

APPEAL TO PEOPLE OF NORTH CAROLINA

ANTI-SALOON LEAGUE ISSUE A STATEMENT AND URGE THE SUPPORT OF THE PUBLIC

PATRIOTS ON ROLL OF HONOR

The Law Just Passed By The Legislature Not What It Was Hoped to Be But The Spirit Is The Same—And The Result Will Be The Same—A Measure That No Man Who Has the True Interests of The State at Heart Will Ever Oppose.

Raleigh, N. C., Jan. 31.—Chairman Oates, president Clarkson and organizer Davis, of State Anti-Saloon League, issue the following address: To the Public of North Carolina:—

We and others of the Anti-Saloon League called the temperance forces together to meet in convention at Raleigh, January 21st. The great convention which assembled unanimously asked the present legislature to give the State statutory law against manufacture and sale of liquor at the present session, but majority of the members of the legislature, after considering the matter, decided to submit the question to the vote of the people. Although we did not get what the temperance forces asked for, yet we did get the question considered at extra session of this legislature. This concession being great victory for temperance forces. The Long—Dowd bill is now the law. It is a composite bill prepared by the best thought of temperance men in the State. It is not as stringent as some of us would like it, but is an extension of the Watts and Ward bills to the whole State.

Tuesday, May 26th, the issue will be presented to the people "are you for or against the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors." Praise for this issue being submitted to people of North Carolina is due to the great heart of masses of its citizenship, demanding this reform, ministers of the Gospel and Peace and Good will towards men, those senators and representatives who voted for the bill, most of the press of the State, editors of the State, and to those splendid men, Senator Simmons, Judge Pritchard, Ex-Gov. Jarvis, Governor Glenn, Ex-Gov. Aycock, Josephus Daniels, Hugh Chatham, S. Mylstryre, Henry A. London, G. W. Waits, J. J. Rogers, Henry A. Page, A. D. Waits, H. G. Fennell, Settle Dockery, A. D. Ward, J. H. Pou, W. N. Jones, L. L. Smith, N. B. Broughton, W. H. Sprunt, Joe I. Johnson, W. I. Everett, Cameron Morrison, G. R. Mimocks, W. S. O'B. Robinson, E. F. Adgett, A. M. Stales, J. W. Bailey, Virgil B. Lusk, and others too numerous to mention. Bill leaves intact higher local prohibitory laws now in force in several counties.

We have patiently borne for years the galling yoke of the saloon, distillery and drink evil with all their attending curses and woe. The time has come when this enemy to the human family must be destroyed. No family high or low, rich or poor, has not felt the awful curse of drink habit. It is the cancer worm that has eaten into the heart of the body politic. It has made the sweet water of life bitter, tears that have been shed by an army of mothers, speak to our heads as well as our hearts. No race is exempt, especially is it injurious to that child race—the negro.

People of the State in generations gone by, have resisted to the last ditch tyranny and oppression, cruelty and wrong. Power is with them, and they are once more called upon to do battle in a righteous cause. Be not deceived with false arguments. Business men and corporations no longer want one who drinks in their employment. Mill and manufacturing towns of the State have refused to license traffic fraught with such evil to the moral and material prosperity of community. How wonderfully they have prospered by so doing.

This issue appeals to men of all parties, to men of all creeds. It is a noble creed, above nationalities. It is a matter of conscience with malice towards none, and with an eye single to the public good, we call it. If any have made wittingly or unwittingly, engaging alliances, hurtful to themselves, or good of the human family, we appeal to them to sever their connections with "body of this death," renounce their freedom and manhood, and enter the contest. We especially appeal to those who have been against us in the past to forget all differences for public good, and enter this contest. It is a contest against the saloon, distillery, and drink evil, and not against the man. It is an issue of merit, and morals and not of party or politics. Friends of temperance must work with us, and away. If this is done, the victory is ours.

