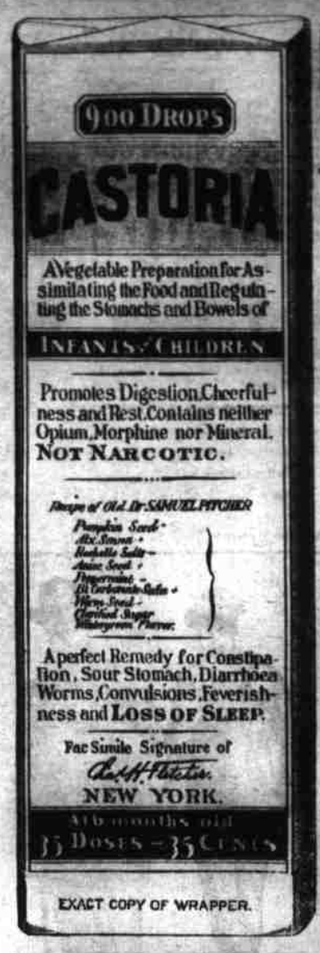

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

A Rush to South Africa.

A rush of emigrants from Australia to South Africa has set in and is worrying the authorities of the commonwealth of the southern seas. The Melbourne papers strongly deprecate the exodus, declaring that the emigrants are largely those whom Australia can least afford to lose—laborers, artisans, farm hands, etc. Applicants for permits to emigrate have to prove themselves possessed of a minimum of $100. The requirement, together with the expense of the voyage, is an obstacle to the poor in purse, but adventurous in spirit, who usually flock to gold countries. The result is that ships from Australia are suffering from a plague of stowaways.—New York Tribune.

MAITLAND, FLA, October 10th, 1901

The Hancock Liquid Sulphur Co., Baltimore, Md.

Gentlemen:—I have had Eczema over thirty years, have tried many remedies prescribed by various physicians, but to nothing has the disease yielded so readily as to LIQUID SULPHUR. I think if used properly it is undoubtedly a specific for Eczema. I have prescribed it for others with most satisfactory results. I consider it the best remedy for cutaneous affections I have ever known, and regard it as the greatest medical discovery of the age.

Respectfully yours,
W. A. HEARD, M. D.

For sale at F. S. Duffy's.

A Model.

"Oh, no," declared the younger one, "my husband never goes to clubs or any other places of amusement unless he can take me with him."

"Dear me! What a splendid man! How long have you been married?"

"It'll be seven weeks next Tuesday."—Chicago Record-Herald.

YOU KNOW WHAT YOU ARE TAKING When you take Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic, because the formula is plainly printed on every bottle showing that it is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price 50c.

Our First Cotton Mill.

The first cotton mill in this country was established in Beverly, Mass., in 1787. It was designed to manufacture cord and bedticking.

The Thief... ...of Beauty

Is Captured by Bradfield's Regulator.

"Thousands of young women are awaking to the fact that inherited comliness has been stolen away and instead of glowing cheeks, bright eyes and smooth brows, the telltale wrinkles of pain have taken the place of these former charms. These are the warning feelings! Weak, tired and exhausted in the morning, no life, no ambition to enter upon their former pleasures, irritable, cross, discouraged, dull headaches, general dispirited feeling, sleepless nights, cold feet, poor circulation, "coming down" pains. All these symptoms indicate deranged and weakened organs. Shattered nerves and exhausted energies follow the weakened condition of the female organs as surely as night follows day. Save yourself from more terrible results, restore your youth by taking

Bradfield's Female Regulator

The most strengthening, invigorating, menstrual regulator in the world.

It relieves painful menstruation, profuse menstruation, obstructed menstruation, inflammation of the vagina, displacement, membranal catarrh, nervousness, headaches, at retard. Beauty of face and symmetry of form are the result of the use of these health drops.

Of druggists $1.00. Our book, Perfect Health for Women, mailed free.

THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO. ATLANTA, GA.

Weekly Crop Bulletin.

For week ending Monday, September 1, 1902.

Except in a few western counties where beneficial showers occurred on the 26th and 28th, the past week was extremely dry throughout the greater portion of the State; at most places, indeed, hardly more than "traces" of rain occurred. The mean temperature was about normal, with warm days and rather cool nights. The amount of sunshine was abundant, and the weather very agreeable, but showers are much needed for all late crops, especially corn, peas, potatoes, late cabbages, clover and turnips. Excellent progress in pulling fodder, curing tobacco, picking cotton and haying was made under the very favorable conditions that prevailed for farm work. The ground is now so dry and hard that fall plowing and preparations for winter wheat and oats are backward.

