippi and Alabama, less than 3 per cent. These are the cities and States that are entitled to whatever credit may attach to the fact that their people happened to be born on the same continent with their esteemed progenitors.—Phil. Record.

ARMOR FOR RUSSIAN WAR VESSELS.

The Bethlehem Iron Company Receives a Contract for $4,000,000.

Bethlehem, Pa., Dec. 15.—The Bethlehem Iron Company, to day received the whole contract for the armor for Rusia's two new war vessels, Sebastople and Petropavlovsk. The contract calls for over 12,000 tons, and means a full year's work in the armor department.

HARRISON OUT OF THE RACE.

Not Anxious to Undergo Another Presidential Ordeal.

Buffalo, N. Y. Dec. 15.—Colonel D. S. Alexander, District Attorney for Northern, and at one time General Harrison's private secretary, returned yesterday from Indianapolis, where he spent two days with the ex-President. In an interview this morning he says that General Harrison will not be a candidate for the Presidency, as he is not anxious to undergo the ordeal again.

No Boxing in Chicago

CHICAGO, Dec. 16.—All exhibitions where fists are brought in contact with face and body, even amateur boxing bouts at the swell club house of the Chicago Association, have been strictly prohibited by special order of the Police Superintendent, who is backed by Mayor Hopkins. The order may even be applied to the theatrical performances of the Corbett and Fitzsimmons order.

The New Orleans tragedy has served to make the authorities more determined than ever to suppress boxing.

German Opposition to Our Sugar Tariff.

BERLIN, Dec. 14.—In response to Count Von Kanitz's inquiry in the Reichstag today, Freiherr Von Marschal, Secretary of the Foreign Office, said that the American sugar tariff was of great importance as it infringed upon "the most favored nation" clause. The increase of the American tariff on sugar had effected Germany more than any other country and it ought to be abolished.

MEMORIES OF THE GRAY

An Enthusiastic Gathering at the Annual Meeting of the Virginia Department of the Army of Northern Virginia—Senator Daniel Reviews the Services of that Great Warrior, Gen. Early.

RICHMOND, VA., Dec. 13.—The annual meeting of the Virginia Department of the Army of Northern Virginia was held here this afternoon in the Richmond Theater.

Senator John W. Daniel was the orator of the occasion, and his address delivered after the election of officers, made a great impression.

He opened his remarks with the contention that Early was one of the greatest soldiers of history, second to none that ever lived in valor and devotion, second to few in military ability, second only to Lee and Jackson among the chieftains of the war for Southern independence. Having carried it up as far as the suburbs of Washington, the speaker summed up as follows:

WHAT EARLY DID.

"I count the thirty days' campaign as one of the most brilliant of our own or any other war. Within that brief time Gen. Early, with less than 14,000 men, all told, had driven out of the field the army of Hunter, 18,500 strong; bottled up Sigel at Harper's Ferry, with a force of 6,000, defeated Wallace at the Monocacy, and sent him whirling into Baltimore, with an army of 6,000 to 7,000 strong; diverted from Grant's army the Sixth Corps, which just at this time, happily for Grant, was arriving at Fort Monroe from New Orleans, and lastly, transferred the seat of war from Central and Piedmont, Virginia, where it menaced the rear of Lee, to the border line of Northern Virginia, on the Potomac. Counting the men in the defenses of Washington, Early had occupied fully 60,000 men to oppose him. All the objects of the campaign were, up to this time, roundly accomplished. No doubt there was hope that Washington might possibly be captured and that Grant, like McClellan, might be forced to abandon operations on the James, and both his and Lee's armies transferred to the northern border, but this hope was never either a design or expectation."

The speaker described minutely the battles of Winchester and Cedar Creek, met criticisms of Early's tactics and after showing that the campaign disconcerted Grant's plans, and the Lee's faith in Early was unshaken, said:

"By whatever test you try him, Lee and Jackson stand alone before him among Confederate army commanders. If marching be the test, no one in a given time marched so much, so far, so fast. If fighting be the test, no one fought so steadfastly, so continuously, so frequently, so daringly, so stoutly. If difficulties and odds encountered be the test, no soldier of the war occupied so many to oppose him, or met such great odds man to man in open field fight. If damage done an enemy be the test, none other but Lee killed, wounded, and captured so many men as he had done. If success be the test, no one can count the names of more victories; or of victories that had more effect. If result be the test, let this be said, that his desperate campaign of 1864 prolonged the life of the Confederacy a year, the very day he left the field, Grant marched to victory, and when he fell at last, the general clash came down upon us all. On these deeds done, and well done, I rest his fame.

