New Berne Weekly Journal.

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POPULISTS FOR PRITCHARD.

WESTERN SENATOR HAS FOLLOWING AMONG THEM.

Butler's Gold Bad. Alford's Expenses Shaw University. Southern Railway's Earnings. Governor's Thanksgiving Proclamation.

JOURNAL BUREAU, RALEIGH, N. C., Nov. 14.

The movement to re-elect Pritchard U. S. Senator has a good footing among the Populists, if reports be true. It is stated today that Council Wooten, Populist member of the last legislature, is making a tour of the eastern counties interviewing Populist members of the legislature as to Pritchard. He said yesterday that Frank Brown, Populist, of Jones county, was all right for Pritchard. The Senator was in Salisbury yesterday and when told of Senator Butler's declaration, that no gold man could be elected Senator, asked if Butler had referred to him by name. Later there is going to be a sensation regarding the occurrences on the evening of January 17, 1895, when Butler and Pritchard made their speeches after their nomination by the joint Populist-Republican caucus.

G. B. Alford, the Palmer and Buckner candidate for Congress in this district, got 22 votes. He swears his election expenses were $80.

There are now 155 convicts in penitentiary proper. The chief work done there is brick making, and two and a half millions have been made this year.

There are now 270 students at Shaw University, colored, in this city. Several are from foreign countries.

The white Baptists in this State East of the Blue Ridge, have this year built 18 churches and are building 22 others.

The railway commission today received the quarterly report of the Southern railway showing the earnings of all its lines in North Carolina. The increase in earnings as compared with the same quarter in 1895 is $164,000.

There has been for years much doubt as to the powers of magistrates to imprison in bastardy cases for a longer period than 30 days. The Supreme Court, in a decision just rendered, says that the imprisonment counts for a time long enough to cover the allowance, fine and costs. In this county where the rate is $6 a month imprisonment could last a year.

The coldest weather of the season set in last night, and the change from the unseasonable warmth is very grateful.

A dramatic club has been organized here and will on December 1 present "Our Boys."

Governor Carr today issues his Thanksgiving proclamation. His reference to the old soldiers is timely. Applications for admission to the Soldiers' Home are more numerous than ever before and there is no room. The following is the proclamation:

The observance of one day in the year as an occasion of "solemn and public thanksgiving to Almighty God for past blessings and of supplication for His continued kindness and care over us as a State and Nation" is a beautiful and time honored custom of a Christian people and should be perpetuated among us and observed in a dignified and religious manner.

The people of North Carolina have much for which to be thankful to the "Giver of every good and perfect gift." Although the past year has not brought so great prosperity or the land yielded so abundantly, still our people have enjoyed a proportionate measure of these blessings and have escaped the dire calamities which have befallen some less favored Commonwealths.

Therefore, in accordance with the laws of this State, I, ELIAS CARR, Governor of the State of North Carolina, do hereby designate and appoint Thursday, the 26th day of November, 1896, as a day to be set apart by our people for public Thanksgiving to God for the many blessings vouchsafed to us. To this end let our people assemble in their usual places of worship or around their firesides and give thanks in prayer and praise.

On that day let us remember in our prayers and with substantial offerings, the poor and needy, the widow and orphan, the noble Charitable Institutions of the State and the disabled soldier who more than ever needs, in his declining years, the strong arm of the State and the assistance of her patriotic citizens to protect him from want.

In witness Whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of North Carolina to be affixed. Done at the City of Raleigh, this 12th day of November, in the year of Our Lord one thousand, eight hundred and ninety six, and of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundreth and twenty-first.

ELIAS CARR.

By the GOVERNOR:
S. F. TELFAIR,
Private Secretary.

The value of property owned by negroes in this State has increased to $8,189,074, or $161,828 gain over the previous year.

Gov. Carr appoints A. G. Atkins, of Winston; W. C. Coleman, of Concord and Dr. L. A. Scruggs, of Raleigh, three representative negroes, to be delegates from this State to the negro department of the Tennessee Centennial exposition.

It appears that a large number of the new Republican and Populist officials will give bonds in security companies.

