

# New Bern Weekly Journal

VOLUME XXII.

NEW BERN, CRAVEN COUNTY, N. C., TUESDAY, APRIL 4, 1899 - FIRST SECTION.

NUMBER 4.

## EWART'S REAPPOINTMENT

### Liberal Law For Shooting Wild Fowl In Dare County.

### Street Improvement Bond Election. New Oyster Benefits Maryland and Virginia. Southport a Camp Site For Soldiers From Cuba.

RALPHON, April 3.—There is quite a lot of talk regarding the matter of the reappointment of H. G. Ewart as judge of the Western (N. C.) Federal Court. Immediately before the adjournment of the Legislature one of the leading Senators had a telegram saying there was no doubt that Ewart would be reappointed. Nor has there been the least reason to doubt it, despite some positive statements to the contrary by sundry newspapers.

The act of the last Legislature regarding shooting of wild fowl in Dare county is very liberal and opens that vast area of water and shore to sportsmen of other States. All that region is a paradise for the sportsman.

There is no doubt that the people here, by an overwhelming vote, will next month favor the issue of \$200,000 street improvement bonds.

In the past two weeks fifty-nine men have been enlisted here for the regular army.

The assertion is made by opponents of the new oyster law that it will enable the Maryland and Virginia men who own and operate the canneries in this State to bring their boats here to operate and thus largely take the business out of the hands of the natives.

Frank McNeill, of Wilmington, is sworn in by Associate Justice Walter Clark as chairman of the railway commission, to succeed James W. Wilson, whose term expired. Samuel L. Rogers, another member of the commission, was sworn in early last month. These are both to be members of the corporation commission, provided the Supreme Court decides that the railway commission can be abolished while D. H. Abbott, one of its members, has an unexpired term. Abbott is a republican, and the legislative purpose was to outbid and put in E. C. Bredfield.

On the 5th instant Bredfield will be sworn in as one of the commissioners of corporations and then Abbott will bring suit to test the question whether the office can be taken from him.

Quite soon there are to be issued \$1,000,000 of pentennial bonds for payment of debts and \$50,000 for purchase of farms. These will be 4 per cents, to run ten years. There are already many bids for them, though as yet bids have not been invited. Bids are now 18, but Treasurer Worth says he expects to get 100.

A dispatch from Southport says: Government officials are making inquiry here for a site for a camp for returning soldiers from Cuba while their baggage is undergoing fumigation by quarantine authorities. Grounds near old Fort Fisher have been decided upon as most suitable for this purpose.

**TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY**  
Take 1 laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c. The genuine has L. B. Q. on each tablet.

**CHICAGO'S MUNICIPAL ELECTION**  
Carter H. Harrison's Election For Mayor Generally Conceded.

CHICAGO, April 2.—The municipal campaign here practically closed last night, with large meetings in all parts of the city.

Both the democrats and republicans say they are confident of the outcome, but the practical men in both parties admit that it is exceedingly difficult to forecast correctly the result of the vote on Tuesday. The unknown quantity is the vote to be polled by the independent, democratic candidate, ex-Gov. John P. Altgeld. The republicans admit that a heavy vote for Altgeld is their main chance for election by splitting the democratic vote.

The democrats say that Mayor Carter H. Harrison is certain of re-election, and that he will receive 170,000 votes; that Zina H. Carter, the republican candidate will get 130,000, and Altgeld but 20,000.

The republican managers claim for Carter 12,000 votes, give Harrison 110,000 and Altgeld a total of 7,000. The election commissioners estimate a total of 75,000. The election commissioners estimate a total vote of \$10,000. The republicans say that Carter will gain enough votes from Harrison to give Carter a clear plurality.

In the opinion of most men not directly interested in the actual work of the campaign Harrison will be elected, although the size of the Altgeld vote is admitted a conundrum. Bets are freely offered at odds of 2 to 1 that Harrison will be re-elected, and even money is offered that he will have a majority over both his competitors. The next city council, it is said, will almost undoubtedly be democratic.

Before the discovery of One Minute Cough Cure, ministers were greatly disturbed by evening congregations. No more of it now. P. S. & K.

## LEARNED AT SANTIAGO

### Americans Profit by Former Experiences and Employ It at Manila.

WASHINGTON, March 31.—The rapidity with which every advantage has been followed up by the American forces operating near Manila and the achievements of General MacArthur's troops in capturing the Filipino capital with comparatively slight loss, are regarded by military authorities here as a stroke of far-reaching importance and a decisive blow at the Filipino cause.

The wonderful progress made, considering the obstructions in the way of the forces and the advance in the face of unexpected steadiness of purpose on the part of the natives, together with the terrible climatic difficulties encountered, are declared by officers of the army to be unsurpassed in the annals of tropical campaigns. One of the main causes in which the strength of the troops has been due is the vast improvement in the commissary and quartermaster's departments, through which ample food supplies have at all times been kept right along with the army. No delay has been caused in forwarding ammunition, camp supplies and full medical chests.

