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Now Harry Thaw is going to sue Evelyn, the charming little coquette of all his woes, for a divorce. Seems to us that if we were in Thaw's place we would stay just as far away from a court house as it was possible to get.

Can't one of the Wilmington papers work up a story similar to that sent out from New Orleans a few days ago relative to the placing of bombs on board of a ship bound to Europe? Seems to us that the New Hanover capital would be a pretty good place for such a "mystery."

We have heard of all sorts of sales, clean sweep sales, clearance sales, bankrupt sales, fire sales and a score of others but it remained for a merchant at LaGrange to find something new in the "Daddy Rabbit Sale." We make haste to inquire of the LaGrange Sentinel as to why such a title for this great money saving event?

Seems as if the city is not going to be able to keep a light at the foot of Pollock street. A few weeks ago some person who had some dark deed to commit, put this light out of commission and this was done again on Sunday night. The dock at that point is for the use of the public and the general public does not need the cover of darkness for their promenades up and down the said dock. Therefore if the party who persists in cutting out the light will desist he will be doing both the public and the electric light people a favor.

The newspapers of New Bern have given much space to the religious campaigns which have been conducted here this summer and they have been heartily praised for their work. The Journal has before acknowledged this praise but this paper's object in covering these meetings is not to secure the few kind words but to give our readers who are interested in religious matters an opportunity of reading the accounts of these great sermons. The New Bern papers have given more publicity to revival meetings this summer than the papers in any other city and in one city not so far away where a revival was in progress a few weeks ago we noted that the daily paper there carried not a line in regard to the affair. Not so here, a careful estimate of the actual amount of space carried on the union revival meeting held a few weeks ago, and the present revival shows that this totals more than one hundred and twenty five columns or in the neighborhood of three entire issues of the Journal. The Journal is glad that it has had the opportunity of assisting in this work and awaits the next opportunity.

It is a mighty hard matter for the government to get evidence against blind tigers and makers of illicit whiskey and that is the paramount reason the fact that there have been so few arrests made by revenue officers in this section during the past few weeks. A well known government official told us a few days ago that his men had received reports that a certain man in New Bern was selling liquor every day in the week and that he was a white man, too, but that they had been unable to land a single witness who would swear that they had made purchases from him and hence they could do nothing. The man whose testimony is of any value in court must be a man of some standing, some character and be able to prove that he is not a bum or hobo. Such men who buy whiskey are not going to tell on the man who sells it to them for they do not want to be haled into the courts as a witness. Consequently the officials are unable to do anything and for every whiskey seller or maker who is caught and convicted there are ten who are doing business at the same old stand and who are getting by with it. There is no doubt but that the internal revenue law is being violated in Crayon county but there also is no doubt but that they are far less than a year ago and, though it may take years, such unlawful business is going to be broken up or at least minimized to its lowest degree of volume.

Between William J. Bryan and Harry K. Thaw, it's a hard matter to tell which one is giving out the largest number of interviews on subjects of an inconsequence whatsoever.

LEO M. FRANK HAS BUT SMALL CHANCE TO LIVE FROM HIS ATTACK SAT.

Jagged Wound In His Throat Causes Him To Become Delirious and Fever Rises. His Family Physician Rushes Back To His Bedside.

Milledgeville, Ga., July 19.—Dr. H. J. Rosenberg and another physician was summoned back to the State prison this afternoon because of the critical condition of Leo M. Frank whose throat was cut late Saturday night by a fellow life prisoner named Bill Green. Dr. Rosenberg, who is Frank's family physician, had returned to Atlanta after seeing Frank and reaching the conclusion that his condition warranted him leaving.

R. E. Davidson and E. L. Rainey of the Prison Commission, are to begin an investigation to find out whether Green's act was committed on the initiative or grew out of the aversion the prisoners have displayed toward Frank since the death sentence for the murder of Mary Phagan was commuted to life imprisonment or was the result of outside influence.

