An Old Friend

S. S. S. has been before the public for many years; from a small beginning, it has steadily worked its way to the front, and is now known in every city, town and hamlet in the country. Its staunchest friends are those who have known it longest and have witnessed its wonderful curative powers in their own families or among their friends and acquaintances. Grateful patients in all parts of the country tell of their restoration to health and happiness, and the testimony of these is the highest evidence of the medicine's worth. S. S. S. is more popular today than ever in its history—no other remedy stands so high, has ever given such perfect satisfaction or is so reliable in the cure of Cancer, Rheumatism, Catarrh, Contagious Blood Poison, Scrofula, Eczema, Psoriasis, Salt Rheum, Acne, or any disease that originates in the blood. Being strictly a vegetable preparation, you will find it agrees with you much better than a drug store concoction or any of the widely advertised potash and mercury remedies, which affect the bones, muscles and stomach, causing Rheumatism or Dyspepsia. If you have never tried S. S. S., you will be surprised at the immediate good effects, for no sooner does it get into the circulation than the appetite increases; you grow stronger, and gradually but surely it drives out the poisons and restores the blood to a healthy condition. If there is a sore or ulcer on the body, it begins to heal around the edges, the discharge finally ceases and the place gets well; muscular and bone pains vanish, and the skin is relieved of all itching, irritating eruptions. Nervous, run down and anaemic people will find S. S. S. just the medicine they need, for blood poverty and illy nourished nerves are responsible for their condition. For old people and children S. S. S. has no equal; being free from all minerals, it does not nauseate or have any injurious effect whatever, and keeps the blood in good condition, thus fortifying against disease. Experience teaches what is good and what is not good; this applies particularly to medicine, and S. S. S., a remedy that has retained the confidence of the people for nearly 50 years, must have merit—IT CURES, is the secret of its success. When you call for S. S. S. don't be persuaded to accept something else—there is no substitute for S. S. S. It is the only guaranteed purely vegetable blood purifier, and the safest and best for all blood and skin troubles. Do not let them force an inferior mineral remedy on you because there is a larger profit in it. If you have any blood or skin disease, don't hesitate to write us about it; our physicians will carefully consider your case and advise you without charge. Book on Blood and Skin Diseases free.

Don't Experiment—Take S. S. S.

SSS

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC COMPANY, ATLANTA, GA.

AT BAYBORO.

The Reunion of Veterans. Revival Meetings. Going to Wrightsville.

Aug. 9.—The reunion of the old Confederate soldiers here yesterday was a grand success, and enjoyed by all who attended, the full proceedings will be sent you for publication. Dr. Dixon the orator, meeting with various obstacles in his way in reaching here was equal to the occasion, surmounted them all, and arrived safely and entertained the audience with a grand and noble address an "eye wetter" to the old "Vets" and the audience generally.

The revival meeting of Rev Mr. Jenkins at the M. E. Church is still going on, with a fairly good attendance and considerable interest is manifested. On next Sunday Rev. Mr. Taylor Missionary Baptist will begin a revival meeting at the Baptist Church here, and will continue it for the week.

Some of the old Confederate Veterans will go to Wrightsville to the reunion from the 14th to 17th when they expect to meet many of their old comrades and have a good time. All of them who possibly can go should do so, it will be the last opportunity that many of them will ever have to meet together on this earth. The rates are cheap, it will cost but little and all ought to try and meet. Five (5) members of this camp have passed away since the last reunion last August, being one twelfth of the strength of the camp. They can't be old Veterans here much longer, so make good of every opportunity that is offered.

Lowered the Bell.

The bell of the First Baptist church was yesterday lowered from the church tower. It is badly cracked and it is the intention to replace it with a new and somewhat larger bell. The bell has the following lettering around the upper part, "E. Force, New York, 1830."

Mothers who have always so dreaded the approach of hot weather when they have a teething babe, should not forget that TEETHINA counteracts and overcomes the effects of hot weather on children, keeps them in healthy condition and makes teething easy. TEETHINA costs only 25 cents per box at druggists; or mail 25 cents to C. J. Moffett, M. D., St. Louis, Mo.

Bissert Squeals.

