

New Berne Weekly Journal.

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NEW BERNE, CRAVEN COUNTY, N. C., FRIDAY, JUNE 24, 1898. - SECOND SECTION.

NUMBER 29.

SANTIAGO CAMPAIGN.

The Landing of Troops Going on Yesterday.

INSURGENTS GIVE AID.

Desperate Resistance Expected From the Spanish Army.

A Battle Likely to Take Place by Saturday. The Fleet Will Continue to Shell All Points. Blanco Afraid to Exchange Men.

Fighting Ahead.

Special to Journal. WASHINGTON, June 23. General Miles says that his reports that there will be a hard and bloody fighting in the attack on Santiago. He believes that the Spaniards will put up a desperate resistance to the advance of the American army. It is now believed in Washington from advices received that the Spanish troops at Santiago are greatly outnumbered and that they will not be able to hold out for long.

Fighting is expected to begin earnestly about Friday or Saturday although skirmishes between the troops while landing and the Spanish Spaniards is constantly occurring.

Landing in Force.

American troops were landing today at Santiago which is seven miles east of San Juan.

The command of the landing forces consists of three thousand men. They were landed by the fleet from Admiral Sampson's fleet. At the same time vessels of the fleet were landing supplies, including food, clothing, and other necessities. It is reported that the landing was made without incident.

The reported landing of the American army to Santiago province is considered by some as a step toward the capture of the city.

Casualties Are There.

General Miles' report today that the Spanish forces were defeated in the battle of San Juan. It is reported that the Spanish forces were defeated in the battle of San Juan.

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Blanco Denies.

General Blanco denies that he has decided that there shall be no exchange of prisoners between Spain and the United States.

What he says is that he has decided that there shall be no exchange of prisoners between Spain and the United States.

In the Senate today Senator Davis of Minnesota introduced a resolution directing that the Secretary of War inform the Senate whether or not he has decided to exchange prisoners between Spain and the United States.

Senator Davis also introduced a resolution directing that the Secretary of War inform the Senate whether or not he has decided to exchange prisoners between Spain and the United States.

Food and Supplies.

After carrying the reinforcements ordered from Newport News to General Shafter at Santiago, the cruises Yale and Harvard will remain in Cuban waters and be used to carry food and supplies from the Florida coast to the army at Cuba.

The steamship Campania is held to the government to be used as a war hospital and left tonight for Tampa.

It is now announced that the United States expedition will not get under way tomorrow and probably not until Monday. General Merritt will accompany this fleet and probably the expedition to the Philippines.

What We Will Do.

PAYN, June 21.—Germany's retention of any interest in intervention in the Phil-

ippines is received only half-heartedly here.

England's action in the case may be regarded as friendly to America, but, as to France's and Russia's attitude, the situation is not so clear.

France's action would depend upon what she decided. Germany might, therefore, again succeed in swinging France to her side for the furtherance of her far Eastern policy. It is palpable that the German Emperor has some hidden line of conduct which he is pursuing with regard to the Malay archipelago. Whatever it may be, the mere idea of his interference in the question is regarded here as likely to bring all sections of the United States in favor of annexation pure and simple. A decision of this kind would probably bring about a disposition of the peace, with Germany, France and Russia on one side and the United States and England on the other.

English opinion sees no alternative to annexation. The Daily Graphic's leader yesterday may be taken as typical. It says:

"America must either restore the islands to Spain when the war is over, or she must give political independence to the population. The first would be a sin against the fundamental justification for the war. The other would produce a state of affairs infinitely worse than has existed under the Spaniards."

Lake Earthquakes.

Guantanamo, June 21.—Two Spanish soldiers who were captured between Santiago and Guantanamo reported to General Castillo that food is scarce in the former city. The supply of flour has been exhausted and bread is made of rice and cornmeal.

The prisoners state that shells from the Spanish caused absolute horror in Santiago, where the people say that the Americans throw earthquakes into the harbor at night. None of those shells struck the city. One hit the battery on Cayo Smith, demolishing it, blowing the guns over the front of the works and killing the whole garrison. The shock was felt in Santiago itself.