Frank's neck is badly swollen and the efforts of the physician attending him are devoted to an attempt to prevent blood poisoning. In the course of the night Frank's temperature went up and he became delirious at intervals. If Frank recovers he will owe his life to two convict physicians who heard his cry as Green stabbed him in the throat. They are Dr. J. W. McNaughton of Swainsboro, convicted of murder and Dr. L. M. Harrison of Columbus who is serving a long term.

Green, who was sent up for life from Muscogee county, is said to have slain eight men all told. He has been looked upon by prison attaches as a desperate criminal. This, however, is the first time he has given serious trouble during his confinement here.

Convicts Locked Together
Frank, Green, McNaughton, Harrison and a large number of other life and long term convicts Saturday night at 6 o'clock, following supper, were locked in the main cell room as usual. Frank's cot was the third from one end, while Green occupied one at the opposite end of the room. About 11 o'clock Green arose and asked permission of a guard on duty to go to the lavatory adjoining the bunkroom. This was granted. Green, instead, slipped over to Frank's cot and slashed him in the back of the neck as Frank lay asleep with his back to his assailant. His screams, as he was awakened by the stab, attracted the attention of the guards and other convicts. The guards made a hasty investigation, summoned Drs. McNaughton and Harrison to aid Frank, notified Warden Smith and placed Green in irons. The cellroom and entire prison were stirred with the excitement, but the discipline of the place kept down any possible outbreak or other serious demonstration.

Green, though it is evident that he had planned the assault, concealed his plans carefully. Guards say that he gave absolutely no imitation of feeling against his fellow prisoner. Hogs were killed on the State farm Saturday. Green was among the butchers. He worked at this task all day, and it is believed managed to hide the knife he was using in his clothes and thus smuggled it into his cell.

Green waited until he was sure that the vast prison had settled down to sleep. Convicts have their supper at 6 o'clock. They are usually in their bunks and sleeping a few minutes after.

"It was about 11 o'clock, however, before Green decided that the time was ripe for his deed. Then he went about his work in a manner to insure carrying out his deadly purpose. He is a stronger man physically than Frank, but he took no chances on resistance, Frank being out as he slept.

The first slash wasn't fatal and Frank had an opportunity to give the alarm. The guards were taken completely by surprise, but when they entered Green made no attempt at resistance and made no effort to conceal his crime.

was injured and the hurts are therefore not necessarily fatal. Frank's physical condition is against him. Never robust of build, the terrible nervous strain he suffered through the weeks he waited in the shadow of the gallows told on him. The sudden snap in the tension, caused by Governor Slaton's eleventh-hour order of commutation and the midnight ride through the country to the farm from the Atlanta Tower have all tended to make Frank a nervous wreck.

His work here has been of a character to which he is utterly unused. His whole manhood having been spent in office work, the sudden transition to hard farm labor with coarse prison fare has not been conducive to any quick recovery.

Frank has been given absolutely no favors by the prison authorities. Like all other prisoners, he is allowed to have visitors at certain fixed hours each week, and it was to take advantage of this opportunity that Mrs. Frank left Atlanta Friday night that she might see her husband on Saturday, the regularly appointed day for visitors.

PRESBYTERIANS OF THIS CITY RECEIVE MONEY FROM GOVT.

Get Pay for Damage Done by Union Soldiers During Civil War

\$2,650 THE SUM

Check Received Yesterday and Deposited in Local Bank

The Presbyterian church has received a check from the United States Government for twenty-six hundred and fifty dollars, which is in payment for the use of the property during the Civil War and for damage done to the same. The churches were used as hospitals and tents were erected on the lawns and it was said that considerable damage was done to the property of the church.

SEC. DANIELS TO MOREHEAD CITY

Expected to Arrive There Some Time This Week

Hon. Josephus Daniels, secretary of the U. S. Navy, is expected to arrive at Morehead City in a few days and spend a week or more at the Atlantic Hotel. Secretary Daniels was the guest of the city on July 4th and since that time Mrs. Daniels and two sons have been visiting there awaiting the return of the Secretary who was forced to go to Washington to attend to official business.

