

PERSONALS AND OTHER NEWS OF LOCAL INTEREST

(Continued from the Journal)

Bridgeton, N. C., July 2.—E. R. Phillips and daughter, Miss Ruth, attended the Union meeting at Royal Sunday school.

Mrs. A. M. Tingle, who has been at Stewart's Sanatorium for an operation, returned here yesterday.

J. D. Williams and family have moved to Greenville, N. C.

O. J. Rock returned yesterday from a trip through Carteret, Onslow, Jones, Dublin and Pender counties.

Mrs. A. J. Rack and children returned yesterday from a visit at Reelsboro.

Mrs. McDuff Laughlin and children returned yesterday from an extended visit to relatives at Vanceboro and Cayceville.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Tingle are visiting relatives at Farnham, Va. They will return here Monday.

Fred New man formerly of Bridgeton, but who is now residing at Egypt, Ga., is visiting friends here.

Deputy Sheriff J. W. Huff, left today for a business trip to Vanceboro.

Miss Eunice Dixon, of Bellair visited friends here Sunday.

A. S. Johnson's new store on Bridge street is nearing completion. It will be used as a market.

The condition of Mrs. T. W. Holton, who was operated on last week at Stewart's Sanatorium is improving.

Stanley Lamb left today for a visit at Raleigh.

A. B. Wallace who has been quite sick the several weeks, is out again.

Miss Laughlin and family moved to Vanceboro last week.

Rev. J. R. Smith, of Kinston, will fill the regular appointment at the Christian Church next Sunday a. m. and at night.

N. M. Farrow, District Laymen Leader, O. J. Rock and R. J. Stallings attended services at Rhem's Sunday, where Mr. Farrow conducted quite an interesting meeting.

H. C. Lancaster and family will leave today for a visit to relatives at Washington, N. C.

Mrs. L. H. Waters and children are visiting at Washington, N. C.

W. H. Whitford is supplying our people with mineral water from Blue's Spring at Aakin. This water is highly mineralized and all who have used it are highly pleased with results from its use. It is said to have a higher analysis than the water of many springs that have been widely advertised.

Mrs. W. C. Hopewell was taken to Fairview Sanatorium at New Bern today for treatment for typhoid fever.

Miss Laura Keel of Grantsboro is visiting her brother Jno. Keel here.

Duff Barrow, of Reelsboro, is sick at the home of his brother here, C. H. Barrow.

Robert Dizon and young bride are residing in Bridgeton.

Miss Swinson, of Widdowood, is visiting her brother, M. L. Swinson.

Miss Mattie Barrington, returned Tuesday from a visit at Bellair.

Mrs. J. E. Frizzell, of Ormondville, is visiting her father, Rev. R. E. Pittman.

Miss Laura Benton returned Tuesday from a visit at Norfolk.

Miss Lenora Greenbaum has been employed as stenographer for City Clerk F. J. Patterson.

GIVE FIGURES ON AUTOMOBILES

One Hundred And Sixty Million Dollars Worth Manufactured In 1909.

MICHIGAN MAKES THE MOST

Total Number Of Persons Engaged In The Industry Is 85,359.

Washington, D. C., July 2.—Statistics of the manufacture of automobiles, including bodies and parts, in the United States for the year 1909 are presented in a bulletin soon to be issued by the Bureau of the Census, Department of Commerce. It was prepared under the direction of W. M. Stewart, chief statistician for manufactures.

The statistics of the automobile industry cover the operation of two classes of establishments: (1) Those which manufactured complete automobiles as their product of chief value, and (2) those in which the greater part of the value of the products represented automobile bodies and parts.

Of the 743 establishments engaged in the manufacture of automobiles, including bodies and parts, in 1909, only 265 manufactured complete automobiles as their product of chief value, but these establishments employed more than two-thirds of the average number of wage earners engaged in the entire industry.

The total value of products in the year 1909 for the two branches of the industry combined was \$249,202,075, of which \$193,823,108 was the value of products reported by the establishments engaged principally in the manufacture of automobiles, and \$55,378,967 that reported by establishments manufacturing principally automobile bodies and parts. The total obtained by adding the figures for these two branches of the industry involves considerable duplication, however; probably a better measure of the actual value of the products of the automobile industry in 1909 would be the total value of the complete machines manufactured, which was \$164,269,324.

Of the 126,593 automobiles turned out by establishments of the industry in 1909, all but 23 were made in establishments reporting complete automobiles as the product of chief value. In addition to the automobiles manufactured by establishments assigned to this industry, 694 automobiles were reported by establishments engaged primarily in the manufacture of other products.

Michigan The Leading State.

Michigan was the leading State in the industry, holding first rank at the censuses of 1909 and 1904 in respect to the average number of wage earners employed, the value of products, and the value added by manufacture. In 1909 the factories in Michigan reported 33.6 per cent of the average number of wage earners employed in the industry, 38.8 per cent of the value of products, and 36.4 per cent of the value added by manufacture.