HE DID NOT FAIL.

"Will you tell me that Early failed, and does this bar the door to fame? Hannibal failed. Napoleon failed. Lee failed. If there be a Cedar Creek there are also a Pontine Marsh, a Waterloo, and an Appomattox. A great young nation was extinguished like a dying star. A whole people, genius, valor, patriotism, and renown, went down in calamity and ruin. Does not providence cast down the great and the gifted, and the good to demonstrate virtue and to instruct us to be careless of fortune? A soldier must take his fate, whether it comes with death, as it did to Charles XII, to Wallerstein, to Gustavus Adolphus, to Hampden and Sidney, to Jackson and Stuart, to Polk, to Cleburne, to Pegram and Pelham, to Wolfe, to Warren, and Sidney Johnson; whether it comes by wounds as to Joe Johnson and Ewell; whether in gloom and disaster, as to Hannibal to Napoleon, to Lee and Early.

But the deed lives. What did he do? What did he dare? What did he do? 'Ad parebat quo nihil iniquiusest ex eventua laman habiturum,' said Livy, of old, of one who got fame not from his own deed, but from happy deliverance, and who in the chance of medley and motley wear of this tumultous sphere has not learned that the tricks of the fickle goddess which cast down are ever condoned and repaired by the slow and even hand of justice. Her harsh decrees in one age are revised by the equity of the next age; and all history tells me with its splendid tale of tragic grandeur and pathetic fate that immortally cherishes for its nurslings the wrecks and castaways of fortune.

"Failed! That was yesterday; to-day he stands glorious."

The association passed resolutions of respect to the memory of Gen. Early, and to-night, in conjunction with the Howitzer Veteran Association, had a grand banquet.

AGAINST TILLMAN.

Judge Goff On the Ownership of Firearms.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Dec. 15.—Judge Goff's decision on the ownership of the arms of the Washington Light Infantry, which Governor Tillman required the company to surrender for insubordination, was filed in the United States Circuit Court today. The decision is adverse to the State and sets forth that, no reason having been shown why the company should forfeit its arms, they are to remain in its possession for the purpose for which the Federal Government originally issued them.

ELECTRIC TELEPHONE

Sold outright, no rent, no royalty. Adapted to City, Village or Country. Needed in every house, shop, store and office. Greatest convenience and best seller on earth. **Agents make from $5 to $50 per day.** One in a residence means a sale to all the neighbors. Fine instruments, no toys, works anywhere, any distance. Complete, ready for use when shipped. Can be put up by any one, never out of order, no repairing, lasts a life time. Warranted. A money maker. Write W. P. Harrison & Co., Clerk 10, Columbus, O

STRIKE IN WASHINGTON.

The Metropolitan Street Car Line Tied Up — Public Sympathy With the Strikers—The Company's Concession

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 14.—Washington has a big street railroad strike on its hands. The road affected is the Metropolitan Street Railroad company, which traverses the best residential part of the city and communicates with the Capitol. The strike took place about 4 o'clock p. m. today at the time of heaviest traffic, when thousands of Government employes were leaving the various Executive Departments for their homes. It was brought about by a notification given the drivers and conductors last night that their wages would be cut down from $2.05 per day to $1.68. Further than this the men had a grievance with regard to the number of hours they work. Twelve hours is supposed to constitute a day's service, but the men claim that they are compelled to work from thirteen to fourteen hours without relief or intermission, or the privilege of leaving their cars even for five minutes for meals or for any other purpose.

The striking employes have the full sympathy of Washington.

The crowds were all with the strikers and when President Philip appeared along the tracks he was greeted with hoots and jeers.

The road remained blocked for several hours, when, finding that the men could not be prevailed upon to continue their trips, the cars were returned to the barns.

Late tonight a conference was held between the strikers and railroad officers and an agreement was reached. The men compromised on $1.75 per day of twelve hours. All the strikers will be taken back. The line will resume its operations tomorrow morning as usual.

FATAL AFFAY.

Chas. Buffalow, a Noted Desperado, Killed by C. J. Updike at Pocahontas, Va.

RICHMOND, VA., December 17.—A Pocahontas special to the Dispatch says: On yesterday evening as C. J. Updike was on his way to attend an afternoon service of Bishop Donahoes, he was attacked by Charles Buffalow, a noted desperado of this place.