R. P. Foster, manager of the hotel is making arrangements to entertain the Nobles of Oasis Temple of the Mystic Shrine who will make a pilgrimage there on August 12th for a stay of three days. The Nobles will lease the hotel for that period and will be the guests of honor. Between four and five hundred of them are expected to be in attendance.

For the past few weeks the hotels and boarding houses at Morehead City have been filled to their capacity but on last Sunday the record was broken when there were more than five hundred visitors on hand and no excursion, except the regular seashore train from this city, were operated there either. The cuisine at the Atlantic hotel is now better than ever before.

J. J. Wilson, W. C. Jordan, Athens, Ga. H. L. Gibbs, Oriental; B. S. Beauchamp, Mrs. Mitchell, Mrs. Upchurch and family, Miss Mattocks, J. J. Moore, J. T. Starks, T. P. Wilson, Atlanta.

There will be a masquerade ball given at the hotel on the night of July 31st and this is expected to be one of the most brilliant events of the season, hundreds of persons will be in attendance. A ball will also be given next Saturday night and this will also be largely attended, many probably going down from this city.

USED REVOLVER AS A PERSUADER

Evangelist in New Bern Adopts a New Method

Using a thirty-two calibre revolver as a "persuader" to repent and step aside from the path to perdition, is not very often done by the modern revivalist or preacher but that is just what Rev. Caudle, one of Rev. John W. Ham's evangelistic party, did a few nights ago when he caught a young man prowling around inside of the tent which Rev. Ham is using. The tent was not being used on the night in question and darkness reigned supreme within, at least such was the case until Rev. Caudle, who sleeps in the tent, arrived and switched on the electric lights. In the bright glare of the lamps the preacher saw a young man make a break for one of the exits. He called to him to stop and at the same time picked up a revolver from beneath the pillow on his cot and "covered" the marauder. Having succeeded in putting a stop to the visitor Rev. Caudle invited him to be seated and for half an hour preached a personal sermon to the erring one and he is of the opinion that this had a good effect on the young man. When told of the incident Rev. Ham remarked that he had heard of all sorts of methods being used to convert sinners but that this was the first time he had known of a "shooting iron" being brought into service.

ONE OF SPRUNTS KILLED

James Sprunt's Nephew Meets Tragic Death

Wilmington, July 19.—In a recent issue of the London Times appears the following announcement of the death on the field of battle of Mr. Edward Lawrence Sprunt, nephew of Mr. James Sprunt, of Wilmington: "SPRUNT—On the 16th of June, in Belgium, Private Edward Lawrence Sprunt; 1st Battalion Honorable Artillery Company, stretcher bearer section. Exhibitioner of Jesus College, Oxford, the third and very dearly-loved son of J. D. and Jane Naismith Sprunt, of Montgomerie, Berkhamshead, aged 22."

This is the second son of Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Sprunt to meet death on the battlefield during the present European war. They have three other sons who have enlisted for service, one being in the home guard on account of illness and two of the younger sons being members of the reserve corps.

The death of Mr. Edward Lawrence Sprunt was peculiarly sad. He had been in Belgium since the beginning of the war and in the trenches had asked for a transfer to the navy. His commission had already been secured and he was to enroll in this service. He was to have left in a short time for his new service.

"NOT AFRAID TO DIE" FRANK

"I Hope the Man Will Be Forgotten"

Milledgeville, July 19.—"I am not afraid to die," Leo Frank told the physicians who were dressing his wound. "Nothing stands between me and God. I hope that the man who attacked me will be forgiven."

The prompt work of two physicians serving as convicts, saved Frank's life. Dr. J. W. McNaughton, a life prisoner, took charge immediately and stopped the flow of blood, being assisted by Dr. L. M. Harrison, another convict. It was thirty minutes before Dr. Compton, the prison surgeon could reach Frank.