The Secretary of the State has received all the official returns of the vote for electors save those from Union county. The votes will be added Monday. Until then no one can see anything save guess at the totals.

Violation Election Law.

BROOKLYN, November 14.—Mayor Gleason, of Long Island City, was indicted for violation of the election law in not properly apportioning inspectors.

Highest of all in Leavening Strength.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

NEW ORDER OF THINGS.

Recognition of the Monroe Doctrine Still a Topic of Discussion in Europe.

LONDON.—The Spectator publishes an article by "A Leading Publicist," in which the writer, after recalling Lord Salisburys reply to Secretary Olney in regard to Monroeism, says:

"An entirely new order of things has been established by the Anglo-American understanding. Mr. Olney's extension of the Monroe doctrine itself, not to now be acknowledged by any European power, has now received the sanction of Great Britain. But it would be profitless as well as somewhat painful to touch upon this delicate ground. What had to be done had to be done, and that is the long and the short of it. We may not like it, but there might to be no difficulty in choosing between the absurdity of complaining over the inevitable and the dignity of smiling acquiescence. The British government is perfectly right now, without being wrong six or ten months ago. It is exactly a case of our policy of staving off as long as possible the dominations of Russia now so complete. To continue that policy when the game is up would be merely to cling to antiquated superstitions and antiquated diplomacy."

PARIS.—The Temps expresses itself as being greatly concerned at the enormous extension of Monroeism involved in the Anglo-American entente, adding:

It confers upon America the right to settle any difference between an American State and a European power without the authority of the American State interested. This is a big innovation in international law, and follows the United States with absolute supremacy in their hemisphere. It must be a bitter bill to British pride to consent to this."

In conclusion, the Temps expresses a doubt as to whether Europe will accept this agreement as a precedent.

Bradstreet's Weekly Report.

NEW YORK, November 14.—Bradstreets weekly trade review says:

The volume of business improves slowly in nearly all lines.

The most active demand is among jobbers in dry goods, in carpets, clothing, shoes, leather, but boots in the leading industrial lines.

Two hundred mills, manufactories and furnaces have opened, and forty thousand men are employed.

The demand for iron and steel has not increased.

Cotton goods are firm at unchanged prices. Woolens higher.

Collections in the Western and Southern States easier. Jobbers report an increase their mail orders from the West.

Bank clearings have increased 20 per cent.

TAX ON BEER.

An Increased Tax Would Increase Revenues and Make Good Deficit of Government.

WASHINGTON, D. C., November 14.—There are strong arguments being presented in favor of increasing the tax on beer from a quarter to half a dollar per barrel, the former being the rate at which the tax now stands, and yields the Government fifty million dollars a year.

The tax could be doubled without any additional clerical force to the revenue department.

The consumption of beer would be the same, and the government dollar which is now thirty million dollars, annually, would be worth more in this way.

A bill to this effect will be introduced in Congress.

The Dynamiter Trial.

NEW YORK, November 14.—There is a sympathetic Irish movement here, and society is taking over the appearance of the British Government spy, Thomas Merrick Sheridan, and a trial of Edward Ivory, the Irish American dynamiter, in London.

Schooners in Collision.

NEW LONDON, Conn., November 14.—The schooner Post Boy, of New York and the schooner Julia and Martha, of New York, arrived here this afternoon, after having been in a collision on last Friday night.

Both vessels were badly damaged.

Not With Cleveland.

NEW YORK, November 14.—Secretary Carlisle accompanied Director Preston returned to Washington this afternoon.

The Secretary denies that his purpose to enter into a law partnership with President Cleveland in New York, after the expiration of his term.

DON'T BELIEVE JONES.

The Irish National Alliance Deny the Truth of Statements Made By the Spy.

LONDON, November 14.—The members of the Irish National Alliance deny emphatically the truth of the statements at the Bodkin extradition trial which tend to show that the Brotherhood is organized for the purpose of revolutionary measures and to use dynamite in securing Home Rule for Ireland.

Castles Coming Home.

LONDON, November 17.—The Castles sail on board the steamer Havre tomorrow.

