

Democratic Voters Of This City Are Pleased With Present Administration

City Primary Held Yesterday and, With One Exception Every Officer Was Re-elected--- Mayor A. H. Bangert Lead the Ticket---C. Lupton Won In Race For Chief---J. J. Tolson Retains Tax Collector's Office

The primary election of city officers for this city was held in New Bern yesterday and resulted in the return of every member of the present administration with the exception of one alderman, that being L. M. Satterthwaite of the Fifth Ward who was defeated by Jno. Crabtree.

The voting, while brisk, was not greatly animated and less than one thousand votes were cast in the five wards. Albert H. Bangert, the unopposed candidate for Mayor, lead the ticket with eight hundred and thirty-one votes. The contest for the office of Chief of Police, was probably the most spirited, in this C. Lupton was re-elected, receiving five hundred and seventy-eight votes out of eight hundred and forty-nine. The tabulated vote by wards follows:

Table with 2 columns: Office and Candidate/Votes. Includes Mayor (A. H. Bangert), Chief of Police (C. Lupton), Aldermen (William Ellis, C. H. Hall), City Clerk (F. T. Patterson), Tax Collector (J. J. Tolson), and various ward officers.

'DOC' FOLEY TO GO TO EUROPE

To Take Cargo of Horses Across the Pond to the Allies

When the United States became mixed up in its little wrangle with Mexico last year, Dr. J. F. Foley, one of the leading veterinarians of this section, decided that he would go down and see what Uncle Sam intended doing for the "greasers" so forth he packed his tools in a hand satchel and hid himself to Vera Cruz where for several weeks he presided over one of the government's horse hospitals.

Life in Mexico was not thrilling enough for the "Doc" so back to New Bern he came and for several weeks found excitement a plenty within local borders. However, like every true son of the Emerald Isle, he soon became tired of seeing the same old places and the same old faces every day in the week and every hour in the day and a little later he went to Kinston and for the past few months has been engaged in treating the ailments and ills of the live stock of Lenoir county.

VIRGINIA MAN IS SHOT BY POSSE

Sam Corn, Trying to Escape Gets A Load of Shot

Stuart, Va., April 6.—Sam Corn, 25 years old, a farmer of this county, was shot near here yesterday by members of a posse while he and his brother, James Corn, 30 years old, were making a desperate effort to escape from justice.

W. B. H. Blandford spent yesterday at Dover attending to business matters.

U. S. WANTS PAY FOR THE FRYE

Demands Made on German Government for Remuneration

Washington, April 6.—The note of the United States to the German Government demanding indemnity for the sinking of the American ship William P. Frye by the German raider Prinz Eitel Friedrich, given out at the State Department today, asks an indemnity of \$228,059.54.

The State Department's note to Ambassador Gerard at Berlin also directs Gerard to request "that full reparation for the destruction of the William P. Frye by the German cruiser Prinz Eitel Friedrich."

ELEVEN BODIES WASHED ASHORE

Members of Crew of the Ill-Fated Tug Luckenbach

Norfolk Va., April 6.—The bodies of Captain William E. Umstead and ten members of the crew of the big tug Edward Luckenbach, who were drowned Saturday when the tug was pounded to pieces by the sea after she struck on the shoals near False Cape, were yesterday washed ashore on the Virginia coast.

Of the vessels' crew of seventeen, only Harry Olsen, the first mate, and Cicero Goodwin, the second mate, were saved. The other members of the crew, who were drowned, were: Captain William E. Umstead; deckhands, J. Ballis, D. A. Goodwin, L. Meste and K. Frederick; engineer, B. Henders; second engineer, G. C. Boyce; oiler, J. Wallenius and K. Laats; firemen, C. Falk, O. Walt, A. Olsen and T. R. Nelson; steward, William F. Murray; messboy, H. Worrell, colored.

The tug Defiance passed in Cape Henry at 6:50 o'clock last night with two barges supposedly the Josephus and West Point, which were in tow of the Edward Luckenbach when she struck the beach. The barges were anchored off the coast and the Defiance was chartered yesterday by Captain Herbert McNamara, in charge of the local office of the Luckenbach Steamship Company. It was too dark last night to positively identify the barges.