New York, August 8.—It is divulged today that policeman Bissert, who was convicted of extortion and is awaiting sentence, and had not been sentenced, had squealed on Captain Diamond, and the latter's conviction is expected from Bissert's confession.

The Air Ship Wrecked.

Paris, August 8.—M. Santos Dumont, the aeronaut, this morning again attempted to circle the Eiffel tower. He succeeded in rounding the tower with difficulty. The balloon was then unable to make headway against a strong wind. It fell near a house and was wrecked, suspending the aeronaut in midair. Firemen with ladders rescued Dumont uninjured.

Scalded to Death.

New York, Aug. 7.—Margaret Telgolize, a two year old child, died this morning in a New York hospital. She was scalded by upsetting coffee.

Gladstone to Marry.

London, Aug. 7.—The engagement is announced of Right Hon. Herbert Gladstone, youngest son of the late W. E. Gladstone, and the daughter of Right Hon. Sir Richard Paget.

To Save Her Child.

From frightful disfigurement Mrs. Nannie Galleger, of LaGrange, Ga., applied Bucklen's Arnica Salve to great sores on her head and face, and writes its quick cure exceeded all her hopes. It works wonders in Sores, Bruises, Skin Eruptions, Cuts, Burns, Scalds and Piles. 25c. Cure guaranteed by C. D. Bradham, druggist.

Fell on the Tracks.

New York, Aug. 7.—While responding to an alarm of fire in a tenement house on West Sixty-Ninth street, a fire engine and three horses ran away over an embankment and fell to the New York Central Railroad track, thirty-five feet below. Hundreds witnessed the accident.

Mr. Royall's Severe Loss.

August 6th, about 2 o'clock at night, my store was struck by lightning and burned down. I was not able to save anything. My dwelling was only about 20 feet from the store and it was all I could do to save that, by throwing water. Loss of stock and fixtures was about three hundred dollars. I lost my mule in the spring, and what myself, wife and children have worked hard and accumulated in the last four years is all lost.

So I humbly ask the citizens of New Bern to contribute a little to my distress any one feeling disposed to give a little can hand it over to Messrs. G. H. Roberts, K. R. Jones, F. Ulrich, J. A. Jones, E. S. Street, J. S. Garrett, Mark Disosway.

Gentlemen you will please let my trouble be known and use your influence for my releif and oblige, your humble servant.

T. B. ROYALL.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Hunting For Water For New York.

New York, August 8.—A score of engineers are employed by the New York Department of Water Supply working throughout the Catskill Mountains surveying various watersheds in Ulster, Greene and Delaware counties, and staking out the most available sites for the construction of immense reservoirs.

Anticipates Trouble.

Washington, August 8.—J. Edwards Simmons, President of the Panama Railroad, telegraphed the State department today that he anticipated trouble along the line of his road. The government will probably send a warship from the Pacific station—either the Iowa, Philadelphia or Wisconsin.

How Did She Know?

He (at the shore)—This ocean breeze is awful damp. It makes a fellow's mustache very salty.

She (absentminded)—Yes, I noticed that.—Philadelphia Record.

All as It Should Be.

He—Darling, I feel as though we were made for one another.

She—And the money for both of us has already been made by pa. Isn't it lovely.—Boston Transcript.

The Passions.

We say of a man who has no will mastery, "He is ruled by his passions." They govern him, not he them. Centuries ago an Arab wrote, "Passion is a tyrant which slays those whom it governs." It is like fire, which once thoroughly kindled can scarcely be quenched, or like the torrent, which when it is swollen can no longer be restrained with its banks. Call him not a prisoner who has been put in fetters by his enemy, but rather him whose own passions overpower him to destruction.

A Puzzler.

Tibbetts—So you do not believe in the emancipation of woman?

Burton—Well, it is just here. Man is the superior being. But how is he going to show his superiority if woman is his equal? That's what I want to know.—Boston Transcript.

Irish Women Rioting.

London, Aug. 7.—A dispatch from Tipperary, capital of the county of the same name in Ireland, says the harvest women are parading through the town, headed by a bellman, in a riot against the use of harvesting machinery, and demanding fixed wages. Requisitions have been sent out for extra police.