Dry weather has caused the growth of cotton to cease, and top bolls are not forming; some fields look as brown as they usually do in October. Cotton is opening very fast, and is said to be nearly half open, but the absence of very high maximum temperatures has prevented much premature opening; complaints of rust and shedding continue and some correspondents report short crops on account of the small size of the bolls. Picking is progressing, but is behind on account of rapid opening and scarcity of labor. Late corn continues to do well and in many sections will be the best crop gathered. Pulling fodder continues actively. Tobacco is ripening in northwestern counties; while the crop planted was short, the yield has been above the average in quality. Digging sweet potatoes and peanuts has commenced and also cutting rice with favorable prospects for these crops. Peavines promise a large yield of hay but are not fruting heavily. Crimson clover and late seeded turnips have not come up on account of drought.

Story of an Army Mule.

There is or was an army mule a pensioner of the United States—tradition says that army mules are mortal, hence the doubt as to tense. But this mule, Mexique, was ordered to be sold at Mount Vernon barracks, Alabama, in 1883. He had been at the post a long time and had grown gray in the service, having an honorable record in the Mexican war, and the officers at Mount Vernon asked the quartermaster general to retain him till the end of his days. This application, signed by William A. Kobbe, then an artillery lieutenant, and indorsed by a dozen proper military authorities, including General Hancock and General Sherman, is on record at Washington. How the white mule's record grew in honor with successive indorsement may be seen from the commanding general's letter:

I have seen that mule, and, whether true or false, the soldiers believe it was left at the Big spring, where Mount Vernon barracks now are, at the time General Jackson's army camped there, about 1812-15. Tradition says it was once a sorrel, but now it is white from age.

The quartermaster's department will be chargeable with ingratitude if that mule is sold or the care and maintenance of it thrown on the charitable officers of the post. I advise that it be kept in the department, fed and maintained till death.

W. T. SHERMAN.

P. S.—I think that mule was at Fort Morgan, Mobile point, when I was there in 1873. W. T. S.

The secretary of war finally directed "that this mule be kept and well cared for at public expense as long as he lives."

First Gun of Campaign.

The News and Observer yesterday contained the following special from Burgaw:—

Congressman Thomas spoke on the issues of the campaign to a large and enthusiastic audience here today. In eloquent and forceful words he painted the evils of Fusion misrule and showed the advance of the State along all lines under Democratic administration. No synopsis of his speech could do him justice. It was strong, sound, brilliant and convincing.

TOBACCO TALK.

Another Good Day Yesterday. The Crop Experimental Yet, but is Very Profitable Jones County Farmers Well Pleased with their Experience so Far.

Yesterday was another pretty good Tobacco Day on this market. Twenty-five thousand pounds were sold at the two warehouses.

Owing to the good prices received for the weed, the farmers are very slow about marketing their crop. Got plenty of money already, don't you know.

Prices, why, twenty dollars per hundred average is considered to be only a common, ordinary price. Twenty-five to thirty-five, being the rule for any fairly good stock.

It is very gratifying to the farmers, in this section, that they have discovered some safe money crop, for several years they have been practically on the losing hand. Cotton culture being unprofitable and truck uncertain in price.

The climate, soil and everything in these lower counties were thought to be unfavorable to the growing of tobacco but these theories and opinions have all been exploded, and now our people have a pretty good touch of the tobacco fever Let it rage, for is it not a very profitable complaint?

Last year was one of the worst seasons for crops ever known down East, here. The farmers were all despondent for the while, but with stout hearts and strong hands, they sharpened their axes, built tobacco barns, seeded beds, prepared for the curing, and now they are reaping their rewards. They deserved to succeed.

The smiles on their seamed and toil worn faces after a good tobacco sale, are very pleasant to observe by those who know how hard and faithful these farmers have striven to make their crop of the weed a success.

One of these industrious toilers, Mr. S. S. Waters, who lives on the Black Swamp, which is near Maysville, Jones county, was in the city yesterday with a lot of 886 pounds, which he sold at the Planters for $156.61 which was nearly an average of 20 cents. His tobacco was only of a medium grade, and Mr. Waters was well pleased with the price.

Mr. B. R. Henderson from near Pollocksville was another heavy seller and received an average of over twenty.

The prices at the Farmers ranged fsom 8 to 35, and at the Planters they were said to be equally good.

