THE WEEKLY JOURNAL

Established 1878.

Published in Two Sections, every Tuesday and Friday, at 96 Middle Street, New Berne, N. C.

CHARLES L. STEVENS,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

Two Months,.....25 Cents.
Three Months,.....35 "
Six Months,.....60 "
Twelve Months,.....$1.00

ONLY IN ADVANCE.

Advertising rates furnished upon application at the office, or upon inquiry by mail.

☞The JOURNAL is only sent on pay-in-advance basis. Subscribers will receive notice of expiration of their subscriptions, and an immediate response to notice will be appreciated by the JOURNAL.

Entered at the Postoffice, New Berne N. C. as second-class matter.

Section One Tuesday, Sept. 13 1898

THE DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR JUDGES SUPERIOR COURT

First District—George H. Brown Jr., of Beaufort.

Second District—Henry R. Bryan, of Craven.

Fifth District—Thomas J. Shaw, of Guilford.

Sixth District—Oliver H. Allen, of Lenoir.

Seventh District—Thomas A. McNeill of Robeson.

Eleventh District—W. A. Hoke, of Lincoln.

FOR CONGRESS.

Third District—Charles R. Thomas, of Craven.

FOR SOLICITOR.

Second District—W. E. Daniel, of Halifax.

FOR SENATE.

8th District—J. A. Bryan, of Craven; W. D. Suggs, of Lenoir.

The sympathy of the entire country will go out to General Joseph Wheeler, in the sad bereavement he has suffered, in the recent drowning of his son at Montauk Point.

POPULISTS HAVE NO LEADER.

If the real Populists of North Carolina, those who are Populists because they believe in the principles of Populism, who have no political office, nor are seekers of offices, if these kind of Populists would stop and consider their present situation, they would discover that they have no real leader of their political faith in this State.

Some Populists might say to this, why Marion Butler, Dr. Thompson or Harry Skinner are our leaders.

But are any of those men really and in fact leaders of Populism, practicing what they preach, and living to the party faith, blameless and worthy disciples of the true principles of Populism?

A little investigation as to the standing of these leaders will be instructive and profitable, and may show to sincere Populists that they are moving along, blinded as to their true political status, as represented by these leaders.

Marion Butler has stood for Populism, received as an honest leader, but today his various political dickers are so well known, his fusion with Russell and his efforts to get co-operation with Democrats, these actions really discredit Marion Butler with every Populist.

Dr. Cyrus Thompson, while he has not been so free in his overtures to every one, as his friend Marion Butler, yet Dr. Thompson holds office not by Populist votes, but by negro votes and he is an advocate and supporter of Russellism.

Populism has no clause in its articles of faith, which declares for Russellism, nor seeks its own advancement by negro supremacy.

To say that Harry Skinner is a sincere leader of Populism, a professor of its tenets, would border on the ridiculous, for while he may control the political machinery of the Populist party, he is very far from practising anything in the way of Populism.

Harry Skinner is in close political affinity with Senator Pritchard, a stalwart Republican, and it needs no argument to prove that Populism and Republicanism have nothing in common.

It can thus be seen the Populists of North Carolina are being led by Harry Skinner, who controls their political machinery, and who uses their votes to advance Republican interests, at the same time keeping himself in office.

Are Populists going to be led in this way, to give their support to a party strictly inimical to Populism?

The Populists of North Carolina, today, are without a leader, and to follow the instructions of Harry Skinner, means for them to act and live contrary to their every belief and practice, against their home interests, besides building up a party which strengthens itself at the expense of the Populists.

RICH AND POOR ARE THREATENED.

Let not the rich think their wealth is a protection and safe guard, nor the poor imagine themselves independent and in no danger from negro supremacy, for both must suffer from it.

The rich man or landed proprietor, the possessor of rentable property is constantly menaced, the value of his property is uncertain, and its producing power is ever a question of uncertainty, if negro supremacy prevails.

It is possible for the rich man to keep and perhaps increase his wealth under negro rule, but he cannot do so without accepting and acknowledging the equality of the negro.

But in saving his wealth, in preserving his property, he loses his own self-respect, he lowers his dignity and degrades his manhood.

No greater obstacle to the progress of the poor man in life can be found than for such a poor man to be under the rule of the negro, or live in a community where negro control sets its stamp upon the government of affairs.

The poor man pays a school tax the most of which goes to pay for the schooling of his negro neighbor's children, giving them a longer school term than his own children receive.

The negro child thus receives a longer, and therefore a more beneficial schooling than the white child.