Notice has been posted in the woods by Cuban scouts, saying that Spanish soldiers who surrender will be well treated.

The marine camp is now well entrenched and able to resist any attack. The health of the troops and of the men in the fleet is excellent. It is reported that there are many sick and wounded in the Spanish forces.

IN THE CAMP.

Many of the Soldiers in Hospital. The Mobilization of Colored Troops. University Roll Large.

JOURNAL BUREAU, Raleigh, N. C., June 22. There is very just complaint from the 2nd Regiment here that the negroes at Fort Macon should have been paid off, and they do not have received a cent.

It was noted yesterday that one of the captains of the Second Regiment would probably be court-martialed. He was drunk and cursed one of the officers.

The Hospital is crowded with patients. Most of them are sick from vaccination. There is some malarial fever in camp and one severe attack of brain fever. In spite of the efforts of the ladies of Raleigh there is but little comfort in the Hospital. It is not kept neatly at all and some of the beds have not even sheets. Raleigh is abused badly all over the State about things generally, but then but few realize all that Raleigh people are called upon to do. In this instance they have furnished all the delicacies for the sick, many sheets for the beds and innumerable garments for the soldiers in camp. Is there to be no credit given to the Soldiers Relief Association for their work?

The Second Regiment is not yet fully equipped. The Y. M. C. A. is doing a fine work out at Camp Russell.

Postmaster Bailey in addition to needing another letter carrier, also needs a night clerk. With four through mails leaving here after midnight, no letter, as it is, can be posted after 10 o'clock, and get off during the night.

The enrollment of 508 students at the University this year is the largest in its history.

A hitch seems to have come in the naming of the Brigadier-General. Anyhow his name has not as yet been sent to the Senate.

The place for the mobilization of the negro troops will be decided in a few days. There is only about room for 2 more companies at Fort Macon, so that they cannot be sent there. Charlotte wishes them there, while Wilmington is indifferent. The officers to command these new volunteers have been selected, but Governor Russell will not give but the names for several weeks.

Rev. Mr. Osborne, Chaplain of the 2nd Regiment was on Sunday presented by the regiments with full vestments. Captain McRae of Wilmington made the presentation speech. Col. Burgwyn also made a short speech. Mr. Osborne very graciously replied to the kindness, and fully appreciates the gift.

CASTORIA For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of *Wm. D. Galt*

Depew Charges.

LONDON, June 22.—Chauncey M. Depew has partly recanted his opposition to imperialism, as the result of the latest war developments and of three weeks in Europe.

"When we also consider that France

FOR SUEZ CANAL.

Cadiz Fleet Reported Surely Off For Manila.

MOVING ON SANTIAGO.

Fighting Now Going On. Decisive Work This Week. Various Reports Sent Out From Madrid General Miles to Take Command.

Have They Really?

SPECIAL TO JOURNAL. WASHINGTON, D. C., June 23.—A dispatch from Rome tonight says that the Spanish fleet under Admiral Camara has been sighted off the island of Pantelara, which lies midway between Sicily and Africa and that the fleet is going towards the Suez canal.

Two British warships left Hong Kong today for Manila. A report is in circulation that the crews of foreign warships have landed in Manila, presumably from German vessels.

The feeling in Spain is rising against the management of the war. The Republicans threaten a demonstration in the chambers of deputies if the government closes the Cortes as is talked of. The ministry is attacked for sending the fleet under Admiral Cervera to Santiago by Cuban scouts, saying that Spanish soldiers who surrender will be well treated.

On to Santiago. General Miles will go to Santiago to take command in person of the movement against the city.

General Miles says that the attack on Santiago will be pushed. General Shafter's troops will be distributed in a semi-circle before the city and gradually move up to the attack, while Admiral Sampson will support the movement with the guns of the fleet.

Closing up.

