## ©hr 作aily Uar 3Hpl



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## Uncertainty for Philippines

Turning points in history usually aren't
anticipated. Yet we can say with confidence anticipated. Yet we can say with confidence will step into a new and uncertain future. Friday, Philippine voters will go to the polls and choose between President Ferdinand Marcos and challenger Corazon Aquino.
Marcos, president since 1965, has ruled Marcos, president since 1965, has ruled
he islands since 1972 with an iron fist of autocracy and repression. Not since 1973, when he faced probable defeat at the hands of Benigno Aquino, has Marcos faced such -he cancelled the elections and instituted martial law. Ten years later Aquino, still Marcos'leading opponent, was assassinated, almost certainly at Marcos' order.
Now Marcos faces Aquino's widow. of opposition, and then through his martyrdom, Mrs. Aquino has become a sort of national saint. In nine weeks she has been baptized in political fire. First, she successenlisting her chief rival, Salvad or Losition, enlisting her chief rival, Salvador Laurel, as
running mate. Then, through her energetic populist campaigning, she has made the race a virtual toss-up. Some of Marcos' own
supporters predict for their man only a 55 -
In all likelihood, though, the race will not be decided on the stump, as the country has a tradition rich in intimidation and electoral fraud. As of Friday, the death toll in elections violence stood at 16. Marcos
has also given ominous warnings about the

## for the U.S., diplomacy

The uncertainty of the Philippines' future
lies in the nature of the reaction to a Marcos lies in the nature of the reaction to a Marcos victory, and the nature of the government's
response. So long as that country faces a potentially explosive future, the U.S. also potentially explosive future, the U.S. also
faces uncertainty of considerable conse-
quence. The Philippines are the anchor of quence. The Philippines are the anchor of Pacific. The U.S. Navy's Seventh Fleet is Air Force Base is a logistics and support facility of immense scope.
As long as Marcos rules, the U.S. is fairly secure in its possession of these facilities.
However much Marcos may grumble about our presence there, the U.S. has been able to link aid to his government with continued leasing of the property. Yet the longer that American miitary presence is linked with American suppor for Marcos, he stronger becomes the association (in the minds of
Filipinos) of that presence with Marcos' repressions.
In any scenario, continued association can
only spell trouble for U.S. positions in the only spell trouble for U.S. positions in the
Pacific. If Marcos "wins" the election, public reaction may become so strident that he feels compelled to step up opposition to U.S.
presence as a move to curry public favor. presence as a move to curry public favor.
In the event that Aquino or another moderate opposition leader or comes peaceably to power in the near future -
the association may bring the association may bring about the
expulsion of U.S. forces in retaliation for expulsion of U.S. forces in retaliation for
its support of Marcos. Or, Aquino may feel
political and economic futures of those who
support Aquino too vocally. support Aquino too vocally.
Despite the presence of international Despite the presence of international
observers such as U.S. Sen. Richard Lugar -whose freedom to observe he can easily limit - Marcos undoubtedly will tamper with the election returns. Indeed, he has already begun to do so. On the voter registration
forms in one Manila district, 616 thumb prints were made by 60 thumbs. 206 voters registered as living at one address.
Not only does Marcos control the
electoral executive, he controls the judiciary. If Aquino manages to win, Marcos can simply claim fraud himself, and appeal to
the National Assembly, which is dominated by his supporters. Still, Marcos cannot cancel these elections. His repression corruption and constitutional abuses are well chronicled. They have piled on too long
for the patience of his countrymen to for the patience of his countrymen to
withstand overly blatant fraud in Friday's withstand
elections.
To be sure, Marcos is not without support. He can legitimately point to
material gains that he has delivered over the last twenty years. And as an incumbent, he can promise the moon in post-victory spoils. Yet Marcos is treading through a minefield in these elections. In a sense, he canno
win. If he wins big, no one will believe it If he wins close, no one will believe it. At
the slightest hint, however circumstantial, of subversion of a legitimate Aquino victory
gain either the support of the public or the backing of divided opposition groups.
In a worst-case scenario, Marcos would hold power and crack down forcefully on public reaction. Such repression might serve to radicalize large numbers of Filipinos and drive them toward armed resistance groups If Marcos, whose health is very suspect, were
to die without providing for a smooth to die without providing for a smooth
succession, those forces would have the opportunity to seize control in the ensuing confusion.
Thus, the Philippines present the most complex foreign policy issue ever to face the Reagan Administration. The U.S. must
distance itself from Marcos enough to gain distance itself from Marcos enough to gain
credibility and the trust of whoever succeeds Marcos. At the same time, it must not alienate Marcos to the point that he throws us out in a fit of pique some point after the election. So far, the U.S. has done as
good a job of handling this dilemma. As good a job of handling this dilemma. As
one diplomat notes, our impartiality is borne out by the fact that "neither side is happy with us."
Marcos may be unhappy with lukewarm
U.S. support. But Marcos' days are numbered, and the we must start making diplomatic provisions for the day when
forces other than Marcos decide the fate of Clark and Subic.

