

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of



In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CERTAIN COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

900 DROPS

Vegetable Preparation for Assisting the Food and Regulating the Stomach and Bowels of INFANTS & CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac-Simile Signature of J. C. Ayer, NEW YORK.

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

WOMAN AND FASHION

A Picturesque Hat.

Hats are showy and picturesque, and the fad for streamers in the back increases. The charming afternoon hat illustrated is of tulle, trimmed with rows of pink roses.



CREAM STRAW AND PINK ROSES.

band of black velvet encircles the crown, and a big gold buckle ornaments the front. Pink roses are placed next the hair under the brim, and long loops and streamers of black velvet hang down the back.—New York Mail and Express.

Linings For White Dresses.

The question of a lining is a perplexing one to the woman who dresses in white, for the lining costs more than the gown, and to line a fifteen cent cotton means something when viewed from the standpoint of the pocketbook.

As for the lining, it is a matter that cannot be ignored. All or very nearly all of the summer goods are transparent and the lining is distinctly visible, painfully so sometimes.

Of course it is possible to use the plain cotton linings, just as one would use any other gown, but these linings do not show up well, and they add nothing to the beauty of the dress.

If you cannot afford to line well, then do not get a transparent dress, so the modistes advise. And they send their customers back to exchange dress patterns that show the lining too plainly.

Adaptable Yachting Costumes.

The dressmakers and tailors have this year made yachting costumes that are also suitable for traveling and walking. These have an etamine or mohair skirt and a waist of different material—satin foulard, checked silk, India silk or batiste. These are not the familiar waists with plaited front and pointed yoke back, a style relegated to various fancy cottons and wash silks, but are made in rather fanciful fashion with a duffy front, a Gibson or seamless French cut, bell sleeves with small puffed undersleeves and a girl-like finish that is not too wide to give a slender effect.—New York Evening Post.

A Simple Blouse.

The blouse given in the sketch is of black and white figured foulard. The collar piece is made with straps and edged with two narrow white bands of

CANNING SALMON.

The Various Processes From the Time the Fish Are Caught.

Salmon caught in the seines and brought to the cannery are counted and thrown into bins. Chinamen are mostly employed for subsequent operations. They take each bin of the entrails and throw the rest of the animal into a tub. Next the fish is washed and placed in a trough, where several knives, acting after the manner of a feed cutter, slice it into sections exactly as long as the height of a can. These sections are set on end and split into three pieces, one piece large enough to fill the can, while the others are smaller. The fragments are then placed on tables, and the Chinamen fit them into the cans. Next the covers are put on the cans and soldered.

After being soldered the cans are put into hot water and watched in order to see if any bubbles rise, indicating leaks. Those which endure this test successfully are placed in an iron tank and boiled in salt water. Salt water is used in preference to fresh because it can be raised to a higher temperature. After boiling for an hour and a quarter each can is "vented." This means that a hole is punched in its top to permit the expanded air to escape. Then the hole is soldered up, and the cooking is finished by further boiling in salt water for an hour and a half. If they were not "vented," this second cooking would burst the cans. Finally each can is tested by tapping it on the head with a big nail. If leaky, it will usually give back a "tinny" sound.

A Palace by Piecemeal.

"I have bought a hat which I am transforming into a palace," said a woman. "You see, I had acquired a mantle for buying the insides of fine old homes about to be torn down, and I had filled my city apartment with all that it would stand, besides putting a good deal in storage. Yet I kept on buying. One day I came across a well built but plainly furnished house on Staten Island, which I could buy for a small price. At once I had visions of that house as it would look transformed by my fine old carved woods, marbles, tiles and mirrors. Mentally I did it up to such a degree of attractiveness that I just had to purchase it. The results are justifying my expectations. Every one who enters gives an exclamation of surprise and admiration, and I'm not through yet. The interior finish of my house cost originally tens of thousands of dollars and came from all parts of the globe. I got it for almost nothing."—New York Press.

Pruning Trees.

