

# New Bern Weekly Journal.

## SUPT. JOYNER ON FARM LIFE SCHOOL

### Made Interesting Talk at Court House Yesterday Morning.

Yesterday morning the Craven County Teachers' Association and the Craven County Farmers' Union met at the Court House in this city in joint session to hear State Superintendent of Public Instruction J. Y. Joyner discuss the Farm Life School, its object and its benefits.

After being introduced by Supt. S. M. Brinson with a few well-timed remarks, Supt. Joyner said in part:

"I esteem it an honor and a great pleasure to be in your historic city and am more than pleased to be called upon to speak upon the subject of Farm Life Schools. I am more than gratified that this meeting should be held under the auspices of two estimable organizations as the Teachers' Association and the Farmers' Union among whose members are the very men and women who direct the destinies of the people and the farmers who represent a large majority of the population of the county. I congratulate Craven county on being the first county in the State to order an election for this school. Several days ago I received a communication from the Supt. of Public Schools in Robeson county stating that they had ordered an election to be held on May 9th. I was in the act of writing to him and congratulating him when I read in a copy of the New Bern Journal that Craven county had ordered an election to be held on May 2. I am more than glad that this section of the State was the first to order such an election because it is my old home and of course I am personally interested in its welfare. My ancestors landed on the shores of Eastern North Carolina and began to till the soil and I am delighted to see it forging ahead in agricultural lines. All of my people were farmers and I am only the degenerate son of a long line of soil-tillers and deep down in my heart I am yearning to return to the farm in the calm afternoon of my life and be next to nature.

There is a change going on in the world. This is an age of universal education, the seeds of which were first planted when the Pilgrim fathers first landed on our shores. This universal education puts every man on an equal footing and gives to every man equal rights. Our first system of education was formed under aristocratic supervision. At first it was intended only for a few, now it is for the multitudes. Then with the spread of the spirit of Democracy the extension of education was begun. Then there arose the idea that the aim of education was to fit out for profession, such as a lawyer, physician or literary man. This idea nominated until quite recently but now universal education is predominant. At first the modes of education taught did not deal with farm life in any way, and the tillers of the soil saw their sons wend their ways toward the cities where they had better advantages. It was the common man who saw the trend of conditions and demanded that there be a change, that there be some mode of education that would fit different classes of people in their different environments, that education should be adapted to fit any mode of life. More than 82 per cent of the population of North Carolina live on the farm. More than 95 per cent of the children of this 82 per cent only go to school for a few months of their lives. Our purpose is to provide in the country a school that shall give this 95 per cent an opportunity for better preparation for life on the farm and to teach them to be master of any situation that might possibly arise.

City people should be as much interested in this Farm Life School as their country brothers, and I hope that the people of this city will rally to their support in large numbers. Less than 18 per cent of the people in North Carolina dwell in the cities, the progress and prospects of these depend on the success of the farmers. There should be unity and sympathy between them because one is dependent upon the other, and it is the duty of those in the city to assist them as much as possible.

Superintendent Joyner then went into details in regard to the school which the people of this section are endeavoring to secure. He said that these schools have been established all over the western part of the United States and have proven a complete success and can be operated at a comparatively low cost. In conclusion of his talk on the subject he said:

"You may rest assured that the methods employed in this school will be the most modern known to science. That only the most competent teachers will be employed. That the amount you expend on it will be repaid an hundred fold."

At the conclusion of his speech a number of those present made short but interesting talks in favor of the project. From prominent indications the school is an assured fact, but it is not best to stop working for it until after

## PARALYZED BY SHOCK

### In Diving in Shallow Water. Sad Accident to Dr. Faulkner at Dover.

Dover April 7.—This community was greatly shocked today by the accident to Dr. Graham Faulkner, our young physician, who tonight was taken on the local freight train, suffering from paralysis in his lower extremities, to Kingston.

The story is, that Dr. Faulkner called to see a patient at Maple Cypress, was afterwards invited to a sail on the river. On the boat, the Doctor, the weather being warm decided to take a swim and diving into the water struck his head, the depth of water being much less than estimated. The shock caused paralysis of the lower limbs. Friends with care and haste carried the Doctor to Dover from there going to Kingston hospital.

The hope is that the shock is only temporary.