Does Work of 9 Clerks.

Chicago, Aug. 7.—A photographic check recording apparatus that is prepared partly by electricity, has been invented by Thomas Jansen, chief clerk at the National Bank of the Republic. The checks can be photographed at the rate of 10,000 an hour and the apparatus is expected to do the work of nine clerks.

Royalty's Sad Mission.

London, Aug. 7—King Edward, Queen Alexandra, Princess Victoria and Prince Nicholas of Greece, who is the guest of their majesties, will start for Homberg on Friday to attend the funeral services of Empress Frederick to be held in the presence of the family next Sunday.

JACOBS' Raleigh Rye Whiskey is the best. Middle street.

COMMISSIONERS PROCEEDINGS.

At August Meeting. Jury for September Term Superior Court. County Treasurer's Report.

The Board met August 5th, 1901, at 10:30 o'clock a. m., at the Court House in New Bern. It being the regular meeting of said Board.

Present, Commissioner Jones, Baxter, Wadsworth, Fulcher and Wood.

Ordered that a levy of [illegible] be made upon the property within the [illegible] district in No. [illegible] township, [illegible] purposes in accordance with the [illegible] the fence commissioners [illegible] township.

Ordered that Mr. Edward McLawhorn be and is hereby releaved of poll tax for the year 1901, on account of infirmity and disability.

Ordered that the tax collector [illegible] is hereby authorized to collect the taxes for 1900 of those who have not paid and who have removed from Craven county, N. C., under sec. 3692 of the Code.

It appearing to the satisfaction of the Board that John D Dinkins having procured license to sell liquor at No. 54 Middle street, and since having obtained said license has died, and his executrix having sold his said business to Thomas C Howard who is now conducting said business under his own license by permission of the chairman of this Board, and T. C. Howard having already obtained license from the Board to conduct business at No. 68 Middle street from the Board, but desiring to carry on business at both places, and the sheriff having been paid for the six months by said Dinkins for said license as required by law. It is thereupon ordered, upon the surrender of said license, so issued to said Dinkins, the sheriff is instructed to mark the same cancelled, and to issue to said Howard a substitute license therefor.

On motion of Commissioner Baxter, Messrs. Asa Jones and E. K. Bryan were elected cotton weighers for the city of New Bern for 2 years, upon their giving a good and sufficient bond as required by law.

Ordered by the Board that the clerk of this Board be and is hereby instructed to notify Mr. Geo. Dees of Grantsboro Pamlico county appear before this Board and show cause why he has not listed his property in No. 2 township, Craven county, for the years 1900 and 1901.

Board took recess until 2:30 o'clock.

Board met at 3 o'clock p. m., Aug. 5th 1901 pursuant to recess.

Present, Commissioners Jones, Baxter Wood and Fulcher.

Ordered that the property of W. F. Peel in No. 1 township be reduced from 50 acres, Hill's Neck $200 to $50 on account of error.

Ordered that Naomi Sandl be given license from Aug. 1st 1901 to May 31st, 1902 to peddle on foot in Craven county upon payment of the proper tax to the sheriff for that period.

Ordered that E. D. Wetherington of Tuscarora be requested to come before this Board at its meeting in September and show cause why he listed his real property in No. 9 township. It now appearing that he has no real property in said township and clerk so notify him.

The Board proceeded to draw a jury to serve during a term of the Superior Court to be held on the 2nd Monday after the first Monday in September. It being the 16 th day of September.

1st. Week.

No. 1 township.—Hardy Whitford, Baron Forest, E. H. Askins.

No. 5 township.—J. L. Taylor, J. R. Bowen.

No. 6 township.—E. G. Weeks, J. B. Williams, W. H. White, A. D. Rooks.

No. 8 township.—D. M. Roberts, Jos E. Hawk, John Suter, E. K. Bishop, Fred J. Hardison, Sam'l Parsons, W. J. Lucas.

No. 9 township.—M. W. Carmine.

2nd. Week.

No. 1 township.—Sidney Lane, Henry McLawhorn, W. E. Brown, George N Fulcher.

No. 2 township.—Leary Dixon.

No. 3 township.—W. D. Lane.