The barge William H. Macey, the foremost barge of the Edward Luckenbach's tow, is reported to be gradually breaking up on the beach near Wash Wood's station, where she struck during the storm. The members of the Macey's crew, consisting of Captain Peter Johnson, Carl Ekersman, steward; John Anderson, donkeyman; and Aldolph Cleveland, deckhand, were taken off the vessel in the breeches buoy by members of the life-saving crew of Wash Wood's station.

Mrs. W. W. Knook, of Wilmington, N. C., is spending a few days in the city visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Ellis Wood.

PRINZ EITEL MUST LEAVE TODAY OR INTERN

Newport News, Va., April 6.—The Prinz Eitel Friedrich, the German cruiser was privileged to leave here after 11:40 o'clock this morning, the British ship Oryzias having left port at 11:40 yesterday, and the way is now being kept for the German ship, and until noon tomorrow therefore it will likely be possible for her to make the dash.

If Captain Thierichens decides, however, not to go at this time, there is nothing to show that he is thereby precluded from doing at some other time. The three British and one French ship, all superior in armament to the Prinz Eitel, are said to be still waiting outside the capes, and this fact creates a serious doubt in the general mind as to whether the German will not eventually intern here.

Many here expected the Eitel Friedrich to make a dash for the open sea last night. Hundreds watched the river front until an early morning hour, but the cruiser remains at her pier this morning. Painters were working on her hull at sunrise, scraping off rust which had accumulated in the long commerce-destroying cruise of the South Seas.

EXAMINATIONS ARE BEING CANCELLED

U. S. Civil Service Department Calls Off Several Which Were Announced

The United States civil service commission announces that, in view of the large number of applicants in recent stenographer and typewriter examinations, the monthly examinations for the department service and the quarterly examinations for the field service, beginning with May, 1915, will be discontinued until further notice.

In connection with the open competitive examination for scientific assistant, scheduled to be held on April 14-15, the commission invites attention to the fact that from the register of eligibles resulting from the examination in the optional subject of "farm management" certification to positions paying more than \$1,440 a year will be made only from eligibles who have had at least three years' experience in managing a farm, or teaching agriculture in a high school of college, or conducting investigational work in agricultural subjects involving field experiments or study of farm practice, and who attain an average percentage of at least 77 in the examination.

The commission announces the postponement of the examination for landscape architectural draftsman scheduled to be held on April 7 to secure eligibles from which to fill a vacancy in this position at \$90 a month in the engineer department at large, war department, Washington, and vacancies as they may occur in positions requiring similar qualifications. As soon as a new date is set for the examination it will be reannounced, and all persons having applications on file will be notified.

Additional dates for examinations are announced by the commission as follows: April 27, assistant supervisor of accounts, male, for the Interstate Commerce Commission, salary, \$3,000 \$4,200; April 28, oil gauger, male, salary, \$1,200; April 28, apprentice draftsman, male, salary, \$560, with chance of promotion up to \$720; April 28, mine electrician, male, salary, \$1,200 to \$1,500; April 28, entomological ranger, male, salary \$840 to \$1,200; May 12, chief of the training school, government hospital for the insane, Washington, female, salary, \$1,200, and maintenance in the institution; May 12-13, marine engine draftsman for submarines, male, salary, \$4 to \$5.04 per day.

In North Carolina, these examinations will be held at Greensboro, Asheville, Charlotte, Durham, Goldsboro, Raleigh, Salisbury, Washington and Wilmington.

VICE CONDITIONS ON THE INCREASE IN THIS COUNTY

So Says Grand Jury In Making Their Report

RECOMMENDS ACTION

Asks Judge to Call General Attention of Public to This

The Grand Jury appointed by Judge George W. Connor at the term of Craven county Superior Court now in progress, yesterday completed their work and made their report.

In investigating conditions locally the Grand Jury finds that the conditions of vice in New Bern and Craven county are on the increase and recommend that some action be taken to put a stop to such a condition. Their report in full follows:

North Carolina, Craven County, Superior Court, April Term, 1915. To His Honor, Connor, Judge presiding.

We, your Grand Jury beg leave to make the following report:

We have passed on twenty five (25) bills of which we have found twenty (20) true bills, and five (5) 'true bills.

We have visited the Register of Deeds' office, and have found it in proper condition.

The office of the Clerk of the Superior Court is satisfactorily kept, as far as space and facilities will allow.

We found the Sheriff's office in good condition, and the books properly kept. The Auditor's report shows that the books are correct, and that the State monies have been properly paid over, and that the taxes are well collected.