THAT PROPOSED LEASE.

The Future Management of the A. & N. C. Railroad a Matter of Interest to All.

The letter which appears in the interest of the Atlantic & North Carolina Railroad will be read with great interest by the friends of the State road. Its authorship is believed to be some private parties who shall run it under another name, so as to avoid constant discussion both among the smaller stockholders and among the local patrons of the road.

While the interested on either side, namely those who want to lease the railroad property, or prevent the lease, may each be striving to defeat the other's plans, the ultimate resulting effects of the success of either of these objects is what "concerns" all the stockholders, the merchants who pay transportation charges, the different towns along the road whose people are bound to be affected by competitive or will affect the development of this same locality.

It is a business proposition that this question of lease, or no lease, is being tried by the people, how individual interests may be affected, or benefiting or pleased is of no importance to them.

There were two propositions which would have been presented to the stockholders meeting of the A. & N. C. R. R. at its meeting, at Morehead City, had there not been a restraining order issued in the Court which prevented any proposition from being heard or presented.

Enough is known, however, to give the public, and those directly interested in the A. & N. C. R. R., an idea of what was proposed by the would-be lessees.

Proposition first, on the part of what was termed the Goldsboro & Morehead City Company, those parties named in the lease being well known in this section, but it is pretty certain that the lessees do not name all those interested in the transaction.

This lease agrees to pay the interest and fixed charges on the road, amounting to about forty thousand dollars, and a guaranteed interest on the stock of the road of ½ to 3 per cent, running 10 years, as follows: ½ per cent 10 years, 1 per cent 10 years, 2 per cent 10 years, 3 per cent 10 years.

The second proposition, purporting to be from the W., N. & N. Railroad Company, offered to pay the interest on the bonds of the road, as $12,000, $4,200 for organizing purposes, with 2-35 per cent interest on the capital stock of the road.

While these interested against leasing might differ, and the change would come if Judge Russell becomes Governor Russell, would probably be the present Attorney in charge of the affairs of the entire railroad property.

Next week, the 24th, at Halifax, the order restraining the stockholders from leasing the road will be in force, and those interested will be able to judge whether the road is to be leased or not.

Heavy Failures.

GALVESTON, Texas, November 14.—J. Rice Ball & Co., wholesale grocery, and Mary & Levin, wholesale shoe dealers, have failed for $50,000.

McKINLEY'S ESCORT.

Promises to Make a Magnificent Military Spectacle at His Inauguration.

CANTON, O., November 14.—There has been a number of propositions to President-elect McKinley regarding his escort to Washington.

The latest is from Governor Foraker, of Ohio.

It is from one of the divisions of the Perry's victory Monument at Washington, composed of regular and militia, the military display to be in honor of McKinley's inauguration, to surpass any thing of the kind ever seen in this country.

Anglo-American Union.

LONDON, November 14.—No better evidence could be possible of the strong under current in English feeling in favor of the closest Anglo-American Union rather than any entanglement between the nations.

There is a genuine feeling of satisfaction here over the Venezuelan arbitration, more so than in any event in foreign affairs.

Saved from Drowning.

POLT JEFFERSON, L. I., November 14.—The schooner Allen was blown ashore, but the crew was saved by the Life-saving men.

Heavy Snow in Tennessee.

NASHVILLE, TENN., Nov. 14.—One of the worst blizzards ever known at this season of the year prevailed over northeast Tennessee. Eight to eight inches of snow fell.

Reports of a Fight.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., November 16.—There is a report here that there has been fighting for three days at Bear Dog Cam.

Locke Craig's Majority.

RALEIGH, N. C., November 16.—The canvass of the vote for Locke Craig and H. A. Grainger for electors, was completed this afternoon, Craig's majority being 19,266.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

WILL THERE BE A SPANISH WAR?

Situation Looks Bellicose. Political Schemers and Tariff. Congressional Predictions. Extra Session Congress. Silver Men.

JOURNAL BUREAU, WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 16.

