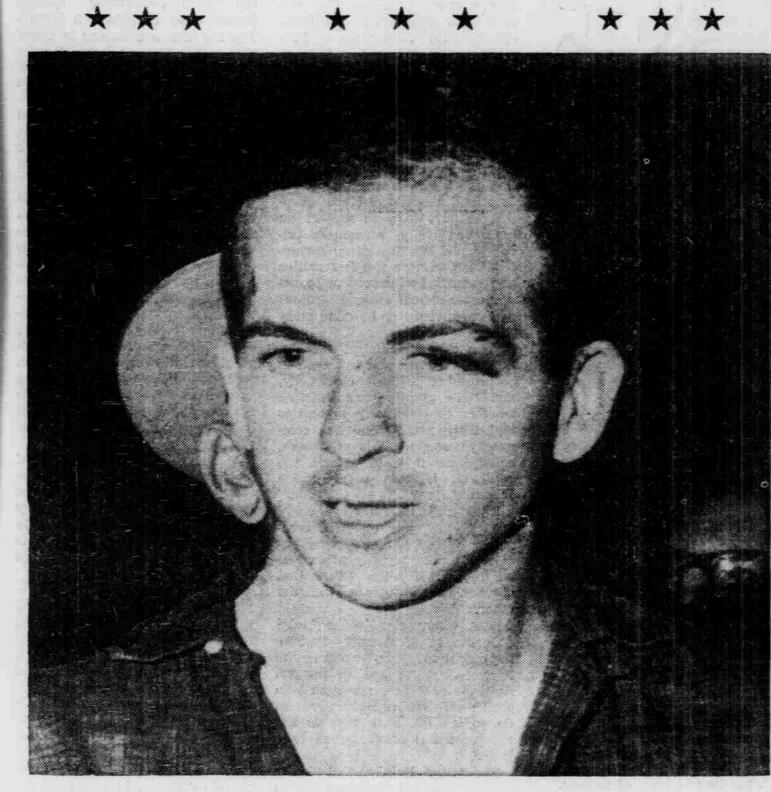
# The Baily Tar Heel

Offices in Graham Memorial

CHAPEL HILL, NORTH CAROLINA, SUNDAY,, NOVEMBER 24, 1963

United Press International Service

## Kennedy Burial Set For Monday, Nation Mourns



LEE HARVEY OSWALD, 24, a pro-Castro Marist and former U. S. Marine, has been formally charged with the murder of President John F. Kennedy. Oswald allegedly shot Kennedy as he

drove in a motorcade in Dallas, Tex. Friday afternoon. Dallas police say they have the evidence, believed to be a film of the man doing the shooting, to convict Oswald.

## -UPI Telephotos Courtesy WTVD Dallas Police Say Oswald

Case Is Already Conclusive DALLAS (UPI)-Dallas police ry Wade said the assassination who doesn't know what evidence said flatly Saturday that Lee trial of the 24-year-old Marine Harvey Oswald, a pro - Castro Marxist and former U. S. Maheld in January. rine, assassinated President Kennedy and they have the evidence

to prove it. They said he had no accomplices. "This case is cinch," said homicide Chief Capt. Will Fritz, one of the most respected police of-

ficers in Texas. "The man killed President Kennedy. We are convinced without any doubt he did the killing," Fritz said

Fritz said he could not disclose the evidence on which he based his statement. Oswald, 24, so far has stubbornly denied any connection with the assassination.

Oswald refused Saturday to take a lie detector test after paraffin tests showed gunpowder traces on both his bands, indicating he recently had fired a rifle-the type of weapon used to kill the President Friday.

The case was expected to go to a grand jury Wednesday, Nov. 27th or Monday, Dec. 2nd. "There were no accomplices,"

Fritz said, however, Dallas County Dist. Atty. HenCorps reject probably would be

Wade, with a record of 24 convictions in 24 capital cases, said he would try the Oswald case

Should Oswald not be convicted and sentenced to death by electrocution, he then would be tried for the slaying of a Dallas policeman who sought to arrest him after the assassination, Wade said.

Wade was more cautious in his appraisal of the state's case than

"There is no such thing as a cinch. I do believe we have a good case," Wade said.

Police had the Italian-made sniperscope rifle used in the slayings. They knew from Oswald's Russian wife that he owned such a gun. She saw it the night before the assassination. He bought it in New Orleans, she said.

As Oswald called for a New York Lawyer who has been accused of Communist party membership, Wade said he would not disclose the evidence because:

we have."

