

WEATHER FORECAST:
SHOWERS AND
COOLER TODAY

The Daily Tar Heel

STAFF MEETING
7:00 P. M.
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PHOTOGRAPHS OF STUDENT UNIONS DISPLAYED HERE

Views of American Universities' Student Centers Shown in Graham Memorial.

Through the courtesy of the American Association of University Unions, the management of Graham Memorial is displaying a set of photographs showing different views of student unions in the country. These pictures are hung in the banquet room of the building and will be on display for the coming week.

The association of student unions, of which Graham Memorial here is a member, lends these photographs for exhibition purposes. Noah Goodridge, manager of the building, has secured them for a short length of time.

Unions at the universities of Rochester, Utah, Alabama, Kansas, Pennsylvania, Illinois, California, and Toronto, and Iowa State college, Cornell, Michigan State college, and Brown university are shown in the display.

The Iowa union building, the Williard Speight hall at Cornell, and the Hart house at Toronto are pictured in detail, showing handsomely equipped lounges and cafeterias. Two photographs of the theatre connected with the union at Cornell are shown and the auditorium of the Iowa State building is also shown.

Graham to Speak to Alumni

President Frank Porter Graham will be the principal speaker at an annual banquet of the Cabarrus county alumni association of the University to take place Tuesday night in the ballroom of the Hotel Concord, Concord.

John J. Parker Narrowly Missed Place On Supreme Court Bench

Unsuccessful as Candidate for Governor, Prominent University Trustee Nominated for Seat in Highest Tribunal But Failed To Receive Confirmation by Close Vote of 41-39.

One of the younger men in public life, John J. Parker, judge of the fourth United States circuit court of appeals, has seen both sides of Fortune's face. He has experienced defeat after defeat as the candidate of the minority party in the state, only to emerge from political gloom as a member of the second highest court in the nation.

Unsuccessful at the polls as a candidate for congress, for the attorney generalship of the state, and for governor, Judge Parker has been recognized as a brilliant legal and political figure by those who have appointed him to high positions. Five years after his gubernatorial campaign of 1920—in which he received the largest vote ever given a Republican candidate in North Carolina until that time—President Coolidge appointed him to his present office of United States circuit court judge. He was also selected in 1923 as special assistant to the attorney general in handling war fraud cases.

Nominated by Hoover

Judge Parker was President Hoover's choice for the vacancy in the Federal Supreme Court two years ago, but the senate refused to confirm the appointment by the close vote of 39 to 41. A nation-wide controversy raged over the Carolina jurist's qualifications, because of the charges of reaction and

Y. M. C. A. Officers To Be Nominated Tomorrow Night

Additional nominations for the Y. M. C. A. officers for the coming year will be made tomorrow night at 7:15 at the regular Y meeting. All three cabinets will meet together to make the nominations, and then will adjourn to their own rooms to hold their regular programs. The voting will take place Tuesday in the Y from 10:30 to 5:00 o'clock. The new Y. M. C. A. constitution makes any student eligible to vote who has attended at least six meetings of one of the cabinets during the last two quarters, or who has paid Y dues to the amount of two dollars.

Nominations which have already been made for the senior cabinet are Billy McKee for president; Jim Steere for vice-president; Roy MacMillan for secretary; and Ike Minor for treasurer. Nominations for officers in the rising sophomore cabinet are Locke Sloop and Claude Freeman for president; Ed Martin and Blucher Ehringhaus for vice-president; Mason Gibbs and Simmons Patterson for secretary; and Bob Bolton, Henry Emerson, and Gene Bagwell for treasurer.

Staff Meetings

A reorganization of the entire editorial staff of the Daily Tar Heel for the spring quarter will take place tonight at 7:00 o'clock in the Graham Memorial office. New men will be given tryouts at this time.

The foreign news board, feature board, and the city editors will meet at 5:00 o'clock. The editorial board will convene at 5:30.

Modern Scholars Trained But Not Really Educated Believes Foerster

Advocate of New Humanism Asserts That Scholarship Is Too Much of a "Product" in Following Article Written Especially for Daily Tar Heel Publication.