## WILLIAMS' KIDNEY PILLS

Have you neglected your kidneys? Have you overworked your nervous system and caused trouble with your kidneys and bladder? Have you pains in joints, side, back, groins and bladder? Have you a flabby appearance of the face, especially under the eyes? Too frequent a desire to pass urine? If so, Williams' Kidney Pills will cure you at Druggist, Price 50c. Williams' Mfg. Co., Props., Cleveland, O.

## Torpedo Fleet Returns to Charleston.

Unless some unavoidable circumstance prevented them from so doing, the three torpedo boats, Tingey, Foote, and Biddle and the torpedo destroyer Worden, which arrived in this port Thursday afternoon, are now well on their way to the Charleston Navy Yard accompanied by the torpedo boat Dupont, which has been stationed here for several months. The fleet will stop enroute to their destination and fire a few whitehead torpedoes.

## Recess Meeting Board of Aldermen Last Night.

Mayor McCarthy presiding, Aldermen present: A. H. Bangert, Wm. Ellis, J. H. Weddell, H. W. Simpson, J. H. Smith, Wm. T. Hill and R. J. Dissoway.

Alderman Bangert read the report of the committee appointed by the Mayor to wait on Wm. Dunn Sr., relative to the purchase of the sewer in Riverside and recommended the purchase at \$500 on two years terms. Upon motion of Alderman Hill the proposition was accepted and the Mayor and city clerk signed two notes in payment of the same.

Upon motion of Alderman Hill and seconded by Alderman Dissoway the portion of Griffith street to be paved and avenue A was ordered to be made the same width as that part of Griffith street already paved. R. A. Nunn appeared before the Board relative to the proposition of the Norfolk Southern Railway Company in regard to paving Hancock street, and protested against the acceptance of the same. Upon motion of Alderman Simpson the matter was deferred until Friday, April 14th, 1911. Matthew Hall appeared before the Board and asked for twelve lengths of fire hose, six for each fire company. Upon motion of Alderman Simpson the present fire hose was ordered to be tested and the chairman of the fire department was empowered to advertise for bids for twelve lengths of new hose for tournament purpose. Upon motion of Alderman Ellis the Board took a recess until Saturday at 11 o'clock.

## A Fish Aids Science.

There appears to be no limit to scientific curiosity, especially in Germany. Not long ago a scientist at Leipzig, wishing to ascertain whether fish are warmer than the water they live in, struck a needle into a living fish and connected it with a thermoelectric circuit into a living fish in an aquarium. The needle formed one element of the circuit, while the other element was immersed in the same water that contained the fish. The latter was not seriously injured by the needle and quickly became indifferent to it. Then as the fish swam about, carrying the needle, the ingenious scientist closed the circuit and kept watch of the galvanometer. It showed no deflection whatever, from which he concluded that the fish and the water were precisely equal in temperature, for had either been warmer than the other a current would have been generated in the circuit.—Chicago Record-Herald.

## In politics the proof of the pudding is in the distribution of the plums.

The following committee was appointed to manage the campaign of the Farm Life School.

D. P. Whitford, J. E. Horton, Dan L. G. Boyd, W. G. Boyd, R. A. Nunn, County Supt.'s added.

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## CHECK FLASHER IN THE TOILS

### Negro Man Forges Payee's Name to Check And Secures The Money.

In the police court yesterday afternoon John Thomas Allen, colored, and an old offender in police circles, was given a hearing on a rather serious charge, that of forging the payee's name to a check and receiving the money for same. Probable cause was found and the defendant bound over to the next term of Superior Court under a bond of \$150 in default of which he was committed to jail.

Several days ago a colored man named Capt. O. Hyman sent a number of logs to the Pine Lumber Company. A few days later Allen called at the office of the company and represented himself as being the man who sent the logs. Mr. W. F. Abberly, the treasurer of the company made out a check for the amount of \$6.73 and gave it to him. Allen then went to Kennedy's drug store and asked Kennedy to cash the check, at the same time telling him that he could not write his name but would make his mark. Kennedy wrote the payee's name on the back of the check and gave it to Allen to make his mark on it. After he had done this he gave him the cash.

When the bona fide payee of the check put in his appearance the deception was discovered and the bogus Capt. Hyman located and placed under arrest. When asked whether he was guilty of the crime Allen replied that he did not know, that at the time the transaction occurred he was "foolish in the head." This assertion will doubtless carry very little weight when the case is brought before the Judge at the next term of court.

