

## ANTIS HIT AT THE MILITANTS

### Declare That Eight Per Cent Are Trying To Force Ballot On 92 Per Cent.

### AUTHORITATIVE STATEMENT

### Opponents Of Suffrage Declare That They Also Are Fighting For Women's Rights.

Washington, Aug. 4.—The National Association Opposed to Woman Suffrage made its first authoritative statement last night as to its objects and particularly in explanation of why women were fighting women on the suffrage question. The statement is a reply to a question:

"Why do women who oppose Suffrage organize a fight against it? Why not simply permit their suffrage sisters to secure the vote, since the 'antis' will not be compelled to vote if the ballot is given to women?"

The statement says:

"We, more than any other organization, believe in women's rights. We are fighting for woman's rights. First in the catalog of woman's rights is the right of exemption. By that we mean exemption from entrance into active politics and all that it involves. We have an abiding faith in both the justice and the necessity of this exemption because by virtue of it woman is able to do her half of the world's work. Deprived of this exemption, woman becomes an incongruity. Called upon to do double duty, she will face the failure which is the fruit of an unnatural task.

"By no juggling of the phrase 'woman's rights,' can the suffragists, who number only 8 per cent. of the women of America, justify their claim that the lawmakers of this country should force the burden of the ballot on the remaining 92 per cent. who protest against it or are unwilling to have it.

"In the catalog of woman's rights is the right to do good work. On the rolls of our organization are the names of women nationally famous for their charitable and philanthropic work. Actuated by the same motives which led them to help the needy and suffering they have undertaken the fight against woman suffrage because they are convinced of the criminal injustice of the proposition thrust upon the vast majority of American women, the additional and unnecessary duties of the voter.

"When the suffragists define the ballot as a woman's right they manifest a distressing ignorance of political economy. The franchise, is not a right nor a privilege. It is a duty, a stern duty imposed by the State upon that class of persons thought by the State to be best equipped to perform it. Most particularly is the franchise not a plaything to amuse idle women. We are convinced that the limited suffrage for women was obtained in Illinois in an outrageous manner. The Legislature of a State arbitrarily forced the franchise on the women of that State without giving them an opportunity to be heard, even through the votes of the women. We hope and expect to see this law repealed."

### NO WARM WAVE IN NEXT WEEK OR TEN DAYS.

Washington, Aug. 4.—The weekly bulletin of the Weather Bureau, issued Sunday, is:

"The distribution of pressure over the North American Continent and the adjacent oceans is such as to indicate temperatures below the seasonal average the coming week over the northwestern States, the Great Central Valleys, the region of the Great Lakes and the eastern States, and near or slightly above the normal in the Gulf States and on the Pacific Coast. No warm wave is probable east of the Rocky Mountains during the next week to ten days. The precipitation during the week will be generally light and local, and there are no indications at the present time that a general storm will cross the country during the coming week.

"There is no evidence of a disturbance in the West Indies."

### BEST CROPS IN TWENTY YEARS.

"If we have good cotton growing weather in August, Pamlico county will have the best crops this year that it has had in twenty," said J. C. Muse of Cash Corner, who was in the city yesterday. He said corn was pretty well matured and that a bumper crop was assured. Cotton being late a year depends somewhat upon the other conditions in this month.

### RUB-MY-TISM

Will cure your Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Headaches, Cramps, Cuts, Bruises, Burns, Cuts and Burns, Old Sores, Stings of Insects, Itch, and various other ailments. Price 25c.

## BOY OF 5 SHOT BY ONE OF 6.

### Third Affair of Its Kind in Chicago Within Four Days.

Chicago, Aug. 5.—Angelo Roggo, aged 5 years, was shot and probably fatally wounded by his playmate, Tony Acady, aged 6 years. The shooting was the third involving small boys within four days.

Efforts of the police to question the Acady boy were unsuccessful. He burst into tears at every interrogative.