Mrs. Frank, wife of the wounded prisoner, was a guest at the home of Superintendent Smith on the prison farm. She fainted when she learned of the attack, but later rallied and was taken to the hospital room where Frank's wounds were being dressed.

LAWN PARTY AT ERNUL SATURDAY

Ladies' Aid Society to Give It—The Public is Invited

Ernul, July 19.—The Ladies' Aid Society will have a lawn party at Ernul Saturday night, July 24th. Everyone is invited to come.

Mrs. C. L. Ipeok of New Bern spent the week-end here with her parents.

Mrs. Charlie Pugh of Bridgeton, spent Sunday here with relatives.

Mrs. George Bland and Misses Neva Warren Cleave and May Holloway of Vanceboro, were at this place Saturday afternoon.

Messrs. Charlie Franks and Rhen Ballenger went to New Bern Saturday night on business.

Mrs. Cales, of Bridgeton, spent Sunday with her daughter, Mrs. Sam. Lancaster, near here.

Mr. and Mrs. Hawkins, of Dover, returned Friday afternoon after spending several days with Mrs. Hawkins' parents.

Marion Stewart, of Clark, is visiting his cousin, Master Paul Avery and Nolen Ipeok.

Messrs. J. T. and R. D. Ipeok spent Sunday afternoon at Askin.

Mrs. D. W. Franks and children spent Sunday with Mrs. Fred White.

We are sorry to learn that Mrs. Jim Chase is very ill.

Miss Ross Willis spent Saturday night and Sunday with Miss Ida Cayton.

Messrs. Louis and Herman Basden of Richlands are visiting their brother Mr. M. L. Basden.

Mr. Clyde Warren of Vanceboro, was at this place Saturday afternoon.

Quite a crowd of our boys and girls have been attending the revival meeting at Kitt Swamp the past week.

Among those who went Sunday night were Misses Ida Cayton, Vellie Ipeok, Poss Willis, Ludie Ipeok, Myrtle Price and Sinie Ipeok; Messrs. Jidie and Roland Ipeok, Charlie Franks, Make Simpkins, Jim and George Ipeok, Herbert Cayton, and Louis Basden.

THE WAR IN BRIEF

- The Italian armored cruiser Giuseppe Garibaldi has been torpedoed and sunk in the Adriatic by an Austrian submarine, it is officially reported from Vienna.
- The warship, 7,224 tons, had a complement of 550 tons.
- The announcement does not say whether any were saved.
- News dispatches from Athens report hard fighting on the Gallipoli peninsula with the allies attacking along the whole front. The attacks are said to have been successful, but there is no definite news as to the extent of the ground gained.
- Related dispatches from the Russian front tell of the recent concentration of great Austro-German forces on the 100-mile line between the Vistula and the Bug. It is here that severe pressure now is being exerted by Field Marshal Mackensen in the great Teutonic offensive all along the front from the Baltic provinces to Bessarabia.
- Russia's army opposing Mackensen is declared to be one of the best she ever put into the field.
- President Wilson has returned to Washington for conferences on the American reply to Germany.

CHECKS ORIENTAL BANK RETURNED

Paper

Judging from the large number of checks drawn on the bank of Oriental and which have been coming back to local citizens during the past few days there must have been at least several thousand dollars worth of them in circulation in this city when the bank of Oriental was closed after the cashier had committed suicide. One citizen yesterday told a story in regard to one of these checks that had the ear marks of the iron of fate attached to it. This man had an account against a man in Pamlico county which was several years old and had at last succeeded in getting a check for it. This was sent in to the bank and arrived on the day that Miller shot himself. Yesterday it came back to the payee. There are other similar cases. The depositors in the bank are worried over the possible outcome of the affair but they have been assured that every attempt will be made to pay them in full.

One of the street cars that was in service during the storm Tuesday night was put out of commission by a bolt of lightning and traffic was blocked for about an hour. The car was at the corner of Graves and King street when it was struck. All the connections were burned out and it had to be carried to the barn by another car. Damage was also done to the power plant and this caused the cars to be idle for some time.