## Brazil.

The easternmost part of Brazil, owing to the sharp bend that part of the continent makes to the east, is really much nearer to the European continent than most Americans are apt to suppose from their study of ordinary maps. A line drawn due south from New York would fall to the west of the entire southern part of South America.

## School News of the Week.

It is hoped that in a week, or so we may have a contest in New Bern with Kinston and in Washington Washington.

The concrete sidewalks are about finished and in another week the walks from building to building will be down and the unsightly piles of brick removed from the green. When the work is completed and the low places in the centre of the green filled, the entire ground will drain towards the street and the familiar "ponds" on the green will be a thing of the past.

Some few may have misunderstood the recent regulation in regard to vaccination. No pupil will hereafter from April 1st, be allowed to enter school at all unless successfully vaccinated. This applies to this year, next and on. Pupils who will be six years old next fall must be vaccinated before they can enter school. In other words no pupil will be allowed at school, at all, at any time, who has not been successfully vaccinated.

## Brides in Iceland.

A quaint old superstition in Iceland is that every bride must invite all her friends to a dinner in her own home, and every article of food must be prepared by the bride herself. If she is successful in pleasing her guests she not only receives praise for her own skill, but helps along her younger sisters, who are then assumed to be equally good at cooking and consequently have a much better chance of getting married.

## Woolgathering.

"For one's wits to go woolgathering" is an allusion to a pitiful industry sometimes seen in older countries. In parts of France, Germany and Spain very old people are sometimes employed in gathering wool from bushes in sheep pastures, where it has been plucked from the fleece as the animals pass too close to the branches.

## The Successful Career.

of a young man or woman depends upon properly investing surplus earnings while possible to do so. Procrastination has caused the loss of millions, while money idly spent in youth creates want in old age.

There's a way out of all this. A few dollars invested monthly in the NEW BERN BUILDING & LOAN ASSOCIATION (est. 1888 and one of the best conducted associations in the country) is the desideratum.

Will you grasp the opportunity that lies before you, or sleep on while others make good? The April Series now on sale by the undersigned for further particulars, call, address or phone.

W. G. BOYD, Agent.

Eliza Building Telephone Office 409

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## DEMOCRATIC RANKS DISTURBED

### Over Martin of Virginia Accused Of Being Bailey's Friend. Protest Meeting Held.

Washington, April 7.—Dillard opened a branch in the ranks of the Democratic Senators. On the surface it was a fight over the selection of a floor leader, but below that was the most important stake of Democratic membership on the Finance Committee.

Senator Martin (Dem., Va.) has been brought forward as a "compromise" leader. His campaign finished until the Democratic friends of tariff revision in accord with the Denver platform were seized with the suspicion that Martin was allied with Senator Bailey (Dem. Texas,) a conservative. It was discovered that Martin had voted a number of times with Aldrich on certain schedules in the Payne-Aldrich Tariff Bill, and he was declared to be friendly to big business interests.

As evidence of their strength, the anti-Martin forces declared that 19 of the 41 Democratic Senators allied to their cause attended a meeting in the office of Senator Kern (Dem., Ind.). It was explained that Shiveley (Dem., Ind.) who was absent because of illness and Martine (Dem. N. J.) who also was not present, were against Martin.

On that showing the anti-Martins would have 21 votes—a majority. The sentiment against the Virginian was said to have been particularly strong among New Democratic Senators, many of whom came from doubtful States and were anxious that there be no flaw in the party record on the tariff bill.

While these advanced tariff revisionists and advocates of reciprocity stand together in their opposition to Martin, they have not united upon a leader of their own. Former Leader Calhoun (Dem. Texas) was considered, but it is said he declines to be a candidate. Stone (Dem., Mo.) has a following and may be brought forward.

Martin's opponents say there is no reason for hasty action. The calling of a conference rests with Senator Shiveley, vice-chairman under Money (Dem., Miss.), who retired on March 4. It may not be held for several days.

## Makes Everything New.

Old kitchen chairs, old furniture, old closets, old bureaus, when worn out made new again at a cost of 15 to 20 cents with a can of either Home Finish Domestic Paint, Home Finish L. & M. Varnish, or Home Finish L. & M. Varnish Stain.

Directions for use on each can. Anybody can use it. Get it from Gaskill Hardware & Mill Supply Co., New Bern, N. C.