The total number of persons engaged in the industry in 1909, 82,918 or 97.1 per cent were males and 2,411 or 2.9 per cent were females. The average number of children under 16 years of age as wage earners in the industry in 1909 was 162, of whom 159 were males and 3 were females.

JAIL FACES OIL TRUST MAGNATES

Department Of Justice Will Soon Begin Action Against Standard Officials.

TRUST YET EXISTS IS CLAIM

Former Members Of Combination Said To Have Conspired To Raise Oil Prices.

Washington, July 2.—John D. Archbold, head of the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey, and other officials of the same corporation are threatened with a term of imprisonment in jail. The Department of Justice has almost completed preparations for citing the officials of the Oil Trust for contempt of court.

The officials of the New Jersey company and of the thirty-four other companies into which the Supreme Court dissolved the Oil Trust more than two years ago, stand charged by the Department of Justice with not having obeyed the mandate of the court. In other words, the Trust was not dissolved, according to officials of the Department of Justice.

The punishment for contempt is a matter left entirely to the court. It may be a heavy fine or imprisonment or both.

For months it has been believed by Department of Justice officials that the Standard Oil Trust was still in existence. Attorney-General Wickersham thought so, and a few months before the expiration of his term of office he started an investigation.

This investigation included the charges made by the Waters-Pierce Oil Company that the Standard of New Jersey still controlled many of the subsidiaries which formerly had been component parts of the Trust. H. Clay Pierce, the head of the Waters-Pierce Company, went so far as to assert the Trust was trying to control his own concern.

The evidence gathered by the Government in this case consists of all the testimony taken in the suit between the Standard and Waters-Pierce Companies.

In addition, the Department of Justice agents sent out by Mr. Wickersham have reported to Attorney-General McReynolds that the activities of the Trust in Texas and Indiana are still much in evidence. They report, according to the Department, that the Trust controls the Magnolia Oil Company of Texas, of which John D. Archbold and other officials of the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey are the officers and have the majority in the Board of Directors.

These officials were indicted a year ago, but owing to the lack of evidence Attorney-General Wickersham did not push the cases. Agents of the department have since then obtained additional evidence of alleged conspiracy between several of the former subsidiaries of the Trust for the maintenance of the price of oil and the control of trade.

Attorney-General McReynolds has always contended that the territorial system of handling "oil" products by the trust, which was allowed to stand by the court, was the evil in the whole trust organization. In the action to be brought it will be alleged that the trust of the United States is divided among the thirty-four subsidiaries of the Oil Trust through the territorial agreement.

In other words, the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey, it is alleged, handles a certain class of business on the Atlantic seaboard, the Standard Oil Company of Indiana works in another large territory, while the oil companies of Texas and the East, owned by subsidiaries control the business in those sections.

James A. Fowler, assistant to the Attorney-General, appointed by Attorney-General Wickersham, has worked up the case against the Oil Trust. He was to have resigned, but Attorney-General McReynolds asked him to remain until Aug. 1 and Mr. Fowler has agreed to do so. By that date he expects to have the matter in such shape that the Attorney-General personally can place the matter before the courts.

Attorney-General McReynolds said he was undecided as to his action in the Tobacco situation. He said he still believed that the plan of dissolution accepted by the Circuit Court was a mere subterfuge, but that apparently there was no way of reopening the case.

It was admitted at the Department of Justice that there is no evidence there which shows that the Tobacco Trust was not dissolved in full accordance with the Sherman law. The contention of the Attorney-General is that the power of each of the four corporations into which the Tobacco Trust was split—the Lorillard Company, the American Tobacco Company, the Liggett and Myers Company and the J. B. Reynolds Company—was so great that the independent tobacco manufacturers were enabled to compete between the big fellows.

It is the Attorney-General's belief that if the Trust had been split into a number of corporations, each corporation would not have wielded as much power as it does now. This power is due, it is admitted, to the bigness of the corporations rather than to any illegitimate practices.

The Attorney-General's only hope

of reopening the tobacco case lies in the Cummins bill, introduced in the Senate a few days ago. Felix H. Levy, who at the time of the dissolution of the Tobacco Trust was employed by the independent tobacco manufacturers, collaborated with Senator Cummins in the drafting of the bill.

ALL IN READINESS FOR THE FOURTH

Great Preparations for Races At Fair Grounds Have Been Completed.

FIRE PLUG NEAR GRANDSTAND

Motorcycle Races Will Be The Most Exciting Event Of The Day.

By J. Leon Williams

Great preparation has been made at the Fair grounds for the great Fourth of July race meet. A force of twenty-five men has been working on the track for the last two days and not a blade of grass can now be found on the half-mile course. The track is now in excellent condition for fine racing.

Yesterday afternoon there were about a dozen horses on the track getting into shape for the races. As a matter of fact if the races on the Fourth are as good as the writer saw yesterday the public will have no cause to complain.

The fire plug has been placed on the opposite side of the race track from the grandstand, just where everybody in the grandstand will have the opportunity of seeing the connection made at the plug. The fire boys will be out on the track this afternoon getting used to the novelty of pulling off a hose-wagon race on a race track.