When Updike found that he was about to be overcome by Buffalow, who was a much larger and stronger man than himself, he shot him. Buffalow killed a man here in 1891 and through some legal technicality escaped punishment, though on the first hearing of the case he was sentenced to the penitentiary for eighteen years.

Updike is the agent here of a well-known Western brewing company.

BRUTAL ASSAULT.

By A Negro on a Young White Girl—a Posse in Pursuit of the Murderer.

MORILLTON, ARK., December 17.—Last evening one and a half miles east of here, an unknown negro assaulted a German girl named Brighenbottom, from the effects of which she died this morning. The negro was seen but not recogized. The girl, who was about thirteen years old, was on her way from church, in company with a smaller sister. The negro, when caught, will be strung up without ceremony. The whole country is aroused and men and dogs are scouring the woods for the brute.

IN JAIL FOR NOT PAYING TAX.

A Delinquent's Whose Excuse was That He Did Not Have the Money.

Media, Pa., Dec. 16.—Amos Mills, a resident of Clifton Heights, was committed to jail here to day for non-payment of borough and school taxes. Mills' excuse was that he was out of work.

He must remain in jail until the taxes are paid, or until he is released from his debt by a resolution of the Clifton Council and School Board.

WHOLESALE ROBBERY.

Of the Old Dominion Steamship Company at Norfolk

NORFOLK, Dec. 17.—The arrest of three negroes and recovery of $2,500 worth of the finest fabrics and (hard were) has broken up a systematic scheme of wholesale robbery of the Old Dominion Steamship Company here which has been going on for years. The principal in the affair has been in the employ of the Old Dominion Company for eighteen years, and his accomplices, who were the drivers of express wagons, delivered the goods at his house, which was elegantly furnished.

S. C. LEGISLATURE.

Bill Concerning Fire Insurance Companies Passed by the House.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Dec. 17.—The Lower House of the State Legislature to-day passed a bill reading:

"That hereafter no fire insurance company doing business in this State shall issue policies for more than the amount of the value of the property to be insured; such amount to be fixed at or before the time of insuring said policies; and in case of lots by fire the insured may be entitled to recover such amount in case of total loss, and proportionate amount in case of partial loss; provided, that this act shall not apply to insurance on merchandise or stock in trade."

Aseptic.

An impure plaster may be a source of serious danger from infection. To guard against this there should be a guaranty of asepticity.

Allcock's Porous Plaster

is strictly aseptic, and thus can be used freely for all sprains, bruises, or congestion of the chest or throat.

Avoid Dealers who try to palm off inferior plasters as substitutes for "Allcock's."

Allcock's Corn Shields,
Allcock's Bunion Shields,
Have no equal as a relief and cure for corns and bunions.

Brandreth's Pills

are invaluable for impure blood, torpid liver and weak stomach.

VANCEBORO CORRESPONDENCE.

A New Steamer Building—Matrimonial Ministerial and Other News.

The long and continued financial depression has affected all classes of business in our vicinity, but we are in hope that we may be able to pull through, though it will be "tip-and-tuck."

Capt. J. M. Ipock, has commenced to build a new steamboat, which will ply between Vanceboro and New Berne, expressly to carry the mail and passengers. This daily boat will be a great advantage to our village.

Dr. E. J. Peck, has located here and is having a good practice. Dr. Peck is a scientific physician, and we welcome him to our village most emphatically.

Rev. J. A. Rouse, is the preacher assigned to this circuit by conference. We welcome him, but we are sorry to part with Bro. Seabolt, who has done good laborious, and acceptable work on this circuit. There are many sincere expressions of regret at his going. It is through his continued effort that the work is in peace, and in a growing condition. We cheerfully commend Bro. Seabolt to any people that the conference may send him, and would like to have him for our pastor again.

Our estimable young citizen Mr. Edward G. Dixon and Miss Dora Morris, the charming daughter of Mr. W. B. Morris were happily united in the holy bonds of wedlock Sunday evening at 7 o'clock, in M. E. Church, Rev. N. L. Seabolt, officiating. The church was well filled with friends of the popular young people. After the ceremony Mr. and Mrs. Dixon returned to their home on Greenville street. We wish them much joy.

Prof. Harry Kramer, of Washington, D. C. perform some very astonishing exploits on a bicycle here last week.

Mr. Sol Cohen, of New Berne, was in our village Saturday on business.

Mr. Hugh Lancaster, who is teaching school at Maple Cypress, N. C. made a visit to his home Saturday. Hugh is a "hustler" and O don't he love the girls.

There was services Saturday and Sunday at the Episcopal church by Rev. Mr. Joyner.