Breaks will take place every day, but it is expected that Friday will be a great big day.

The Man About Town.

"Then the Schoolboy with his shining morning face, creeping like a snail, unwillingly to school.." Time does not alter human nature much. Children hated to go to school in Shakespeare's time as they do now. I presume old Billy Himself played "hookey" when the warm days of Spring came and hied himself to the brook where he found "tongues in trees, books in running brooks, sermons in stones and good in every thing."

***

Yet I do not opine that school days are extremely unwelcome. They surely should not be. For the so-called necessary confinement in the school room and the hearty application to the duties therein prescribed is but the planting of seed that in the future will develop wonderful and brilliant ideas.

***

The dawn of the school year of 1902-03 is upon us and education again holds the reins. We may dislike the process but in this age when it is only brains that count there is but one thing to do—get a good common school education. And then whatever comes up an ambitious person has a good hold on a successful career.

***

An ambitious person, however, will not be content with a mere common school education; he will not rest till he has the right to have A. M. or A. B. tacked on his name. Remember this in all cases, it is the prepared man that is preferred.

***

A boy or girl without an interest in their studies at school; who go from mere compulsion are those who in later life become involved in movements of discord and revolt which retard the progress of the world. They are easily led by sharp, shrewd men who take advantage of their lack of education.

***

A good education in the public school and if possible, that supplemented with a thorough college course ought to be the aim of every youth in this country. There would then be a different condition of affairs. It is maintained by leaders in thought that the strikes today are mainly the result of a lack of education.

The Man About Town.

A Parson's Noble Act.

"I want all the world to know," writes Rev. C. J. Budlong, of Ashaway, R. I., "what a thoroughly good and reliable medicine I found in Electric Bitters. They cured me of jaundice and liver trouble that had caused me great suffering for many years. For a genuine, all-around cure they excel anything I ever saw." Electric Bitters are the surprise of all for their wonderful work in Liver Kidney and Stomach troubles. Don't fail to try them. Only 50 cts. Satisfaction is guaranteed by C. D. Bradham.

AMOY'S GRAVEYARDS.

The City and the Cemeteries Are Hopelessly Intermingled.

The city of Amoy is on an island of the same name. For upward of 1,000 years it has been an important trading place. The population of the island is estimated at over 400,000, and it has been said that there are something like 5,000,000 dead bodies packed in its soil. For many centuries the hillsides of the city have been used as a burying ground. Now the city and the cemetery are hopelessly mixed. The graves touch one another at every point and form a solid white surface of rock, brick, porcelain and cement, covering more than 1,000,000 square feet. Near one of the josshouses 80,000 bodies are buried vertically to save space. They stand on a plot of ground of as many feet square.

The wells from which the city draws its water supply are shallow and are sunk on the edge of graveyards and even among the tombs themselves. The water is muddy and is colored by the perpetual turning up of the soil. It has no sewers, and the streets vary from two feet to six feet in width. No wheeled vehicle can use them. Here and there is an open place or plaza, dug out so as to be a huge receptacle into which the streets discharge their refuse. Filth abounds, and its twin sister, disease, flourishes. The atmosphere is laden with noxious smells, and the burial of the dead goes on at an alarming rate.

Lord Spencer's Bargain.

Lord Spencer of Althorp, one of the greatest of book collectors, was at home only in his own field. One day in browsing about Bond street, London, he went into the shop of a dealer in bric-a-brac. The dealer, who knew him by sight, said persuasively:

"Here is a fine bit of pottery which your lordship really ought to have, and you shall have it very cheap—only 2 guineas."

So Lord Spencer bought it and took it home and set it in a high place. One day a connoisseur of china paid him a visit, and Lord Spencer showed his bargain.

"What did you give for it?" asked the connoisseur.

"Two guineas," answered Spencer rather proudly.

"H'm!" said the connoisseur. "At that price the marmalade should have been included."

"What do you mean?"

"Why, that precious piece of yours is nothing more nor less than a shilling marmalade pot with a green thistle painted on it."

DISTRESSING STOMACH DISEASE.

Permanently cured by the masterly power of "SOUTH AMERICAN NERVINE TONIC." Invalids need suffer no longer, because this great remedy can cure them all. It is a cure for the whole world of stomach weakness and indigestion. The cure begins with the first dose. The relief it brings is marvelous and surprising It makes no failure; never disappoints. No matter how long you have suffered, your cure is certain under the use of this great health-giving force. Pleasant and always safe. Sold by C. D. Bradham, Druggist

The Du Ponts of Powder Fame.