The two boys were left alone to play in the kitchen of the Acady home while their mothers were "visiting." A little later the Roggo lad was found lying on the floor with a pistol wound in his back. Young Acady fled, but was captured.

The pistol with which the shooting was done belonged to the boy's father.

The Atlantic Steam Fire Engine Company realized about thirty-five dollars as their share of the money taken in at Ghent Park Monday night. This will be used by the company in defraying their expenses in attending the State Firemen's Tournament to be held at Wilmington next week.

## PRIEST ALLEGED ABSCONDER.

### Charged With Disappearing With \$100 of Church Funds.

New Britain, Conn., Aug. 5.—That their pastor, Rev. Andrew Ryzek, had absconded with about \$100, the funds of the parish, is the report made to their bishop in Scranton, Pa., by the worshippers in the Independent Catholic Church, of this city. The priest has disappeared and the parishioners state that he had in his possession that amount of cash, the property of the church, when he went. The life of the church has been one of strife since its organizers came here several months ago. The parishioners are all Polish, recruited for the greater part from the Church of the Sacred Heart, Catholic.

At the first meeting a factional dispute occurred and the police were forced to quell the riot with clubs. When Ryzek came here as the pastor the funds of the church were low, and at his request a bazaar was held. The directors say he never made an account of the money received through the bazaar and they claim he never accounted for money collected from his flock.

## GOOD CROPS IN PAMLICO.

Edgar S. Weaver, of Arapahoe, who was in the city yesterday, says that crops are good in Pamlico county. In some places it is a trifle wet for cotton, but with good weather conditions from now on a crop somewhat larger than that of last year should be harvested, he says. Corn is very good and there will be a bumper crop. Business is good at Arapahoe, Mr. Weaver reports.

## BARRINGER ASSAILS MANN.

### Former President Of V. P. I. Accuses Governor Of Double Dealing.

Richmond, Va., Aug. 4.—Dr. Paul R. Barringer, former president of the Virginia Polytechnic Institute at Blacksburg, issued Saturday night what he terms "My reply to Governor Mann." Several days ago in an interview Governor Mann stated his preference for J. Thompson Brown for Commissioner of Agriculture and said:

"Commissioner of Agriculture Koerner and the president of the Agricultural College at Blacksburg, Dr. Barringer, refused to co-operate with the other agricultural efforts of the State, forcing us to form the United Agricultural Board to carry on demonstration work. You see what happened to Dr. Barringer. Mr. Koerner might have profited by that example."

Dr. Barringer recites at length the efforts made by him to have his resignation accepted by the Board of visitors, but the "continued presentation of trumped-up charges, sometimes given in advance to the press and scattered broadcast throughout the State, kept me on the defensive. I could not, of course, resign under such conditions," he writes.

Dr. Barringer blames all his trouble to two men whom the Governor kept on the board of visitors, and says:

"That the Governor of a great Commonwealth, a State like Virginia, should have lowered himself to make use of, as tools for a political conspiracy, men whose records he knew, at least well enough to appreciate their value, was a shock. The height of their venality was simply the measure of their value to him, as a long lever is better than a short."

"But any chief magistrate, any sworn officer of the law, who would do this thing would do anything. The elastic limits of an oath of office are nil—once over the line honor is gone forever. He would balk at nothing. I remember his record, his political double-dealing in the days of Mahone, his recent campaign, the representative of the liquor interests in the east and the idol of the 'dregs' in the west. And I further know him to be under influence not of the most scrupulous character. To remain in office with such an enemy would balk at nothing."

"I have been all over the world and I never needed any weapon but my eyes. There are other methods too. I sometimes start talking in French or Greek to masons, and they always run away. But a look's the best."

## MASHERS BANISHED BY LOOK.

### That Is The Opinion Of Chicago Police Women After Trial.

Chicago, Aug. 5.—Hat pins, clubs or whistles like the Boston women use are a necessary to squelch mashers. A look will do it. This is the opinion expressed by police women at two Chicago benches. One substantial, wide-eyed look, with a touch of scorn in it, will send the boldest flirt about his business, they say.