War between the United States and Spain is no longer merely a far away possibility; it is a strong probability—many think a certainty—of the near future. Such is the opinion of the most conservative men who are posted on the situation in Spain, for it is the situation in that country, and not in either the U. S. or Cuba, that will bring war, if war really comes. Officials of this government who will talk at all on the subject say that they do not expect war, but they will acknowledge that the administration is taking every precaution to be prepared for war if it does come. The situation in Spain which may compel the Spanish Government to provoke war with this country is well known to our officials, and may be summarized in a few words. There are three political parties in Spain, the one to which the regents of the Boy King belong being the weakest in numbers, and the two others are already discussing the advisability of combining and doing a little blood letting at home, making a few funerals in the family of the boy king and in those of his advisers, and giving Spain a new deal. The loss of Cuba would greatly aggravate the Spanish people who are almost unanimous in blaming the U. S. for the Cuban revolution. That is why Gen. Weyler is making a strong personal effort to crush the Cuban rebellion. It he fails, as he is almost certain to do, members of the Spanish Government may regard a declaration of war against the U. S. as the only way to save their necks and give their subjects an excuse for the loss of Cuba.

Spaniards as a rule know little of the power of this country and imagine not only that the war could be confined to American waters, but that they could bring us to terms by capturing or destroying our sea-coast cities; or at the worse, if they fail, they would only lose Cuba, and that they would rather lose it to the United States than to the insurgents. It is said that it is his knowledge of the situation in Spain that has caused President Cleveland to continue his policy of absolute neutrality, against the sentiment of Congress, a majority of our people and a majority of his own Cabinet. He is said to be determined that if there is war, Spain shall be responsible for it.

If the schemers in politics as well as in business could be eliminated, there would be little doubt of tariff legislation at the coming session of Congress which would furnish the Government the needed increase in revenue and would at the same time make an extra session of Congress unnecessary; but as the tariff schemers have never failed to play their part at any session of Congress, in which the tariff was either acted upon or talked about, nobody expects them to fail to put in their appearance at the coming session, and nobody expects, although many hope against their judgment, that anything sufficiently satisfactory in the way of increasing revenue to make the holding of an extra session of Congress unnecessary, will be accomplished. For reasons of their own—mostly selfish, all the schemers want an extra session of Congress.

The more Congressional experience a man has the less likely he is to go off half cocked in making predictions about what Congress will or will not do. Senator Morrill, of Vermont, who holds the Senate in continuous service, has arrived in Washington to resume his duties as a member of Congress. He has been besieged by the newspaper men for his opinion of what Congress will do. He received them in his characteristic courtesy, but firmly refused to be interviewed.

Representative Bingham, of Pennsylvania, doesn't expect any tariff legislation at the coming session of Congress, and he says he has no doubt that an extra session will meet within a month of McKinley's inauguration. He is one of the numerous Republicans who oppose passing the Dingley or any other tariff bill at this session of Congress, because by waiting a few months the party can pass a general tariff bill with the certainty that it will become a law. But right here arises the question, will it be certain to pass the Senate, even if an extra session be called? Unless the Republican silver Senators vote for a protection tariff bill, or the Republicans get the Senators from all the States now in doubt, it is by no means certain that a protection tariff bill can get a majority vote of the Senate after the 4th of March.

A noticeable feature of the situation is a disinclination on the part of the silver men, either in the House or in the Senate, to commit themselves in advance of the assembling of Congress. They want to get together and talk matters over before deciding upon any line of action, and a movement is on foot among them to hold a silver caucus and decide upon a policy to be supported by them all. If this should be successful, it would not affect the House, but the silver men have a still majority in the Senate and if they act as a unit will be masters of the situation, just as they were at the last session.

Bryan Says "Must."

KANSAS CITY, MO., November 16.—W. J. Bryan says the gold Democrats must return as silver men, or not at all. There is not room enough for two Republican parties.

He says he will continue to work for silver, because silver means prosperity.

DICTATOR BUTLER.

Lays Down the Law For Populists and Silver Republicans.

Special.

RALEIGH, November 16.—Senator Butler publishes in today's Progressive Farmer an open letter to Senator Pritchard in which he handles the latter without gloves, and declares that no Populist or Silver Republican will vote to re-elect him.