CHAS. BECKER WANTS PARDON

New York, July 21.—Governor Whitman now has in hand Re-licensing Charles Becker's final plea for mercy to save him from the electric chair. Governor Whitman has all along refused to take a hand in the case and it is believed that he will refuse to give Becker another chance for life. He will make known his decision probably tomorrow.

The following are extracts from Charles Becker's statement, prepared by him in the death house at Sing Sing Prison, telling the story he says he would have told on the witness stand had his lawyers permitted him to testify at his two trials for the murder of Herman Rosenthal:

"I have never had my day in court. The Sunday night before the shooting of Herman Rosenthal I went with my wife to Brighton Beach and did not get home until midnight. As I started to go to bed the telephone bell began ringing and my wife told me that Harry Appelbaum, Big Tim Sullivan's secretary, was at the phone. He wanted to speak to me.

"Come down," he told me. "The Big Fellow wants to see you. It's very important."

"He wouldn't tell me where he was and where he wanted me to come and I told him that it was late and that 'Big Tim' Sullivan would have to wait until the next day to see me.

"No," Appelbaum shouted. "You have got to see him tonight! He'll come up there and get you. You have got to come!"

"In a little while he did come up to my house and brought with him Jack Rose. They were in an automobile and I went with them to the Columbia Theatre Building at Forty-seventh Street and Seventh Avenue.

Says Sullivan was frightened. "There we found 'Big Tim' Sullivan and another man whom I did not know and do not now know.

"What does this mean?" Big Tim Sullivan asked me, seemingly badly frightened.

"Herman Rosenthal is going to go before the Grand Jury and he is going to implicate me," the Big Fellow said.

"That's all right," I told him. "Don't worry about him. He can't get corroboration." Turning to Jack Rose, I said:

"We have all the witnesses fixed, haven't we Jack?"

"I have seen all the witness and they'll throw Rosenthal down," Jack Rose answered.

"But I am afraid. I don't want my name connected with this thing," Big Tim said.

"I told Big Tim that he could be frightened, but that I was not; that Rosenthal had already been to see the Mayor and Commissioner Waldo, but that neither of them would listen to him. Then Big Tim said that he'd rather fix it up, and that he knew Rosenthal would keep his mouth shut if he aided him enough.

"I answered that Rosenthal would not get any of my money and that I wasn't afraid of him or anything that he could do.

"Rose then said that he had been talking with Kauffman, Rosenthal's partner and that Kauffman said Rosenthal would get out of the country for \$6,000.

"Big Tim" said he would raise the money, and he told Rose and Appelbaum to go somewhere and get the \$6,000.

"They went, and Rose told me that they got the money and 'Big Tim' authorized him to get Rosenthal away. I didn't wait to see what they did that night. I told them to do as they pleased, and I went back home. Knew Not of Kidnaping Plan

"There is where the murder came in. I knew nothing about their plan to kidnap Rosenthal, and I had no idea that anything would happen to him. I thought that, paid, he would quietly leave the State and give no more trouble. I didn't fear him for myself—that's the reason I didn't offer to put up any money.

"Jack Rose determined to keep most of that \$6,000 for himself, and so he went around to the four gunmen and told them that Rosenthal had been the man who 'framed' Big Jack Zelig, the gang leader, and had caused his arrest on a charge of having violated the Sullivan law.

"Rose pointed out to them that they could obtain revenge and earn \$1,000 at the same time by helping him to kidnap Herman Rosenthal. They agreed.

"Jack Rose arranged with Rosenthal to meet him at the Metropole Hotel for the payment of the \$6,000. But what he had planned to do was to pay the gunmen \$1,000 for kidnaping Rosenthal, frighten him badly and ship him to another State. Rose intended to keep the \$5,000 for himself.

"Rose said that the gunmen met at Weber's place on the night of the shooting and began drinking. Weber went out, came back and reported that Rosenthal was at the Metropole. The gunmen, Weber and Rose got into an automobile and went to the hotel, stopping across the street.

