

New Bern Weekly Journal.

No. 53.

NEW BERN, CRAVEN COUNTY, N. C., FRIDAY FEBRUARY, 23, 1912—SECOND SECTION

34th. YEAR



"Just a countryman—that's all," is the way the grower of this remarkable ear of corn, Mr. Fred C. Palin, styles himself. Though he is admitted to be one of the leading corn experts in the country—one whose services are greatly in demand as a judge of corn exhibits, Mr. Palin asks for no greater honor or distinction than to be known as a plain Hoosier farmer, and while he openly professes a reasonable pride in the achievement of growing the famous ear of corn which was adjudged the most perfect ever grown, it is without a shadow of ostentation.

THE WORLD'S GREATEST EAR OF CORN.

Variety—Palin's Corn Flake Yellow. (Named after winning the W. K. Kellogg \$1,000 Trophy.)

A Hybrid—The seventh year production.

Parent Plants—Male—Reid's Yellow Dent. Female—Alexander's Gold Standard.

Dimensions—Length, 10 1/2 inches. Circumference, 7 1/2 inches. Number of rows, 20. Length of kernels, 2 of an inch. Width of kernels, 1 1/2 of an inch. Thickness of kernels, 1 1/2 of an inch. Arrangement, very uniform, kernels running in a straight row the entire length of the ear without a misplaced grain, holding their length well to the end of the ear, tip being well covered with dew drops. Weight, 20 ounces. Estimated proportions—corn, 94 per cent; cob, 6 per cent.



The champion ear of corn was not an accident. There can be no greater lesson in the value of careful study and painstaking selection of seed and breeding than the experiences of this same Palin. The farmer who thinks he stands a chance to go into his corn field and by a piece of luck pick out an ear which Nature has fashioned even more perfectly and with it wear the honors from this Indiana man, cannot do better to disabuse his mind of this fallacious notion than to read the story of Palin and his champion ear.



Fred C. Palin.

In the first place, Palin knows a corn. If there were no more proof of this fact than the story of the development and discovery of the champion ear, it would be enough. And in proof of this fact, here is the story as he told it himself:

"It was in November, 1910, and we were just harvesting our crop. The weather had been good, but we were a little late with the harvest. The men were going through the fields with the wagon in the usual way gathering the corn, and the harvest was a promising one.

"We have a sort of corn show at my farm all the time, and there is always an award for exceptionally good ears of corn—ears sufficient in size to type to permit of their being exhibited. There is a small box on every corn wagon in which the most perfect ears are thrown. These, when properly selected, constitute the seed corn, and among these most perfect ears we occasionally find an ear that we are willing to exhibit in a contest.

"On the day the champion ear was found, I was at the house and at dinner time one of the men brought it in and laid it with a number of other ears on the window sill in the well room (the men take and put away in the well room).

"Well, I said, 'do you think you've got a good ear there?'

"It looks to me like a good ear," he said. "What do you think of it?"

"I picked it up and looked at it over. 'Well, I said finally, 'I think it is the most perfect ear of corn I ever saw. It's good enough to win the W. K. Kellogg \$1,000 trophy this year at Omaha.

"And I was confident the moment I saw it, and looked it over, that I held the trophy winner in my hand. So much so that when I left for Omaha to exhibit the ear, I took it out of my grip and showed it to the station agent with the words, 'That's the ear I am going to win the \$1,000 trophy with.'

So there the story of the champion ear as Palin told it himself. And on the strength of it who will say that Fred C. Palin doesn't justly merit the title, 'The Man who Knows Corn'?

But that's not all of Palin's story. He tells it willingly, though modestly, for he knows that his story whenever told is a source of great encouragement to the thousands of farmers who never had a better chance than he had himself. Palin was born and brought up on a farm near Newtown, Ind. He has never owned a foot of farm land in his life, and the 380 acre farm on which the champion ear of corn which won the Kellogg Trophy was grown is a rented farm.

Mr. Palin's real experience as a farmer began about sixteen years ago. He had been on the road a grocery specialty salesman, when he took a notion that he would rather be an agriculturist, so he took a few short courses at Purdue University and rented a portion of the farm he now occupies. Nine years ago he began carefully breeding this new variety of corn. For two years he planted two rows of Reid's Yellow Dent, then two of Alexander's Gold

Standard, detasseling the Gold Standard. From the detasseled rows he picked for seed only the ears carrying the characteristics he wanted to reproduce, planting these in breeding plots and maintaining careful selection, so that in nine years' time he had developed a well settled type.