Too much pruning of a tree at one time is not a good thing for it. It weakens the tree and shortens its life. When it is first taken to its permanent home from the nursery, it will usually bear some cutting back, especially if many roots have been broken in taking up, but we think even then many take off more than they should. The desired future shape of the tree, with high or low branches, should always be kept in mind and the limbs cut to bring it out. Then a little trimming of superfluous branches each year will keep the tree in shape. If on coming to bearing the fruit does not prove satisfactory or true to name, it is better to graft about one-third of it each year for three years than to try to change the whole top in one year, which may result in loss of all the grafts and sometimes in the death of the tree, if it is not of a very vigorous kind.

An Off Told Tale.

A smooth tongued agent claiming to represent a prominent wholesale grocery house succeeded in getting \$50 to \$60 from each of many farmers in a well to do locality. When the goods arrived, they were delivered at a railroad station in unbroken packages properly marked. The farmers did not examine them until they got home, when they discovered that the goods were either very low grade or entirely worthless. The agent had disappeared. We again repeat our frequent warning not to buy goods of a traveling representative without examination before acceptance. All agents are not robbers, but the purchaser should be sure of his man and know something of the standing of the house he represents.—Farm and Home.

The Farmer's Interest.

The farmer's direct interest in the beef trust investigation begun by the attorney general is not at first readily discernible. A little thought, however, shows that investigation of this kind ought to bring out the price of beef at its various stages from farm and ranch to the consumer's table. If middlemen's profits are undue at any point, publicity of this character would be for the good of the producer.—American Agriculturist.

Portraits on Apples.

An eastern fruit grower made a large sum of money last year selling apples each of which contained an outline of the face of President McKinley. This year his apples will bear the imprint of McKinley's successor. To produce such prints on apples is not mysterious or even a very difficult matter, but some ingenuity is required to obtain the effect. The gentleman holds his process a secret.

The Complacent Wife.

Mrs. Muggins—Your husband seems like a man of rare good taste and excellent judgment.

Mrs. Buggins—Of course. Otherwise he wouldn't have wanted to marry me.—Philadelphia Record.

Ambitious Youth.

Papa—And when you grow up would you like to be a captain of industry?

Johnny—Now! I'd rudder be captain of de baseball team.—New York Herald.

Distressing Stomach Disease.

Permanently cured by the mastery power of "BOTH AMERICAN REMEDIES Tonic," invalids need suffer no longer, because this great remedy can cure them all. It is a cure for the whole world of stomach weakness and indigestion. The cure begins with the first dose. The result it brings is marvelous and surprising. It makes no failure; never disappoints. No matter how long you have suffered, your cure is certain under the use of this great health-giving force. Pleasant and safe. Sold by O. D. Bradham, Druggist.

HINTS FOR FARMERS

Docking Lambs.

Discussing the sheep department of the Iowa experiment station, C. P. Reynolds says in The Drovers' Journal: "This treatment gets careful attention at farms." Commonly the lambs are about two or three weeks old before docking. The instrument used is a knife with a sharp edge in the hands of a careful man. As a rule, the tail is cut to a length of one and one-half inches. The skin is carefully pulled up before cutting, so that it will roll back and more or less cover the wound and thus hasten healing. The college has experimented with various devices for docking, and among others the hot clippers, but has not found them practicable. The general assumption is that a knife is good enough, if well handled, and if there is anything better it would be a sharp chisel and a block.

Not a great deal of castration is done at the college since the majority, if not all, of the lambs produced are pure bred and to a considerable extent will be used purely for breeding purposes. When castrating is done, it is previous to docking. Professor Kennedy advises that docking be delayed for a day or two after castration, and then, if there are any signs of inflammation, the docking has a tendency to remove the fever.

Bran and Shorts.

When we speak of shorts for stock or poultry feeding, we mean that which is entitled to the name. We do not mean bran that has been reground to make it finer, and especially would we avoid it if we thought that the cause of the regrinding was that the bran had been wet, soured and caked up. A few years ago a neighbor complained to us that his cows were not giving their usual amount of milk and were growing lean and some of them were scouring badly. The ration he was feeding seemed to be in the right proportions, and his ensilage was good. After examining all else we asked to see the shorts, which he fed quite liberally. We saw it, we smelled it, and then we tasted of it. Although it looked and smelled all right, the taste was enough to reveal that it was as sour as any pickle. All the good qualities had been destroyed by overheating when damp, and while the regrinding had reduced the caked lumps and taken away the sour smell, it had not restored the feeding value. And of that probably never had any more than coarse bran and the sweepings of the mill that might have been added to it.—American Cultivator.