No. 6 township.—J. T. Boyd, D. W. Whitford, E. R. Tolson.

No. 7 township.—John S. Hardison, J. S. Basnight.

No. 8 township.—T. W. Dewey, J. N. Pate, J. H. Stevenson, Rudolph Ulrich, Furney Gaskill.

No. 9 township.—O. H. Wetherington Joe J. Lewis.

Ordered that 75 acres of land valued at $300 listed to F. G. Fulcher in No. 2 township be stricken from the list on account of error and tax on same be refunded he having paid the same. The said 75 acres being a part of 226 acres of land given in by O. P. Fulcher and tax paid on same.

Ordered that mill property of D. Congdon & Co in city of New Bern be raised from $12,000 to $20,000 for tax of 1900 on account of clerical error. It having been assessed at $20,000 by the assessors in 1899 and decreased through clerical error in 1900 to $12,000. Also clerk be and is directed to raise said valuation to $20,000 for year of 1901 and to notify the Blades Lumber Co, the present owners, to that effect.

Board took recess until 10 o'clock on Aug 6th.

Board met at 10 o'clock on Aug 6th 1901.

Present Commissioners Jones, Baxter, Wood, Wadsworth and Fulcher.

On motion of Commissioner Wadsworth, that in compliance with the petition from No. 1 township asking that no license be granted to sell liquor in No. 1 township, it is hereby ordered by the Board that no license be granted to sell liquor in said township for the six months ending Dec. 31st, 1901. Commissioners Jones, Baxter, Wood, Wadsworth and Fulcher voting aye.

The regular monthly bills were allowed.

Ordered that the salary of Mrs. Fannie Williams for keeper of county home be and is hereby increased to $20 [illegible] month, beginning August 1st [illegible]

Stephen Morton was allowed [illegible] prisoners rations for [illegible] and Stephen Morton is [illegible] to furnish and make [illegible]

[illegible] presents [illegible]

[illegible]

GENERAL FUND

[illegible] H. Roberts [illegible]

[illegible]

INTEREST ACCOUNT

[illegible]

[illegible] H. Roberts [illegible]

[illegible] By coupons [illegible]

FENCE NO. 1

[illegible]

FENCE NO. 3

[illegible] $ [illegible]

SPECIAL BRIDGE FUND

[illegible] $[illegible]

FINES AND PENALTIES

[illegible] $[illegible]

On motion of Commissioner Jones the Commissioner in charge of the county home be instructed to prepare suitable quarters at the home for the care and custody of the insane of the county until they can be admitted to the State hospital and to employ a keeper for same, who will at all time be subject to the orders of the superintendent of the home.

On motion the Board adjourned.

FINEST M. GREEN,
Clerk Board Commissioners.

Designer of the Independence.

Bowdoin B. Crowninshield of Boston is a man who is occupying a prominent niche before the public these days. By reason of his are designed the Lawson competitor for the honor of defending the America's cup. Crowninshield has won for him a ranking with the foremost of American yachting experts.

The Boston defender, Independence, is a magnificent specimen of the shipbuilder's art. She will prove a worthy competitor for the Herreshoff Constitution and, should she come out victorious against the latter, will give Lipton and his Shamrock II all the excitement they are likely to care for.

Crowninshield is a graduate of Harvard university, having been a member of the class of '90. His father had mapped out a nautical designing career for him. Crowninshield buckled down immediately to hard work. The first

BOWDOIN B. CROWNINSHIELD.

boats he designed were very small but he gradually went from one class to another. After successfully planning a myriad of 22 and 28 footers he tackled 35 and 45 footers. The designing of the 90 foot Independence was the climax of his career.

Designer Crowninshield is naturally very sanguine as to the showing of the Independence in the coming trials with the Belmont syndicate craft, while he knows full well the wonderful ability of Nat Herreshoff in bringing out cup winners, yet the Bostonian has not a particle of doubt that his creation will prove the swifter.

The American public is awaiting with much interest the outcome of the preparatory races. The deciding of the American defender will, in fact, attract as much attention as the actual international races with the British racer.

Duffy Going Abroad.