The Palin champion ear was the first winner of the W. K. Kellogg National Trophy, a handsome silver and enamel cup made by Tiffany of New York at a cost of \$1,000. Mr. Kellogg as the originator and manufacturer of Toasted Corn Flakes naturally has a deep interest in the development of the higher grades of corn, for the company of which he is president, the Kellogg Toasted Corn Flake Co., requires ten thousand bushels of corn a day for the making of its product. The Kellogg Trophy was offered to be awarded in a contest for the best single ear of corn until won twice by the same producer. The fact that the Kellogg product is made from only from selected white corn, while the winning ear was of a pronounced yellow type, was a peculiar feature.

The Kellogg Trophy was won in 1910 at Columbus, Ohio, by R. A. James, of Charleston, Ill., with a magnificent ear of Reid's Yellow Dent, but not so



perfect an ear as it is, which originally won the Trophy and which has become known as 'the best ear of corn ever grown.'

The next award of this Trophy will be made at the next National Corn Exposition, which will be held in February, 1912, at Columbia, S. C. It is

MASS MEETING LAST NIGHT

Resolutions Demanding An enforcement Of law Adopted, Baker Bryan Must Leave New Bern.

The miscarriage of justice in the trial of Baker Bryan for murder, in which the jury on last Saturday brought in a verdict of "not guilty," culminated Sunday by the clergy of this city. In one instance Mayor McCarthy was held responsible by name and also the police were condemned. This stirred the city and resulted in a call for a mass meeting at the court house last night. The ministers, professional men and others spoke of the disgrace to the city and county and what must be done to remedy the matter. The meeting was presided over by Mr. L. H. Cutler, Sr., and the following resolutions were read by S. M. Brinson, Esq., condemning the fallure of the law and the laxity of the police and mayor in dealing justice:

"Whereas, this community has watched with interest the proceedings in the trial of Baker Bryan for murder and anxiously awaited the verdict of the jury in this important trial, and, whereas, to the surprise of all who heard or read the testimony and to the dismay of all who are interested in the enforcement of law and suppression of vice, the jury rendered a verdict which sets at liberty the said Baker Bryan and which encourages and in a measure justifies the distrust of the jury system as we have it administered.

Resolved, by the citizens of New Bern, assembled in mass meeting, that the verdict, as announced, meets with our unqualified disapproval.

Resolved, That occurrences such as this are the legitimate consequence of a series of lesser crimes committed openly and flagrantly in this community which have gone unpunished.

With every failure of law enforcement in minor cases, the criminal element has received comfort and gained assurance, and progression in crime, which has culminated in murder, is due to laxity of law enforcement.

Resolved, That it is the sense of this meeting that officials of the city and county, who are charged with the duty of enforcing our criminal laws, should more diligently and faithfully perform their duties, and that the law abiding citizens of the community instead of shirking jury duty and other obligations of citizenship should lend moral support and give physical aid to the officers of the law in the discharge of their duties.

Never before has there been such a mass of people in Craven county's court house. Every seat in the auditorium, the gallery and the bar was taken and more than a hundred men were compelled to stand in the aisles. More than twenty of the most prominent citizens spoke and condemned the miscarriage of justice and also the administration of the Mayor and police. The Mayor arose and stated that hereafter he would see that the law was enforced and the Chief of police took an oath that if the Mayor would back him, he would see that all law breakers were arrested and that the blind tigers and bawdy houses would be run out of the city.

Alderman W. K. Baxter presented a resolution asking Baker Bryan, who murdered William Avery on last Christmas night and who has been allowed every freedom and who was released by the jury on the charge of murder last Saturday, to leave the city of New Bern. This resolution was immediately adopted, seconded and was carried unanimously.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

A good residence No. 7 Graves St. near the corner of Union. Easy terms will be given if wanted.

G. T. HANCOCK.

Convention Will be Held in Asheville.

The twenty-ninth annual convention of the North Carolina Sunday School Association will be held in Asheville on April 23 and 25th. Each county is entitled to as many delegates as the nine townships in the county. Delegates will be chosen by the county officers or executive committee. Those desiring to be appointed should send their names to their Sunday School secretary or to J. Van Carter, Raleigh. The railroad will give reduced rates on those dates.

planned to make this exposition much broader in scope than any held in the past, and consequently a longer time will be required for preparation. Special buildings are being erected for the exposition, the main building to be 400 by 167 feet, ground measurements. The show will last ten days. The State of South Carolina has appropriated \$40,000 for the expenses of the exposition and the prospect is that Dixie will "do herself proud" in an effort to make this exposition the greatest of its kind ever held.