LEGAL ACTION IN SLANDER SUITS

SHALL THE WIFE BE COMPELLED TO CRIMINATE HER HUSBAND—LIVELY DISCUSSION ON BILL

SHOT GUN POLICY ADVOCATED

Questions of a Morality Issue Enter Largely in The Discussion of The Bill—Which is Finally Passed in Nearly Its Original Form—Various Bills Passed by The Senate

Raleigh, N. C., Jan. 31.—In the Senate bill came up to allow wife testify against husband in slander suit. Kluttz opposed it, because it applied to pending suits. McLean offered amendment striking out section allowing it to apply to pending suits. Chairman Daniels of the judiciary committee which had reported the bill without prejudice, supported it. Shot gun policy entered largely in discussion. McLean said that as a man, he approved of this policy, but did not as a legislator. Daniels said that matters like this case, it was hard to differentiate between man and legislator. Redwine offered substitute, providing that no husband shall be competent or compelled to testify in matters tending to affect character of wife; this is not to apply to pending cases of actions. Polk said that under present law husband can testify to things which will down his wife forever in order to get dollars in his own pocket, while wife is compelled to sit silent and submit to testimony. He advocated shot-gun policy, declaring in such cases he would not respect husband, who would allow his gun to remain silent.

Mason took light view. Hicks opposed making the rule of evidence to help out man now being sued by another for rebreking up his home. Reid declared the bill dangerous. Kluttz's amendment was stricken out and section 2 defeated. McLean withdrew amendment and Redwine his substitute bill.

The law passed second reading 21 to 17. Kluttz opposed third reading. Daniels' motion to suspend rules failed. Harrington offered resolution that legislature adjourn sine die at noon February third and this went to calendar.

Bills passed by the Senate to improve Brunswick county roads. To give Perquimans a general road law. To allow Goldsboro to borrow \$30,000 for its high schools.

There was some discussion of a resolution authorizing Governor Glenn to accept the \$17,500, tendered by the Southern Railway on account of the cost in the passenger rate suit, if the Governor so desired, but providing that the money be not accepted for defraying expenses of this special session of the legislature. It was finally decided to postpone this resolution until the rate bill had been settled by the House.

Destructive Fire At Morehead City
Special Correspondence.
Morehead City, N. C., Jan. 31.—At ten o'clock Thursday night, fire broke out in the store occupied by L. L. Leary, known as the Paragon, owned by Chas. S. Wallace. In a few moments the whole building was in a light blaze. The Paragon and the following buildings were a total loss: Store and residence owned by W. F. Adams. J. M. Arthur's residence. Postoffice. Residence of postmaster Alvin Willis. Thos. C. Willis' residence. A tenant house belonging to Mrs. Hanft.

All were totally consumed. Wind was blowing from northeast, and at one time it seemed as if the whole side of the town, between the railroad and Bogus Sound to the west of the fire were in danger of burning. But just as the fire was burning more rapidly, the wind suddenly changed to the north and this with the heroic efforts of the Morehead City fire Co. the fire was stopped. The fire company and the citizens generally, deserve great credit for the heroic fight they made to save the property.

GOVERNOR GLENN SAYS FAREWELL

HE TELLS THE LEGISLATURE IS DONE AND WELL DONE AND DESERVE PRAISE.

THE RATE LAW SATISFACTORY

Auditor Dixon's Experience at the Forestry Convention Legislators. The \$17,500 Matter Left to the Discretion of Gov. Glenn. Interest in National Guard Affairs.