He says that Senator Pritchard was at the time of his election an out spoken free silver man, but that now Senator Sherman and Mark Hanna want him elected because they know he is a gold bug.

Weyler is Threatened.

WASHINGTON, D. C. November 16.—It is learned here on good authority that General Weyler must push his operations against the Insurgents, aggressively and vigorously, or be suspended.

Thought It Meant War.

WASHINGTON, D. C., November 16.—Consul General Lee's call at the State Department, today, where he spent a couple of hours, and Cuban affairs were discussed but only in a routine manner.

The length of the call, however, renewed the war rumors.

Stocks Affected by Rumors.

NEW YORK, November 16.—Stocks were weaker, today, and declined slightly on continued Cuban war talk.

The Elevator Dropped.

NEW YORK, November 16—Twelve people were dropped 140 feet in an elevator, in the American Tract Society Building, this afternoon.

Three were badly injured. The safety catch refused to work.

Wrecked on Cuba.

NEW YORK, November 16.—The thirteen ship wrecked sailors of the steamer Colia, from Honduras to Charleston, S. C. were landed today.

When the vessel went down, the sailors sought a refuge in Cuba.

The Spaniards arrested them, and treated them harshly, thinking them American filibusters.

They were finally turned over to the British Consul, and sent here on a steamer being British subjects.

Clay For the Senate.

ATLANTA, Ga. November 16.—Alexander Stephens Clay, of Cook county was nominated Senator this afternoon, by the Democratic Legislature caucus, to succeed the late Senator Charles F. Crisp.

Vote of the State.

RALEIGH, N. C., November 16—The vote of North Carolina is, Bryan 174,488, McKinley, 155,222, total 329,710, which is 49,000 greater than the vote of 1892. This enormous increase is a surprise.

N. C. ELECTORAL VOTE.

Canvass Completed Last Night. Returns of Full Votes.

Special.

RALEIGH, N. C., November 17—The canvass of North Carolina's electoral vote was completed tonight.

Bryan electors average 174,488.
McKinley electors 155,232.
Palmer and Buckner electors 578.
National Prohibition electors 245.
Straight Prohibition electors 676.

The differences between the votes for the various electors, were very small.

Purely Sensational.

Special.

WASHINGTON, D. C., November 17—The Spanish Minister Delome, thinks General Weyler must corner Maceo in order to have a battle.

He declared the subject of hostilities between the United States and Spain was only sensational talk.

Must Hang.

Special.

FRANKFORT, Ky., November 17.—The Court of Appeals has affirmed the death sentences imposed upon Scott Jackson and Alonzo Walling, the murderers of Pearl Bryan.

C. and N. Pacific Sold.

Special.

CHICAGO, November 17.—The Chicago and Northern Pacific Railway was sold today, for eight million dollars to the reorganization committee and bondholders.

THE COTTON MARKETS.

November 17.

THE changes in cotton today have been slight January closing at 7.68 a gain of 4 points as compared with yesterday's closing.

THE transactions in both Liverpool and New York were small in volume and the fluctuations were narrow.

IT is quite generally conceded that the frost and cold weather has almost entirely destroyed the "top crop" in Texas and Arkansas.

OCEAN freight rates owing to the immense movement of cotton and grain are very high—so high in some instances as to hinder business.

THE New Berne market is steady at 6½ to 7½. Most of the cotton sold at 7c.

Yours Truly,
J. E. LATHAM.

THE MARKETS.

CHICAGO, November 17.

	OPENING.	CLOSE.
December Wheat,	77½	76¾
January Pork,	7.75	7.62½
January Ribs,	3.80	3.75

Want the Fight.

Special.

NEW YORK, November 17.—The Bohemian Athletic club, of New York, has offered a purse of $25,000 for a fight between Corbett and Fitzsimmons.

FIGHT ON COUNTING.

WHAT IS THE POPULIST STRENGTH IN STATE?

Wilson Says Sixty Thousand. Holton Claims Republicans Gain Sixty Thousand in Four Years. State News Items.