The Du Ponts own powder mills in all parts of the country from the Atlantic to the Pacific. Among the Du Ponts themselves there is a process of selection for those who are to have to do with the powder works. The youngsters are watched, and when one shows nervousness in the face of danger he is placed somewhere else than in the powder mills. The rule is that a Du Pont in person shall always lead whenever there is imminent danger. A number of Du Ponts first and last—and some of them important ones—have been killed under this rule, and there repeatedly have been heroic escapes from death through this disregard of the fear of it.

The family rule is a despotism, and a very strict one. The family always has a head, and what this head or chief says the other members of the family do. This headship does not necessarily descend from father to son, even when there are sons. Sometimes it goes from uncle to nephew, the main point being to secure a Du Pont thoroughly competent to manage the business affairs of the family.—New York Tribune.

Americans Abroad.

The mere fact of an American citizen taking a trip abroad or residing there for a short period does not deprive a native born citizen of this country of his citizenship, nor does he lose the right to the protection of this government by so doing. If he abandons his residence here, he loses his right to vote just as if he moved to another state, but acquires it again by returning to this country. Nearly all the nations on the globe claim the right of authority over native born citizens of their own countries even after those citizens have acquired citizenship elsewhere—that is, if a native Russian comes here and is naturalized, then returns to Russia for a visit, the Russian government might compel him to do army service despite his American citizenship. This principle was embodied in the famous expression "once an Englishman, always an Englishman," so much quoted during the war of 1812.—Detroit Free Press.

The Coroner and the Bottle.

The following little scene at an inquest upon the body of a murdered man is reported by a correspondent of the Anglo-Russian from Astrakhan: The coroner dictating to his clerk: "On the table was found a bottle— No; stop for a moment. We must ascertain its contents." The coroner, tasting the liquid, dictates: "The bottle contained English gin. Perhaps not; I am not sure; taste it yourself." The clerk, having done so, replies, "I think it is simply strong vodka." The coroner, tossing off another glass: "No, really. It tastes like gin." The clerk, tasting the liquor again, "I still think it is only vodka."

The bottle having gradually become empty, the coroner proceeded to dictate in a decisive tone: "Write: An empty bottle was found on the table, and all measures taken to ascertain what it contained were of no use."

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure

Digests what you eat.

FACTS IN FEW LINES

A copyright law has been promulgated in Siam.

Basel has the only zoological garden in Switzerland.

Lacemaking is declining as an industry in Belgium.

Antwerp is about to spend $1,400,000 on the construction of new docks.

Several cab drivers have been fined in Johannesburg for driving coolies as fares.

In meridinal Russia people gain a remunerative living by fishing for leeches.

O. J. Bodley of Richmond lays claim to the title of champion cornhusker of Kansas.

The sonokoto, a board, bridges and strings, is the representative instrument of Japan.

Snowstorms and hail have ruined the crops in many of the agricultural districts in France.

Because of a disagreement with his congregation, Denmark's chief rabbi has resigned his charge.

Bubonic plague has appeared among the kangaroos in the zoological gardens at Sydney, N. S. W.

"If you can't raise 10 cents, raise whiskers," is a sign in a barber shop in a certain Indiana town.

A portion of the cone of Mount Vesuvius has fallen in, and precautions are being taken against possible landslides.

President Loubet granted pardons to or reduced the sentences of 220 French criminals in honor of his recent visit to Russia.

It is estimated that more than a million pineapples are used every year in this country by confectioners and candy makers.

Automobile stage lines have been established, or are to be established, in many states, according to information in the Motor Age.

The famous Angel hotel, Islington, London, is being demolished and will be replaced by an up to date structure with granite front.

Canadian boards of trade and manufacturers are sending resolutions to the Dominion government requesting a revision of the tariff.

The steady increase in the price of the necessities of life has become a very serious matter to the poorer citizens of Sydney, N. S. W.

A storm recently tore down the breakwater at Civita Vecchia, the seaport of Rome, for a length of 600 feet and completely blocked the entrance to the harbor.

Great Britain's house of commons is turning more than ever into a clubhouse. It has already restaurants and bars, and an attempt is being made now to introduce billiard tables.

Large orders for coal and rails for the Danish state railways, which have hitherto gone to Germany, will this year probably be given to English firms, says the London Daily Mail.

Abraham Eisler, recently admitted into the Budapest workhouse (almshouse), has for fifty-four years carried a bullet in his head which he received while fighting in the Austrian rebellion.