General Shafter is successfully landing the heavy siege guns and horses and pontoon trains at Daiquiri fifteen miles south east of Santiago. Already the engineers are building roads. In the direction of the city and news of fighting near Santiago has been received.

Daiquiri is also connected with Santiago by a railroad. Over the bed of this road the supplies for the troops will be sent, while the men themselves, taking advantage of the topography of the country, will march as quickly as possible over the ground between them and Santiago.

The troops will probably have to resist the bushwhacking tactics, which were practiced on the inmates at Guantanamo. Well-informed army strategists say that at least three days will expire before the army reaches Santiago and begins active operations against the city.

News From Madrid.

Admiral Cervera is reported to have sent word to his government at Madrid that the situation at Santiago is very critical.

The Governor of Santiago admits that the Spaniards were obliged to retire before the American forces.

The Spanish minister of war has received a dispatch from Santiago announcing that the first attack of the American on Puenta Carrasco was repulsed after a bloody engagement.

Further reports from Madrid announce the engagement of an American warship with the Spanish cruiser Isabella, a gunboat and the torpedo-destroyer Terror off San Juan, Porto Rico. The account says that one Spaniard was killed and two wounded.

The destruction of a wooden fort near (San Juan) by an American warship is also reported.

The Reinforcements.

The troops to reinforce General Shafter are embarking at Newport. News on the cruises Yale and Harvard. The cruises are heavily armed and to resist any possible attack.

Two Texas regiments and others from Ferdinandina will camp at Miami for the expedition to Porto Rico.

Admiral Sampson has sent four of his fastest vessels to blockade the southern coast of Cuba from Cape Cruz to the Isle of Pines.

Fortune of War.

The British steamer Nyctidore brought into New York five million Havana cigars from Sagua. Captain Lagrange says that he learned that the shot which killed Ensign Bagley was the last shell remaining on board the Spanish gunboat Antonio Lopez and that had the shot failed and the Winslow not retired, the Lopez would have been scuttled and abandoned.

Depew Charges.

LONDON, June 22.—Chauncey M. Depew has partly recanted his opposition to imperialism, as the result of the latest war developments and of three weeks in Europe.

"When we also consider that France

and Spain are both of the Latin race and of the same religion, and that French men have hundreds of millions of francs invested in Spain, we need not be surprised that the feeling in France is practically unanimous against us. There is no doubt that had Manila been a Spanish victory there would have been an illumination in Paris.

When the talk turned on England, the interviewer suggested that the sympathies of the British aristocracy were largely with the Spanish. Dr. Depew said he had not found them so. "I have met many of the upper classes of England during my visit," he said, "and found them enthusiastically with us. The women are all with us. That is the best test. The majority of the people do not want a mere understanding; they want a hard and fast alliance. If continental Europe intervened on the side of Spain, Great Britain would go as far as we were willing to go in order to make an alliance."

Asked if his opinion on imperial policy had changed, Dr. Depew replied: "There are difficulties in my position which did not exist when I took up the question. New conditions are arising all the while with the progression of the war which make it difficult to keep out of this colonizing business. We must take into view the temper of our people, who would certainly never give any colonies back to Spain. Transferring them or any of them to a European power would lead to a European war in sixty days. Its looks as if we would have to paint our white elephant brown and teach him to walk."

Official Denials.

HAVANA, June 22.—It is "officially denied" that an attempt has been made to assassinate General Blanco.

The exchange of the Merrimac prisoners was refused because it was understood that Holron and his men could have known all about Santiago by examining its defenses, and prudence advised not to give them freedom.

It has been decreed that ships flying flags of truce are not to be allowed nearer than six miles to the shore in order that they may not make observations of the fortifications. The United States gunboat Maple has approached the land frequently, and has been seen to make signals.

In Havana complete tranquility reigns and in Santiago great enthusiasm is reported.

The German warship Cuir arrived here this morning.

That Cadiz Fleet.