Special.

RALEIGH, N. C., November 17.—The addition of the electoral vote was begun at noon today, the figures being now all down. This addition was specially made yesterday as to one fusion and one Republican elector. The Democrats had asserted Bryan would have 20,000 majority; the Republicans conceded him 16,000; the Populists declined to make estimates. The actual majority is 19,266.

Republican State Chairman Holton says that granting McKinley runs with Russell as to the vote (he is probably ahead) and that Russell carries the State by 11,000, how many Populists in the State? He makes their number 30,000. Otho Wilson, who was present, said Russell's vote is not nearly as large as McKinley's, and he estimates the number of Populists at 60,000. Holton laughed and said, "Eighty thousand." Then Wilson said, "No matter how many there are, we hold the balance of power and can kill and make alive." Holton answered: "The Republicans have gained 60,000 in four years." Wilson said: "It is not that the Republicans have gained. It is that the Democratic party does not suppress the vote any more."

Then the matter of the Senatorship came up and Wilson said: "Every man I have seen is pledged to me." Holton said drily, "But you have seen only one."

Holton said to me about the Senatorship that he had no doubt of Pritchard's re-election, and added, "I think the Populists are honorable gentlemen. We have elected 5 of their Congressmen for them. If they feel any gratitude, they must show it. Then Holton was asked if he did not think there was a big anti-Pritchard Populist movement." He replied: "The Populists won't do anything which will read them out of the party." As he said this he laughed heartily, and remarked "of course this in jest." But Holton had Butler's open letter to Pritchard, and had read it very carefully. The Secretary of the Republican committee said of this letter: "It elects Pritchard."

A Republican who has been travelling in the Eastern part of the State, among Populists in Pritchard's interest, came in today and declared there was no quarter in of his re-election. Some persons say that attempts have been made or will be made to buy Populists votes.

There are now 110 white blind in the institution for them here. In the deaf and blind there are 115. For the latter more room is made.

President Chadwick and S. L. Dillard, of the Atlantic and North Carolina railway were before the railway commission today asking that the reduction of the express rate on foot be not so great as was ordered by the commission—40 per cent. They claim this reduction is too great and that the express company with which they have a contract objects.

Two convicts from Wilson county arrived at the penitentiary to-day.

A large party of prominent persons went to Southern Pines today, in charge of general passenger agent Anderson of the S. A. L. to attend the opening of the Piney woods Inn.

The injunction case of Robert Hancock against the Atlantic and North Carolina railway directors to restrain them from from leasing the road for 40 years to the Goldsboro syndicate will be heard before judge Robinson at Halifax November, 24th.

The Republican state committee has official reports of the vote for governor for 75 counties. He expects all the other returns in a day or so. The fusion nominees must have at least 35,000 majority, maybe as much as 40,000.

The Railway Commission have decided to make a reduction of 10 per cent in the rate on the A. & N. C. R. R.

What is Sinful?

Special.

ALBANY, N. Y. November 17—Bishop Doane comes out in a card favoring dancing, theatre going, card playing and the use of wine in moderation.

He says the universal denunciation of stimulants reflects on one's diet. It is idle to prohibit dancing, and theatres are not at all sinful.

A Lively Reichstag.

Special.

BERLIN, November 17—Today's proceedings in the Reichstag were quite as interesting as yesterday's.

A member declared Bismark to be crazy which caused much confusion.

Supreme Court Decisions.

Special.

RALEIGH, N. C. November 17.—The Supreme Court files the following opinions.

Breeze vs. Stanley, from Lenoir. Affirmed.

Taylor vs. Erkin, from Onslow, reversed.

Nash vs. Sutton from Lenoir, affirmed.

Where is Weyler?

Special.

HAVANA, November 17.—Fears are entertained for the safety of General Weyler, his position being unknown.

Ten thousand insurgents are marching on Puerto Principe, the town, provided with carts for the purpose of looting it.

Warranted no cure no pay. There are many imitations. To get the genuine ask for Grove's.