We visited the County Jail, and would recommend that the interior be painted, as the paint has been washed off the wood. We also recommend that the heating system be insulated with regard to all exposed pipe. We also recommend that a metal bridge be constructed from the jail to the Court House.

We have visited the county home, and find there two (2) white women and four (4) negro women and three (3) men, provisioned good, and the sanitary conditions were good. The house should be painted and where crock flues are found, the same should be replaced with brick flues from the ground up.

Convict Camps

We visited the convict camps and found thirty one (31) prisoners. The conditions are good, and the prisoners are satisfied with their keeper. They are well fed, but we would recommend all new mattresses for the cage, and a new six hole range.

We have examined the reports of A. H. Bangert and William Ellis, the Mayor and Mayor pro tem respectively, and found them correct.

In as much as the Grand Jury finds that recommendations have been made from time to time to improve the conditions of the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court, and the office of the Sheriff of Craven county, and as the Grand Jury finds that the conditions in these offices are such that no practicable business men will tolerate, namely: Valuable papers relating to land divisions, maps, and etc., were found on the floor of the vault of the Clerk of the Superior Court.

And as the Grand Jury found that the working space of the office of the Sheriff is unusually cramped, and as there is no adequate protection for monies that are paid into the Sheriff's hands, and there is no adequate space prepared, nor substantial cases to contain the books and records of this office.

We respectfully recommend to His Honor, the judge, to call the attention of the County Commissioners to this matter in forcible terms.

The Grand Jury feels that the entire room of the Clerk of the Court should be converted into a vault, and that modern equipment in the way of desks and other fixtures is needed in the Sheriff's office, and that the expense for such causes would be justified.

The Grand Jury presents this matter to the attention of the court for the reason that these improvements have been repeatedly recommended by Grand Jurors, and the proper authorities have never acted in these matters.

As To Vice

The Grand Jury finds, on inquiry, and upon investigation, that conditions of vice in Craven county and the city of New Bern seem to be on the increase, and that such conditions are to the great detriment of the morals of our community, and that it is the desire of this Jury, that His Honor, the Judge, shall call general attention to these things, and that he urge the officers whose duty it is to

ferret out such matters, to be very vigilant, and to make determined efforts to break up such conditions, so that the young people of this county and city, especially those susceptible to evil influences may have the open temptations to vicious acts removed.

The condition of Treat road to Blackledge Run, is bad. The New Bern road is generally in bad condition. The Grand Jury is of the opinion that these roads should be paved over twice a week, with the usual drag.

Respectfully submitted, G. A. Whitford, Foreman. John M. Aberly, Clerk.

INTERESTING CASE BEFORE SUP. COURT FROM GREENSBORO

Dr. Siler, A Chiropractic Physician, the Central Figure In It

UNUSUAL ACTION

Attorney General Bickett Offers Telling Argument

Raleigh, April 6.—The three hundred thousand dollar appeal from Davidson county was docketed near the end of the twelfth district case in the Supreme Court today but was not reached and will occupy the center of the stage Wednesday morning.

King and Kimball, of Greensboro, E. E. Raper and Walter and Walter, W. H. Phillips and S. E. Williams and J. Ray McRary, lawyer of Lexington came down to take a hand in the argument. Messrs. Williams and McRary are appearing against bond issue for roads and the other attorneys for it. Judge J. S. Manning and Governor W. W. Kitchin also appear.

The opponents of the Leonard bill which went through the house and senate with no opposition, are heard in their appeal to the higher court by the sale Monday of the Davidson county bonds. Capt. S. E. Williams contends that the bonds were not so marked as to be court hands down its opinion and that the sale during the unsettled issue has caused the bonds to go at a much lower premium than otherwise they would have done. The sale of Monday was conditional upon a favorable opinion from the Supreme Court, but Mr. Williams thinks that it was a mistake to put bonds on the market during the litigation.

This is much the biggest and most important case before the court from the Greensboro district. When Judge Lyon heard the injunction against the road commission of Davidson, he held against the plaintiffs and the case came immediately to the higher court. To Davidson county it means a great deal, chiefly means that whereas Leonard thought his people needed deliverance, they do not wish to be delivered and that the legislature has no right to rob the county of its birthright of mud.