Judging from what has been recently seen on the race track, the motorcycle races will be far more exciting than the public has been anticipating.

The boy's bicycle race will be one of the special features. Every boy who is sixteen years old and younger who expects to take part in this race is requested to register his name at Secretary Williams' office at once. Those who fail to register before the Fourth are requested to be at the gate of the Fair Grounds and call for Mr. Williams, and they will be allowed to enter free.

There certainly will be something doing in the good old town of New Bern when the eagle begins to scream early on Friday morning. If you can go to Glenburnie Park early, do so, and avoid the rush, for if all the cars and the can't try to go at the same time somebody will feel uncomfortable.

There are thousands of beautiful shade trees at Glenburnie Park; be one of the hundreds of families who will eat their dinner in the cool shade by the gushing spring.

Remember that the Ladies of the City Beautiful Club, beginning at eleven a. m. will sell sandwiches, ice cream, and all kinds of cool drinks.

For fear that some one may not have heard we will again mention that the admission will be only fifty cents, twenty-five cents for children under twelve years of age; and admission to the grandstand free to everybody.

F. M. Hahn, who for several months has been residing at the corner of Broad and Metcalf streets, has moved into the Hahn place on Pollock street, having purchased this place some time ago from the executors of his father's estate.

WOULD PLACARD SICK CHILDREN

FAVORS LABELLING OF CHILDREN WHO HAVE WHOOPING COUGH.

Norfolk, July 2.—That every child suffering with whooping cough should be made to wear a band on its arm or a badge announcing that it has the disease was suggested at a meeting of the Norfolk County Medical Society by Dr. Herbert Old. Dr. Old declared that whooping cough is one of the most serious and frequently the most fatal disease of childhood and that children should not be permitted to go about the streets and in the parks with the disease, spreading it among other children.

This matter was taken up by the Health Department some months ago in fact it was one of the rules adopted by Dr. Schenck in the operation of the department, but it was not enforced, because it was objected to. There is no ordinance requiring the enforcement of the rule.

"It is an injustice," declared Dr. Old, "that children are permitted to go about the streets playing among children while they have the whooping cough. This is the way the disease is so quickly communicated and I believe that every child who has the disease should be made to wear a sleeve band with 'whooping cough' printed on it, or if it is a baby in a carriage the carriage should be placarded."

Dr. Schenck read a paper on the diseases of children and discussed the subject from a preventive rather than a curative standpoint. He said that all the diseases of childhood are more or less dangerous and have a great tendency toward constitutional weakening and that the child who is shielded from the diseases of infancy and childhood stands a better chance of fighting life's battles against disease than the child who has been permitted to catch all the ills that childhood falls heir to.

He also favored the whooping-cough plan as suggested by Dr. Old. During his talk on the subject of children's diseases Dr. Old said that every child should be vaccinated before it reached the age of six months.

He said that the inoculation had no effect upon the child's vitality and that there was no valid reason why infants could not be vaccinated.

Dr. Schenck was strongly in favor of the anti-typhoid treatment and said that every young man and woman should take the treatment.

Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Dixon, Miss Lidia Johnson, Miss Roome Kilpott, Miss Edith Harrison and G. W. Brinson of Arapahoe were in the city yesterday shopping.

Rapid progress is being made by the workmen who are engaged in remodeling the building on Broad street to be occupied by the Star Theatre. The front of the theatre is now being erected. When completed this will be unusually attractive. The managers of the new place hope to be ready for opening by July 15.

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THE MARKETS.

July 3 1911

COTTON

(Quotations furnished by G. W. Taylor & Son.)

Middling	12 1-8 cents
Strict Middling	12 1-4 "
Good Middling	12 3-8 "

POULTRY, EGGS, ETC.

(Quotations furnished by Coast Line Meat Market.)

Chickens—Grown, pair	60-80
Chickens—Half-grown pair	60-70
Geese, per pair	\$1.25-\$1.50
Ducks, per pair	50-1.00
Eggs, per doz.	15-18
Hams, country, smoked, lb.	18
Beeswax, lb.	22
Wool	16 to 17
Wool, dressed, lb.	10-10 1-2
Beef, dressed, lb.	8-9
Hides—C. S., lb.	9
Green, lb.	8
Dry Flint, lb.	12-14
Dry Salt, lb.	10-12

FRUITS AND VEGETABLES.

(Quotations by New Bern Produce Company.)

Cabbage, crate	.75 to \$1.00
Beets Bunch	.03-1.2
Garden Peas, crate	.60 to .75

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The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of

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VEGETABLE PREPARATION FOR INFANTS AND CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cleanses and Best Contains neither Opium, Morphine, nor Alcohol. NOT NARCOTIC.

Wm. D. Mitchell, NEW YORK.

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The Attorney-General's only hope

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If you want cool, quick service use a

New Perfection Oil Cook-stove

Always ready for use. No coal, smoke or ashes. Food cooked better, everybody happier.

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POOL