Although he agreed with Capt. Fritz that there was no evidence connecting anyone else to Oswald, Wade said, "Our mind is Lee A. Oswald, accused slayer

of President Kennedy, once threatened to "employ all means" to right a wrong he said he had been done him in military service.

Oswald made the threat in a letter to Texas Gov. John B. Connally Jr., who was wounded when the President was killed. At the time he wrote the letter Oswald thought Connally still was Secretary of the Navy.

It referred to the fact that Oswald received a dishonorable discharge from the Marine Corps. "I shall employ all means to right this gross mistake or injustice to a bona fide U. S. citizen and ex-serviceman," the letter said.

"The U. S. government has no charges or complaints against me. I ask you to look into this cas eand take the necessary steps to repair the damage done to me

## Gov. Sanford To Pay Homage At President's Rites Monday

RALEIGH (UPI)-North Carolina Gov. Terry Sanford left his grieving state Saturday to pay homage from himself and over four million residents of the state before the bier of the late President Kennedy.

Before he left, Sanford urged all businesses to close during the hour of the funeral Monday to allow all North Carolinians to participate in the national mourning. His request was expected to be complied with, nearly un-

animously. "The valiant soldier of freedom is dead," Sanford said. "All mankind is less."

Sanford was joined in his plea for an hour of quiet and meditation by the N. C. Merchants Association, whose president John H. Church, asked the state's 90,-000 retail firms to close for one hour beginning at noon Monday.

The cancellation of work from some of the state's industrial concerns began flowing in even before the request by Sanford, and North Carolinians cancelled or postponed everything from plays to racial demonstrations, dances to court sessions, concerts to Christmas parades.

Saturday in the state were postponed, and the Davidson-Wolford and Appalachian-East Tennessee football games were cancelled, never to be played. Postponed were games between Duke and North Carolina and Ft. Bragg and Ft. Eustus, Va.

Gov. Donald Russell will carry the deep sympathy of all South Carolina to the late President's funeral Monday.

The Governor and state Sen. Edgar A. Brown of Barnwell were scheduled to leave for the services Sunday to represent the state in mourning the dead Presi-

### **Noted Writer Aldous Huxley** Dead At 69

HOLLYWOOD (UPI)-Novelist Aldous Auxley, famed for his satirical vision of a "brave new world" and a member of the eminent British family of letters and sciences, died Friday of cancer. He was 69.

Huxley died at his home and private funeral services were conducted Saturday in Los Ange-

Huxley was the son of Leonard Huxley and grandson of renowned biologist Thomas Huxley, credited with popularizing the evolutionary theories of Charles Darwin. He was the brother of Julian Huxley, noted biologist and writer and grand-nephew of poet-essayist Matthew Arnold. Author of more than 20 books,

Huxley was noted primarily as a philosophical novelist. He used characters largely to represent his far-ranging ideas in his fiction works, which were sprinkled with subtle wit and incisive sa-

Russell ordered that all South Carolina State offices remain closed Monday and flags draped at half-staff. He extended an order made Friday to close the

offices Saturday. The state's two major institutions of higher learning have announced suspension of classes Monday to pay tribute to President Kennedy.

### Game Rescheduled

UNC and Duke officials reconsidered late yesterday and now have decided to hold the football game between the two universities on Thanksgiving, Nov. 28, at 2:00 p.m.

The game, originally scheduled for yesterday at Duke Stadium, was first postponed until next Saturday due to the tragic death of President John Kennedy. But yesterday, at the request of student leaders of the two schools, officials met and agreed to hold the game on Thursday.

It was announced that the change was made in order to make it more convenient for students to attend. The feeling was students would rather stay over an extra day, see the game, then go home, rather than go home, come back for the game on the 30th, and then perhaps go home again.

The 50th renewal of the ancient battle is a key one for the teams, in that the winner will tie North Carolina State for the ACC Championship. The Wolfpack clinched a tie for the title Friday night with a 42-0 victory over Wake Forest. If UNC and Duke, both 5-1, tie. State will get the crown outright with a 6-1 mark.

The UNC ticket office has announced that any desired refunds will be honored, and for students to inquire about extra tickets made available by refunds at the office from Monday morning to Wednesday

A freshman game between Duke and Maryland has also been scheduled for Thanksgiving Day at Duke Stadium. The frosh teams are expected to play at 9:45 a.m. for the benefit of the Cerebral Palsy fund. It is an annual contest, which, in the past, has been played by the frosh teams of UNC and Duke.

### OTHER CHANGES

Campus-wide activities, which came to an immediate halt Friday afternoon, were almost non-existent yesterday as students slowly went about their busi-

As a tribute to the late President Kennedy, commander-in-chief of the armed forces, both the campus Naval and Air Force units will be in uniform through Wednesday afternoon.