LOS ANGELES, June 22.—The Gibraltar correspondent of the Daily News says: "No credence need be given to rumors that the Cadiz squadron will return to that port. Admiral Camara could not return without riots at Cadiz and Madrid, particularly as he said at the banquet before his departure that he would never return before his flag had been stepped in American blood. You will find that the next move of the squadron will be to the Canaries."

Difficult to Land.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—The disembarkation of troops will be a task far greater in the work involved and time required than was the embarkation at Tampa, where the thirty-five transports lay alongside docks and the men, horses and mules could be marched right aboard.

Off the south Cuba coast the surf runs high and in shore there are breakers, which will make the landing of men and animals dangerous and troublesome, although with care there is not expected to be loss of either.

The troops must necessarily remain at a considerable distance from the shore, owing to their draught and to escape the effect of the breakers, and also where ample sea room may be afforded in event of a sudden change of weather. Possibly, therefore, every landing party will have a cruise of at least one mile before the shore is reached and the boats landed up.

Twenty-five thousand American troops will be on Cuban soil by the first week in July. If by that time Santiago is taken practically the entire army will then be transported to Porto Rico, where the investment is to begin. Five thousand left at Santiago, it is believed, will be sufficient, with the insurgents, to hold the prisoners, until they can be sent home on parole.

RUSSELL OUR GOVERNOR

Keeps Loaded Weapons in His Desk His Disgraceful Conduct. Items Regarding the Troops.

JOURNAL BUREAU, Raleigh, N. C., June 22. The sensation of the hour is that on yesterday a Mr. Bagley, of the News and Observer went into the Governor's office to introduce Lieutenant Harlowe, U. S. A. to Governor Russell, Governor Russell cursed Bagley, and putting his hand in his desk-drawer on a pistol ordered him to leave his office. All this on account of an article that appeared in the paper last February when a guest at the mansion lost by theft, some articles. Later, Russell wanted to apologize and keep the affair from the papers but no apology was received. Lieut. Harlowe who was sitting so he could see the Governor's hand as he fingered the pistol. How this disgraceful affair will end is not known. Private Secretary Cade acknowledged that Governor Russell kept a loaded pistol and a loaded double-barreled shot gun in his office all the time for fear of being attacked.

A big excursion left here this morning for Fort Macon to see the colored bat-

alion station there.

Ev. Judge Spier Whiteaker has returned from Washington with his commission as Major of the 5th Regiment of Infantry. He goes to Knoxville, Tennessee in a few days to take command.

One of the soldiers at Camp Russell has been sent to the lunatic asylum here for treatment. He is suffering from temporary insanity.

The fate of the Second Regiment is still unknown. They may be sent to Tybee Island near Charleston for mobilization. Their destination may be the Philippines.

There are now 100 U. S. convicts in the penitentiary here. Some work in the shirt factory and some on the 40 acre truck garden for the penitentiary.

Lt. Joseph B. Batchelor, Jr. U. S. A. has been promoted to a captain and ordered to Columbus, Ohio.

The seven companies of negro troops come from Raleigh, Elizabeth City, Charlotte, Fayetteville, Oxford, Asheville, Greensboro, Concord, Winston, Maxton, Ruthertfordton, Durham, Franklington, Kinston, Goldsboro, Wilington and Statesville, combined.

ON THE DIAMOND.

Results of the National League Baseball Games Played Yesterday. Special to Journal.

Pittsburg, June 23—New York 7, Pittsburg 8. Ten innings.

Louisville, June 23—Washington 8, Louisville 3.

Cincinnati, June 23—Baltimore 4, Cincinnati 13.

Chicago, June 23—Boston 5, Chicago 4.

St. Louis, June 23—Philadelphia 4, St. Louis 7.

Cleveland, June 23—Cleveland 4, Brooklyn 2.

Where They Play Today.

Brooklyn at Chicago. Washington at Cincinnati. Baltimore at St. Louis. New York at Cleveland. Philadelphia at Louisville. Boston at Pittsburg.

How the Clubs Stand.