EDWIN FOUNTAIN

THE Daily Crossword by Elano Goorge




## Give me a ring sometime, baby



PATHFINDERS
READER FORUM

## Buddy system sorry

| To the editors: Once again I am dismayed, | of seeing the game within only a few feet of my favorite players. But |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
| that the system has won again. What |  |
|  |  |  |
| dy know, the Carolina Athle |  |
|  |  |  |
| asociation has come up with |  |
| that sought to be not only reasonable but also fair to all students. |  |
|  |  |  |
| I had really thought this new system would work, but it seems that even |  |
|  |  |  |
| "random distribution" has its flaws. On Monday morning, I went to |  |
|  |  |  |
| Carmichael to pick up tickets for the Wake Forest game. I was not |  |
|  |  |  |
| the Wake Forest game. I was not especially hurried because I knew |  |
| people would not be lined up for |  |
|  |  |  |
| would later shuffle down. With the |  |
| new system going into effect, therewas no need to hurry. As the |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |  |
| I noticed the four or five stacks of tickets neatly arranged inside the |  |
| ticket window. Upon closer inspec-tion, I noticed that most all of the |  |
|  |  |  |
| smaller stacks were rows $\mathrm{F}, \mathrm{G}$ and |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

## Rudeness not typical

## 



 Marquette University. 1 know many
people in North Carolina heard the

 quette player early in the game. A $\begin{array}{ll}\text { gutless not to call a technical foul } \\ \text { on the crowd. I }\end{array}$

 student body thew dobiris it the
North Caroina bench late in the

Thomas Westbury
Chapel Hill

## More statistics needed

##  I commend you for deeming the academic status of minority stu- dents on the Carolina carmpus a a worthy subject for an article in the worthy subject for an article in the Daily Tor Heel (Jan. 29, 1986). I am however, concerred that the presentation of limited statistics, without a point of reference will lead concerning the academics of Black and Native American students on this campus. For example, presen- tation of the attrition rate of Black lation of the attrition rate of Black freshmen students in the fall and spring semesters last year without noting the attrition of all freshmen noting the attrition of all freshmen students really tells us nothing. Likewise, noting that in the fall of 1985, 50 percent of minority fresh-- men had a GPA below a 2.0 compared to $60 \%$ of this year does not (as noted) tell us whether this change is significant. Neither do it tell us the standing of students in comparison freshman class as a whole.



## A tongue lashing

hypocrisy and deceit are manifexposed. You have defiled and despoiled the principles of this
nation. You have shamed this University. You have shamed
youselves. I pity you. Jeff A. Taylor
Chapel Hill

## Respec'ful neighbors

| he editors: |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| der Carolina brings to mind | Univeristy Hall). But to be fair, we |
| inston Churchill's saying: "Mag- | manship displayed by the Tar Heel |
| nimous in victory, generous | horde among which we foun |
|  |  |
| isfactio | k forwa |
| at we two lone and forlorn UV |  |
| mni (currently exiled | the Dean Dome in February. Th |
| school here at UNC) participated |  |
| the great basketball experien | Wahoo tip-off with a full decanter |
|  |  |
| Together from a shared barstool | And should Virginia co |
| we witnessed the Wahoo victory on | short in this contest, we hope to |
|  |  |
| Corners" drinking establishment. | sportsmans |
| Our enthusiastic shouts of | brethren. |
| WAHOO-WA were met with |  |
| rious stares. |  |
| We were b |  |
|  |  |

## Hate to burst the bubble

## To the editors: Dear Coach Smith:

It is quite apparent that the new
basketball facility has allowed more students to attend varsity basketball games, and more apparent ist the fact
that many of these students have hat many of these students have
never attended a never attended a game here in
Chapel Hill. The tradition that you, your teams and previous spectators had so strongly established at A minority of the spectators (althiough with each home game, Im
sure the numbers will grow) are sure the numbers will grow, are
taking it on themselves inaugurate cheering practices that have
never been a part of Carolina basketball. Never at Carmichael did
an audience wave their hands an audience wave their hands
behind the baskets as an opponent they ever raise their voices to chant
"Airball," nor did they ever point at an opposing player who had just
committed a foul and scream: "You! During suc During such a tremendous year
that has brought the opening of a
fantastic facility fantastic facility and an excellent this failing enthusiasm. Watching the four games at the Dean E. Smith greatly disturbed by the spectators'
lack of respect for our opponents. Im sure you will agree that some
changes need to be made quickly, changes need to be made quickly,
before our beloved SAC begins to
sound like Cameron Indoor sound
Stadium.

Benjamin G. Wysor
Chapel Hill

| You did it, CAA |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| To the cu.ins: | giving out all seats randomly and |
| want to commend Mark Pavao allowing only one student to go up |  |
| n as well as any student who far the most efficient way to handle |  |
|  |  |
| contributed to the new process of ticket distribution and it most |  |
| tributing basket ball game tickets. definitely should be continued from |  |
| On Sunday, the ticket distribution here on out. Thanks to the new for the Carolina-Wake Forest game procedure for distributing tickets. |  |
|  |  |
| ran more smoothly than any 1 have perhaps we students will no longer |  |
| here at UNC. 1 walked into Car- our hands on the highly sought-after |  |
|  |  |
| morning and 1 had received my |  |
|  |  |
| tickets by $8: 30$. $\ln$ addition. I was able to get seats on the first level |  |
| the SAC for the first time. This |  |
|  |  |
| , |  |