"All you have to do when a man speaks to you insultingly is to look at him and he turns and runs," said Officer Mary Boyd. "I sometimes carry a little 'billy,' but it's for dogs; men are scared to death of me."

"Look a man over from hat to shoe and from shoes to hat, and he will vanish," is the advice of Police Woman Emma Neukom. "I've been all over the world and I never needed any weapon but my eyes. There are other methods too. I sometimes start talking in French or Greek to masons, and they always run away. But a look's the best."

## ORGANS LIVE FOR THIRTEEN HOURS

### NOTED PHYSICIAN MAINTAINS FUNCTIONATING PROCESSES LONG AFTER DEATH

### WAS A BRILLIANT SCHOLAR

### Taken Ill On The Occasion Of His Visit To Atlanta To Attend Assembly Meeting.

Richmond, Aug. 5.—Rev. George B. Strickler, D. D., LL.D., professor of theology in Union Theological seminary and one of the most widely known and generally beloved ministers in the Southern Presbyterian church died last night at 9:45 o'clock at the home of his son, Dr. C. W. Strickler, in Atlanta, Ga.

Though Dr. Strickler was advanced in years and had been ill for some time, recent reports from his bedside were to the effect that he was improving and the news of his death last night came with shocking suddenness. The body will be brought to Richmond for interment.

Dr. Strickler went to Atlanta the middle of May to attend the Presbyterian general assembly. On his way home he stopped over at Laurens, S. C., to visit his daughter, Mrs. Rankin. There he was taken ill. His malady was not considered serious for a time, but finally it was deemed wise to take him back to the home of his son in Atlanta where he could get better medical attention. There he had shown continued improvement and it was thought that very shortly it would be possible for him to travel. Yesterday his condition took a sudden change for the worse and his death ensued last night.

Dr. Strickler is survived by a son and three daughters—Dr. C. W. Strickler, of Atlanta; Mrs. Rankin, of Laurens, S. C.; Mrs. Simmons, of Oklahoma; and Miss Mary Strickler, of Richmond. The last named accompanied him to Atlanta in May and has been in constant attendance at his bedside. His wife preceded him to the grave some years ago.

Dr. Strickler was born at Strickler's Springs, Rockbridge county, in 1810 and was seventy-three years old at the time of his death. His early education was received in a private school in Rockbridge which fitted him for entrance to Washington and Lee university. He had hardly completed his course there when the Civil war broke out and he entered the service of the Confederacy as a Chaplain, serving throughout the war. In 1838 he entered Union Seminary, from which he was graduated with honors and in 1871 was ordained, accepting the pastorate of Tinkling Springs church as his first ministry. He remained at that church until 1886 when he was called to Central church, Atlanta, Ga., one of the most important Presbyterian pastorates in the South, which he served for ten years, in 1896 he was elected to the chair of theology in Union seminary, a position he had held with credit to himself, the institution and the church since.

"The dissection was performed with such care that the thoracic and abdominal viscera remained united by their blood vessels. They were then put in a tray containing a liquid called Ringer's solution at a temperature of 38 degrees centigrade, in such a manner that the lungs floated on the surface of the fluid and the heart was suspended underneath in the liquor.

"The temperature of the Ringer solution was maintained constant by means of an electric pad placed under the tray, or simply by the addition from time to time of Ringer solution at the right temperature. Ordinarily the heart still pulsated slowly and regularly, but the blood pressure was low and the appearance of the organs anemic. After a few minutes the blood pressure began to rise and in a few cases became almost normal. Generally it remained low and sometimes the heart entirely ceased beating. Then a transfusion was made from the carotid artery cava or abdominal aorta of the visceral organism.