Mr. Willie Buck, who some time ago moved to Beaufort, N. C, has moved back to his old home in this village.

Mr. S. J. Lane lost a fine horse a week or so ago with the lung fever. SKIPPER.

BELLAIR CORRESPONDENCE.

Mainly Consisting of Christmas Thoughts.

The cabbage setting is about finished for the season; hogs are fat, what few there are, and the children seem to be getting ready for Christmas. Some of the older people don't talk as if Christmas was anything to rejoice at, or prepare for this year. Well the best example set for older people is set, often by the children.

We need much more of the faith and childlike confidence manifested by children: they look for something good and get it. Older people often fail to get good, because they do not look for it.

Because money is scarce is no reason why we should not enjoy Christmas. It takes no costly gifts or fine array, to bring rejoicing to the heart on Christmas day. Christ the Saviour came in the simplest, most humble way possible, he brought none of the grandeur or outer show, and why should we, his followers attempt to celebrate his birthday with showy demonstrations trying to take the place of Peace and Love. These are what Christ brought and these cannot be purchased on the markets of the world, they are above money and more precious than rubies.

We can have as much, yes more, Peace and Love in our hearts this Christmas than ever before, because we have another year of experience, and this renews hope.

Some of us are a years journey nearer Home than at last Christmas and this thought will always make the heart cheerful, even amid the sorest disappointments of life.

Let us hold on to a real childlike faith, and expect good, and good will come. The business of the world is to make the children happy without leading them into evil, temptation and sin.

WASHINGTON CORRESPONDENCE.

A Variety of News Items from the Town and Vicinity.

Last week was, in our town, a chapter of incidents and accidents. Monday Short's mill was blown up and five killed, Tuesday the whole town was out to the funeral and later on, a suicide startled our entire community, Mr. Jakotsky, a tailor strangled himself, supposed that a protracted drinking spell had unhinged his mind.

The Short mill, it is said, will be rebuilt, and operated by his son, Frank.

The Eureka Lumber Co. has increased its capital and [illegible] proceed to build a new mill with improved machinery, including band mill, etc. The old officers were reelected.

Mr. J. W. Hodges' family who have been so ill with typhoid fever, are convalescent.

Since Elder J. W. McNamara ceased his connection with the Christian church at this place, Augustus Latham has been filling the pulpit.

Washington has a building boom. A number of residences, also tenant houses are being built.

The town can boast of as many cattle on the streets, and more gates across the sidewalks, than perhaps any town of like size in Beaufort county, or may be in all civilized lands.

A club house has been built at Juniper Bay, Hyde county and several men are out here hunting.

About 17 steamers lay at our wharf, Saturday, P. M.

Mr. N. W. Sadler and Miss Mary Wilkinson are to be married on the 18th, so it is reported.

Mr. Moorman, the Methodist minister has been returned to his place.

Miss Carlyle Silley, daughter of our excellent Register of Deeds, will come home on Tuesday. She has been at the hospital at Baltimore for more than a year, is coming home nearly well.

The man who wastes valuable time in trying to be consistent is very seldom successful.

JES' FORE CHRISTMAS.

I.

Father calls me William, sister calls me Will,
Mother calls me Willie—but the fellers call me Bill!
Mighty glad I ain't a girl—rather be a boy
Without them sashes, curls, an' things that's worn by Fanny Joy!
Love to ketch a big green inchy, an' go swimmin' in the lake—
Have to take the castor-ile they give fer stomach-ache!
Most all the time the folks kind-o' git on my nerves,
But I'm jes' fore Christmas I'm as good as I kin be!

II.

Got a yaller dog named Sport—sick him on the cat
First thing she knows she don't know where she is at!
Got a slippery-hill on whatever boys go out to slide
Long comes the grocery-cart an' we all hook a ride!
But, sometimes, when the grocery man is worried and cross,
He catches at me with his whip and lamps me his hoss
An' then I laff and he laffs—O, you never ketched me!
But jes' fore Christmas I'm as good as I kin be!

III.

Grandma says she hopes that when I get to be a man
I'll be a missionary like the rabbies' brother Dan;
As winter comes on I'm to go to the Sunnie's that lives in Ceylon's isle,
Where every prospect pleases an' every man is vile!
But Grandma she had never been to see a Wild West show,
Or read the life of Daniel Boone, or else I guess she'd know
That Buffalo Bill an' cowboys is good enough for me
Except jes' fore Christmas, when I'm good as I kin be!

IV.