This superiority in education has a depressing influence upon the poor white man, who has had to struggle to maintain his family, pay his taxes, raise his family, and his children, through the adverse laws, through legislation made by the negro, find when entering life for themselves, that they are seriously handicapped by the negro, and beneath him in ways of provision to make the fight for a livelihood.

The poor white man must pay his tax, the negro may pay a tax, but his proportional benefits therefrom are largely in excess of the white man's.

The rich white man may lose rents, may have his property depreciated in value, through negro rule in his town and county, but the poor white man finds himself a drudge through life, and leaves his children in no position, if they remain at home, to cope with life in the way of making a decent livelihood.

There is no escaping the results for negro supremacy is too dangerous a condition for white men to live under, and is one which they neither can nor will submit to.

KILGO-CLARK MATTER.

This action of the Trustees ends the whole matter. It should not be again brought up. To bring it up again calls in question the fitness and competency of the Trustees, and raises a question of their moral character. Of their competence to determine simple questions of fact and their readiness to do right there can be no sane doubt. And to say that they have not acted justly is to charge them with a mental blindness and a moral obtuseness of which only the ignorant and vicious are capable, which no one may do.—Biblical Recorder.

A CRITICAL TIME

During the Battle of Santiago.

SICK OR WELL, A RUSH NIGHT AND DAY.

The Packers at the Battle of Santiago de Cuba Were All Heroes. Their Heroic Efforts in Getting Ammunition and Rations to the Front Saved the Day.

P. E. BUTLER, of pack-train No. 3, writing from Santiago de Cuba, on July 23rd, says: "We all had diarrhoea in more or less violent form, when we landed we had no time to see a doctor, for it was a case of rush and rush night and day to keep the troops supplied with ammunition and rations, but thanks to Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, we were able to keep at work and keep our health; in fact, I sincerely believe that at one critical time this medicine was the indirect saviour of our army, for if the packers had been unable to work there would have been no way of getting supplies to the front. There were no roads that a wagon train could use. My comrade and myself had the good fortune to lay in a supply of this medicine for our pack-train before we left Tampa, and I know in four cases it absolutely saved life."

The above letter was written to the manufacturers of this medicine, the Chamberlain Medicine Co., Des Moines, Iowa. For sale by F. S. Duffy.

THE REPUBLICAN'S FRANKENSTEIN.

The familiar story of Mrs. Shelley's "Frankenstein," is the most complete illustration today of the white Republican's political position with the negro in North Carolina.

"Frankenstein" the created, the servant, becomes incensed at his creator, and while he does not destroy the master, he makes his life worse than death, destroying his loved friends, and making his master seek to put out of existence the creature of his own creating. Thus with the white Republican of North Carolina.

Seeking the dark ways, the science of political creation, in order to develop a political servant, he has made the negro his social companion, has taught him and petted him with promises, until the negro has become more cunning in politics than his master, the white Republican.

What more natural than that the servant thus taught and nurtured, should feel his political equality, and that when the first interference comes, when promises made are broken, that the negro rises against the white Republican, once his master in politics now his brother, and destroys not the Republican master, not the party itself but every fond ambition, every party precedent which the white Republican has held dear and sacred?

The negro vote, 120,000, rises to confront and confound the white Republican of North Carolina.

The "Frankenstein" with a knowledge and cunning, but without a control of his passions, violates the law and order which his master would have him observe for decency's sake, but "Frankenstein" feeling the power, filled with revenge, evades his pursuing creator, and wreaks havoc and ruin not upon his master, but upon innocent persons.

The negro says "please take your hands off, we furnish the vote," and the white Republican looks on helpless, his once obedient voter has become his master, and neither curses nor tears, threats or promises now touch the political creature who through some instinct of awe forbears to lay violent hands upon the one, the white Republican, who has taught him this knowledge of his own, the negro's, power, but who causes devastation all around.

The Republican's "Frankenstein" is abroad, the name of the party remains, but scattered are its hopes, its possibilities of good, its prospects of success, its wishes for rule and order, and only can the political creature thus loosened be put down made powerless to overthrow social order and law, by the White Men of North Carolina.

Can any White Man violate his Anglo-Saxon birth right, by not seeking to put down this "Frankenstein?"

RECORD OF JOHN E. FOWLER

We have been lately searching the Congressional Globe and records of the Fifty-Fifth Congress to see if we could find anything the present Representative in Congress from the Third North Carolina District has done, or attempted to do, for the people of this district and inasmuch as he is candidate for re-election, we feel at liberty to give the benefit of our researches to the District.

Taking the entire record of the Fifty-Fifth, or present Congress, including the extra session and the first regular session, nearly the entire Record, it seems to us, is filled up with what Mr. Fowler did not do.