NATION WIDE STRIKE IN

Great Britain Threatened. Efforts to Effect a Peace Basis.

London, Feb. 20th.—While all the preparations that have been made in the United Kingdom are for war rather than for peace, there is just a gleam of hope that the threatened strike of nearly a million men at the end of this month will be averted.

The fact has just been disclosed that William E. Harvey, the labor member of Parliament for Northeast Derby, who is Secretary of the Miners' Federation, accompanied by five representatives of the English miners, is holding meetings privately with five mine owners in the hope of preparing a basis for peace. Besides this the conciliation board of English federated area is also meeting.

Should progress be made in the effort to reach a settlement in England, South Wales and Scotland will remain the chief obstacles to an agreement.

The authorities look upon Wales as the great danger spot and having regard to the disturbances which occurred there last, the chief constable of Glamorgan has suggested to the magistrates that an application should be made for the drafting of a body of 1500 infantry and 1100 cavalry into the affected areas.

The national transport workers' federation at a meeting held here decided to help the coal miners in every way possible in the event of a strike. This will be the unloading of imported coal at British ports.

How to Make Paint.

Take 10 gallons of L. & M. Paint made of pure Lead, Zinc and Linseed Oil at \$2.10 per gallon. Add 7 gallons of Linseed Oil at \$1.00 per gallon, and make 17 gallons of pure Paint at a cost of only \$1.65 per gallon.

It's the best paint that can be made. It's \$7.70 less cost than same quantity of any other high grade pure Paint. Call on Gaskill Hardware & Mill Supply Co., New Bern, N. C.

Death of Ed Ashenback.

News has been received here of the death of Ed Ashenback, once the manager of the Charlotte baseball team and who played several games of ball in this city. Ashenback lost his reason several weeks ago and was placed in an asylum in Cincinnati. At the time of his death he was a scout for the Cincinnati "Reds."

Mr. A. W. Cook Passes.

The remains of Mr. A. W. Cook, of Morehead City, and who passed away at that place yesterday morning, were brought to this city last evening and carried to the home of his son, Mr. John Cook on Avenue A, from which place the funeral will be conducted this morning at ten o'clock by Rev. J. B. Hurley. Mr. Cook is survived by his wife, one daughter, Miss Sadie Cook and two sons, Messrs John and William Cook.

Touch up the old furniture with China Lac and keep it new. Basnight Hdw Co.

DESPITE WEATHER FUND GROWS

Committees Collecting For Library Fund Raise \$184 Yesterday Although Weather Was Inclement. Total Has Reached \$3,712.

Slowly but surely the hand on the clock that indicates the amount raised for the Circulating Library's new home is moving toward the desired goal. At the close of Tuesday's canvass the committees reported a grand total of \$3,628. Although the weather yesterday was extremely inclement, the canvassing committee sallied out early in the day and succeeded in securing subscriptions amounting to \$184. This raised the total amount to \$3,712.

To carry out all the plans the Library committee will be compelled to have at least \$4,500. Today the committee will make another effort and tomorrow a final canvass will be made. All during the early part of the day and up until 4 o'clock in the afternoon the committee will be at work and it is hoped that every citizen of New Bern will contribute to the fund. New Bern needs a library. The Library needs this money and it is up to the people of New Bern to see that they get it. If you have not already subscribed, one of the canvassing committees will call on you today or tomorrow for your contribution.

THE SOUTH'S FORWARD STRIDES

Editor Manufacturers Record Declares Developments Just Begun.

"No better illustration of what the South has achieved could be given than the growth of its banking interests, which typify the accumulated wealth of that section," said Richard H. Edmonds, editor of the Manufacturers' Record, which is this week issuing its 30th anniversary edition, covering the material upbuilding of the South since 1880. "In 1880," he continued, the total individual deposits in the national banks of the South were \$73,124,523, as compared with a total for the United States of \$874,537,637. Today the individual deposits in the national banks of the South aggregate \$957,228,510, or \$830,960,000 more than the individual deposits in all the national banks of the United States in 1880.

"Since 1880 the population of the South has increased 77.5 per cent., but in the same time its individual deposits in national banks have increased 1,209 per cent., and deposits in other financial institutions 908 per cent. It has in the same period increased its capital invested in manufacturing 930 per cent., its capital in cotton mills 1,304 per cent., its capital in cotton seed oil mills 2,452 per cent., and its expenditure for public education 625 per cent.

"In 1880 the South expended on its common schools \$12,471,000; last year it expended for the same purpose \$78,000,000. This very great increase in common school expenditures has not been due to any spasmodic growth of the last few years, but to a steady, gradual expansion of school expenditures from the very day when the south emerged from the poverty and destruction of the war.