## Delegates to Diocesan Council.

The following gentlemen were elected by Christ Church Vestry, this city, to attend the Diocesan Council at Fayetteville on May 20th.

Delegates—G. H. Roberts, Judge H. R. Bryan, E. K. Bishop, Dr. H. M. Bonner.

Alternates—W. Dunn, Jr. T. D. Wirtren, H. B. Smith, M. Dissoway.

## When He Was Bad.

It has been said that you never know a man till you have tried him, and certainly traveling has a tendency to bring out all the depravity innate in human nature. (Out of this text, however, Benjamin Disraeli emerged with flying colors. This is what was said of him by Mrs. Austen, who with her husband traveled with him when he was quite a young man, as related in Mr. Montepenny's biography: "Your brother," she says the letter was addressed to Disraeli's sister, "so easily pleased, so accommodating, so amusing and so actively kind that I shall always reflect upon the domestic part of our journey with the greatest pleasure. Your brother has behaved excellently, except when there is a button, or, rather, buttons, to be put on his shirt; then he is violently bad, and this happens almost daily."

## A Matter For Quick Action.

A week or so ago the Lyceum Course was reported as being behind \$5.70 for the year. Since that time \$5.00 has been received from a purchaser of a season ticket, leaving the final deficit only 70 cents. In the next 60 days all who desire a Lyceum Course for next year will be given the opportunity to subscribe for tickets. A very favorable chance for an excellent course has been made by a proposition to have the same attractions at New Bern, Washington and Elizabeth City. And in case all three take the course, special terms have been offered on the entire course. Washington has already decided the matter and will take the course as offered. The proposed course is from all indications better than last year and includes a lecture by Richmond Pearson Hodson of Merrimac fame.

If we want a course with the best talent it is necessary to arrange for it early or the attractions wanted may be in other states, and out of reach.

## WASHINGTON VISITS NEW BERN

### Ball Game and Spelling Bee Between Pupils of the Two Graded Schools.

In the game of base ball between the local High School team and the Washington High School team, which was played yesterday afternoon at the colored ball park, the local team won by a score of 7 to 2.

The game was scheduled to be called at 3 o'clock, and long before that time the fans and fannies began to arrive. When the teams arrived and began to "warm up" both of the grand stands were filled with cheering humanity. Shortly after three o'clock umpire Lyle Smith walked out on the diamond and called the game.

In the first inning New Bern failed to score while Washington made one run. In the second inning New Bern made 2 runs while the Washington boys failed to get a hit. In the third inning New Bern scored another run and Washington again failed to cross the plate. During the remaining five innings the pitchers on both teams got down to real ball playing and not a single run was made.

Bell and Howell, the batteries for the local team, although they made several errors, showed that they have the making of good ball players in them and by their fast work carried their team to victory. Flanner, of the local team seemed to have a fascination for connecting his bat with the ball and made several long drives which brought forth much applause from the spectators. Seymour Hancock, first baseman for the locals also showed up well and received considerable applause.

Morgan and Gardner did the pitching and receiving for the visitors, and but for the fact that they have had but very little practice lately, would have given the locals a hard fight. The other members of the team did some good work at times and were loudly applauded by their followers.

The Griffin building was prettily decorated last night, the occasion being the final contest between the Washington and New Bern schools, as represented by eight from each school, who in a spelling bee in the auditorium gave a most interesting double session, twenty minutes each. Prof. Moser most acceptably giving out the words to the spellers. It was an exciting time to the friends of each side, rather noisy at times, as the enthusiasm overcame the spectators. It was a close contest, and perhaps stage fright led to New Bern's defeat by a score of 17 misspelled words to Washington's 16.

There was some good music and Prof. Craven gave a very fine stereopticon views, all making a very pleasant occasion. A reception ended a day that must have given pleasure to both the visitors and those who enjoyed their coming. Such gatherings are helpful outside of their social features. Judging from expressions heard the Washingtonians had a good time. Certainly they will be welcome again.

The seats in the house are comfortable and are five ply veneer. The ventilation has been especially attended to by eight ventilators in the ceiling, and there are nine exits, and a fire escape for the balcony. The house is heated by steam, there are two lines of fire hose ready for use and gas as an auxiliary light, the house being lighted by electricity, and will always be lighted sufficiently to be convenient when pictures are on the screen.