Then ol' Santa Claus he comes around, so solemn like an' still
His eyes they seem searchin' What's er matter, little Bill?
Then at me he winks down off her perch, a-wondrin' what's become
Of them two enemies of hers that makes the house hum!
But I am so perlite and sick, so earnest like to biz,
That mother says to father: "How improved our Willie is!
But, father, havin' been a boy himself, says he knows my
When jes' fore Christmas I'm as good as I kin be!

V.

For Christmas, with its lots an' lots uv candies, cakes, an' toys,
Was made, they say, fer proper kids, and not fer naughty boys!
So wash yer face, and brush yer hair, an' mind yer p's and q's,
An' don't bust out yer pantaloons, an' don't wear out yer shoes;
Say yession to the ladies, an' yes sir to the men,
An' when they's company don't pass yer plate fer pie again,
But thinkin' on the things you'd like to see upon that tree,
Jes' fore Christmas be as good as you kin be!

—Eugene Field.

COVE CORRESPONDENCE.

Christmas Money—Hog Killing—Marriages, Etc.

Crops are all gathered, and the farmers are turning their attention to something for their Christmas money. Several car loads of wood have been shipped from here, and there are over a hundred cords on the road now, all put there by farmers. The industrious farmers always find something to do to bring in some money in a hard time.

Hogs are dying very rapidly now! Mr. F. W. White our very clever section boss on the Railroad had seventeen to die Tuesday morning. They would weigh about 25,00 lbs. If all the farmer would but put up their supplies thus at home they would not feel the hard times so much.

The White Bros, who are running a general repair shop, are building a nice cottage residence joining the lot their shop is one.

Cards are out for the marriage of John Ward and Miss Bettie McCoy, Wednesday night. And it will not be long before we can announce other marriages.

IN MEMORIAM.

It was a sad hour in the home of Mr. and Mrs. D. B. Hooker at 1 o'clock in the afternoon of Dec. 7, when death quietly took their loving daughter, Phœbe, aged 14 years 11 months and 7 days. But three days she lingered with hemorrhagic fever when the Lord saw that it was well to call her spirit home.

Always faithful, always true, and when the last hour came she patiently bore it through. Few have led a more exemplary life than she, who from infancy was a pleasure and a delight to her home. She joined the M. E. Church while quite young, but always remained in the fear and favor of the Lord. Her life was encircled with the beautiful rainbow of religion by obeying the sweet command: "Remember thy Creator in the days of thy Youth." Her heart was full of love and no one ever knew her to shrink from duty or speak harshly to father, mother, sisters or brother. She was the pride of her mother's heart, the hope of her mother's declining years, the comfort of her father's life, the joy of brother and sisters, and a pleasure and a delight to all who knew her.

Sorrow and sadness has come to the home, because our Phœbe is not there, because her cheerful voice and elastic footsteps can never be heard there again. But why should we be saddened, because God has taken her in her purity? He has plucked the rose bud for his glory; and while we feel so keenly the loss of one so dear she has gained an eternal home with the redeemed of Heaven and there she is waiting and watching at the beautiful gate for those she loved so well.

"Bright be the peace of thy soul!
No lovelier spirit than thine
Ever fled from its mortal control,
In the orbs of the blessed to shine.
On earth thou wert all but divine,
As thy soul shall immortally be;
And our sorrow may cease to repine
When we know that thy God is with thee."

—G. T. F.

WOMEN OF ALL AGES

And conditions in life, are liable at times, to need an Invigorating Tonic; a Regulator of the natural, periodical function, and a Soothing and Bracing Nervine. For this purpose **Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription** is the only medicine so certain in its curative action that it can be *guaranteed*. Your money is returned if it does not **cure**.

In Maidenhood, Womanhood, and Motherhood, it invigorates and braces up the exhausted, run-down, overworked and delicate; allays and banishes all Nervous Weakness, Fits, Spasms, Hysteria, Chorea, or St. Vitus's Dance; corrects all unnatural irregularities of monthly function and cures Periodical Pains, Weaknesses, Bearing Down Sensations, Backache, Catarrhal Inflammation, Ulceration and kindred maladies.

For those about to become mothers, it is a priceless boon, for it lessens the pains and perils of childbirth, shortens "labor" and the period of confinement, and promotes the secretion of an abundance of nourishment for the child.

Still Ahead!

I have just returned from the West with the finest lot of

HORSES and MULES

in the State. Good Workers, Capital Drivers, None better or Cheaper can be found anywhere. My prices are in harmony with Cotton, and will sell lower than ever, for CASH or One and Two Years time with approved security.