Raleigh, Feb. 1.—Governor Glenn sent to the legislature today a special message which may be termed the farewell one of the season. The following is its text: "I have nothing further to transmit to your honorable body. Your work is done, and well done and you deserve and will receive the plaudits of a grateful people. In settling the rate question on a basis, just to the state and equitable to the railroads, you have restored harmony, protected all business interests and demonstrated the fact that the sovereign can compel obedience from its creatures which disobey its laws and also extend its hands in helpfulness when the object, acknowledging its allegiance asks for needed assistance. The state has ratified the agreement made with the railroads and I feel assured that the railroads will, in good faith, fully carry out their contract made with me, thus showing by their acts the verity of their words when they profess a desire for kindly relations between all classes and conditions. He likewise acted wisely in appropriating funds needed for litigation before the interstate commerce commission to prevent freight discrimination against our state as well as in passing other laws much needed for the state's upbuilding, but in all you did, protect the small roads against burdens they could not bear, thus encouraging the building of new lines into undeveloped territory.

"Asked by the Anti-Saloon League and believing myself that since over 80 per cent of the entire territory of the state had already endorsed prohibition, it would be too costly and only engender strife to have the general election throughout the state, I, in my message favored state prohibition by the legislature. In your judgment, however, you thought it best to submit the question to the vote of the state and I cheerfully approve your course and now offer my service as a volunteer to carry your law before the people and ask them by their votes to ratify that you have enacted. In my judgment state prohibition will win by an immense majority and will prove the greatest blessing that has ever been given our people."

"No legislature in the history of the state, in so short a time and in extra session, ever did so much for the people as you have done, and while at first a few may doubt the wisdom of some laws passed, yet I believe that very soon all will see the good sense and patriotism that has marked your entire course and will heartily approve and ratify your legislation."

"I thank you most sincerely for your endorsement of my course in trying to settle the complex rate question, as well as for the consideration shown to me in debate, even by those who did not agree with my views."

"I wish for each of you a safe and pleasant journey homeward, expressing the hope that you will find your loved ones well and happy and that you will receive, as you deserve, not only the approval of your own conscience, but also the commendation of the people whom you have so faithfully served."

"With good will towards all I bid each a kind good bye."

The annual meeting of the Teachers Assembly, the earnest organization of teachers in the state and one of the greatest in the south which is to be held at Charlotte on the 16th of June will not doubt be well attended and will be made very agreeable in every way by the Charlotte people. It is the first time the assembly has ever met there. It has met the coast; up in the mountains; at Greensboro and at Raleigh and at Wrightsville, during the 25 years of its existence.

HELD FOR ASSAULT

Black Demon Attacks Young White Girl in Pollockville.

Pollockville, Feb. 1.—The 13-year-old daughter of Mrs. Samuel Barden, who lives on the Matt Harnett place was assaulted Friday afternoon by a negro boy named David Bryan. The little girl was returning to her home from a neighbor's and was on the road in a lonely part of the country and some distance from a habitation. The boy attacked her, choked her and dragged her 75 or 100 yards from the road. The girl raised the alarm when she reached home and after a search for a short time and Bryan was apprehended and taken before the girl who identified him.

He was taken before Justice White who committed him to jail in default of bond. Bryan tried to hide his identity by saying his name was Jesse Clark but this was found to be false. The latter proved he was at work at a considerable distance. Circumstances pointed to the guilt of the culprit.

The boy is the son of Reddick Bryan, an industrious and respected farmer. He is 16 years of age. He appears to realize the enormity of his crime.

NOT GUILTY SAYS JURY

Harry K. Thaw Found Innocent of Murder, But May Have to Submit to Another Lunacy Commission.

New York, Feb. 1.—The second trial of Harry K. Thaw for the murder of Stanford White came to an end today resulting in a verdict of not guilty on the ground of insanity. The jury was out 25 hours. Judge Dowling committed Thaw to the asylum for the criminal insane at Matteawan but a writ of habeas corpus has the effect of staying the execution. The attorney will apply to the courts to have a lunacy commission appointed to have Thaw declared sane. He is still confined in the tombs.

If you suffer with indigestion, constipation, feel mean and cross, no strength or appetite, your system is unhealthy. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea makes the system strong and healthy. 25c. Tea or Tablets, F. S. Duffy.