On the stage is a mammoth switch board with the latest improved "dimmers" for the stage, with separate switch for each separate circuit in the house, a switch board in the office at the front controls the light in the front of the building.

The picture screens for moving picture shows is hung ten feet back on the stage, and flanked by scenery adds to the realistic effects of the pictures. The picture screen is aluminum or "silver light." The picture service is the best association picture service and the vaudeville the best obtainable. There are two Edison latest improved machines with outside shutters, making the pictures flickerless and harmless to the eyes. The orchestra will "play to the pictures," as it is termed.

There will be daily matinees at 3:30 o'clock. The admission price will be 5, 10 and 15 cents. The opening night will attract a large audience anxious to be present on the occasion.

Ladies, would you have your rooms look clean, cozy and cool? Then try B. P. S. Flat Wall Finish, phone or write us for color cards. J. S. Basnight Hdw. Co. 67 S. Front St., Phone 99.

## "The Texas of Europe."

In the reminiscences of Mrs. T. P. O'Connor, "I myself," the author tells of her first meeting with Henry James, whom she calls "a sort of Massachusetts Sir Galahad."

"The first time I met him I sat next him at a dinner. I had just come to London, and he asked me if I liked it. I said I hadn't made up my mind, and he said I would—that in London you were allowed every independence of opinion and action, only you must contribute something socially—beauty (and he bowed very courteously to me, and I bowed very prettily to him) or wit or agreeableness—and then London accepted you. I said: "History repeats itself. In Texas, where I was born, they say a man is not asked his nationality, his religion or his politics, but only if he is a good fellow." "Ah," said Mr. James, "then London is the Texas of Europe."

## Jolted Mark Twain.

"Mark Twain," said a magazine editor, "brought out 'Joan of Arc' anonymously. Before he acknowledged its authorship he sometimes fished for compliments about it. One evening at a dinner he said carelessly to a senator: "Are you a novel reader?" "Yes, a great novel reader," was the reply. "I don't suppose you're following that anonymous new serial, 'Joan of Arc'?" "Indeed I am, though, every installment."

"What do you think of it? Is it good?" "That's hardly a fair question to ask me," the senator, who knew the book's real author, replied. "You see, I wrote 'Joan of Arc' myself."

## NEW BERN'S NEW THEATRE

### The Athens Opens Tomorrow Night. A Magnificent Palace of Entertainment

Owner, W. B. Blades. Lessees, Lovick & Taylor. Architect, H. W. Simpson. Contractor, Harrison S. Hancock. Decorator, R. B. Blalock. Special Director, E. T. Berry. Electric Light, New Bern Electric and Supply Co.

New Bern's new theatre, "The Athens," will open tomorrow night, and the opening will be an event in the growth of the city, as the new play house is one of the finest in its class in the South and is finished inside and outside in the highest degree of beauty and perfection, is fireproof and sanitary and complete in every way.

The theatre is situated on Po'lock St. west of the Elks Temple, and the front is of yellow brick with much decorative work. There are hundreds of electric lights and a large electric sign showing the name of the theatre in red lights, and also two flaming arc lamps of 4,000 candle power each. The front entrance is in tiling and the mosaic settings in the floor represent "Tragedy" and "Comedy."

The theatre is owned by Mr. Wm. B. Blades, and the lessees are Lovick and Taylor. Architect, H. W. Simpson, has the credit for the design of the structure and has worked out the problem to an entire success. The contractor was Harrison S. Hancock, and the work speaks for itself. The cost was about \$25,000.

Entering the theatre the attractive interior is seen to have a scheme of color in green, the walls, furniture, seats and drapings being in that color. The theatre accommodates 700 people, of which the balcony provides room for 200. The stage is 41x26 feet, and the stage or curtain opening is 21x24 feet and from the floor of the stage to the gridiron is 50 feet high. There are six dressing rooms, toilet and lavatory and property room with brick extension at the rear of the stage, and the stage will accommodate any theatrical troupe coming into the State. The drop curtain represents "Ben Hur Chariot Race" and with the scenery, was furnished by the Kansas City Scenic Co., and is all very elaborate.

At the sides of the stage are 4 boxes, 2 on each side, seating 24 persons in all. The chairs are of mahogany and leather, and the finish of the boxes is rich, the hanging and gilt railing being very attractive.