The Di-Phi Society Friday night unanimously adopted a resolution expressing the Society's deepest sympathy to the John F. Kennedy family and declaring its united support and encouragement to President Lyndon B. Johnson.

More than 200 students in the Ehringhaus area Saturday night signed a letter extending their sympathy to Mrs. Jacqueline Kennedy. The letter said in part, "being students we were aware of Mr. Kennedy's struggle for universal and domestic peace and integrity; he will remain a challenging example to those who seek to better their world."

## Campus Service In Memorial Hall

11, 12 A.M. Classes Cancelled Monday

ties throughout the nation and the world Monday in observing a "national day of mourning" for President John F. Kennedy.

A special inter-faith memorial service honoring the late president will be conducted Monday morning at 11:15 a.m. in Memorial Hall by the Campus Chaplain's Assn.

The brief service is expected to include prayers, hymns and scripture readings by chaplains of campus religious groups.

Classes will be dismissed from 11 a.m. until 1 p.m., Chancellor William B. Aycock announced yesterday.

A requiem mass will be held at noon Monday at the Catholic Student Center on Pittsboro St., according to Rev. Father Robert

L. Wilken. In one of his first official acts as President, Lyndon B. Johnson proclaimed Monday as a national day of mourning for his "great and good" predecessor and urged the American people to assemble

in churches for prayer. Elsewhere yesterday, the humble and the mighty joined Room by the Rev. John J. Cava grieving widow and family Sat- anaugh, former president of the urday in mourning the death of John Fitzgerald Kennedy, who presumably will be given a hero's burial Monday in Arlington National Cemetery.

It was understood that arrangements were under way for an Arlington burial following a pontificial requiem mass at noon. Only one other president, William Howard Taft, is buried in Arlington, shrine of the nation's heroes.

As leaders of the world converged on the capital to pay homage, hundreds of people ranging from the family to the late President's most bitter political foes filed slowly past his bier in the black draped East Room of the White House.

First came Mrs. Jacqueline Kennedy, widowed by a sniper's bullet at 34, and members of the immediate family. Then President Johnson and his wife, accompanied by former President Dwight D. Eisenhower and afterwards high government officials. Among them were two of the late president's most intense civil rights opponents, Govs. Ross Barnett of Mississippi and George C. Wallace of Alabama.

Wallace said the death of the man whose policies he denounced "transcends all politics."

Limousine after limousine moved slowly up the White House driveway bringing such other dignitaries as Gov. and Mrs. Nelson Rockefeller of New York, Gov. Edmund G. Brown of California and former President Harry Truman. Truman, who upon his arrival

in the capital denounced the "good for nothing" Kennedy assassin, talked with Mrs. Kennedy for 15 minutes in the White House living quarters,

Despite a White House request that Americans express their condolences with gifts to charity, baskets of flowers kept arriving at the executive mansion until a

Chapel Hill will join communi- spare room had to be set aside for them.

In issuing his proclamation of mourning, President Johnson invited "the people of the world who share our grief to join us in this day of mourning and re-

He earnestly urged the American people to assemble in the nation's churches, "there to bow down in submission to the will of Almighty God, and to pay their homage of love and reverence to the memory of a great and good

All federal offices will be closed. Even before issuance of the proclamation business establishments across the nation signalled their intent to be darkened during the day.

The casket with the late president's body, was closed as it lay in the somber east room of the

And, according to White House officials, was to remain so throughout all services.

At 10:30 a.m., with only the family and close friends present a Mass was said in the East University of Notre Dame and a long-time friend of the Kenne-

The Mass was attended by Mrs. Kennedy and her children, Caroline and John, who were told Friday night that an assassin's bullets had snuffed out the life of their father.

Today the body will be taken to the rotunda of the Capitol where it will lie in state for some 21 hours for public viewing. Thousands were expected to file past. But some chose not to wait to pay respects.

In Palm Beach, Fla., a small blond boy, followed by two little girls plucked two hibiscus blossoms from bushes surrounding the resort home of the slain President's father, Joseph P. Kennedy, and placed them on the front steps of the house.

In Berlin, 80,000 West Germans, many weeping, marched in a torchlight parade during the early morning hours.