There's mighty little money in work for it. England and they pulled together like a good team of horses. The doctor found the trip a delightful one. He called at the War Department to see General Ainsworth in regard to the rosters of the North Carolina troops but the general was out of the city. He was informed that the roster would be issued this year, but he does not know the date it will appear. It will be a very valuable book.

Up in capital today the chief word said was good bye. This we heard over and over again for the parting of the members began very early in the day. The session has been very harmonious indeed and this has been a subject of general remark. Coming together in special session after the acquaintance with each other and the public business made during the regular session, there has been marked smoothness and absence of delay.

The legislature leaves the acceptance of the \$17,500 guaranteed by the Southern Railway to meet the expense of rate litigation entirely to the good judgment of Governor Glenn. It is not proposed to accept it for application towards the payment of the extra session of the legislature but it will go for the lawyers. It cost about \$6,000 more than their sum to pay the attorneys fees in the rate litigation and the typewriting and other necessities. The amount of typewriting done was simply enormous and there was a heavy bill for it.

National Guardsmen here and everywhere will be interested in knowing that congress has, by a resolution, postponed for two years the going into effect of the Dick law, which was intended to bring the National Guard up to the same footing as to the regular troops. The reason for the postponement was that so few states were found to be able just now to comply with the very strict requirements of the law. North Carolina was not fully able, this being now the fact that there were not enough supplies on hand, but the organization was all right. Under a bill now before congress arms and uniforms to be supplied to the National Guard of the various states without their being charged against the allotment to such states. There is now no million dollars a year appropriated for this purpose and North Carolina gets \$187,000 of it. If this 25 per cent must be reserved to pay for target practice and the remainder may be drawn in clothing, supplies or cash. The bill before congress will simply pay for arms, clothing, etc., and not interfere with the two million dollar appropriation.

GOV GLENN IN HAPPY MOOD

HE WILL ENTER THE ANTI-SALOON LEAGUE FIGHT WITH CHARACTERISTIC VIGOR

EXTRA SESSION COST \$15,000

New Hotel in Raleigh—Building and Loan Associations Statements—Call Extended to Rev. Sprunt—Dr. Tait Butler Pleased With Institute Work.

Raleigh, N. C., Feb. 3.—Governor Glenn was seen in his office this morning, and was in the best of spirits, he said, when asked if he had any engagements in the near future said that on Wednesday he would deliver an address before the Virginia Anti-Saloon League at Richmond. He will take part in the North Carolina Anti-Saloon campaign. He spoke about the importance of this movement and said it would be of the greatest benefit to the State to have prohibition. Of course it is well known that the liquor interests will do everything in the world to fight prohibition here. The Brewers Association has formed a pool, putting a great sum of money, as issuing circulars and will put workers in the field. The liquor people will do the same thing.

State Auditor Dixon goes to Charlotte tomorrow to adjust some corporation taxes and will be at Greensboro the next day to look after the same matters.

The current comment today upon the work of the legislature is that it has improved matters in the State and has brought about a much better feeling in every way. Railway men seem to be very well pleased at the outcome. As has been stated, the Governor and State officials are extremely well satisfied at the outcome.

Inquiry was made at the Auditor's office today as to the approximate cost of the special session of the legislature, and it was said that the mileage and per diem would be about \$15,000.

There was wintry weather yesterday and the lowest temperature recorded last night was 16 degrees, this being the coldest so far this winter.

Next week the Hotel Gierach, Raleigh's new home for travellers is to be completed and thrown open. Insurance Commissioner Young says that last Saturday was the last day for filing statements of Building and Loan Associations, the number of these institutions in the State, being about seventy.

Next Friday Rev. Dr. Alexander Sprunt will come here from Charleston and will remain here for a week, preaching next Sunday at the Presbyterian church, a call to be its pastor having been extended him. He was for some years at Henderson and the people there are delighted at the prospect of having him so near them. The congregation here thinks the prospect of securing him as pastor to be excellent. He is looking into the question of the importance of the two fields, Charleston and Raleigh.