CANCEROUS ULCERS

Are in many respects like other ulcers or sores, and this resemblance often proves fatal. Valuable time is lost in fruitless efforts to heal the sore with washes and salves, because the germs of Cancer that are multiplying in the blood and the new Cancer cells which are constantly developing announce the approach of the eating and sloughing stage, and a hideous, sickening cancerous sore begins its destructive work.

No ulcer or sore can exist without some predisposing internal cause that has poisoned the blood, and the open discharging ulcer, or the festering sore on the lip, cheek or other part of the body will continue to spread and eat deeper into the flesh unless the blood is purified and the Cancer germs or morbid matter eliminated from the circulation.

S. S. S. cleanses the blood of all decaying effete matter. It has great antitoxic and purifying properties that soon destroy the germs and poisons and restore the blood to its natural condition. And when pure blood is carried to the ulcer or sore the healing process begins, the discharge ceases and the place heals over and new skin forms. S. S. S. is a strictly vegetable blood purifier containing no mercury or minerals of any description.

If you have an ulcer or chronic sore of any kind, write us about it, medical advice will cost you nothing. Books on Cancer and other diseases of the blood will be sent free.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

A Terror Comes to Grief.

Mr. Ben Henderson a young man of convivial habits, but of very uncertain temper, and who hails from Onslow county, was a visitor to the city yesterday.

It is said that Mr. Henderson's animal spirits rise in the same proportion that he puts the ardent spirits down, until at a certain stage his passion breaks forth in paroxysms, most awful to behold. In fact he makes no secret that he is the untrifling "bully" of Onslow county.

Yesterday while at dinner in a colored restaurant on Middle street he became offended at some error in the cuisine, and his passion at once passed beyond control. With blood curdling oaths, he informed the old woman of his ability to accomplish most wonderful feats, reminded her that he was a very bad man, and proposed to make a demonstration, advancing upon the restaurant.

The old woman very bravely held the "bad man" at bay with a chair until Policeman Griffin came on the scene, and Mr. Henderson's terrible passion was allowed to cool at the city's accommodative hall last night.

FREE RURAL DELIVERY.

Prospects Good For a Route to Jasper, Lima and Bellair.

Special agent Vessey and postmaster Hascock drove to Bellair Thursday to locate a free rural delivery route. The proposed route will take in Jasper and Lima and it will also take in the road leading past the Oaks Farm. The route like all free rural delivery routes will be 35 miles in extent.

This will be a good change for the people living along this line and should be regarded with pleasure as a step forward. They will receive their mail regularly and it will be delivered at their door free of charge. It will enable them to get their daily news almost if not quite 24 hours earlier than heretofore.

The special agent will make his report to the department regarding this route and the result will be known here before many days.

Fred Smith, a lineman employed by the Henderson Telephone Co. was overcome by the heat Thursday while at work near Klinton. He recovered sufficiently to go to work Friday morning.

Drs. F. W. Hughes and Charles Duffy performed a very difficult operation upon the little son of Mr. Alfred Chesney yesterday, the disease being membranous croup. The operation was successful.

A negro working in the woods for H. O. McKeel was brought into the city yesterday morning suffering from a broken ankle. The accident was caused by a log rolling on his foot. Dr. Jones reduced the fracture.

Mr. B. B. Davenport returned Thursday from a trip through Pamlico county and says that the reports about the big crops there can all be verified. The farmers are all highly pleased with the prospects of a large harvest which nothing now can prevent but a storm. Corn cotton and potatoes are the principal crops now.

At a special meeting of the City Council Thursday evening, Mr. R. B. Nixon, attorney for the International Telephone Co., appeared before the board and presented two requests, concessions not granted in the franchise which was voted upon last week. The company wants permission to erect terminals or distribute poles in the city, and a reduction in the amount of the bond is also requested. There being no quorum when the vote was taken the question will be decided at the next meeting.

NEW TEACHERS ELECTED.

The Trustees of the New Bern Academy held a special meeting yesterday afternoon.

The Trustees created a new office, that of Assistant Principal in the white Graded School, and elected Miss Mary B. Brown to fill the position.