Compared to the miserable arrangements made by these departments for the Santiago fight and the woeful lack of transportation facilities, by which it was impracticable to send forward heavy artillery with rapidity, the campaign against the Filipinos is regarded as a decided triumph not only for the troops, but for every supply department of the army.

Cablegrams received from General Otis this week have made frequent mention of the satisfaction expressed by division and brigade commanders over the assistance rendered by every staff department, and possibly no army, it is said, ever fought under more trying conditions whose officers were better supplied with every article necessary to comfort and health.

The triumphs of the troops have put an important phase on the situation and greatly relieved the tension of feeling in many circles, which early in the week showed a decided disposition at the stability displayed by the Filipinos. It was not believed by General Corbin and other officers, who watch closely every movement of the advance, that it was practicable to capture Malolos without loss of considerable numbers, for it was assumed that Aguinaldo had gathered the pick of his army and would make a decisive and determined stand before finally evacuating and leaving the way clear to the city's capture.

While Malolos is a city of not much importance, the fact that it was the seat of the Filipino government will have a moral influence on the natives now that it has fallen into the possession of the American troops.

Upon the report General Otis will make will depend whether the campaign is to be actively continued or flying squadrons formed to pursue Aguinaldo until he surrenders or is forced into the sea. Officials of the government are inclined to believe that Aguinaldo has now gone off with the purpose of trying to locate some enthusiasm and life in his defeated followers, but there is little expectation that another decided stand will be made by him against a large force of the American troops.

## ON BACKS IN A FOG

SOUTHAMPTON, March 31.—The passenger steamer Stella, plying between this port and the Channel Islands, crashed upon the dreaded Casquet Rocks, near the island of Alderney yesterday evening in a dense fog and foundered in ten minutes, her boilers exploding as she went down. Reports as to the number lost are conflicting, but the officials of the London and Southwestern Railway Company, which company owns the boat, said that the drowned would not exceed seventy. Other reports make the loss much higher. Three boats including a collapsible boat are missing.

## THE SPECULATIVE MARKETS.

Today's quotations furnished by W. L. Galbreath, New York, represented by A. O. Newberry.

New York, April 3, 1900.	
COTTON.	
Open High Low Close	
Sugar.....	17 1/2 17 3/4 17 1/2 17 3/4
Am Tobacco.....	2 25 2 25 2 25 2 25
J. C.....	1 1/4 1 1/4 1 1/4 1 1/4
G. R. & V.....	1 1/4 1 1/4 1 1/4 1 1/4
M. O. P.....	40 40 40 40
Reading 9th.....	8 1/2 8 1/2 8 1/2 8 1/2
C. Tobacco.....	5 1/2 5 1/2 5 1/2 5 1/2
Manhattan.....	1 1/4 1 1/4 1 1/4 1 1/4

## CHICAGO MARKETS.

COTTON.	
Open High Low Close	
August.....	6 00 6 01 6 04 6 05

  

WHEAT—Open High Low Close	
May.....	7 1/2 7 3/4 7 1/2 7 1/4

## CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of J. C. Watson

Be careful of cheap imitations.

Be careful of cheap imitations.

Be careful of cheap imitations.

## CAUSE OF SAMOAN TROUBLE.

### Germany's Aggressive Propensity to Large Measure Marked Recently When in the United States and Great Britain.

WASHINGTON, April 2.—The accusation of untrustworthiness alleged to have been made by the German consul-general at Apia against Admiral Keiser will not be allowed to pass unnoticed, and the German foreign office will, through Ambassador White, be asked to make an explanation. The charge is a very serious one, according to diplomats, and the fact that Admiral Keiser's dispatch was at once sent to the German embassy here yesterday is believed to indicate a purpose to call on Germany to explain the meaning of the consul-general's conduct.

Germany seems to have brought about the trouble in Samoa through the refusal of her consul general to co-operate with the American and British government in administering the affairs of the islands. The belief has been entertained for months that Germany was decidedly hostile to foreign interests in Samoa, and at the same time would not consent to act in concert with the other powers to the Berlin agreement. German consuls at Apia, from the time an agreement was reached by the signatory powers, have shown a disposition to ignore the agreement.

Marked unfriendliness has been frequently displayed toward Great Britain and the United States by German agents in the islands, and so often have covert acts been committed that it is believed they could not have occurred so frequently without the connivance of the imperial government. It has not been the consul general's acts of indiscretion and reckless disregard of treaty clauses, however, that have upset the status quo so much as the encouragement and concert given to such conduct by the German government. That the conduct of the German consul must have had the sanction and approval of the German government is inferred by the failure to repudiate his acts.