State Veterinarian Tait Butler was asked about the recent series of Farmers Institutes in the northeastern counties and said it was successful, with better attendance than last year; in fact the largest except four years ago; M. O. Eldridge, the United States Agricultural Department expert on road building, added greatly in conducting these institutes, his instructions being very valuable and practical. He was sent by Congressmen Thomas and Small. In the Western region now another series of institutes is in progress, among the apple growers, conducted by Messrs. Hutt and Sherman, of the State Agricultural College, instructing in pruning, spraying, etc. The next series of institutes for the farmers in general will be given in July and will be in the center and west of the State, covering all the counties. There will be several parties in the field.

REDWOOD CANYON DEEDED TO UNITED STATES

A Gift Which Will Be Appreciated And Utilized

Washington, D. C., Jan. 31.—One of the most public spirited gifts ever made to the government has come from William Kent, of Chicago, who has just deeded to the United States 295 acres of primeval redwood forest on the southern slope of Mt. Tamalpais, about six miles from the city of San Francisco. The land was deeded to the government with the approval of Forester Gifford Pinchot, chief of the United States Forest Service. The papers have now gone to the Secretary of the Interior and a proclamation declaring the canyon a National Monument will be signed at an early date.

This means that more of California's redwood giants will be saved for the scientific study and pleasure of the whole country, in the Golden State. This grove given to the government by Mr. Kent is one of the only tracts of redwood forests to be found in its natural state in California today. The land is said to have cost Mr. Kent \$47,000 some years ago, but its stand of redwood timber alone is now valued at more than \$150,000 on the market.

The canyon of Tamalpais which drain into San Francisco Bay, were cut clean years ago, and the redwood obtained from them went into the construction of the old San Francisco. The giants on the tract to be known as Muir Woods escaped the ax however, chiefly because the outlet is on the ocean side instead of the bay side, and also because the various owners of the land have for sentimental reasons jealously guarded the timber from harm or destruction. Modern methods of logging would make short work of the timber, and would, besides, put a handsome profit in the hands of the owners.

It is the intention to name the National Monument "Muir Woods," after John Muir, the noted naturalist. The giants of Redwood Canyon will now be given permanent protection by virtue of the Act of June 8, 1906, which provides that objects of scientific interest may be declared National Monuments if such action is deemed necessary for their preservation and protection. This 295 acre tract will be a pleasure ground as well as a place for scientific study for the people practically of the whole of California; for within a radius of 52 miles of the canyon two-thirds of the population of the entire State are centered.

The chief reason for the permanent protection of the land by the government is that there is no other redwood grove in the whole world more accessible to so many people. The canyon is in absolutely primeval condition, not so much as scratched by the hands of man. It lies within an hour's ride of San Francisco, at the very door of hundreds of thousands of people.

The total stand of redwood, roughly estimated, is about 30 million feet, with some five million feet of fir, and a very considerable amount of tan bark oak. The redwood alone, at a fair valuation, has a market value of \$150,000 as it stands. Except for a narrow strip of brush along the east border and a fringe along the southwest line, the whole canyon is covered with a dense forest growth. The stand is heaviest along the creek and on the lower slopes, becoming poorer above. Redwood is the dominating tree, towering high above everything, else and forming fully three-fourths of the whole forest. Douglas fir is next in importance, and scattered over the entire tract are all the various hardwoods common to the region,—chief among which are the numerous oaks, madrone, alder, maple and mountain laurel, all of which form a kind of dwarf underwood, to the lofty redwood and fir. The redwood occurs both in big and small groups and by single trees, while the other species are sprinkled throughout.

The destruction of redwood by lumbering has been so rapid in the last decade that it is now only a question of years when the original growth will have wholly disappeared. Its extraordinary scientific and educational value, along with the fact that it is a pleasure ground for all of the people who live or visit this part of California, makes the wood an ideal national monument.