Rose sent a man into the restaurant to get Rosenthal out of the place and the number came to the sidewalk. Valles, Drunk, Began to Shoot

"Then Valton, full of drink and angered because he believed Rosenthal 'framed' his partner, pulled his gun

and began to shoot. Some of the others joined in and Herman Rosenthal died.

"What followed the shooting is well known, except that Rose met the gunmen in Harlem and paid them the \$1,000, keeping the \$5,000 for himself.

"Long before the shooting Big Tim Sullivan sent for me and told me that he was going to stake Rosenthal and let him run a gambling house uptown.

"I told Big Tim he couldn't do it, and because of the Big Fellow's threats I finally had to let Herman Rosenthal open his house. It was running along fine when Bridgie Weber got jealous and wrote a letter to Police Commissioner Waldo under the name of Harry Williams, telling him all about the house.

"Waldo came to me and told me to investigate the facts of the letter. I at once went to Big Tim Sullivan and told him about the Commissioner's order.

"I'll fix it up with Waldo. You let the house keep going," Big Tim said to me.

"I thought that he was telling the truth and that he had used his pull to make Waldo come around, but he was fooling me. A second and a third letter came to Waldo and he turned them over to me for investigation. After the third letter I again spoke to Big Tim.

"I've got to raid, I told the 'Big Fellow,' and he said to go ahead and he would 'make it right' downtown.

Raid Led To The Murder
"Waldo, I thought was ordering the raid for effect and I thought the arrests wouldn't amount to anything.

"As instructed, I raided and arrested two of Rosenthal's kinsmen as operators of the house. That started all the trouble that ended in Herman Rosenthal's death.

"Under 'Big Tim' Sullivan's orders I advised the two men to plead guilty. They did so. Rosenthal got mad and began to visit everybody who would listen to him."

Hope It May Get Him a New Trial
The statement which Becker and his attorneys believe may be used for an application to the Supreme Court for a new trial on grounds of newly discovered evidence, was given out today by Father James B. Curry, rector of St. James' Roman Catholic church, spiritual advisor to the former Lieutenant, and Joseph Shay, Becker's attorney at his first trial.

Before Becker delivered the statement to his attorneys he went over it with Deputy Warden Charles H. Johnson of Sing Sing Prison, who is charged with the preparations for his electrocution. Mr. Johnson said that extracts read to him formed part of the story he saw in the death house several weeks ago.

W. Bourke Coekran, chief of Becker's counsel, declined to discuss the statement. Immediately after it was published in the late editions of evening newspapers, members of Mr. Coekran's office staff became greatly excited. Mr. Coekran had ordered every one connected with the case to observe the strictest secrecy, and it was understood that the attorneys expected the story would act as a last hour sensation to cast doubt on Becker's guilt."

FARM WORKERS ARE SHOWN HOW

Men and Women Who Will Conduct Institute Give Instructions

Raleigh, N. C., July 21.—There has been held here today and yesterday a special institute or conference for the large company of farmers institute workers who will be engaged in the holding of the series of institutes to be held under the auspices of the State Department of Agriculture the next two months, beginning July 21 with three parties in the field. The conferences were held in the Raleigh High School auditorium and the heads of the divisions of the Department of Agriculture took a special part. Every phase of farm work and management was considered by specialists and the institute workers are prepared for most effective work in presenting to the farmers in the series of institutes all the phases of farm life in the light of the best of handling them.

At the same time there were held special conferences for those ladies who are to accompany the farmers' institute workers and hold special institutes for wives and daughters of farmers on household economies and general management of farm homes.

There were more than a half hundred people here for the conferences, numbers of them being designated to take part in institute programs in their own immediate sections only in carrying out the idea of retrenchment in expense of the institute division through reducing the cost of providing instructors and eliminating a big part of the costs in the way of traveling expenses.

W. B. Allen, of Havelock, spent yesterday in the city.