Miss Brown is at present in Minnesota and was notified by telegram of her election.

Miss Rita Nunn of this city, and Miss Katherine Pace, of Wilson, were elected teachers for the white Graded School, by the Trustees.

"Shoved The Queer."

D. E. Johnson, a white man of Jacksonville, Onslow county, was arrested yesterday by United States Marshal, H. W. Jewell for passing silver dollars on different merchants at Jacksonville, N. C. At a preliminary examination before United States Commissioner G. B. Hill yesterday evening, Johnson was required to give a \$1000. justified bond for his appearance at the next term of the United States District Court and in default of same was committed to Onslow county jail. Johnson is an old offender having served a term in the penitentiary for a similar offense. He is a man 70 years of age. The money is a clever imitation of the silver dollar.

NOT THAT KIND.

The impetuous artist, was speaking of a new model he had secured for a great work he was preparing.

"Does she lend herself to the subject?" inquired a dilettante who loved art for art's sake.

"I should say not," replied the artist, who had got his start as a sign painter. "She charges \$2 an hour."—New York Herald.

All Right Otherwise.

Lawyer (drawing up marriage settlement between American heiress and impoverished foreign nobleman)—"There, I think we have it right now, to a dot.

Count Boylen de Bakkovisnek (prospective bridegroom)—"Sure, I prefer to inkish word 'dowry'."—Chicago Tribune.

Figures Don't Lie.

Brown—You only fifty! That's a good one!

White—My daughter says she is only twenty-six, and she was born two years after I was married, and I was married at twenty-two. Figure it out for yourself.—Boston Transcript.

YOU KNOW WHAT YOU ARE TAKING

When you take Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic, because the formula is plainly printed on every bottle showing that it is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price 50c.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure

Digests what you eat.

A Disappointed Kentuckian.

At the time when John G. Carlisle was senator from Kentucky his speeches were widely printed and attracted a great deal of attention. One day when the senate was in session a mountaineer from the wildest wilds of Kentucky presented himself at the door and asked to see Senator Carlisle. The visitor wore homespun and leather boots and was travel stained and dusty. He explained that he had read Mr. Carlisle's speeches and considered them great, and had walked more than a hundred miles in order to see the senator from his state. Mr. Carlisle was busy at the time, and the clerk informed the visitor that he could not be disturbed. The farmer looked disappointed and seemed reluctant to depart. Finally he asked if he might be taken where he could just catch a glimpse of the great man he had walked so far to see. The request was granted, and Mr. Carlisle was pointed out to him. After a brief scrutiny the farmer turned to the attendant:

"Reads a heap better'n he looks," he remarked sentimentally, and prepared to walk back home.—New York Times.

HERE'S A BABY

ITS MOTHER IS WELL.

The baby is healthy because during gestation the mother used the purely vegetable MOTHER'S FRIEND.



BLACK AND WHITE FOULARD.

taffeta, from under which comes white taffeta ribbon tied in a pretty bow, with the ends incrustated with lace designs. The chemise and collar band are of filet lace, and the cuffs are made to match the collar piece.—Philadelphia Ledger.

Fashionable Thing in Neckwear.

If you can secure a lace neck yoke with a high standing collar attached to it, you will have the most fashionable thing going in the way of neckwear. The stocks come in both black and white lace, and the upper edge may be finished with a narrow black cord or with the smallest of chiffon ruffles.

While the standing lace stocks lead in favor, there are others. One of these is the stock composed of folds of silk neatly laid one above the other. At the throat there is a bow of silk with lace ends. This, which isn't strictly novel, is very much worn.

On Summer Hats.

Fruit and fruit blossoms are soon on many of the summer hats. Currants are first favorite. The harmonies of tints are wonderful. Blue and mauve are becoming blended, and roses are made in every possible shade, candy gray being a favorite hue.

DR. MOFFETT'S TEETHING POWDERS

DR. W. W. Barry (of Atlanta) writes: "I have had my children without a single toothache, and I have had my children without a single toothache, and I have had my children without a single toothache."—Atlanta, Ga.

WINCHESTER

"NEW RIVAL" FACTORY LOADED SHOTGUN SHELLS

outshoot all other black powder shells, because they are made better and loaded by exact machinery with the standard brands of powder, shot and wadding. Try them and you will be convinced.