U. S. Cotton Crop 1896-97.

With the view of securing reliable information upon which to base an approximate estimate of the cotton crop of the United States for this cotton year, on November 5th we mailed 3,500 letters to selected correspondents—banks, bankers, cotton commission merchants, brokers, proprietors of public gins, railroad officials and planters, covering every cotton growing county in the Southern States, asking their opinion as to the probable yield in their respective localities.

At this date in response to our letters we have received 2,240 replies, of average date November 10th, from which we make the following estimate of the cotton crop, for the year 1896-1897:

Alabama,	843,000	bales.
Arkansas,	657,000	"
Florida,	55,000	"
Georgia,	1,220,000	"
Louisiana,	494,000	"
Mississippi,	964,000	"
North Carolina	444,000	"
South Carolina	717,000	"
Tennessee, &c.,	284,000	"
Texas, &c.,	2,251,000	"
Total Crop,	8,022,000	"

The great mass of these letters indicates that the crop this year is from three to five weeks earlier than usual, that it has been marketed with greater rapidity, on account of stringent money and urgent demands of merchants to make collections previous to election, and that picking at this date is nearly completed, a condition never before known.

Where any top crop is reported, it has been seriously injured, if not destroyed, by frost, and from a large area of country no top crop is reported at all.

The foregoing information is confidently submitted to our friends and the cotton trade as being the most reliable that can be obtained at this date, by earnest effort, from responsible correspondents living in the cotton growing section.

Very truly,
LATHAM, ALEXANDER & CO.

Star Pointer Wins.

Special.

PHILADELPHIA, November 17.—In the match today between Joe Patchen and Star Pointer for one thousand dollars a side, was won by the latter in three straight heats.

War Still a Factor.

Special.

NEW YORK, November 17.—Stocks were quiet and lower today. The uncertainty regarding Cuba seemed to be a factor governing prices.

Much in Little

Is especially true of Hood's Pills, for no medicine ever contained so great curative power in so small space. They are a whole medicine chest, always ready, always efficient, always satisfactory; prevent a cold or fever, cure all liver ills, sick headache, jaundice, constipation, etc. 25c. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Hood's Pills

$5.00 Reward!

For return of large Black Hound named, "Duke," very long ears, large feet, long tail, few white hairs on breast, lost October 22nd.

E. B. MOORE,
Jasper, N. C.

NOTICE!

I will, for the next 30 days, sell out my stock of goods, consisting of Hardware, Tinware, Crockery, Glassware, Dry Goods, Notions and Medicines, at cost for Cash. Come and secure a bargain.

If you are owing me please settle up.

L. F. TAYLOR.

Take Notice!

TO OUR COUNTRY FRIENDS AND PATRONS, TAKE NOTICE:

WE HAVE OPENED OUR PLACE of business next door to post office and will be glad to have you come and see. We carry a full line of Confectioneries, consisting of

Plain and Fancy Candies,
Nuts, Raisins, Apples,
Oranges, Bananas, Lemons, etc.
Tobaccos, Cigars, Pipes, etc.

Please call and see what we have.

Respectfully,

N. NUNN & CO.

FOLK'S

CHEAP CASH STORE!

Stoves,
Crockery,
Tinware,
Glassware,
Notions,

Headquarters for LAMPS.

79 Middle St., under Hotel Albert.

W. H. FOLK.

A Good Place to Stop.

R. J. LUPTON, has just opened a neat and comfortable Boarding House in Bayboro, where he will be glad to see his friends and all travelers who may be passing through that section, and see to it that they will be comfortably entertained and their wants attended to. Mr. Lupton's house will be found a good place for all travelers to stop at while in Bayboro.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.
Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.
Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.
Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

3 STYLES 3

Styles of SHOES.

Zeigler's hand made Shoes just in, in four styles—Richmond Needle and London Heel and Spring Heel at $2.00 pair.

Every body knows Zeigler's shoes are up-to-date, so why mention their qualities.

The embodiment of comfort and durability is to be had in Zeiglers.

J. H. Hackburn,

Successor to Hackburn & Willett.

47 & 49 POLLOCK STREET.

ALSO BROAD & QUEEN STS.