"The production of coal in the South last year was 115,000,000 tons, as compared with a total for the United States in 1880 of 71,481,000 tons. The South's production of petroleum last year was 85,000,000 barrels, as compared with 26,000,000 barrels for the United States in 1880.

"In 1880 there were in the United States 10,653,000 spindles operated in cotton mills, most of these being in the North. At the present time the south has 11,336,000 cotton spindles. The total value of farm products of the south last year was \$3,000,000,000, a gain as compared with 1880 of 296 per cent., but the most amazing thing in connection with this value of the farm products is that it exceeded by \$700,000,000 the total value of the farm crops of the United States in 1880. The value of farm lands and buildings in the South advanced from \$2,212,000,000 in 1880 to \$8,771,000,000 in 1911, or a gain of 305 per cent.

"It is only when the progress of the South, with a population of 31,000,000, is compared with what the entire country, with a population of 50,000,000, was achieving in 1880, that we get a proper realization of the growth of the South. As shown by these figures, the South is now spending upon its common schools as much as the United States then expended, notwithstanding the difference in population, the aggregate individual deposits in national banks in the South largely exceeds similar deposits in the national banks of the United States in 1880, the output of the coal mines of the South is 44,000,000 tons greater than the total coal production of the United States in 1880; and yet the development of the South has scarcely begun."

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS

Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

Raleigh May Have Another Newspaper.

Report has it that the Morehead-Butler faction of the Republican party will start a morning paper in Raleigh at an early date, though some of the leading Republicans here say they are not aware of a definite intention to do this. It is also reported that the Associated Press dispatches will be secured if a suit against the corporation is won.

The morning paper has the exclusive morning use of the Associated Press in Raleigh, but the question of whether another paper could not get the service has never been determined by the courts. It is claimed that any paper with these dispatches has the most perfect monopoly in the United States, and a test suit would be watched with a great deal of interest.—Raleigh Times.

If it's quality and satisfaction in a kitchen that you need, then Bucks Stoves and Ranges and nothing less are the cookers. Basnight Hdw Co.

ACROSS ATLANTIC IN FLIGHT.

Aviator Atwood Plans The Trip To Take Place in May.

Lynn, Mass., Feb. 21.—Harry N. Atwood's proposed flight across the Atlantic is no longer an unformed plan. He says that he will attempt the flight as early in May as the weather conditions will permit. He declares he expects to cover the distance to Ireland in thirty hours.

"Yes practically all my plans are laid for the trip." "I will follow the route from the east coast of Newfoundland to the west coast of Ireland, a distance of approximately 1,800 miles.

"Flying across the Atlantic I regard as a matter of science, in which the element of luck plays a small part. With the large hydro-aeroplane which I propose using I can take two helpers and carry sufficient gasoline for a 900-mile flight.

"When my gasoline gets low I can pick up a liner comparatively easy, as there are twenty going each way at that season of the year. One of the men I shall carry with me will have seafaring ability, so that in case we strike a gale I may know how to ride it out or go around it. Except in very rough water, if need be, besides the gasoline I shall carry a lifeboat, and if worst comes to worst, I can cut this loose, let the machine go and wait for help.

"To carry this extra weight my machine will be considerably heavier than any of the present types. The plans are already completed and the work of constructing machines has been started."

PILES! PILES! PILES!

Williams' Indian Pile Ointment will cure Blind, Bleeding and Itching Piles. It absorbs the tumors, always itching at once, acts as a poultice, gives instant relief. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment is prepared for Piles and Itching of the private parts. Sole by druggists, mail 50c and \$1.00. Williams' Mfg. Co., Props., Cleveland, O.

Mr. John G. Hardison Appointed.

The office of Messenger in the collector of Custom office has been discontinued and the salary of \$500 has been added to the Deputy collectors which makes the salary of the Deputy \$800 and this office goes into the Civil Service.

By authority of the Department at Washington the Collector has appointed Mr. John G. Hardison the son of Mr. Gabe L. Hardison of Thuman, N. C., who will be examined by the Civil Service Board and qualify himself for the position.

Wind Does Damage.

For a short while yesterday morning the wind blew at the velocity of fifty miles an hour in this city. Several telephone poles were blown down, a heavy girder in the Rountree building on Pollock street was blown out of its place and in falling came near injuring several workmen who are engaged in repairing the building. Several of the electric light wires were broken and for a while no power could be furnished. Last night the wind reached an even higher velocity but so far as is known there were no accidents.

CHERRY POINT.