It is the old issue "shall the people rule?" and therefore stick in the mud. Though the docket today had what lawyers call trashy cases, Greensboro furnished one that had a spicy argument from Attorney General Bickett who came again to the rescue of the court with some amusing reflections on the Chiropractic physician. It was the case of State vs Siler in which T. C. Hoyle appeared for Dr. Siler and Attorney General Bickett for the State.

It seems that Dr. Siler was tried in the Superior Court of Guilford county for practicing the profession of a Chiropractic physician. A special verdict was found upon which the court below decided that the defendant was not guilty. The State appealed and in the course of his argument, in which he insisted that the judgment of the court below should be reversed and a verdict of guilty be entered, Attorney General Bickett said:

"The word 'Chiropractic' is not found in the Century Dictionary but the philologists will have little difficulty in tracing its origin and interpreting its meaning. The word falls naturally into two parts, the one having a classical and the other a commercial origin. The classical part of the word comes from Athens and will be found in the nomenclature of the sciences in which the hand plays an important part. The commercial end of the word comes from Chicago, the home of the practical, of practical business, of practical politics, and of the school in which the defendant studied, and a liberal but not water interpretation of the word is 'When the copper is off the heat, grab everything in sight.'"

A Back Scratcher

Chiropractic has been defined by one of the courts to be "a system of healing that treats diseases by manipulation of the spinal column." The Chiropractic physician scorns to

be classed with the lower, welcome person, who does not know his own back.

A review of the subject will disclose a vast amount of knowledge and skill in the manipulation of the spine to relieve those who claim special knowledge or skill in the healing art. It is not the satisfaction of some competent individual designated by the State, before they are allowed to experiment upon the bodies of the people or make incisions in their pocket books. The history of this legislation will disclose a systematic effort upon the part of sundry individuals to avoid having their alleged knowledge and skill put to the test. If the defendant in this case had contented himself with advertising that he was simply a good "back rubber," he would have been following a useful and comforting occupation requiring no peculiar knowledge or training and would not be required to stand any special examination; but when he comes before the public wearing a title that will make the average citizen feel like shelling out \$2.00 when the doctor pronounces the word, and when he claims to be expert in the manipulation of that most delicate and useful of all bones, to-wit, the back-bone, the public well requires that his claims should be carefully examined by some competent authority. This is what is required by the Act of 1907, as amended by the Act of 1913, and the court below should have adjudged the defendant guilty.

Telephone and Telegraph Lines Have Been Partly Repaired

THE DANGER GREAT

Never In History of Capital City Was There So Much Damage Done By Storm

Raleigh, April 6.—With several thousand men working in all directions from Raleigh, where the telephone and telegraph companies were hopeful of restoring connection with the outside world. Not since Friday at midnight has a message been received or dispatched from this long period in the history of the city. It was hoped to restore service by night but none of the companies was positive. The total damage in this section amounts to many hundred thousand dollars.

The Western Union expected to complete its cable from Raleigh to Durham. The Postal from Raleigh to Burlington and the Southern Bell Telephone Company expected to get connection at Selma. The Western Union has 1,000 men working in the storm area, the Postal nearly as many and the Southern Bell a smaller number.

In the city telephone, telegraph and electric light lines continued their efforts to re-establish service today. The Carolina Power and Light Company promises to have electric lights on its Hillsboro and Blount street lines by night, together with service on branch lines from these streets. This company is corraling linemen from Birmingham and Atlanta, and they are being put to work as fast as they arrive. Service will be rendered as rapidly as possible.

Mr. W. A. Jennings, district manager of the Southern Bell, today estimated the total loss to his company in the storm radius as practically \$200,000. This includes extra labor and loss of business. In the city the damage was \$100,000. The Selma-Greensboro toll-line, rebuilt last year at a cost of \$40,000, will have to be rebuilt again at a greater cost. The company has 120 linemen in the city.

Some idea of the damage to the Southern Bell may be gleaned from these figures:

No. telephones out of service in city, 900.

No. poles down in the city, 32.

No. poles down between Raleigh and Zebulon 100.

No. poles down between Selma and Greensboro, 350.

No. poles down between Raleigh and Henderson, 250.

It was expected to restore the Raleigh-Selma connection by late this afternoon, and it also was expected to reach Hamlet soon, almost at night. But this may not be until Wednesday. The company has received 3,500 feet of cable for use in the city.

Although much progress was made Sunday and Monday, the telephone and electric lines have not been fully restored.

In Raleigh, however, the telephone and electric lines were busy on almost every street.