The opinion is expressed in official circles here that the outlook for a satisfactory and peaceful final adjustment of Samoan affairs is decidedly hopeful. The statement was made today, in a well-informed quarter, that it is altogether likely that the joint high commission, by virtue of the plenary powers vested in its individual members, will be able to conclude a settlement of the Samoan question satisfactory to all the powers concerned, and that there is such an understanding between the three powers as almost certainly will prevent any disagreement such as would make it necessary to ask King Oscar of Sweden and Norway to act as umpire.

## WILL REST AWHILE.

Otis to Wait and See if Aguinaldo Has Any Fight Left in Him.

WASHINGTON, March 31.—The following dispatch was received at the War Department this morning:

Manila, March 31.

Adjutant General, Washington: Troops resting at Malolos. Considerable portion of the city destroyed by fire. Our casualties—one killed, fifteen wounded. Hall has returned with his troops to former position, north of Manila.

It is said at the War Department that General Otis will not make a campaign during the rainy season nor is it believed that he will at present chase the Filipinos into the mountain fastness of Luzon. The officials consider it evident that the fight that was in Aguinaldo has been whipped out of him and it is believed he cannot hold the Filipino army together much longer.

If General Otis advises, the War Department will approve a cessation of active hostilities or further forward movement, when little can be accomplished, save chasing the Filipinos without definite results. A short rest will determine whether the Filipinos intend to keep up a guerilla warfare and if so a plan is already maturing to meet any such condition. Natives will be employed to fight the guerillas, and as the government can give them better pay and afford them greater protection than Aguinaldo, there is no doubt about the ability to employ natives in this way. If there must be guerilla fighting during the rainy season which will soon be upon the Philippines the United States will not sacrifice its troops in such warfare if natives can be obtained.

## Greater Chicago's Long Voyage.

WASHINGTON, April 2.—It has been decided that the Admiral Howison's flagship, the Chicago, will proceed to the South Atlantic station, in the Mediterranean and Red seas, and thence around the Cape of Good Hope, touching at all the principal ports on the West African coast.

The department thinks it is good policy to send an American warship occasionally to the unrequented parts of the world, and the cruiser Chicago is expected to make a deep impression on the west coast of Africa. The cruise of the Chicago will require about four months. The gunboat Wilmington, which is making a scientific exploration of the Amazon for the purpose of obtaining accurate charts and examining the forest and fauna, arrived at Manaus on March 23. The Wilmington will be attached to Admiral Howison's squadron.

The Raleigh sailed from Porto, Azores, for Bermuda yesterday, and is due to arrive at Bermuda next Saturday. After several days spent in sailing the Raleigh will sail for New York.

All kinds of Tallow made fresh daily.

C. J. McElroy & Co.

C. J. McElroy & Co.

## ROYAL BAKING POWDER

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Makes the food more delicious and wholesome

MADE IN GREAT BRITAIN

## SMALL POX SITUATION.

State Inspector Long Says Conditions Are Considerably Improved.

RALPHON, N. C., April 1.—Dr. Richard H. Lewis, secretary of the State board of health, had a visit from Dr. H. F. Long, State inspector of smallpox, who made report on conditions in Eastern North Carolina. Dr. Long says the smallpox has been stamped out in Columbus county, and that there is now none in Wilmington and Union; that at Rocky Mount there were three cases and three of varioloid, all now ready to be discharged. He commends the authorities of Rocky Mount, especially its mayor, for thoroughness of compulsory vaccination. Two men there refused to be vaccinated and were immediately put in the chain gang. One gave up yesterday and was vaccinated, but the other holds out.

Good accounts come from Halifax and Northampton counties; in fact, the situation in the east is generally considerably better. Reports from Wayne county are not so satisfactory. There are some scattered cases there. No report from Wake, but there are no cases outside of Raleigh. An unofficial letter from Greensboro speaks of cases there.

## Crops in March.

WASHINGTON, April 2.—The weather bureau's crop report for March says: Upon the whole the season is backward, March having been unfavorable for farming operations. In the Dakotas, Nebraska, Minnesota, Iowa and Wisconsin the ground is frozen to an unusual depth, the frost extending to a depth of from five to ten feet in North Dakota and Minnesota. While the average temperature of March was somewhat above the normal in the Southern States, the season in that section is reported from two to three weeks late, except in Texas where it is more nearly normal.

The general condition of wheat is less favorable than at the close of February and, as at the close of that month, the late sows are less promising than that seeded early. On the Pacific coast the outlook is most promising.

Preparations for cotton planting in Texas are well advanced and some has been planted in the southern part of the State; some has also been planted in portions of Georgia and South Carolina.

Some corn has been planted as far north as Tennessee and Oklahoma, and farther south a large part of the crop has been planted.