"The abdominal aorta pulsated violently, and strong pulsations could be seen in the arteries of the stomach, liver, kidney, intestines and even of the ovaries. Peristaltic contractions of the stomach and of the intestines were observed. The spleen, which was bluish assumed its normal appearance. After a few minutes all the viscera were apparently normal.

"Artificial arrangement was made for feeding the organism and for the resulting processes of secretion and elimination. Artificial respiration was carried on by means of an automatic electric apparatus pumping air into a tank, from which it was given to the lungs under proper pressure.

"In one experiment in which the stomach was full of meat at the time of death, digestion took place.

"After five or six hours hyperemia (reddening) of the peritoneum of the intestine appeared. It seems as though a peritonitis developed progressively and in some cases the intestines became paralyzed after eight or nine hours, although their circulation was still very active. Abundant hemorrhage could still be produced by section of a small branch of the mesenteric artery. Some of the visceral organisms died almost suddenly a ter three or four hours, but most of them were in a normal condition 10 and even 12 hours after the death of the animal to which the organs belonged. The death of the organism was announced by some irregularities in the pulsation of the heart, which was also weaker. Then the heart stopped suddenly. In one experiment the death of the visceral organ occurred 13 1/4 hours after the death of the cat from which it was taken."

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## DEATH CLAIMS A NOTED MINISTER

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## CATTLE TICK A LOAD TO SOUTH

### Lessen The Value Of Cattle And Causes A Needless Low Grading Of Hides.

### HOW TICK ERADICATION PAYS

### In Tennessee It Has Cost \$250,000—Benefit Has Amounted To \$3,500,000.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 5.—According to figures gathered by one of the veterinary inspectors of the Bureau of Animal Industry, the presence of the tick among the cattle of the South not only lessens the value of the cattle on the hoof, but causes the grading of hides that have been infested with ticks as No. 4 quality.

The same hide, if free from tick marks, would grade No. 2. The difference in price between these two grades of hides is 3 cents per pound. As the hide of southern steers weighs about 42 pounds, the presence of the tick in the hide causes a loss in the hide alone of more than \$1.26 per hide. Government specialists point out that the cost of tick eradication is only about 50 cents per head so that if the counties make a systematic campaign to eradicate the tick, the increase in value of the hide alone would pay for the cost of tick eradication and leave the farmer a net profit of about 76 cents per hide.

The hide situation is becoming rather serious. A prominent tanner in Pennsylvania states:

"For the class of leather we make we prefer Southern hides for chrome on account of the close texture and fine grain, but on account of the ticks we have had to practically stop purchasing Southern hides."

This is particularly significant as the demand for chrome leather is increasing so that the normal demand for Southern hides will be still further decreased.

A large percentage of the chrome leather now produced is finished with the grain left on so that all imperfections and tick marks on the grain side show very plainly. In the old days when all the leather for uppers was made from bark-tanned stock, all leather was buffed and the grain was removed. For this leather tanners could use cheap hides that were covered with imperfections and tick marks were made fairly good leather. The situation today, as it has been explained, is very different as the public is demanding more and more grained leathers for which large proportions of Southern hides will not be available until the tick is eradicated.

Tennessee leading South.

Tennessee will probably be the first State to be entirely free from quarantine for ticks. It already has eradicated the tick in 51 counties and all that now remain under quarantine are parts of Marion, Wayne, Hardeman, McNairy and Decatur counties and all of Hardin Henderson and Chester counties. It is hoped that by September 1st these counties will be free from ticks and the entire State out of quarantine.

According to the specialists of the Department of Agriculture, it has cost less than 50 cents per head to eradicate the tick in Tennessee and the cattle owners, as a result, have gained not less than \$7.00 per head, thus adding to the value of their stock. There are some 500,000 cattle in the counties already free from tick and the immediate benefit to these owners has been not less than \$3,500,000. The cost of tick eradication has been only \$250,000 so that the investment paid for itself nearly 14 times over in a very short time. This does not include the additional profits which come from the fact that now that the tick is eradicated more cattle can be raised on each farm and that the cultivated fields are made more productive by the increase of the amount of fertilizer now available.