By Norman Foerster
(Director of the School of Letters,
University of Iowa)

Many of the best students in the English departments of the universities are in revolt. And with good reason.

Most of the undergraduate work and all of the graduate work has been geared, to use an appropriate mechanical figure, for the production of "contributions to the sum of knowledge." Our objectives in the study of literature have been borrowed from science. It is not only that we have aped the method and spirit of science. We have even succumbed to the ideal that science has proclaimed, the ideal of Progress through Service. Whatever the validity of this ideal in science, in the field of literature it seems to me mostly ballyhoo. We take the young lover of literature and gradually put him through the mill in order to shape him as a researcher capable of rendering some pitiful service in the endless progress of knowledge. We make of him a specialist, a tool for the advancement of science, narrowing his intellectual and emotional life, starving his higher nature in order that he may be able to do his bit for the great cause of learning. He is to sacrifice himself in the service of progress.

Advocates of the prevailing system will perhaps deny that they disregard the student's interests for the glory of science. I can only answer that the facts are against them. The student needs more than good will, but

he is not getting it.

He needs culture, the cultivation of all his faculties, since all of them are relevant in literary study. We talk endlessly and thoughtlessly about method, technique, research, contributions, progress, and service. But who talks about culture? Well, they still talk of it in France at any rate. When M. Desclos, for instance, visited us here at Iowa recently and conducted a round table on French university education, we asked him whether the object of the French university was research or culture, and he replied that it was culture. Not research in a specialized subject, but the cultivation of the mind and personality of the student.

What does this mean, specifically, in the case of the literary student? It means, it seems to me, the development of the whole set of powers that should be active in the study of literature. It means the development not only of a sense of fact and a sense of time, the two things that we are aiming at in America, but it means also the development of aesthetic responsiveness, of the ability to handle ideas, of taste and judgment or the critical sense, and the power of writing and speaking in the sensitive language appropriate to literary discussion. What is needed is encouragement of all of these powers, along with recognition of the special aptitude of each student. In terms of subject matter, literary culture demands that we give attention

(Continued on last page)

Commission Chairman



Dr. M. C. S. Noble, retired education dean and pioneer worker on state public school systems, is the new chairman of the North Carolina Historical Commission, succeeding Judge Thomas M. Pittman, who died last month.

School In Oklahoma Will Audit Records Of Student Activities

Explaining its action as "demands of representative students in the form of a petition for a complete investigation," the college council at the Oklahoma Agricultural and Mechanical college has announced that it will conduct an audit of all the financial records of the student government association and of the student publications.

No information was advanced as to what formed the basis for the complaints or as to who made them except that attention was called to the fact that the constitution of the student association provides for an audit of the accounts of any student organization at any time by the college administration.

NOBLE ELECTED HEAD OF STATE HISTORY GROUP

Dean Succeeds Judge Pittman as Chairman of North Carolina Historical Commission.

Dr. M. C. S. Noble, retired dean of the University school of education, was elected chairman of the North Carolina Historical Commission, at a meeting of the group Friday in the Raleigh office of Dr. A. R. Newsome, secretary. Dr. Noble, who has been a member of the commission since 1907 and winner of the Mayflower Society Cup in 1931, will succeed Judge Thomas M. Pittman of Henderson, who died February 8.

Pioneer Educator

The education dean has been a pioneer in public school work in North Carolina along with the late Edwin A. Alderman and Charles D. McIver. Although advanced in years and relieved of administrative duty, he has been active in writing school books and articles on North Carolina history. His comprehensive *History of the Public Schools of North Carolina* published by the University press won the 1931 Mayflower Cup, established last year as an annual award for the best work published by a resident of the state.

The Commission chairman is charged with the collection, preservation and publication of the invaluable source materials of North Carolina history, and Dr. Noble's many years of research and authorship, as well as his active membership on the Historical Commission throughout most of its existence, make him

(Continued on page three)

NEFF TO ACCEPT PRESIDENCY OF TEXAS COLLEGE

Former Governor of Lone Star State Becomes Eighth President of Baylor University.

Pat M. Neff, who was unanimously elected by the board of trustees of Baylor university at Waco, Texas, as president of that institution, has formally announced his acceptance of the position.