## AMONG THE CANNIBALS.

A Traveler's Experience With the Man Eaters of West Africa.

Mr. F. A. McCann has had 19 years' actual residence in West Africa. Mr. McCann's seven years' trading and residence with the cannibal tribes of the French Gaboon probably form the most exciting part of his experiences. He got friendly with them and thoroughly studied their habits and customs. They quite believed that the white men ate white men as they themselves eat their fellow blacks. A big chief offered Mr. McCann the smoked thigh of a native. This was considered a gracious act. To refuse it would be unfriendly. Mr. McCann was in a dilemma.

But he feigned illness, said he was not eating just then. The chief eventually put the matter off good naturedly by saying he supposed the white man preferred white man to eat instead of black man. "The Mpongwees," said Mr. McCann, "are in ferocious and pugnae qualities second to no other tribe in Africa. Their villages mostly consist of a single street from 600 to 1,500 yards long, on each side of which are the houses. In these houses they cook, eat and sleep and keep their stores of provisions, the chief of which is smoked game and smoked human flesh, hung up to the rafters.

"Although ferocious and quarrelsome to a degree, they are very industrious. They show considerable skill in the manufacture of pottery, and the designs of their cooking pots, water jars, tobacco pipes and palm wine bottles are extremely artistic. In ironwork they are also skillful workers. Although they kill game for food, they much prefer human meat to any other."—London Globe.

## Where the Crabs Come In.

When a school of menhaden makes their way into a bay, they may stay for days swimming around in one region. Larger fishes, including perhaps some sharks, feed upon them there. From such feeding there are more or less fragments that sink down through the water, and the various crabs and other crustaceans come scuttling from all parts of the bay to get them. It may be that the tide carries some of the litter about, or perhaps the crabs and other creatures smell it, as bluish scum that is used in chumming, but when a school of menhaden are preyed upon at the surface all the crabs in the bay congregate on the mud below to catch the crumbs that fall.

## Rapid Action.

"Is your price lighter quick?" "Quick!" echoed the manager. "Well, I guess. He can run out three stereographers a day."

## TO OUR COUNTRY FRIENDS!

We desire to say that we have laid in for the FALL AND WINTER TRADE one of the Largest and Best Assorted Stocks of

## GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS.

TO BE FOUND IN NEW BERNE.

And we respectfully ask for a larger share of your patronage. We buy in large quantities from first hands and pay no middle men's profits and are therefore prepared to sell you as low as any one.

We have just completed a lot of nice STABLES and a large shed to shelter your vehicles, which you are welcome to use FREE.

When you come to the city Don't Fail to examine our Stock before buying your Groceries.

Respectfully,  
**McDaniel & Gaskill, GROCERS,**  
71 Broad Street, NEW BERNE, N. C.

## Parasol News!

NEWS OF NEW PARASOLS

*At Duffy's Store.*

Have you thought you would like a parasol. We knew that when you had parasol buying in mind you would demand an extensive assortment of the newest creations. Yes we have them for you and not one whit too strong an expression when we say that here is shown just the daintiest and most entertaining conceits you ever saw.

What we say here is impossible to do them justice, we ask you to see them for yourself.

- A handsome plain white China Silk, good quality and pretty handles at \$1 25
- Here is just the one for that white suit this summer, a dainty white silk and large ruffles at \$1 50
- Fealties in plaid silk, lovely colorings, \$2 25
- Those 2 tone plain taffetas, so stylish and serviceable at \$2 50
- Handsome plaid taffetas, they have their full value at \$3 50
- A magnificent two tone taffeta with plaid and check border canopy top, \$3 50 and \$4 00
- We are also showing a splendid assortment of sun shades in black, natural wood handles, steel rods, very serviceable at \$1 00 and \$1 25
- A good durable umbrella at 50c and 75c

## H. B. Duffy's

April 4, 1899

## Waist Silks.

Come and see our New Line of Waist Silks, whether you wish a Stripe or Plaid in the Satin Taffeta or a handsome Poan de Soie.

Also a Complete Assortment of Two Tone Taffetas. The Swivel Silks which make such charming Suits or Waists deserve a thought.

Roman Stripe Pique, indeed anything in Pique can be found on our counters.

Do not forget the Irish Home spun, so nobby for Skirts or Jacket Suits.

**Prairie Grass Matting.**  
For Floor Covering the Prairie Grass Matting and Rugs—in all colors—two admirable points it lays claim to, Cheapness and Durability.

**Plant and Zeigler Shoes.**  
We are expecting our Plant and Zeigler Ties on every boat.

## Hackburn

Choice Seed Rice For Sale at CHAP. B. HILL'S, East Side Market Dock, New Bern, N. C.

For Sale or Rent.  
The James A. Erwin Farm, located on Little Swift Creek, Craven county. For Terms apply to E. H. WHITLEY, Washington, N. C.