Laundry Resumes Work
Many people will be glad to know that the Steam Laundry of New Bern will resume work next Monday. The place has been idle for several months. It has been entirely repaired and put in first class condition. Mr. W. A. Baker, of Greensboro, has leased the plant and will conduct it on scientific principles and will give his personal attention to every detail. Mr. Baker comes to New Bern from Greensboro and has abundant references as to his character, experience and capability. It is his purpose to give the very best service possible and he desires the patronage of the public.

QUEEN AMELIE'S SAD PLIGHT

IT IS FEARED THE ASSASSINATION OF HER HUSBAND AND SON WILL DRIVE HER INSANE.

NEW KING GIVES SATISFACTION

Ship Subsidy Bill in The Senate—Fatal Wreck on Wabash Railroad—No Graft Discovered in Public Printing Office—Attempt to Get E. K. Thaw Out of Matteawan Will Be Made.

Lisbon, Portugal, Feb. 3.—The nation and city are under the pall of the blow dealt them by the murder of King Carlos and his son, the Crown Prince, Saturday. The country has hardly recovered from the shock.—Queen Amelie is in danger of becoming insane and refuses to leave the body of her dead husband.

Premier Franco resigned from the cabinet and a new ministry headed by Admiral Do Amarel, was formed. The army has taken up the revolution and is in a disorganized state. It is reported that the Oporto battalion has quit, but the reports of political disturbances have been found in some cases to be untrue. Lisbon is growing quieter and outside powers will probably interfere with any attempt to change the government to a republic.

King Manuel has made a good impression on the people and it is believed that his reign will be well received.

Washington, Feb. 3.—The Ship subsidy bill is before the Senate for discussion. The measure has but few friends and will probably be defeated.

Adrian, Mich, Feb. 3.—A head on collision on the Wabash railroad between two freight and passenger trains, resulted in the death of four persons and the serious injury of at least 15. The conductor of the freight was killed.

Matteawan, N. Y., Feb. 3.—Harry K. Thaw is now an inmate of the asylum for the criminal insane. Steps are being taken to have him released. He says that he was insane when he killed White. He is nervous and fretful and refuses to be comforted.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 3.—The investigation of the public printers office shows no evidence of graft or corruption in its management.

GOVERNOR GRANTS AND REFUSES PARDONS

Southern Railway Fund to Be Used Exclusively For Lawyers' Fees and Expenses of Trial

Special to Journal.
Raleigh, N. C., Feb. 3.—Governor Glenn refuses to pardon Charles Williams, convicted eight years ago, in Seafort Superior Court, of impersonating husband and serving a ten years sentence in penitentiary. He pardons Matt Thorpe, George Anderson and Sampson Jones, convicted in Lenoir county for playing crap. He also pardons M. E. Hart, convicted of larceny in Lenoir.

Governor Glenn will use none of the money received from the Southern Railway, viz: \$17,500, for the legislature, but entirely for lawyers' fees and costs in the rate case. He says it will take at least \$4,000 more to cover the litigation expenses.

CRIMINAL COURT BEGINS

The Winter Term Under The Supervision of Judge W. R. Allen, of Goldsboro Begins Its Sittings
The winter term of Superior Court began yesterday with Judge W. R. Allen presiding. This week the criminal cases, of which there are quite a number will be tried. There are none of any special interest, the blind tigers having become so numerous that unless there are some unusual features attending, we think of them now as we would of larceny cases.

The charge to the grand jury was able and thorough, making the duty of the body plain as to indictments of evil doers without fear or favor; and also their responsibility as to their reports regarding State institutions.

The following cases were on trial: State vs. John Booth; assault with deadly weapon; judgment postponed on payment of costs. State vs. A. J. Smith, retaining an officer, guilty. State vs. D. W. Dowdy; selling liquor without license; defendant required to furnish \$1,000 bail for appearance at court from the 15th day until the case can be tried.