The seats in the house are comfortable and are five ply veneer. The ventilation has been especially attended to by eight ventilators in the ceiling, and there are nine exits, and a fire escape for the balcony. The house is heated by steam, there are two lines of fire hose ready for use and gas as an auxiliary light, the house being lighted by electricity, and will always be lighted sufficiently to be convenient when pictures are on the screen.

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## Announcement.

I hereby at once announce myself a safe candidate, and may I now thank my many friends for past patronage. I now shall cut prices on all kinds of sawed shingles, a large stock on hand, must be sold by April 14th; will close out cheap as I expect to make some change in my business. You win and I lose.

## BIG HILL The Shingle Man.

## China's Religions.

To the ranging eye the fruits brought forth by the religions of China appear to be numberless temples, gilly and neglected; countless dusty idols portraying hideous deities in violent attitudes expressive of the worst passions; an army of ignorant priests, as skeptical as Roman nuns, engaged in diffusing, exorcising and furnishing funeral ceremonies for gals, and a lily, superstitious and irreverent, given to piousness, kneeling and prayer prompted by the most practical motives.—Century.

## EFFECT JAPAN'S NEW TARIFF

### On Trade With This Country Average Specific Rate Doubled.

Yokohama, April 10.—Just what the Japanese tariff that will go into effect in July will mean to the American and other foreign importing houses doing business in the Mikado's empire, is difficult to say. Generally, however, the duties on all imported goods are largely increased—in many instances doubled—by the new law, and foreign firms will face a tariff not for revenue only, as heretofore, but one in which the principle of protection has been made paramount.

England will suffer most in the general shake up that will follow the introduction of the new schedule. Great Britain exports annually something like \$45,000,000 to Japan, the bulk of which arrives in the form of shirtings, sheetings and ammonia sulphate. The United States, however, is a far better customer of Japan than Great Britain, buying about \$62,500,000. Japanese tea, raw silk, piece goods, porcelains and linen drawn work last year. Japan would like to cross the Pacific and buy from her best and nearest customer; but English goods are cheaper. So it is that in spite of her superiority of trade volume the United States, because of her own tariff wall, is at a disadvantage in competing with a free trade country like Great Britain and finds her hands tied when it comes to asking for trade concessions. This is especially so when it comes to asking for trade concessions. This is especially so when one remembers that the highest rates imposed by the American tariff are levied on Japanese products. Despite this fact, and the apparent indifference of the United States to her Oriental trade, Japan has not retaliated. Cotton, the largest single item of her trade with America, was on the free list in the old tariff and remains there in the new. Kerosene oil, taxed it is true, has its rates unchanged in the new schedule.

One feature of the new tariff is the increase in specific rates over the old. There are more classifications as well. The average specific rate is more than double the present. In all there have been 1,014 specific articles provided for in the new law, and only 445 ad valorem rates. There are about 250 articles specially provided for in the present law that the new schedule has no mention of, but the tariff contains rates for 625 that are not referred to in the present, a difference of 375 items. One hundred and ninety-one items have been changed in the new law from ad valorem to specific duties, and 28 additional items have been placed on the free list that do not enjoy exemption from taxation in the present law. The average specific rate is raised from yen 14.27 per ton to yen 33.90 per ton, while the average ad valorem rate has been raised but 1 per cent, from 30 to 31.

The highest ad valorem rate in the new law is 355 per cent, on cigars, cigarettes and cut tobacco, now assessed at 250 per cent. The lowest rate is 3 per cent, on marine glue pitch, now assessed at 30 per cent.

Bull, oxen, cow and buffalo hides have been placed on the free list. Food stuffs, such as fresh vegetables and meats have been but little changed in the new schedule. Perfumed waters of all kinds are heavily taxed, 90 yen per hundred kin being the rate.

## Newspaper Makes Its Appearance.

The East Carolina Industrial Weekly an eight page, four column newspaper, published by the E. J. Land Printing Company, made its initial bow to the public yesterday afternoon. Among the other policies of the paper they put the ban on whiskey advertisements, saying in their salutatory that they do not intend to "hold the cup to our brothers lips" through their columns. We wish the new publication and its editors much success.

Real French Drip Coffee can not be made unless the coffee itself is prepared, blended and roasted according to the famous french method. Use

## KUZIANNE COFFEE

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For all around family use.