Arthur Duffy of Georgetown university, holder of the English 100 yard championship, it is announced, will vis it England this year to try for that title again. He will travel at the expense of his university, where a movement has been started to supply him with funds for the trip.

The challenge cup which Duffy won last July arrived at Washington a few days ago, and its appearance in the Coleman museum caused such a furore among the students that it was decided Duffy should receive another try for it.

This cup was presented to the English Ameteur Athletic association by H. H. Prince Hassan in 1871 and is valued at 100 guineas. It is a perpetual challenge trophy and can be held only for one year, but the athlete winning it three times in succession receives a duplicate.

Only three men have ever won duplicates—W. P. Phillips, London Athletic club, 1880, 1881 and 1882; J. M. Cowig, London Athletic club, 1883, 1884 and 1885, and C. A. Bradley, London Athletic club, 1892, 1893, 1894 and 1895. The names of all the winners are emblazoned on the original, among whom are three Americans, Fred Westing, Manhattan Athletic club, 1888; L. H. Carey of the same club, 1891, and Duffy, 1900.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure
Digests what you eat.

NAVAL FOOD STORES.

WHAT "JACKY" GETS TO EAT IN UNCLE SAM'S NAVY.

The American Navy Is Better Fed Than Any Other Navy in the World. What It Costs the Captains to Run the Warships in Port.

[illegible] that the average [illegible] better than the average merchant marine.

As the appetite of a sweating man cannot be appeased by angel food the provisions are of the most substantial kind.

All naval vessels are liable to be sent on long voyages or to be stationed where markets are inaccessible, and the stores purchased for the crew must be such as will keep for a long time and not become damaged by changes of climate. Naturally salt pork, corned beef, hard tack, beans, flour, sugar, canned fruits and vegetables are carried in large quantities and most of necessity constitute the main part of the daily rations. With these staples as a basis many appetizing combinations can be made. At sea fresh meat and vegetables are not to be had, but while in port or within reach of a market the navy regulations require the issuance on certain days of these desirable additions to the food supply. In the olden days no fresh meat was included in the navy ration, and "jacky" was compelled to subsist largely on corned beef, known in the sailor vernacular as "salt horse," owing to the fact that some unscrupulous contractor at one time long ago passed off horseflesh for beef in a navy supply. The barrel in which the salt meat is kept is to this day known as the "harness cask."

The enlisted men are divided into messes consisting of from 18 to 24 men each. Every month the mess elects one of its number to the position of caterer, and he looks after all matters culinary during his term. To him the daily allowances of staple foods are issued each morning by one of the paymaster's men, known as the "Jack of the dust," presumably from his handling flour. The ship's cooks then prepare the supplies for the table. Each mess is usually allowed from four to six commuted rations; that is, the caterer is given the value of such rations in cash and is thus provided with a fund of from $36 to $54 per month with which to buy fruits, vegetables, fish, berries and other items which are not included in the list of articles furnished by the government. To furnish the table still further it is customary for each man to "chip in" a dollar or two each month out of his own pocket.

The old time shellbacks looked with glee upon a plum duff dinner, but such delicacies as that seem commonplace to the new style navy men, who on holidays and frequently on Sundays have delicacies like roast turkey with cranberry sauce, celery, oranges, bananas and even ice cream.

If "jacky" has one failing in the commissariat line, it is his craving for pies of any constituency or nationality. He will eat them on any occasion and in any place. The ship's cook, if he be ambitious, takes advantage of this and makes up a tempting array of pies from materials which he purchases from the paymaster and retails them to the sailors.

The government does not discriminate in the allowance for food supplies in the navy as between officer and enlisted man, that is, it did not up to a year or two ago, when every man in the ship, from the admiral down to a coal heaver, received 50 cents each day. Now the discrimination is that the coal heaver continues to draw his 50 cents, while the admiral and all other officers except the gunner, carpenter, pharmacist, chief machinists and the naval cadets receive absolutely nothing for their subsistence on board ship. Many who visit naval vessels and are entertained at dinner or luncheon are heard to remark that the government provides very good living for its officers, not thinking that the entire cost of the repast has come out of the officers' own pockets.