CALL REPUTABLE DEALERS KEEP THEM

TROUBLESOME QUESTIONS.

For Which Mont Pelce and La Souffriere Are Responsible.

"George, dear, why is it that the scientific persons don't try to investigate the inside of the earth?"

"I suppose they consider it beneath them, my love."

"There, George, you are trying to joke again. I'm serious about this—real serious. It seems to me that it would be doing the world a great service if somebody could find out just what it is stuffed with."

"That is the woman of it, my dear. You want to get at the cotton batting and the sawdust. Yes, you do. You are consumed by a ruthless curiosity. You want to find the funny business that makes the doll say 'papa' and 'mamma.' It's the destructive instinct that all women possess."

"Why, George, you're horrid!"

"Oh, I know your sex. We've had several women in our family. I knew all about you when I married you. But suppose you could get your destructive little scissors into the inside of the globe. Would it do you any good to find out that the cotton batting was gun cotton and the sawdust giant powder?"

"George, you are a mean thing. I don't care the littlest bit what's inside the old earth; only it does seem as if we ought to know. Perhaps we could guard against things better if we knew what to expect."

"Pooh, pooh, my dear. The chances are if you knew what to expect you wouldn't sleep a wink afterward. Your head would be filled with the wildest apprehension. Your ears would be strained to catch the hollow crash that foretold the end of everything. You'd walk pussy footed for fear of breaking through the crust. You'd have a sulphur respirator and a lava cellar and a steel umbrella that would shield cinders. Oh, you'd enjoy your inside knowledge, I don't think."

"George, I'm not going to suggest anything serious again. You make light of everything. All I had in mind was a hole bored down into the earth far enough to enable us to know what's going on down there."

"And I suppose when you found out you'd pull the hole up and fold it away for future use?"

"George, I'm not going to say another word to you."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

PENNYROYAL PILLS

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH

Notice.

If the heirs of Furney Greene, colored who died in Greensboro, N. C., about ten or twelve years ago, will correspond with me, they will hear something to their advantage. Said heirs supposed to reside in or near New Bern.

THOMAS C. HOYLE, Greensboro, N. C.



A Departure

from old methods of carriage building has enabled us to furnish a vehicle that is at once very cheap, handsome and serviceable. Carriages, buggies, light wagons, perfect in construction, design and finish, at notably low prices. Best of workmanship and material. Up-to-date in all respects. Can't be beat. Guarantee with everyone.

We put Rubber Tires on your old or new wheels.

We shrink your loose tires in machine without cutting them. Everybody is invited to see the work of the machine putting new bolts in same old places.

G. H. Waters & Son, Phone 185, road St., New Bern, N. C.

E. W. Smallwood, HARDWARE

Refrigerators, Water Coolers, Ice Cream Freezers, Screen Doors, Window Screens, Oil and Cook Stoves, Ranges, Lime, Cement, Plaster, Paints, Oils, Varnish, Putty, Sash, Doors, Blinds, Outlays and all the useful articles usually found in an Up-to-date Hardware Store.

HEADQUARTERS FOR And all kinds of BUILDING MATERIAL.

Best Goods Lowest Prices.

Under Hotel Chattawka, NEW BERN, N. C.

Henry's Pharmacy

127 Middle St.

Columbian Insecticide, Peterman Roach Food, Hooper's Fatal Food and Sure Death to Moths, Bugs, etc. Also Bromo Chloradine

The disinfectant that disinfects and deodorizes.

We keep on hand a complete stock of Medicines, Toilet Articles, Perfumery, Tooth Brushes, &c. Physicians' Prescriptions, special

NOTICE.

On August 1st 1904, I will sell at the Court House door, in New Bern, N. C. to the highest bidder for cash, at 12 o'clock m., the following described notes and mortgages—Two notes under date of January 2nd 1897, due respectively on January 1st 1898 and January 1st 1899. Face value \$200.00 each, signed by J. F. Harris, payable to Edith W. Harris, with power of sale and foreclosure. See her 24 page 350 and book 22 page 537 in the register of deeds office of Pamlico county, N. C.

WM. SUTCLIFF, Agt.

June 21 1904.