Officers are chosen.

Epworth League Of Centenary Church Holds Annual Election.

The annual election of officers was held last night by the Epworth League of Centenary Methodist church with the following result:

President, W. C. Chadwick; first vice-president, J. M. Dick; second vice-president, Miss Mamie Hay; third vice-president, Miss Carita Wallace; fourth vice-president, Mrs. Ernest Wood; treasurer, Mrs. Marguerite Wallace; Librarian, Miss Elinor Marshall; Era agent, Miss Lena McGinn; reporter, Delmar Martin.

A Jersey coast resort has a woman policeman in "plain clothes," which of course will make her conspicuous at once.

Some one Juniper lumber on hand for boat building. Tolson Lumber and Manufacturing Co.

## FOR NON-PARTISAN JUDICIARY

### A. Mitchel Palmer Says Democrats Will Obey Laws.

Philadelphia, Aug. 4.—The only State wide election in Pennsylvania this year will be for the judges of the Superior Court, who will appear on a non-partisan ballot, and Congressman A. Mitchell Palmer, National Committeeman of the Democratic party, declared here that "the Democratic party in this State intends to obey the spirit of the new law."

"If we are to have a non-partisan judiciary, party organizations should have nothing to do with the selection of the judges," he said when asked if the executive committee of the Democratic State Central Committee which met here today had made any plans for fusion. Fusion on local offices, Mr. Palmer said, would be entirely in the hands of local committees.

The executive committee and the rules committee of the same organization are to consider changing state rules to conform with the new State-wide Primary act and other recent legislation bearing on elections in this State.

GOOSE CREEK ITEMS.

A Marriage Sunday Morning—Other News Of Interest.

Goose Creek, Aug. 6.—Rev. Mr. Woodard held a series of meetings at the Free Will Baptist Church last week.

A number of Goose Creek people attended the picnic at Reelsboro Saturday.

Our summer school is progressing nicely under the efficient management of Miss Dillon, of Tuscarora.

Mr. Lupton, of New Bern, visited Mr. Bennett of Goose Creek, on business Monday.

Miss May Lee, of Goose Creek, and Mr. Richard Hill, of Whortonville, were married Sunday morning, Mr. J. L. Scott, of Grantsboro, performed the ceremony.

Bela Woodard and Annie Daniels, of Florence, who have been visiting relatives and friends at this place, returned home Sunday night.

Mr. Clarence Buck of New Bern, spent Sunday with his sister Mrs. Sudie Cuthrell, of Goose Creek.

Mr. Wallace Scott was taken seriously ill yesterday. We hope he will soon recover.

Miss Vivian Dillon and Miss Verna Scott visited Miss Laura Keel, of Grantsboro, Saturday afternoon.

Miss Sadie Scott visited her cousin, Verna Scott, Monday afternoon.

## AWAIT RESULTS IN VENEZUELA

### PRESIDENT WILSON AND SECRETARY BRYAN GROPE FOR THE PRESENT.

Washington, Aug. 6.—President Wilson and Secretary Bryan are not fully informed as to what is going on in Venezuela, and until something definite is learned no policy will be adopted. But it is learned on high authority that Cipriano Castro is considered a menace to the peace of South and Central America, and the United States will lend its moral support to President Gomez, who has taken the field.

Every port in the United States will be watched closely to prevent the shipping of munitions of war to Castro or his followers.

Castro's movement is deemed a bold attempt to further his selfish ambitions. According to reports from American Consuls there has been no demands for Castro's return except from a coterie of politicians who formerly were his followers. The reports show that Venezuela has been enjoying unusual prosperity and peace.

President Wilson said today that he intended to nominate a Minister to Venezuela soon and that that official's credentials will be made out to the present Government in Venezuela unless it is overthrown before the