Feb. 21.—We are having some beautiful weather now.

Miss Bertie Cannon of Havelock is visiting her cousin, Miss Sallie Russell this week.

Mr. Willis Gillikin attended Quarterly meeting at Adams Creek Sunday.

Mrs. R. I. Russell and son, Mr. M. F. Russell were visitors at Slocums Creek Sunday afternoon.

Messrs. Tom Smith and Walter Howard from New Bern were visitors here last week.

Misses Bertie Cannon and Sallie Russell spent Sunday afternoon at Slocums Creek.

Mrs. Charles Cannon and daughter are visiting at Newport.

Miss Bettie Mitchell was the guest of her cousin Miss Rosa Wynne at Havelock last week.

Miss Isorah Garner is spending a week with relatives at Newport.

Mr. Luther Harvey took Miss Bannon and Miss Russell out for a sail Saturday afternoon. They reported a very pleasant time. The young ladies also went out driving Sunday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. George Russell went out hunting Saturday and brought back a fine turkey and also some ducks.

Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Barnes visited friends at Slocums Creek Sunday.

Messrs. Watson and Nelson from Slocums Creek were visitors at Mr. George Russell's last night.

"Two Cheers"

DAMAGING RESOLUTION IN CASE

Of Dynamiters, Government Claims It Has Original Paper Presented to Iron Workers Convention in 1910.

Indianapolis, Ind., Feb. 20.—That the dynamiting plans were brought to the attention of certain committees at the International Association Bridge and Structural Iron Workers' convention in Rochester, N. Y., in 1910, came to light as one of the government's charges against the 54 indicted men. It is charged by federal authorities that a resolution demanding that "no more bombs or explosives of any kind be exploded while this convention is in session" was written out in regular form by a delegate at the convention, was secretly referred to a committee, and without the action on it becoming known, was later found by the government among the papers taken from the iron workers' headquarters in Indianapolis. The government claims to have the original resolutions. The charge is that a delegate at the convention, known to the government, demanded that the explosions temporarily be stopped at a time when many steel and iron workers under erection by "open shop" contractors were being blown up and that in that way many officials, including President Frank M. Ryan, Herbert S. Hockin, vice-president, and members of the executive board, had the subject brought to their attention. What was the real motive of the delegate in offering the resolution was not divulged, but it is pointed out that J. J. McNamara, the convicted dynamiter, and Orrie E. McNamiga, were on their way from Indianapolis to Rochester, when according to McNamiga's confession, McNamara decided to leave off at Cleveland a suitcase containing 20 quarts of nitroglycerine. McNamiga asserted McNamara had mapped out a series of explosions "which were to be presented to the convention."

Information from delegates who had arrived in advance at Rochester, is held by the government as having induced McNamara to change his plans. That information, the indictment charges, was that the international officials, including President Ryan, and business agents were fully aware of the dynamite plots and that some of the men now indicted objected to any unusual number of explosions while the convention was in session. In this connection McNamiga's confession is quoted as stating "McNamara said he wanted a lot of 'open shop' jobs blown up at one time to make the delegates feel good. Just before meetings of the executive board McNamara also wanted many jobs pulled off so it would please the members and show them business was good. The year the convention was held 25 bridges, viaducts and buildings were reported blown up in various parts of the country. The arrest in Chicago of the defendant named in the indictment as Patrick Ryan, a former business agent of a Chicago local union, leaves only one man out of the 54 indicted still to be apprehended. The man not yet captured is J. J. McCray, formerly of Wheelington, W. Va.

NOTICE.

To the Democratic voters of Jones county—I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Treasurer, subject to the votes of the Democratic primary of the county.

GEO. W. WHITE, Pollockville, N. C.

A School For Officers Next.

Arrangements are being perfected by Adjutant General Linsater for the officers' camp of instruction to be conducted in Raleigh during the week of May 12th to 18th.

This is the first time that an instruction camp for officers has ever been held in North Carolina and it will be a very important gathering for this city. There will be a hundred or more officers of infantry and medical corps in attendance from the various military organizations in the State, also six regular army officers detailed by the war department to conduct the officers' school. Instruction will be given by divisions, about twenty members to the class, and will consist of both lectures and practical field maneuvers. There will be demonstrations of tactical walks which consist of a series of expeditions about over several square miles of territory for securing data that would enable officers to conduct an engagement most advantageously. Practical illustrations of map making will also be given.

While the instruction camp is being conducted, the officers who attend and participate will be quartered in tents on some location to be decided upon later.—Raleigh Times.

Call us up and let us serve you value received. Basnight Hdw Co.