Finest Livery Turnouts in the City.

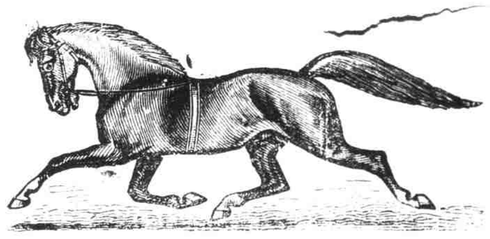
Carriages, Buggies, Robes, Whips, and everything pertaining to a First class Sales and Livery Stables always on hand.

Be sure to call and examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere. It will save you money.

Respectfully,

J. W. STEWART.

M. HAHN & CO.,



50--HEAD HORSES AND MULES--50

RANGING FROM 4 TO 7 YEARS OLD,
And Weighing From 850 to 1450 lbs. Each.

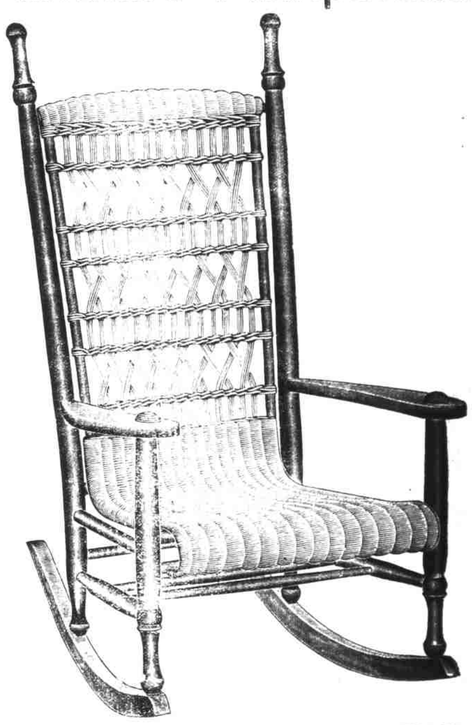
Some extra fine Drivers in Horses—also adapted to all purposes. Exceptionally fine Draft Horses and Mules.

A full and complete line of Buggies and Harness always on hand.

M. HAHN & CO.

Blue Front Stables, Middle Street, New Berne, N. C.

MAMMOTH
Furniture -:- Emporium



THIS FINE RATTAN ROCKING CHAIR,

At Suter's for $1.50.

Also the Large Rattan Advertised elsewhere at $2.50 for $1,75.

PURCHASED STRAIGHT—NO JOB LOT.
LARGEST, BEST AND FINEST STOCK OF FURNITURE
Ever brought to Eastern North Carolina, and at ROCK BOTTOM Prices.

J. Suter.

South Front Street, under Chattawka Hotel.

NEW GOODS!

JUST RECEIVED:—New Buckwheat Small Hominy, Big Hominy, Oat Flakes, Oat Meal, Corned Beef, Big Park Oyster and Soda Crackers, &c.

I also keep a full line of

CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES

A trial will convince you that I will sell you goods cheaper than any house in the city.

To my Country Friends—I would say make my place headquarters; we give you free stables and take care of your team while you are in the city.

Respectfully,

J. R. Parker, Jr

NO. 77 BROAD ST.

JUST RECEIVED--

A new line of E. P. REED'S latest Shoes, prices lower than ever in all the latest styles.

Also a full line of Misses and Children's Shoes, and a full line of all other goods.

For anything you want see our Stock before buying; we will save you money.

J. J. BAXTER

Call Number 2.

To THOSE who have come forward during September and paid us we wish to thank them kindly. To THOSE who have not we shall expect them to come forward during October and pay us, or make Satisfactory arrangements with us.

On the 1st of November we will let you hear further from us. We mean to collect what is due us—so please take due notice and save trouble and expense. You have had our goods upon your promise to pay us—now we expect you to fulfil your promise.

Very Respectfully,

J. C. WHITTY & CO.

33, 25 & 27 Craven St., New Berne, N. C

NOTICE.

I shall offer for sale at the Court House door in Bayboro, Pamlico County, North Carolina, on Monday, January 7th, 1895, all of the lands of the late deceased, R. D. McCotter:

Two hundred and thirty acres in the home farm.

Twenty-one half acres at Pamlico, with store house, and all other lands.

Terms of Sale Cash.

R. P. WHORTON,
Executor of R. D. McCotter, Decd.
November 30th 1894. td.