	W.	L.	P. C.
Cincinnati	36	19	.654
Boston	35	20	.639
Cleveland	33	21	.619
Baltimore	30	22	.577
Chicago	31	23	.574
Pittsburg	30	25	.545
New York	27	27	.500
Philadelphia	23	28	.451
Brooklyn	22	30	.423
Washington	20	35	.364
St. Louis	20	35	.364
Louisville	19	39	.327

The Boat Races.

Special to Journal.

New LOS ANGELES, Conn., June 23. The University boat race was won by Cornell, Yale second and Harvard third. The course was four miles and the time made by Cornell was 23 minutes 48 seconds.

The freshman boat race was won by Yale with Harvard second and Cornell third.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

THE MARKETS.

Yesterday's market quotations furnished by W. A. Porterfield & Co. Commission Brokers.

	New York, June 23.
STOCKS.	
Open High Low Close	
Sugar	124 124 129 124
Peoples Gas	95 95 96 95
U. S. & T.	105 105 105 105

	Open High Low Close
August	6 18 6 22 6 22

CHICAGO MARKETS.

	Open High Low Close
WHEAT	74 75 74 74
July	65 65 66 65
September	65 65 66 65
Corn	33 34 34 34
September	33 34 34 34
Cotton Sales 71,000 bales	

Cash Paid For.

BEESWAX.

If you have some to sell, slip it to us, and we will allow you

28 Cents Per Pound

For it in Boston, and no charge for commission or carting. References all through the South if required.

W. H. BOWDLER & CO., BOSTON, MASS. Office and Warehouse, 149 Pearl Street.

Logger Wanted!

A man with good team to contract a lot of timber 4 miles from New Berne, S. E. K. SULLIVAN & CO.

TOBACCO GROWERS! TAKE NOTICE!

COTTON TWINE,

Suitable for tying Tobacco, and you can have what you want at

15 CENTS POUND.

Which is just about what it cost.

We have also one of the Largest and Best Stocks of Staple and Fancy

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS.

TOBACCO, SNUFF, CIGARS, SYRUP, MOLASSES, &c., to be found in New Berne.

We will be pleased to have you call and examine our Stock and get prices before buying.

GOOD STABLES FREE.

Respectfully,

McDaniel & Gaskill, GROCERS,

71 Broad Street, NEW BERNE, N. C.

GOOD QUALITY TOBACCO CLOTH,

1 1/4c Yard.

O. Marks Co.

MILLINERY DEPARTMENT!

At Duffy's Store.

New Arrivals and Great Reductions

Ladie's Sailors.

No old stock, but everything new and up-to-date in both style and quality.

All the latest and noblest styles, now on sale, at prices ranging from 25 Cents up.

Below we give you style and prices of a few of our special values.

TAPE STRAW WITH MEDIUM BRIM, HIGH CROWN and Velvet Bands in White, Black and Colored Combinations. A Splendid Value at \$1.50, our price only **\$.75**

SPLIT BRAD, DOUBLE BRIM, HIGH CROWN SAILOR, in White, Black and Colors, was \$1.25, now offered at **1.00**

PINE APPLE BRAD WITH BROAD BRIM, HIGH Crown and in White, Black and Colors, \$1.00 quality for **.75**

MILAN BRAD WITH MEDIUM BRIM AND LOW Crown, either white or black bands, all-white straw, the \$1.00 quality, **.75**

THE 75c QUALITY, **.60**

PINE APPLE BRAD WITH MEDIUM BRIM AND LOW Crown in White Only was 75c, now reduced to **.50**

H. B. Duffy

Littleton Female College!

This institution has a splendid and prominent location in a remarkably beautiful section of country, in the midst of a region of noted Mineral Springs. It has a large and beautifully shaded Campus, Commodious and Well Equipped Buildings, a Strong Faculty and a Full and Thorough College Course at **VERY MODERATE COST.** The Fall Term will begin Wednesday, Sept. 14th, 1898. For Catalogue, Address,

J. M. RHODES, Littleton, N. C.