The cost of an officer's living on one of our vessels varies considerably. In a port where much entertaining has to be done and where there are high priced markets the mess bill, as it is called, sometimes runs as high as $35 or $40 a month for each officer and is rarely less than $25 a month. This represents merely the actual cost of the food and the incidental expenses of the mess, as the government furnishes all servants, crockery, fuel and table linen.

In connection with this subject it may be interesting to note that the captain of a war vessel does not eat with the other officers, but has a separate establishment for himself and is provided with a cook and a steward whose only duties are to wait on him. On flagships the admiral also eats alone. The wardroom mess usually includes all officers above the grade of ensign and on most vessels consists of from 10 to 20 members. Junior officers and naval cadets constitute another mess, known as the steerage mess. C. A. McAllister in Saturday Evening Post.

A Curious Tree.

There is a curious combination tree in West Stockbridge, Mass. It is primarily a maple which measures, a foot from the ground, 12 feet 3 inches in circumference. Fifteen feet from the ground there are one or two birch limbs growing, and higher up are currant and raspberry bushes which bear fruit each year. It is not stated whether the sugar made from its sap has a raspberry flavor, or the birch bark a currant color and taste, or the berries a spicy tang of birch. It is very old and bids fair to stand for many years longer.

His Manners All in a Bunch.

The laundress' little boy is being strenuously brought up "by hand." "Why, mum," she said despairingly, "if I pounded that boy black and blue I couldn't learn him his manners. Here, Willie!" to the urchin, who was looking confusedly at some pennies given him by the mistress. "What do you say to the lady?"

Willie looked troubled. Then, "Yes, ma'am; no, ma'am; pease, fank you, estuse me," he said breathlessly, remembering all his "manners" at once, the occasion evidently being great.

HINTS FOR FARMERS

Time to Gather Seed.

Gather cabbage seed either a day or two after the pods have attained the color which shows by breaking they show ripened seed within. Lay the stalks on bright hot boards, with sun and air have free access. Gather the onion seed when by the stalks is dead just below the seed ball. For when a third of the seed capsules have cracked open, it matters not how green the stock may be. Spread the seed heads one deep on lath frames in a dry airy loft. Carrot seed can remain out longer than seed of any other vegetable without wasting. The waste begins on the outer row of each seed head. It rises up and drops off. As carrot seed requires two entire cuttings, it is well to allow an open space between each as is [illegible] the object of thrashing the seed at the time of gathering, cutting the entire mass of shoots [illegible] and desired of each individual seed.

Map of Soils.

Uncle Sam is going to have a soil map that will be a wonder. It will be something of a kind entirely new and will enable the farmer wherever he is located to determine just what crops will bring him the largest returns in money. Printed in colors, it will convey information in the clearest and most easily comprehended manner imaginable.

The maps to cover the whole of the United States and will be on such a scale that every ten acre patch will be represented by one-eighth of an inch square. But each farmer will be able to procure a chart of his own neighborhood on a larger scale, so that he can arrange his planting in accordance with the suggestions which it conveys. The work is done by townships to start with, and these are put together to make counties, which are finally assembled to form complete maps of states.

Apples For Horses.

In an Ohio paper we find a statement from a farmer who says that one season colts died without apparent cause until post mortem examination showed stomach and intestines to be filled with worms, says The American Agriculturist. In the fall a mess of sweet apples was given to those left alive, and the next day worms were passed in considerable numbers, and as the apples were continued in the feed the colts grew into thrifty yearlings that finally sold at good prices. Although we never had occasion to try this remedy, we do not doubt that it is a good one, nor do we doubt that beets or mangels and perhaps other roots would have equally good results.

The Hessian Fly.

A correspondent of The National Stockman tells how he avoids trouble from the Hessian in his wheatfields. He prepares his ground for sowing and then waits until he sees the fly about. Then he drills in his wheat. As the flies all swarm at once and only last four days they have all perished before his wheat is up, and he suffers no damage and averages much better crops than his neighbors. We do not know whether this habit of all coming out at once and perishing in four days is true everywhere or peculiar to them in Ohio. We never saw or heard it mentioned before, but if true it should be generally known.

Profit In Horse Breeding.