Because Manchester (England) cotton operatives have decreased 20 per cent in number within the last few years, while men engaged have trebled in number, Manchester is no longer known as Cottonopolis.

Some one has calculated that if a man made $300 every day beginning with the year 1 and continuing to the present day, consuming none of his earnings, he would just about have as much as Mr. Rockefeller has today.

The London Chronicle says that the word "loafer" came from a Spanish word and that we got it via Mexico, as we did "galoot;" but the Century Dictionary says it comes from the German and originally meant a person who wandered.

Cats have been known to "mother" chickens, but it is somewhat rare to find a dog displaying similar tendencies. Fritz, an intelligent terrier in a suburban family, was observed to adopt a half grown brood of chickens that had been left to scratch for themselves by the mother hen.

There are said to be thousands of people who make comfortable livings in London by buying or manufacturing articles which are later pledged with pawnbrokers, who advance more than the goods are worth. It is hard to believe a pawnbroker so green, but Pearson's Weekly vouches for the fact.

About twenty pickpockets, some of them with London experience, have managed to make their ways to Johannesburg, says the London Daily Mail. "London experience" has about it an air of superciliousness that will jar on the sensibilities of the crackmen on this side of the big wetness.

The United States department of agriculture now has well equipped laboratories for the investigation of the diseases of plants in Washington city, Florida and California. There are also fifty experiment stations where plant diseases are studied, and in perhaps half that number of colleges practical courses on plant life are given.

In a two days' wedding feast which has just concluded at Concarneau, Finistere, France, 200 guests consumed between them 1 ox, 4 calves, 50 pullets, 66 pounds of sausages, 88 pounds of cheese, 12 large conger eels, 396 pounds of bread and 110 pounds of butter, the whole being washed down with 8 barrels of cider and 1 of wine.

Parents' Responsibility Great

It is the right of every child to be well born, and to the parents it must look for health and happiness. How inconceivably great is the parents' responsibility, and how important that no taint of disease is left in the blood to be transmitted to the helpless child, entailing the most pitiable suffering, and marking its little body with offensive sores and eruptions, catarrh of the nose and throat, weak eyes, glandular swellings, brittle bones, white swelling and deformity.

How can parents look upon such little sufferers and not reproach themselves for bringing so much misery into the world? If you have any disease lurking in your system, how can you expect well developed, healthy children? Cleanse your own blood and build up your health, and you have not only enlarged your capacity for the enjoyment of the pleasures of life, but have discharged a duty all parents owe to posterity, and made mankind healthier and happier.

There is no remedy that so surely reaches deep-seated, long-born blood troubles as S. S. S. It searches out even hereditary poisons, and removes every taint from the blood, and builds up the general health. If weaklings are growing up around you, right the wrong by putting them on a course of S. S. S. at once. It is a purely vegetable medicine, harmless in its effects, and can be taken by both old and young without fear of any bad results.

SSS

Write us about your case, and let our physicians advise and help you. This will cost you nothing, and we will also send our book on blood and skin diseases. THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

COLLEGE AND SCHOOL.

The Baron de Hirsch school fund in Galicia maintains fifty schools. The number of teachers amounts to 247, and there are 5,634 pupils.

Woodrow Wilson, the new president of Princeton university, now pleasantly recalls for the encouragement of the mass of mankind that when he was graduated he managed to rank only about No. 40 in a class of 125.

President Remsen has announced that the endowment fund of $1,000,000 for which the friends of Johns Hopkins university have been earnestly working for the last few months has been completed. This puts the university upon an assured financial basis.

Courses of instruction for children who stutter have been started in various German schools. In Berlin six specialists engaged by the municipal board of education devote twelve hours a week to this work. One and a half per cent of the children attending German schools stutter.

JINGLES AND JESTS.

She Ventured.

She ventured in the briny deep
A little while ago
And yelled for murder, fire, police!
A crab had pinched her toe.

And, though at that momentous time
Her screams were plainly heard,
Yet when a lobster squeezed her waist
She didn't say a word.
—Judge.

Gave His Consent.

"I want your daughter," said the young man aggressively.

The old man was shrewd.

"Have you got her?" he asked.

"I have."

"Then take her."—Philadelphia Inquirer.

Coherent Answer.

Helen—I have just refused to marry Mr. Gingerley.

Edith—Oh, did he propose?

Helen—Well, I can't say positively, but that is how I constructed his incoherent remarks.—Brooklyn Life.