Mayor Willy Brandt, meeting them at city hall, asked Berliners to place lighted candles in their windows during the night. In Moscow, Nikita Khrushchev

expressed the "indignation of the Soviet people against the culprits of this base crime" and dispatched his deputy, Anastas Mikoyan, for Monday's Pontificial High Requiem Mass that will be the official state funeral, At those solemn ceremonies,

France will be represented by President Charles de Gaulle, Britain by Prince Philip and Prime Minister Sir Alec Douglas Home, and West Germany by Chancellor Ludwig Erhard. At 1 p.m. Sunday, to the muff-

led cadence of a corps of drummers, the body in its heavy mahogany casket will be borne from the White House to the Capitol on a caisson drawn by seven



## Lyndon B. Johnson: A Complicated Man

By PETER HARKNESS In the hot and stuffy torward

compartment of an Air Force plane, Lyndon Baines Johnson took the oath of office as the 36th President of the United

It was 3:38 p.m. EST, Friday, November 22, 1963. He was born 55 years ago on August 27, 1908, near Johnson City, Texas. Sam Ealy Johnson,

a Texas legislator, and Rebekah Baines Johnson, were his par-He went to public school in Johnson City and was graduated in the spring of 1924, when he went to work on a roadbuilding gang at \$1 per day. He

was a restless young man and

worked his way to California

where he worked in the Imperial Valley. He later returned to Texas and decided to enter college. In 1927 he enrolled in Southwest Texas State Teahers College in San Marcos, Texas where he worked as a janitor, a door-todoor salesman and other odd

jobs to pay for his eduation.

. However, in 1928, he had to

leave college when his money ran out. He taught for a year at a school in Tulia, Texas, and used his first pay check to buy athletic equipment for underprivileged Latin American chil-

He returned to college in 1929, graduated in 1930 and took another teaching job in Houston. Texas. He married Claudia Lady Bird

Taylor in 1934 after returning home and attended night school at Georgetown, Texas law school. In 1937 he entered politics and ran unopposed for Congress in the tenth district. In 1941 he sought the seat in the United

States Senate vacated by Sen.

Morris Sheppard and lost to

Gov. W. Lee "Pappy" O'Daniel

by 1.311 votes. Within hours after casting his vote to declare war on Japan in 1941, the young Congressman was in uniform. He was the first member of Congress to enter active duty and received the Silver Star for gallantry in action on a flight over New

Guinea. In 1948 he made a second at-

tempt for the Senate and defeated Gov. Coke Stevenson in an unusually close election. Out of one million votes cast, Johnson won by 87.

As early as 1951 he began his rise to Senate leadership. He was unanimously elected party whip and was praised for his ability as a man who could get the job done. In 1953 he was named the

minority leader after the Democrats lost control of the Senate by one seat. One year later, he was re-elected to the Senate. In 1955, after the Democrats had regained the leadership in the Senate, Lyndon Johnson, 46, was named majority leader, the youngest to ever serve in that

On July 2, 1955, he suffered a heart attack and was hospitalized in Washington and later recuperated on his Texas ranch. He returned to the Senate on December 12. At the 1956 Democratic Con-

vention, Southern Democrats attempted an unsuccessful drive for the Presidential nomination. In 1957, he was influential in

the passage of the first civil rights bill in 75 years. One year later he spoke before the United Nations supporting a resolution proposed by the United States calling for peaceful exploration of outer space.

In 1960 he was defeated by John Fitzgerald Kennedy for the Democratic Presidential nomination but was picked as the Vice-Presidential candidate.

Johnson was influential in the campaign in winning support for the ticket, especially in the South. In 1961 he took the oath as Vice-President of the United States following the Democratic victory.

On Friday afternoon Johnson suddenly became the Chief Executive of the nation following the tragic assassination of President Kennedy.

He assumes that office with far greater experience than Kennedy, Harry S. Truman, Dwight D. Eisenhower or even Franklin D. Roosevelt.

He has nearly three decades of experience in Washington behind him in both the legislative and executive branches of gov-

ernment. He was influential in many domestic and foreign policy decisions under President Kennedy

His health appears to be good despite the 1955 heart attack and New York heart specialists claim Johnson will be a "vigorously healthy Chief Executive." William S. White, the columnist, said Johnson was "a prag-

matic man and not a theorist;

an actionist and not a philoso-

phical thinker." White continued, "This man, Lyndon Baines Johnson of Texas, is perhaps the most complicated man in public life known to this correspondent. He known to this correspondent. distinctly clear-eyed. He is tireless beyond ready belief; nearly all his waking life is spent as a furiously functioning one-man political organism. He is understanding of men as individuals and his skill in dealing with them must be seen in action to

Despite assets, weaknesses or political beliefs, Lyndon Baines Johnson is now the President of the United States.

be credited."