His letter of acceptance to Judge W. H. Jenkins, secretary of the board, follows: "Mindful of its responsibilities, conscious of its obligations, and appreciative of its ever-widening opportunities, I accept, to assume work at late date, the presidency of Baylor university, my Mother of Learning, as a challenging call to duty and service."

Becoming the eighth president that Baylor has had in her eighty-seven years of scholastic activity, Neff has behind him many years of service to his state and country in various public offices. He has been chairman of the Baylor board of trustees for the past twenty-five years. He was president of the General Baptist Convention of Texas for three years, and was governor of the state for two terms. He acted as labor mediator for the president of the United States at one time, and is now chairman of the Texas Railroad Commission.

No Monday Assembly

There will be no assembly tomorrow. Harry F. Comer, secretary of the Y. M. C. A., will be in charge of the program Tuesday.

Carleton Brown, Alfred Dashiell, and Jacob Zeitlin Profess Unfamiliarity With Aim Of Humanism

Illinois Professor Thinks Liberal Attitude Is Gaining Ground; Managing Editor of "Scribner's Magazine" Calls It "Retreat Within Academic Shell"; Secretary of Modern Language Association Declares No New Principle for Guidance of American Scholars Established.

(These articles were especially contributed to THE DAILY TAR HEEL.)

By Carleton Brown
Secretary of the Modern Language
Association of America

I am unable to understand at all clearly the actuating principles of Dr. Foerster's program, even after reading attentively his recent books and articles. None of us, I imagine, believe in "dry-as-dust" scholarship, and if this is what Dr. Foerster means by *literae inhumaniores* then we will enthusiastically support his crusade. On the other hand, we do, some of us, still believe in exact and truth-seeking standards in the pursuit of scholarship as well as of scientific investigations. There has been a suspicion in some quarters that those who were exalting the New Humanism were really endeavoring to bring into disrepute this painstaking effort to discover the solid basis of fact which should be the object of literary study. If Dr. Foerster recognizes the necessity of scientific accuracy and the need of patient investigation, then I do not see how any one will take issue with him. Nor, for that matter, do I see that he has established any new principle for the guidance of American scholars.

Moreover, I am somewhat nonplussed that Dr. Foerster should include my name among the defenders of "the present system" as opposed to the "broader ideals" (Continued on last page)

By Alfred Dashiell
Managing Editor of Scribner's
Magazine

I welcomed the humanist controversy because I was glad to see people get excited about ideas again, despite the fact that the New Humanism represented the galvanization of an old doctrine in the attempt to capitalize the trend of the times; something like the silver issue in politics.

There seems to be no agreement among the humanists as to what humanism is, but the article "Romanticism and the Orient," by Irving Babbitt in *The Bookman* (December 1931) contains one important clarification. "Quite apart from tradition and purely as a matter of psychological analysis, the underlying opposition in all this clash of tendencies is that between those who affirm in some form the inner life and those who corrupt or deny it. Among the latter are those from Rousseau to Lenin who have discredited the higher will on which the inner life finally depends by their transfer of the struggle between good and evil from the heart of the individual to society."

This seems to me, despite Professor Babbitt's qualification concerning humanism and religion, to mean that humanism teaches in effect "Trust in God" (Continued on last page)

By Jacob Zeitlin
University of Illinois

I am not at all certain that among teachers of literature there is a sharp line dividing the champions of "the present system" from the followers of Dr. Norman Foerster. If, indeed, we conceive of these two opposite groups as standing respectively, and with mutual exclusiveness, for the discovery of facts and for humane interpretation, then I doubt whether many simon-pure specimens of either breed will be discoverable. No true humanist, or even neo-humanist, would question the importance of sound and reliable knowledge, and there are few serious investigators who do not try to make their researches subserve some idea, or who ignore the human values in literary study. Both points of view are indispensable in the proper teaching of the subject.

It sometimes looks as if it were only a conflict between Utopian fancy and sad-eyed reality. When Professor Foerster assumes in the student, preparatory to his entrance on graduate work, a "sufficient cultural background in such fields as history, philosophy, science, and language and literature," he is not, I fear, speaking in terms of experience but rather of unfulfilled desire. His (Continued on last page)