At the meeting of the Texas Live Stock association awhile ago it was said that there were 3,000,000 less horses in the United States now than in 1890, and yet there were 1,000,000 more in use, the shrinkage being mostly in the herds that then ran wild on the plains. There is a greatly increased use of horses in this country and a demand for large numbers from abroad, and it will take six years to begin to have a supply to equal the demand, even if it does not largely increase within that time. If this is correct, there should be a profit in breeding horses at almost any time for years to come.

Increase In Farming.

The United States census for 1900 shows that in the past ten years the number of farms in the United States has increased from 4,500,000 to 5,700,000, a gain of over 20 per cent; 500,000 more farms are worked by their owners, and there are 700,000 more tenant farmers. The increase in tenant farming has been the largest in the eastern and middle states, which we take to indicate that in those sections more young men are taking up farming and putting the capital they have into stock and tools instead of into land that they have not the capital to work properly.

To Get Rid of Oxeye Daisy.

Sheep are very fond of the oxeye daisies either as pasturage or hay and will eat them so closely as to kill them out. In some parts of England they sow the seed of them to make a sheep pasture. Those who have fields where they prevail might do well to pasture them with sheep one or two seasons, then plow up and sow the seed of better grass. We have eradicated them by two seasons of liberal manuring, keeping the land in hoed crops and then reseeding, but they would come in again as soon as the land became poor again.

Kindness to Animals Pays.

People are learning that kindness to animals pays and that common brutality is largely disappearing. Precept upon precept usually failed, but when the argument was directed to the pocket conviction followed.

Beets For Hogs.

A successful western feeder gives his hogs a mess of beets each day when feeding corn. As a consequence the swine always weigh heavier than they look.

Peasant Costumes In Ireland.

A certain number of peasants in the wilder and remoter districts of Ireland still wear something like a national costume. About Lough Mask plenty of the lassies are to be seen in picturesque red petticoats that artists loved to bring into their sketches of Irish life. A sprinkling of the old high hats may be seen. The older fishermen wear them, but the younger school shun such antiquated headgear, as the English peasant of today does the smock frock.—London Express.

Women are Like Flowers. Healthy and strong they blossom and bloom. Sickly, they wither and die. Every woman ought to look well and feel well. It is her right and duty, but she might as well try to put out a fire with oil as to be healthy and attractive with disease corroding the organs that make her a woman. Upon their health depends her health. If there is inflammation or weakening drains or suffering at the monthly period, attend to it at once. Don't delay. You're one step nearer the grave every day you put it off. Women can stand a great deal, but they cannot live forever with disease dragging at the most delicate and vital organs in their body. You may have been deceived in so-called cures. We don't see how you could help it—there is so much worthless stuff on the market. But you won't be disappointed in Bradfield's Female Regulator. We believe it is the one medicine on earth for womanly ills. There is as much difference between it and other so-called remedies as there is between right and wrong. Bradfield's Female Regulator soothes the pain, stops the drains, promotes regularity, strengthens, purifies and cleanses. It does all this quickly and easily and naturally. It is for women alone to decide whether they will be healthy or sick. Bradfield's Regulator lies at hand. $1 per bottle at drug store.

Send for our free booklet.

THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

DR. OTTO'S

SPRUCE GUM BALSAM. CURES COUGHS AND COLDS.

FOR THE CURE OF ALL

Coughs, Colds,

OR

Incipient Consumption.

NO REMEDY EQUALS

DR. OTTO'S Spruce Gum Balsam.

A single dose will relieve suffering and its regular use will effect a permanent cure.

PRICE, 25 AND 50 CENTS.

Graham Academy,

MARSHALLBERG, N. C.

A College Preparatory School for young men and women.

Under the Auspices of the Methodis Episcopal Church.

A Christian home located in one of the healthiest sections of the State.

A full corps of competent teachers.

Buildings newly repaired and furnished.

The neighborhood absolutely free from the ordinary evils of town life.

In addition to the regular course, Business Department has been added, which includes Telegraphy, Typewriting, Stenography and Book-keeping.

Fall Term begins Sept. 2nd.

For further Particulars address,

REV. C. M. LEVISTER, Prest,
MARSHALLBERG, N. C

Seven Springs High School.

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