A brief and comprehensive synopsis of his Congressional career taken from the records as follows:

"He obtained leave of absence six times, made a one minute speech in favor of appropriating fifty millions of dollars for the Spanish War, introduced two petitions which were pigeonholed in the usual way, and also introduced four bills, one of local interest and the others private claims, none of which ever reappeared from the committee to which they were assigned.

"Instead of voting against the burdensome and iniquitous Dingley Tariff Law, which is the highest Protective Tariff law ever put upon the consumers of the country, he dodged, as the Record shows being marked "present and not voting."

"The facts can be verified from the records.

"What there is in this record to commend itself to the people of the Third District we fail to see.

"We need an able active, energetic, aggressive Representative in the Fifty Sixth Congress, one who is able and eloquent, and who will, upon the floor and in the committee rooms, see that appropriations are made for the district, who will do something for the district, and who will be content simply to draw his salary.

"Such a man the Democratic party presents to the people of the district in the Hon. Charles R. Thomas, its nominee for Congress.

"His record as a true friend of the people, and in favor of Silver Coinage, and in opposition to Trusts and monopolies, is unassailable and untarnished.

"Let the people elect him by an overwhelming vote and they will have a Representative who will be true to them and make a record of which they will be proud."—Jonesboro Progress.

SUPPORTS ALGER.

The President Resents Any Attack Upon His Secretary.

No More Men to be Mustered Out. One Hundred Thousand Needed. Hawaii to be Used for Reserve Troops. Havana Must be Vacated.

WASHINGTON, September 9.—It was given out officially that the President ordered Secretary Alger to personally visit and inspect every camp and hospital where there are volunteers, and that the duty was considered so urgent that Secretary Alger would not accompany the President on his vacation.

Whatever may be his opinion of the subordinates in the War Department, it is certain that the President does not attach the slightest blame to Secretary Alger for any of the mismanagement in handling supplies for the army. So strong a position has the President taken in this matter that some of his friends are blaming him for resenting every attack made upon Secretary Alger, as if it were personally made upon himself.

Must Serve Their Time.

No more regiments are to be mustered out of service, unless for some special reason, for some months. That is the answer to the increasing demand of the privates in the volunteer regiment to be allowed to go home and resume their regular occupations, which they were willing to give up to fight for the country. Garrison duty is not enticing to many of the men, but inasmuch as they signed enlistment papers which bound them for two years, or any portion of that time the government might desire to keep them, they will have to grin and bear it. According to present plans, more than 100,000 of the volunteers are to be kept in service for an indefinite period.

Hawaii As a Naval Base.

Although the ordering of troops to Hawaii is said by War Department officials to be without special significance, there are reasons for the belief that the soldiers are to be there held in reserve for use either in the Philippines, or in Samoa, where trouble may start at almost any time. It is hinted in military circles that as many as 10,000 troops may be placed in quarters at Honolulu. Everyone who knows existing conditions in Hawaii knows that there is no reason for having even ten hundred soldiers on the islands. The neighborhood of Honolulu is noted for healthfulness, and for that reason it would be a good place to keep soldiers who might be needed in the Pacific. Our new citizens over there would doubtless be glad to have them, as the trade of the soldiers is profitable, and the Hawaiians are noted for their thrift.

Must Leave at Once.

It is stated upon the highest authority that the President has no intention of allowing General Blanco and his associates in Havana to evade the terms of the protocal, and that the commission which sailed from New York Monday had full instructions to demand an immediate arrangement for the evacuation of the island, with a promise of sufficient force to compel compliance.

Typhoid in Porto Rico.

PONCE, Porto Rico, September 8.—Illness among the United States troops here is increasing. There are now more than 25 per cent. of the men unfit for duty. Within a radius of a few miles from Ponce there are 1,000 soldiers in hospitals. In some commands 20 per cent. of the men are down with fever, principally typhoid.

The steamer City of Chester arrived today with medical supplies and 46 nurses. Surgeons are handling the patients as well as possible. Considering the conditions, the percentage of deaths is small.

Convalescents have the unfavorable season to contend with, and after the fever has left them patients fail to recover their strength. They should be sent north at once. Need for transports for convalescents is imperative.

If there is more wet weather the conditions will become much worse.

"Immunes" Have Yellow Jack.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, September 8.—Six cases of yellow fever have developed in Colonel Sargeant's Fifth "Immune" Regiment. The cases have been watched closely several days, and in the opinion of Colonel Havard, chief surgeon of the military department of Santiago, the diagnosis is unmistakably correct.