An Illustration.

He said as he heeded the highwayman's threat
And straightway uplifted each hand,
"This gives me the best illustration I've met
Of the law of supply and demand."
—Boston Courier.

What Had He Done?

Husband (reading the paper)—What fools some men will make of themselves!

Wife—Now, Henry, dear, what have you done this time?—Detroit Free Press.

Nobody Else Would Want It.

Benham—I have a mind of my own.

Mrs. Benham—You are welcome to it.—New York Times.

Knocked Down.

To knock down fifty oxen he
Was strong enough, 'twas clear.
His voice was strong; that's all. You see,
He was an auctioneer.
—Philadelphia Press.

Over the Coffee Cups.

Mrs. Henpeck—Well, anyhow, your brother Tom isn't as big a fool as you are.

Henpeck—You bet he isn't. He's a bachelor.—Detroit Free Press.

Echo From Newport.

Stella—Did you know that Cholly Saphead follows the hounds?

Bella—No; I always thought he followed the monkeys.—Ohio State Journal.

Accident to an Author.

"She bent her glance upon him,"
The author wrote, and then,
"Alas," he said, "she cannot look
Straight in his eyes again!"
—Cincinnati Commercial Tribune.

After Particulars.

"Yes," he said, "I got most of my education by traveling."

"Did you?" she answered. "Have you ever been out of this country?"—Chicago Record-Herald.

The Real Reason.

The boy stood on the burning deck
Because he was afraid.
He couldn't swim to save his neck,
And that was why he stayed.
—Richmond Dispatch.

Wood's Seeds.

Crimson Clover

will yield under favorable conditions 8 to 10 tons of green food per acre, or 1½ to 2½ tons of hay and is worth as a fertilizing crop, $20. to $25. per acre. Full information is contained in our Fall Catalogue just issued, which we will mail free upon request.

Wood's Fall Catalogue also tells all about Vegetable and Farm Seeds for Fall Planting, Seed Wheat, Oats, Rye, Barley, Vetches, Grass and Clover Seeds, etc.

Write for Fall Catalogue and prices of any Seeds desired.

T. W. WOOD & SONS, Seedsmen, Richmond, Va.

E. W. Smallwood, HARDWARE

Refrigerators, Water Coolers, Ice Cream Freezers, Screen Doors, Window Screens, Oil and Cook Stoves, Ranges, Lime, Cement, Plaster, Paints, Oils, Varnish, Putty, Sash, Doors, Blind, Cutlery and all the useful articles usually found in an Up-to-date Hardware Store.

HEADQUARTERS FOR —And all Kinds of— BUILDING MATERIAL

Best Goods Lowest Prices.

Under Hotel Chattawka, NEW BERN, N. C.

Henry's Pharmacy,

127 Middle St.

Columbian Insecticide, Peterma Roach Food, Hooper's Fatal Food a Sure Death to Moths, Bugs, etc. Also

Bromo Cloradine

The disinfectant that disinfects and deodorises.

We keep on hand a complete stock of

Medicines, Toilet Articles, Perfumery, Tooth Brushes, &c.

Physicians' Prescriptions a special

The Life of Paint is Oil. Our "Stag Brand" takes one gallon of oil to one gallon of Paint and will cover from 400 to 500 square feet, two coats, when properly thinned with pure linseed oil, making you the purest and best paint at a lower price than any other.

L. H. Cutler Hardware Co.

WINCHESTER METALLIC CARTRIDGES.

DURING our 30 years of gun making, we have discovered many things about ammunition that no one could learn in any other way. Our discoveries in this line, together with years of experience manufacturing ammunition, enable us to embody many fine points in Winchester Metallic Cartridges for rifles and revolvers which make them superior in many ways to all other brands upon the market. Winchester cartridges in all calibers are accurate, sure-fire and exact in size, being made and loaded in a modern manner by skilled experts. If you want the best INSIST UPON HAVING WINCHESTER MAKE OF CARTRIDGES.

D. L. WARD, Attorney at Law. 74 So. Front St., Opp. Hotel Chattawka NEW BERN, N. C. Craven County Attorney. Circuit, Craven, Jones, Onslow, Carteret, Pamlico, Greene, Lenoir, and the Supreme and Federal Courts.

LAXATIVE TASTELESS CHILL TONIC.

Combining the laxative property of Cascara, beneficial as a general tonic. Guaranteed, 50c. Only sold at BRADHAM'S PHARMACY.