The victims have been sent to the yellow fever hospital, and a strict quarantine has been established against the regiment which is encamped on the hills along the Morro road, about two miles south of the city. There is a great deal of sickness in this regiment, but in the opinion of the surgeons no more yellow fever.

All the other regiments now doing garrison duty are in fairly good health. No uneasiness is felt by General Lawton or General Wood.

The four members of the Fifth Regular Infantry who were sent to the yellow fever hospital ten days ago, when they disembarked from the transport Knickerbocker from Tampa, are doing well. Their battalion is still isolated.

The destitution among the Cubans is still appalling. General Wood issued 32,000 free rations yesterday. The capacity of the free supply depots is not great enough to meet the demand, and a new one is to be established.

Miles Makes His Call.

WASHINGTON, September 9—General Miles paid his respects to the President this morning. His call was brief, owing to a cabinet meeting, and was confined to a formal exchange of courtesies.

THE STATE CAPITAL.

Jenkins Beats Strowd For Congress. Third Regiment Get Full Time of Service. Other Items.

JOURNAL BUREAU,
Raleigh, N. C., September 9.

The Populist Congressional convention for this district had hard work of it yesterday and last night in settling on a candidate. At one time it looked as if Strowd the present incumbent would be renominated. Strowd is a Populist and in Congress voted in very many instances with the Democrats. This in itself was thought by many would kill him before the convention early, but yet it took 19 ballots before Jenkins the Republican preference was landed. Republicans of course manipulated the convention from start to finish. State Auditor Ayer would have liked the nomination had the Republicans seen fit not to claim the place.

It is now said that the government has promised that the 3rd, regiment of North Carolina volunteers (negroes) will be retained in service the full term of enlistment, 2 years, and that they will eventually be sent to Cuba.

Warren V. Hill one of the registrars appointed by the county commissioners, and who is from Cleveland county, was interviewed and claimed that he was now a citizen of Wake county, and paid taxes here—but on the tax books there is no evidence to show, that Mr. Hall ever paid any city or county taxes since he has lived here.

The new railroad from Mocksville to Moorsville will in a few days be ready for business. It is said to be the lowest grade, least curvature, and best built road in the hill section of North Carolina.

The annual session of the great council of the Improved Order of the Red Men will be held this year in Indianapolis. Col. T. J. Anthony of Charlotte the State Great Prophet is the only man in North Carolina who can attend this great council.

Deafness Cannot be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

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HAVANA EXPECTS MUCH.

Great Activity Anticipating American Occupation. Dream of Great Things.

HAVANA, Cuba, Sept. 8.—Havana is on the edge of expectancy, and all thoughts are turned toward the arrival of the American commissioners, whom the people of this city expect on Friday. Their arrival will mark a new era here.

There is boundless faith in American power and enterprise and unmeasured expectancy of the benefits to be derived from American rule. A far-spread, deep-rooted idea prevails that Americans can accomplish in a moment what Spaniards have assiduously neglected hundred of years. All plans for the future have the arrival of the American commission and its supposed accomplishments as their starting points.

Many, both Spaniards and Cubans, announce a determination to leave the island if its annexation by the United States does not seem assured. On the other hand, in the event of the island's absorption, they have begun to rear dream castles of desire, which they expect to materialize.

So rules the talk. "You must remodel our drainage," says one official. "Under your rule our streets will be well paved and kept clean," adds another. And so the shame of past misrule is little weighed beside the prospects of future improvements.

Sites are pointed out as admirably suited for the erection of "thoroughly modern American hotels." Changes for the better in wharves and docks are spoken of as if their realization under American rule needed but the wave of a wand. Glowing fancy overlooks the difficulties of the narrow or tortuous streets and assumes that some method for honeycombing the city with rapid transit systems will be readily found and put in practice by American capital and energy.

Havana is busily preparing for new tenants. Hammer strokes resound throughout the city. Some of the activity is due to arrears which accumulated during the blockade, when the possibility of a bombardment was present in all minds, and no man cared to spend time or money on the improvement of property which might be demolished at any moment.

A Narrow Escape.

Thankful words written by Mrs. Ada E. Hart, of Groton, S. D., "Was taken with a bad cold which settled on my lungs, cough set in and finally terminated in consumption. Four doctors gave me up saying I could live but a short time. I gave myself up to my Savior, determined if I could not stay with my friends on earth, I would meet my absent ones above. My husband was advised to get Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. I gave it a trial, took in all eight bottles. It has cured me and thank God I am saved and now a well and healthy woman." Trial bottles free at F. S. Duffy's Drug Store.

Regular size 50c and $1.00 guaranteed or price refunded.

AN OPEN LETTER
To MOTHERS.

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March 24, 1898. Samuel Pitcher M.D.

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